Pattern Oriented Design for Hire Truck Project

Team-14

Pattern-oriented design (POD) is a software design approach that emphasizes identifying, categorizing, and applying common design patterns to solve recurring problems in software development. In the context of a Hire Truck project, POD can be used to create a scalable and maintainable system that meets the requirements of both clients and truck owners.

Taking into consideration the types of patterns from slide 28 in slides:

Creational Patterns:

Creational patterns help to create objects in a flexible and reusable manner.

<u>Factory Method Pattern</u>: The Factory Method Pattern is used to define an interface for creating objects, but allows subclasses to decide which class to instantiate. In the context of the Hire Truck project, the Factory Method Pattern could be used to create truck objects based on the type of truck selected by the client.

For example, if a client is looking to hire a refrigerated truck, the Factory Method Pattern could be used to instantiate a RefrigeratedTruck object. By using this pattern, we can separate the truck creation process from the client code, making the code more modular and easier to maintain.

<u>Singleton Pattern</u>: The Singleton Pattern ensures that only one instance of a class is created and provides a global point of access to that instance. In the context of the Hire Truck project, the Singleton Pattern could be used to ensure that only one instance of the truck database is created, reducing resource utilization.

For example, if multiple clients are searching for trucks at the same time, each client would typically create their own instance of the truck database. By using the Singleton Pattern, we can ensure that only one instance of the database is created and shared among all clients, reducing memory usage and improving performance.

Structural Patterns:

Structural patterns help to organize objects and classes in a way that makes the overall architecture easier to understand and maintain. In the context of the Hire Truck project, we can use the Adapter Pattern to create a standardized interface between the client and the truck owner. This pattern converts the interface of a class into another interface that the client expects. In this project, we can create an adapter class that converts the interface used by the client to the interface used by the truck owner. This ensures that the communication between the client and the truck owner is standardized and easy to maintain.

For example, if a client wants to hire a truck, they would typically interact with a user interface provided by the Hire Truck application. The truck owner, on the other hand, would interact with the truck database directly. By using the Adapter Pattern, we can create a standardized interface that both the client and the truck owner can use, reducing complexity and improving maintainability.

We can also use the <u>Decorator Pattern</u> to add new features and capabilities to the truck objects dynamically. This pattern allows behavior to be added to an individual object, either statically or dynamically, without affecting the behavior of other objects from the same class. In the context of the Hire Truck project, we can create a decorator class that adds new features and capabilities to the truck object, such as GPS tracking or real-time status updates. This allows clients to select additional features as needed and helps to create a more customizable solution.

Behavioural Patterns:

Behavioural patterns focus on the interactions between objects and classes in a system. In the context of a Hire Truck project, one relevant behavioural pattern is the Observer Pattern.

Observer Pattern:

The Observer Pattern defines a one-to-many relationship between objects, where if one object changes its state, all dependent objects are notified and updated automatically. In the context of the Hire Truck project, the Observer Pattern could be used to notify clients and truck owners about any updates or changes in the status of the trucks.

For example, if a truck owner lists their truck as available for hire, this change in state should be communicated to all interested parties, such as clients who have previously shown interest in hiring that particular truck. Similarly, if a client hires a truck, the truck owner should be notified of the hire and the expected pickup and delivery times.

By implementing the Observer Pattern, we can ensure that all relevant parties are informed of any relevant changes or updates, reducing the risk of miscommunication or missed opportunities.