

# Figure 4 ReaChR experiments and analysis

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## Purpose:

To plot all single animal tracking data for the optogenetics experiments in the manuscript.

## Background:

This is an R Markdown document. See [here](#) for more details on using R Markdown. I also found this site was useful for learning basic formatting with Markdown. I also enjoyed this site when learning how to use reshape and when learning how to reorganize my data in general.

The commands required to produce these graphs is in the gray boxes, along with information on how to run the statistical tests reported in the paper and any plots that were used to determine if these statistical tests were generally appropriate.

This was run in RStudio, using R version 3.3.1 (2016-10-31), Sincere Pumpkin Patch on a x86\_64-apple-darwin13.4.0

```
library(plyr)
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(reshape2)
library(MASS)
library(ggthemes)
library(car)
library(multcompView)
```

```
dfforplot <- read.csv('tracking_reachr.csv',header=TRUE)
```

```
fx <- subset(dfforplot,treatment=='Fx')
fr <- subset(dfforplot,treatment=='FR')
xr <- subset(dfforplot,treatment=='xR')
xx <- subset(dfforplot,treatment=='xx')
```

```
frend <- fr$fra+fr$len
fr <- cbind(fr,frend)
xxend <- xx$fra+xx$len
xx <- cbind(xx,xxend)
xrend <- xr$fra+xr$len
xr <- cbind(xr,xrend)
fxend <- fx$fra+fx$len
fx <- cbind(fx,fxend)
```

```
fron <- subset(fr,lightlist=='im')
froff <- subset(fr,lightlist=='FF')
xxon <- subset(xx,lightlist=='im')
xxoff <- subset(xx,lightlist=='FF')
xron <- subset(xr,lightlist=='im')
xroff <- subset(xr,lightlist=='FF')
```

```

fxon <- subset(fx,lightlist=='im')
fxoff <- subset(fx,lightlist=='FF')

fxonsort <- fxon[ order(fxon$len), ]
fxonsort$y <- c(1:dim(fxonsort)[1])
fxonsort$yend <- c(1:dim(fxonsort)[1])
fxoffsort <- fxoff[ order(fxoff$len), ]
fxoffsort$y <- c(1:dim(fxoffsort)[1])
fxoffsort$yend <- c(1:dim(fxoffsort)[1])

fronsort <- fron[ order(fron$len), ]
fronsort$y <- c(1:dim(fronsort)[1])
fronsort$yend <- c(1:dim(fronsort)[1])
froffsort <- froff[ order(froff$len), ]
froffsort$y <- c(1:dim(froffsort)[1])
froffsort$yend <- c(1:dim(froffsort)[1])

xxonsort <- xxon[ order(xxon$len), ]
xxonsort$y <- c(1:dim(xxonsort)[1])
xxonsort$yend <- c(1:dim(xxonsort)[1])
xxoffsort <- xxoff[ order(xxoff$len), ]
xxoffsort$y <- c(1:dim(xxoffsort)[1])
xxoffsort$yend <- c(1:dim(xxoffsort)[1])

xronsort <- xron[ order(xron$len), ]
xronsort$y <- c(1:dim(xronsort)[1])
xronsort$yend <- c(1:dim(xronsort)[1])
xroffsort <- xroff[ order(xroff$len), ]
xroffsort$y <- c(1:dim(xroffsort)[1])
xroffsort$yend <- c(1:dim(xroffsort)[1])

m <- mean(dfforplot$len)
sdm <- sd(dfforplot$len)
minlength <- m+(3*sdm)

above3sdofmean <- subset(dfforplot,len>minlength)
xxabove <- subset(above3sdofmean,treatment=='xx')
xrabove <- subset(above3sdofmean,treatment=='xR')
fxabove <- subset(above3sdofmean,treatment=='Fx')
frabove <- subset(above3sdofmean,treatment=='FR')

