AWC_imaging_analysis

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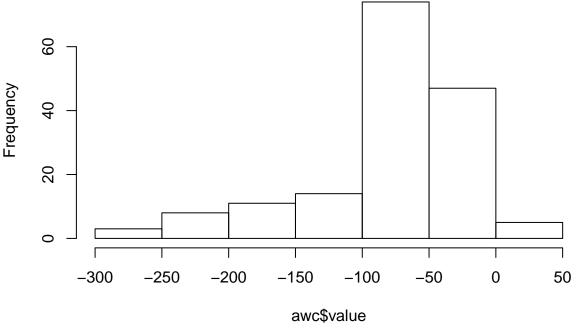
Data were pre-processed as described in the methods

Raw data are in the AWC_response_mags_rawdata.xlsx file

First: tidy these data for analysis

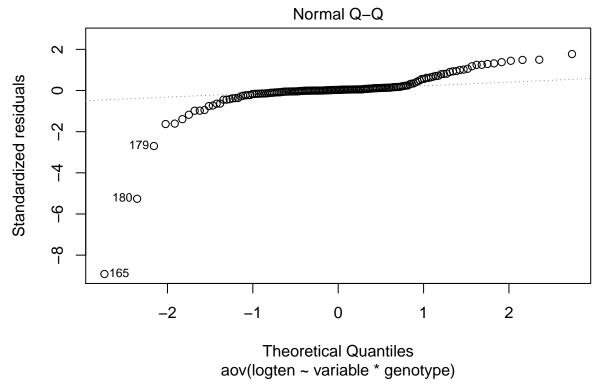
```
fullawcimaging <- read.csv('AWC_response_mags.csv',header=TRUE)
awcformatted <- melt(fullawcimaging,id.vars = c('genotype','animal'),value.var='responsemags')
awcDEETon <- subset(awcformatted,variable=='onset')
awc <- subset(awcformatted,variable!='onset')
hist(awc$value,breaks=10)</pre>
```

Histogram of awc\$value

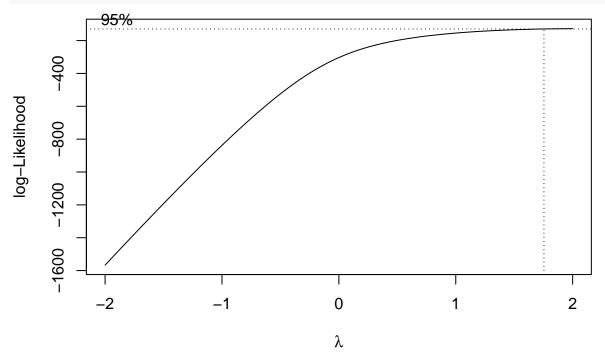


```
#translated to smallest value is 1
translationawc <- 1-(min(awc$value))
awctranslated <- awc
awctranslated$value <- awc$value+translationawc
awctranslated$logten <- log10(awctranslated$value)
#log10 looked worse</pre>
```

awcstatlog.aov = aov(logten~variable*genotype,data=awctranslated)
plot(awcstatlog.aov,which=2)

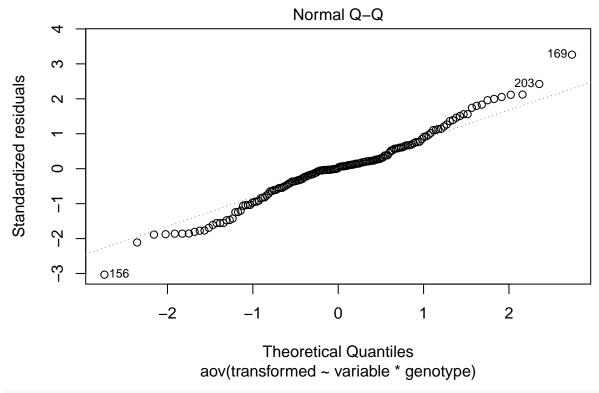


#used boxcox to find good lambda
bc <- boxcox(value~variable*genotype,data=awctranslated)</pre>



