1. Tools and Technologies

Frameworks

- **TensorFlow**: For developing and training the deep learning model to detect and interpret bubbles on OMR sheets.
- **TensorFlow Lite**: Optimizes the trained model for deployment on mobile devices, ensuring efficiency and low computational requirements.
- OpenCV and PIL: Used for image processing, such as corner detection and bubble identification.
- **Matplotlib and Seaborn**: For visualization and error analysis, including heatmaps and bounding box overlays.

Programming Languages

- **Python**: Primary language for Al model development, image preprocessing, and data visualization.
- Flutter/Dart/Java/Kotlin: Used for developing the Android application, allowing seamless integration of the AI model with a user-friendly interface.

Platforms

 Android OS: Target platform for deploying the OMR recognition system, ensuring portability and wide accessibility.

2. Al Models and Methodologies

Model Development

- **Objective**: Automate the detection and interpretation of bubbles marked on OMR sheets and generate CSV files with results.
- Dataset: Use the dataset provided via <u>GitHub</u> for model training and validation.
- Techniques: Develop a convolutional neural network (CNN) for bubble detection and corner marker recognition.

Optimization and Deployment

- Convert the trained model into TensorFlow Lite for deployment on mobile devices.
- Use advanced techniques such as pruning and quantization to optimize the model for speed and resource efficiency.

Error Handling and Human-in-the-Loop Integration

• Implement a system for human review of detected errors, allowing manual corrections and feedback to improve future accuracy.

3. Error Analysis and Visualization

Visualization Tools

- **Heatmaps**: Identify regions where the model struggles, e.g., missed or incorrectly detected bubbles.
- **Bounding Boxes**: Overlay predicted markers or bubbles on OMR sheet images to compare predictions with ground truth.
- Dashboards: Use tools like Dash or Streamlit to track metrics like detection accuracy, error trends, and processing efficiency.

Error Analysis Techniques

- **Failure Case Categorization**: Group errors by type (e.g., misaligned sheets, false detections) to refine the model.
- Dataset Inspection: Analyze variations in the dataset to identify challenging cases or outliers.
- Confidence Scoring: Identify and address low-confidence predictions.

4. Android Application Development

- **Integration**: Embed the TensorFlow Lite model into an Android app capable of processing OMR sheet images.
- Features:
 - Real-time bubble detection and CSV generation.
 - User-friendly interface for template customization (e.g., roll number and question sections).
 - Error correction options via manual review.
- **Testing**: Ensure compatibility and smooth interaction between the app's interface and the AI model.

5. Reporting and Dashboards

Performance Monitoring

• Real-time dashboards to display metrics such as bubble detection accuracy, alignment precision, and error rates.

Error Reporting

• Generate detailed reports for understanding areas requiring improvement and guiding iterative model refinements.