```

## plotting the histograms of all pauses

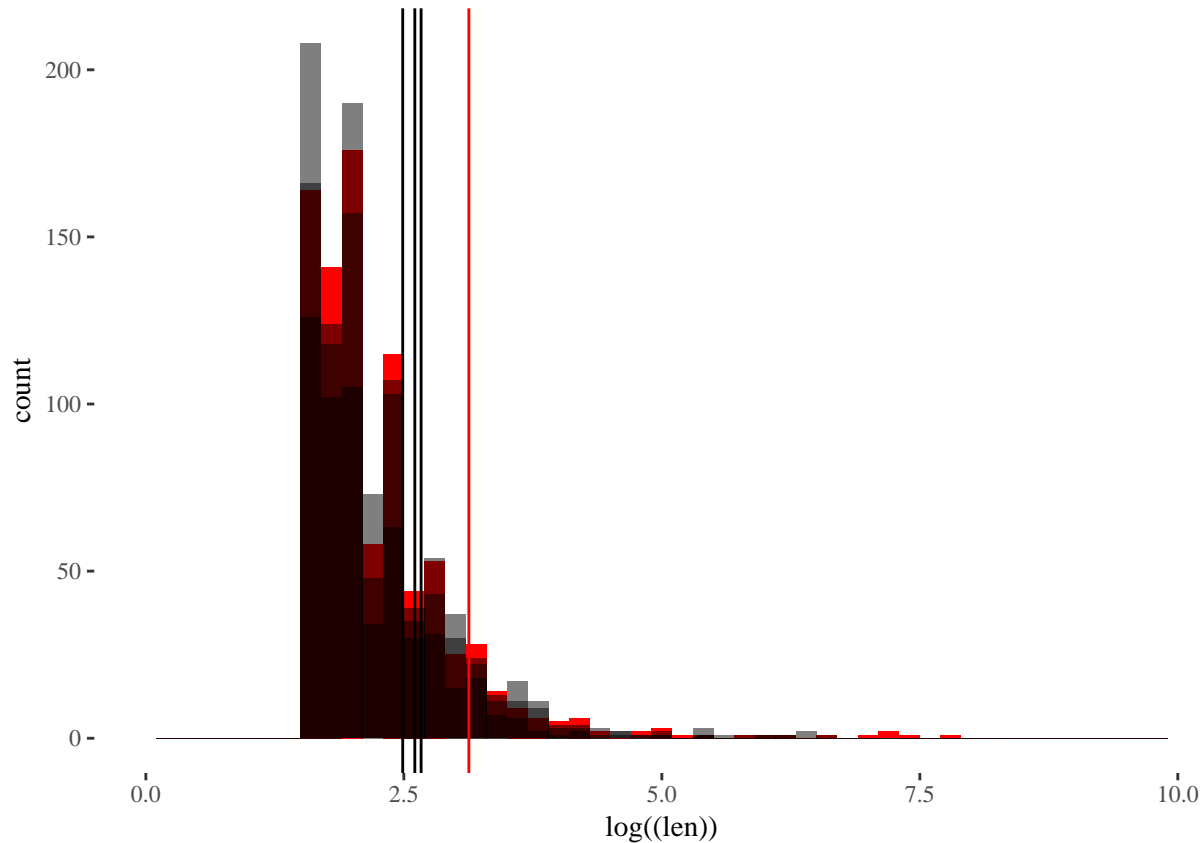
Pauses from ADL::ReaChR animals fed retinal overnight are in red. Vertical lines indicate group means.

```

ggplot(fronsort,aes(x=log((len)))) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth=.2,fill='red')+
  geom_histogram(data=fxonsort,binwidth=.2,fill='black',alpha=0.5)+
  geom_histogram(data=xxonsort,binwidth=.2,fill='black',alpha=0.5)+
  geom_histogram(data=xronsort,binwidth=.2,fill='black',alpha=0.5) +
  theme_tufte() +