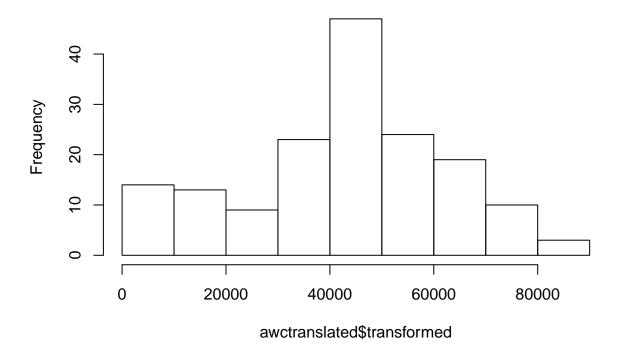
lambda <- round(bc\$x[which.max(bc\$y)],1)
awctranslated\$transformed <- (awctranslated\$value)^lambda</pre>

awcstat.aov = aov(transformed~variable*genotype,data=awctranslated)
plot(awcstat.aov,which=2)



hist(awctranslated\$transformed,breaks=10)

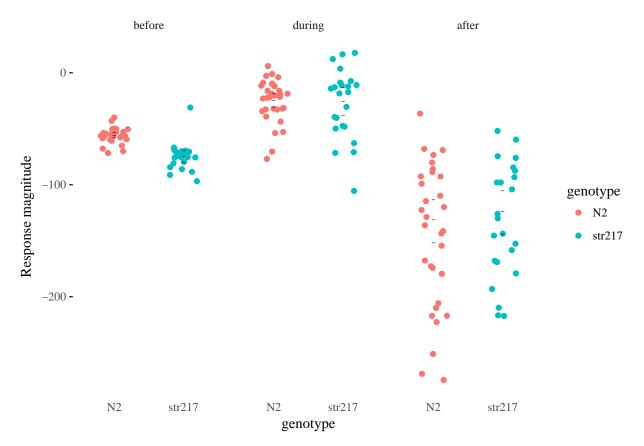
Histogram of awctranslated\$transformed



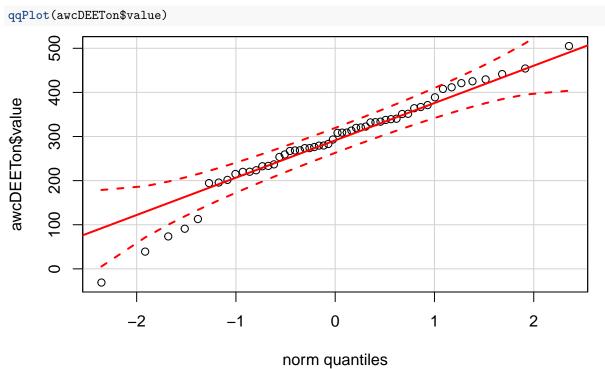
```
tukeyawc <- TukeyHSD(aov(transformed~variable*genotype,data=awctranslated))</pre>
tukeyawc.levels <- tukeyawc$`variable:genotype`[,4]</pre>
multcompLetters(tukeyawc.levels)['Letters']
## $Letters
##
       during:N2
                      after:N2 before:str217 during:str217 after:str217
             "a"
                          "b"
                                         "c"
                                                        "a"
##
##
       before:N2
             "c"
##
awctransformed <- ddply(awctranslated,.(genotype,variable),summarize,means=mean(transformed),sd=sd(tran
awctransformedback <- awctransformed
awctransformedback$means <- sqrt(awctransformedback$means)-translationawc
awctransformedback$cim <- sqrt(awctransformedback$cim)-translationawc</pre>
awctransformedback$cip <- sqrt(awctransformedback$cip)-translationawc</pre>
#took the sqrt because lambda==2, therefore to get x from y=x^2 need y^1/2 aka sqrt(y)
```

plotting data

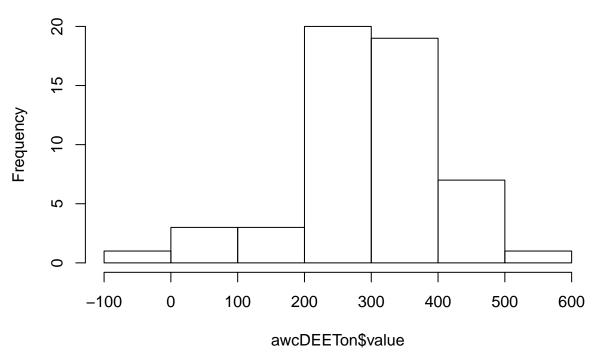
```
ggplot(awc,aes(x=genotype,y=value)) +
  geom_jitter(height=0,width=0.2,aes(color=genotype)) +
  facet_grid(~variable) + theme_tufte() +
  ylab("Response magnitude") +
  theme(axis.ticks.x=element_blank()) +
  geom_point(data=awctransformedback,aes(x=genotype,y=(means)),shape='-') +
  geom_point(data=awctransformedback,aes(x=genotype,y=(cip)),shape='-') +
  geom_point(data=awctransformedback,aes(x=genotype,y=(cim)),shape='-')
```



the distributions are skewed:



