

1. Give a recursive definition of the sequence  $\{a_n\}$ ,  $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$  if

a)  $a_n = 6n$ .

b)  $a_n = 2n + 1$ .

c)  $a_n = 10^n$ .

d)  $a_n = 5$ .

2. Give a recursive definition of

a) the set of even integers.

b) the set of positive integers congruent to 2 modulo 3.

c) the set of positive integers not divisible by 5.

3. Let  $S$  be the set of positive integers defined by

*Basis step:*  $5 \in S$ .

*Recursive step:* If  $n \in S$ , then  $3n \in S$  and  $n^2 \in S$ .

a) Show that if  $n \in S$ , then  $n \equiv 5 \pmod{10}$ .

b) Show that there exists an integer  $m \equiv 5 \pmod{10}$  that does not belong to  $S$ .

4. Give a recursive algorithm for computing  $nx$  whenever  $n$  is a positive integer and  $x$  is an integer, using just addition.

5. Devise a recursive algorithm for computing the greatest common divisor of two nonnegative integers  $a$  and  $b$  with  $a < b$  using the fact that  $\gcd(a, b) = \gcd(a, b - a)$ .