```

```
xlim(0,10) +
geom_vline(xintercept=log(mean(fronsort$len)),color='red')+
geom_vline(xintercept=log(mean(fxonsort$len)),color='black')+
geom_vline(xintercept=log(mean(xxonsort$len)),color='black')+
geom_vline(xintercept=log(mean(xronsort$len)),color='black')
```



```
levels(dfforplot$lightlist) <- c('OFF','ON')

levels(dfforplot$treatment) <- c('ADL::ReaChR + retinal','ADL::ReaChR - retinal','wild type + retinal',

casteddfforplot <- dcast(dfforplot,treatment+datelist~lightlist,value.var='len',fun.aggregate=mean,na.rm=T)

casteddfforplot$geno <- casteddfforplot$treatment
casteddfforplot$ret <- casteddfforplot$treatment
levels(casteddfforplot$geno) <- c('reachr','reachr','wildtype','wildtype')
levels(casteddfforplot$ret) <- c('retinal','noretinal','retinal','noretinal')

melteddfforplot <- melt(casteddfforplot,id.vars=c('treatment','datelist'),variable.name='lightlist',value.name='len')

casteddfforplot$diff <- casteddfforplot$ON-casteddfforplot$OFF

summarycast <- ddply(casteddfforplot,.(treatment),summarize,mean=mean(diff),sd=sd(diff),N=length(diff),na.rm=T)

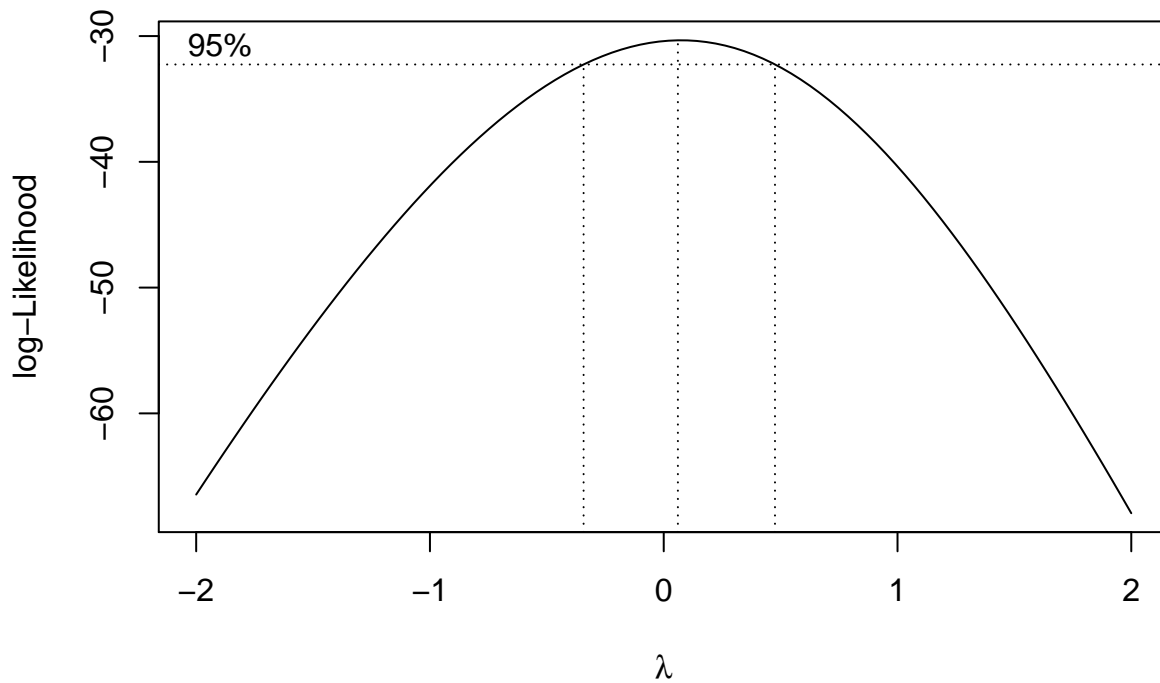
recasteddfforplot <- dcast(melteddfforplot,treatment+datelist~lightlist,value.var='len',fun.aggregate=mean,na.rm=T)
recasteddfforplot$x = c(rep('OFF',length(recasteddfforplot$OFF)))
```

```
recasteddforplot$xcend = c(rep('ON',length(recasteddforplot$ON)))
```

```
leveneTest(diff~geno*ret,data=casteddforplot)
```

```
## Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance (center = median)
##      Df F value Pr(>F)
## group 3  4.2296 0.01809 *
##      20
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
toadd <- 1-min(casteddforplot$diff)
casteddforplot$tnsl <- casteddforplot$diff+toadd
bcr <- boxcox(tnsl~geno*ret,data=casteddforplot)
```



```
#round up to nearest 0.5
```

```
lambdar <- 0.5
```

```
casteddforplot$difflambdar <- casteddforplot$tnsl^lambdar
```

```
leveneTest(difflambdar~geno*ret,data=casteddforplot)
```

```
## Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance (center = median)
##      Df F value Pr(>F)
## group 3  1.8849 0.1647
##      20
```

```
#rounding to the tails of the 95% confidence interval because lambda is near 0, compensates for heterog
```

```
reachrtukey <- TukeyHSD(aov(difflambdar~geno*ret,data=casteddforplot))
```

```
reachrtukey.levels <- reachrtukey$`geno:ret`[,4]
```

```
reachrstatstoplot <- ddply(casteddforplot,.(geno,ret,treatment),summarize,median=median(difflambdar),N
```

```

levels(dfforplot$lightlist) <- c('OFF','ON')

levels(dfforplot$treatment) <- c('ADL:ReaChR + retinal','ADL:ReaChR - retinal','wild type + retinal',

castedddfforplot <- dcast(dfforplot,treatment+datelist~lightlist,value.var='len',fun.aggregate=mean,na.rm=T)

meltedddfforplot <- melt(castedddfforplot,id.vars=c('treatment','datelist'),variable.name='lightlist',value.name='len')

castedddfforplot$diff <- castedddfforplot$ON-castedddfforplot$OFF

summarycast <- ddply(castedddfforplot,.(treatment),summarize,mean=mean(diff),sd=sd(diff),N=length(diff),)

recastedddfforplot <- dcast(meltedddfforplot,treatment+datelist~lightlist,value.var='len',fun.aggregate=mean,na.rm=T)
recastedddfforplot$x = c(rep('OFF',length(recastedddfforplot$OFF)))
recastedddfforplot$xend = c(rep('ON',length(recastedddfforplot$ON)))

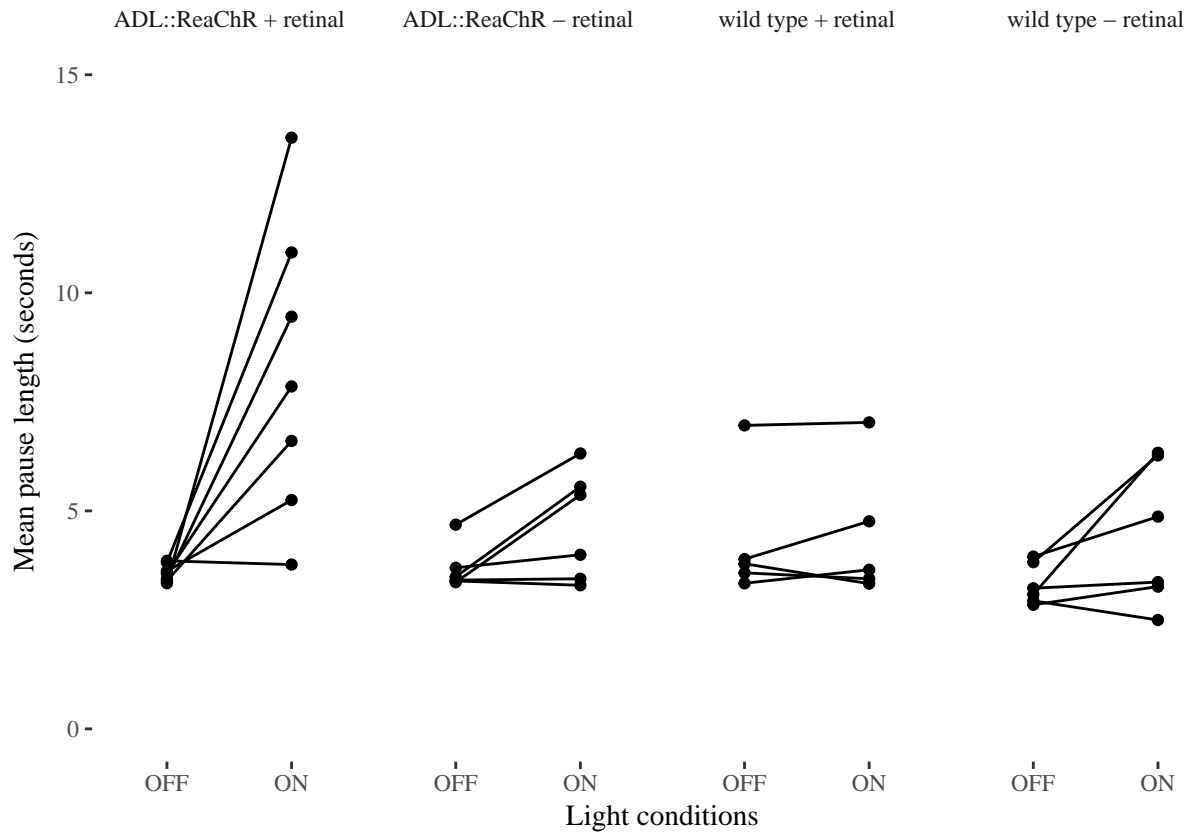
```