Histogram of awcDEETon\$value

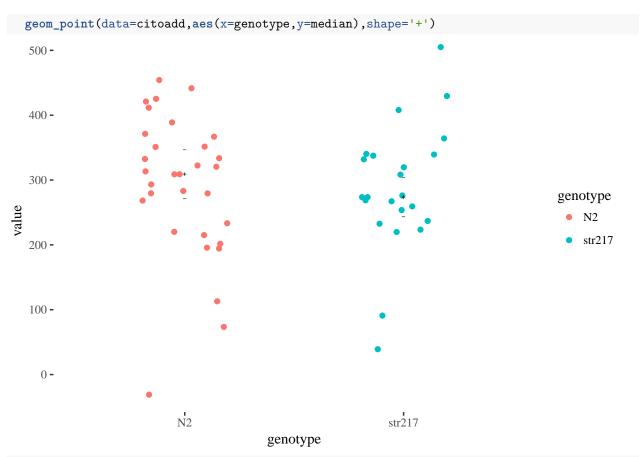


so I used a non-parametric test, because these data are close but not sufficiently large

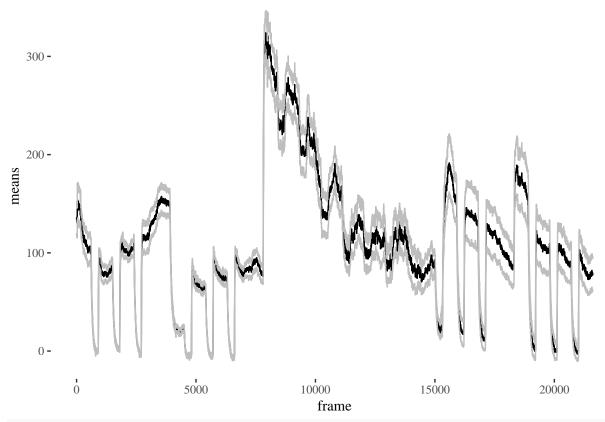
wilcox.test(value~genotype,data=awcDEETon)

##

```
##
    Wilcoxon rank sum test
##
## data: value by genotype
## W = 389, p-value = 0.5786
\#\# alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
and therefore plotted medians and confidence intervals
n2 <- subset(awcDEETon,genotype=='N2')$value</pre>
str217 <- subset(awcDEETon,genotype=='str217')$value</pre>
citoadd <- ddply(awcDEETon,.(genotype),summarize,median=median(value))</pre>
cin2 <- boxplot.stats(n2, do.conf=T)$conf</pre>
cistr217 <- boxplot.stats(str217, do.conf=T)$conf</pre>
citoadd$cimax <- c(max(cin2),max(cistr217))</pre>
citoadd$cimin <- c(min(cin2),(min(cistr217)))</pre>
ggplot(awcDEETon,aes(x=genotype,y=value)) +
  geom_jitter(width=0.2,height=0,aes(color=genotype)) +
  theme_tufte()+
  geom_point(data=citoadd,aes(x=genotype,y=cimax),shape='-') +
  geom_point(data=citoadd,aes(x=genotype,y=cimin),shape='-')+
```



```
mutplot <- read.csv('str217_forplot.csv',header=TRUE)
n2plot <- read.csv('N2_forplot.csv',header=TRUE)
strmelt <- melt(mutplot,id.vars =c('frame'))
strply <- ddply(strmelt,~frame,summarise, means=mean(value),N=length(value),sd=sd(value),se=sd/(sqrt(N))
n2melt <- melt(n2plot,id.vars =c('frame'))
n2ply <- ddply(n2melt,~frame,summarise, means=mean(value),N=length(value),sd=sd(value),se=sd/(sqrt(N)))
ggplot(n2ply,aes(x=frame,y=means)) + geom_line(color='black') + geom_line(aes(x=frame,y=means+se),color="black")</pre>
```



ggplot(strply,aes(x=frame,y=means)) + geom_line(color='red3') + geom_line(aes(x=frame,y=means+se),color=

