

JavaScript

DOM manipulation

PHP web development 2020/2021

Milena Tomova
Vratsa Software

<https://vratsasoftware.com/>

Table of Contents

1. DOM elements
2. Traversing the DOM
3. Manipulating the DOM
4. Remove elements from the DOM
5. Change elements from the DOM tree
6. optimisation



DOM elements

DOM elements

Every **DOM element** is a JavaScript object.

- DOM elements can be **targeted and selected**
- DOM elements can be **created dynamically**
- DOM elements can be **changed dynamically**



traversing the DOM

Traversing the DOM

Traversing the DOM

- DOM elements have properties concerning their position in the DOM tree:
 - They have
 - **parent** - their parent element
 - **children**
 - **siblings** - the elements before and after

Those properties are used to traverse the DOM

Traversing the DOM

Traversing the DOM

parentNode

- element.parentNode
 - the element direct parent
 - **document** `s parent is NULL

Traversing the DOM

Traversing the DOM

childNodes

- `element.childNodes`
 - returns a `nodeList` with element's children
 - **child nodes**
 - including texts - **text nodes**
 - including whitespaces

Traversing the DOM

Traversing the DOM

special properties

- firstChild / lastChild
element.firstChild
- nextSibling / nextElementSibling
element.nextElementSibling
- previousSibling / previousElementSibling
element.previousSibling



Manipulating the DOM

Manipulating the DOM

Manipulating the DOM

We can change the DOM dinamically using JavaScript

- add/remove HTML elements to the DOM tree
- change the HTML elements
 - their content
 - styling
 - attributes - src, href etc

createElement()

DOM API

createElement(tag-name)

- document.createElement(elementName)
- returns a JS object

```
var liElement = document.createElement("li");
```

```
//returns JS Object - list item
```

- When creating a HTML element dinamically - it is a **JavaScript object**.
 - This object is still not part of the **DOM tree**
 - The newly created element needs to be **appended to the DOM tree**

```
var studentsList = document.createElement("ul");  
var studentLi = document.createElement("li");  
studentsList.appendChild(studentLi);  
document.body.appendChild(studentsList);
```

DOM API

DOM API

`element.appendChild(childElement)`

- appends the child element at the end of the element

`parent.insertBefore(childElement, specificElement)`

- appends the child element before specific element



**Remove elements
from the DOM**

DOM API

DOM API

`element.removeChild(elToRemove)`

- target parent element
- target element in parent to remove



**change elements
from the DOM tree**

DOM API

DOM API

changing element style

- JS changes the element`s inline style
- JS doesn`t change the linked .css files

element.style.property

```
var div = document.getElementById("content");  
div.style.display = "block";  
div.style.width = "123px";
```



optimisation



optimisation

Adding elements to the DOM tree is a **slow process**

- Every time a new element is appended the document is reloaded
- It is recommended all new elements to be appended together - the document will be reloaded only once

optimisation

DocumentFragment

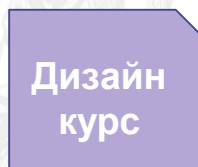
- a small DOM element
- all new elements are appended to **DocumentFragment**
- to the DOM is appended the DocumentFragment
- the DocumentFragment 'dissolves' after being appended to the DOM tree - only the element it contains remain in the DOM tree

```
var dFrag = document.createDocumentFragment();  
dFrag.appendChild(div);  
//appending more elements  
  
.....  
document.body.appendChild(dFrag);
```


Questions?



Гнездото
Coworking



MindHub



Partners



**Telerik
Academy**



MindHub

ПРОМЯНАТА

Trainings @ Vratsa Software



- Vratsa Software – High-Quality Education, Profession and Jobs
 - www.vratsasoftware.com
- The Nest Coworking
 - www.nest.bg
- Vratsa Software @ Facebook
 - www.fb.com/VratsaSoftware
- Slack Channel
 - www.vso.slack.com