here I plotted the ON and OFF mean pause lengths separately with lines connected between means taken from the same plate. I then took the differences between these means to produce a single number (increase/decrease in pause length) which corrects for the baseline differences between plates/animals/days/treatments, and ran summary statistics on the differences.

```

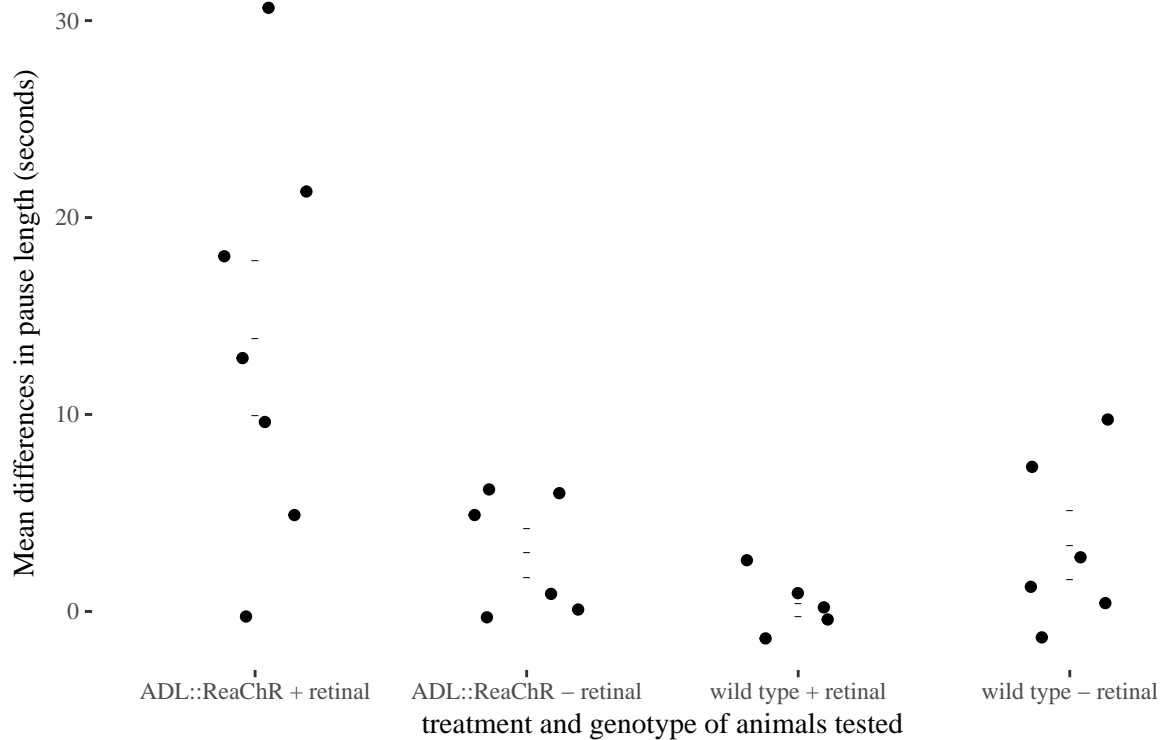
ggplot(recastedddfforplot,aes(x=x,y=(OFF/3))) +
  geom_segment(aes(x=x,xend=xend,y=(OFF/3),yend=(ON/3))) +
  geom_point(data=meltedddfforplot,aes(x=lightlist,y=(len/3))) +
  theme_tufte() +
  facet_grid(~treatment)+
  ylab("Mean pause length (seconds)") +
  xlab("Light conditions") +
  ylim(0,15)

```



```
ggplot(casteddforplot,aes(x=treatment,y=diff)) +
  geom_jitter(width=0.2,height=0) +
  theme_tufte() +
  geom_point(data=summarycast,aes(x=treatment,y=mean),shape='--') +
  geom_point(data=summarycast,aes(x=treatment,y=mean+se),shape='--') +
  geom_point(data=summarycast,aes(x=treatment,y=mean-se),shape='--') +
  ylab("Mean differences in pause length (seconds)") +
  xlab("treatment and genotype of animals tested") +
  ggtitle("Stimulation with light increases average pause lengths in \n animals expressing ReaChR in A") +
  theme(plot.title=element_text(size=10))
```

Stimulation with light increases average pause lengths in animals expressing ReaChR in ADL and fed retinal overnight



```
multcompLetters(reachrtukey.levels)['Letters']
```

```
## $Letters
##   wildtype:retinal   reachr:noretinal wildtype:noretinal
##             "a"             "a"             "a"
##   reachr:retinal
##             "b"
```

Box GEP and Cox DR, An Analysis of Transformation. Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series B (Methodological), Vol. 26, No. 2. (1964), pp. 211-252.

<http://links.jstor.org/sici?sici=0035-9246%281964%2926%3A2%3C211%3AAAOT%3E2.0.CO%3B2-6>