

**Q. Consider only the below columns and prepare a prediction model for predicting Price.**

```
Corolla<-Corolla[c("Price","Age_08_04","KM","HP","cc","Doors","Gears","Quarterly_Tax","Weight")]
```

## 1. Import Necessary Libraries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, mean_absolute_error

import statsmodels.formula.api as smf
```

## 2. Import data Or Data Collection

```
In [2]: toyota_corolla_data = pd.read_csv(r"E:\Data Science by John\Assignments\Assignment 5- Multi Linear Regression\ToyotaCorolla.csv")
toyota_corolla_data
```

```
Out[2]:
```

			<b>Id</b>	<b>Model</b>	<b>Price</b>	<b>Age_08_04</b>	<b>Mfg_Month</b>	<b>Mfg_Year</b>	<b>KM</b>	<b>Fuel_Type</b>	<b>HP</b>	<b>Met_Color</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>Central_Lock</b>	<b>Powered_Windows</b>	<b>Power_Steer</b>
<b>0</b>	1	TOYOTA Corolla 2.0 D4D HATCHB TERRA 2/3- Doors	13500	23	10	2002	46986	Diesel	90	1	...	1	1			
<b>1</b>	2	TOYOTA Corolla 2.0 D4D HATCHB TERRA 2/3- Doors	13750	23	10	2002	72937	Diesel	90	1	...	1	0			
<b>2</b>	3	TOYOTA Corolla 2.0 D4D HATCHB TERRA 2/3- Doors	13950	24	9	2002	41711	Diesel	90	1	...	0	0			
<b>3</b>	4	TOYOTA Corolla 2.0 D4D HATCHB TERRA 2/3- Doors	14950	26	7	2002	48000	Diesel	90	0	...	0	0			
<b>4</b>	5	TOYOTA Corolla 2.0 D4D HATCHB SOL 2/3- Doors	13750	30	3	2002	38500	Diesel	90	0	...	1	1			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			

	Id	Model	Price	Age_08_04	Mfg_Month	Mfg_Year	KM	Fuel_Type	HP	Met_Color	...	Central_Lock	Powered_Windows	Power_Ster
1431	1438	TOYOTA Corolla 1.3 16V HATCHB G6 2/3- Doors	7500	69	12	1998	20544	Petrol	86	1	...	1	1	
1432	1439	TOYOTA Corolla 1.3 16V HATCHB LINEA TERRA 2/3-...	10845	72	9	1998	19000	Petrol	86	0	...	0	0	
1433	1440	TOYOTA Corolla 1.3 16V HATCHB LINEA TERRA 2/3-...	8500	71	10	1998	17016	Petrol	86	0	...	0	0	
1434	1441	TOYOTA Corolla 1.3 16V HATCHB LINEA TERRA 2/3-...	7250	70	11	1998	16916	Petrol	86	1	...	0	0	
1435	1442	TOYOTA Corolla 1.6 LB LINEA TERRA 4/5- Doors	6950	76	5	1998	1	Petrol	110	0	...	0	0	

1436 rows × 38 columns



### 3. Data Preparation

```
In [3]: toyota_corolla_data_req = toyota_corolla_data[["Price", "Age_08_04", "KM", "HP", "cc", "Doors", "Gears", "Quarterly_Tax", "Weight"]]
toyota_corolla_data_req
```

```
Out[3]:
```

	Price	Age_08_04	KM	HP	cc	Doors	Gears	Quarterly_Tax	Weight
0	13500	23	46986	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
1	13750	23	72937	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
2	13950	24	41711	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
3	14950	26	48000	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
4	13750	30	38500	90	2000	3	5	210	1170
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1431	7500	69	20544	86	1300	3	5	69	1025
1432	10845	72	19000	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1433	8500	71	17016	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1434	7250	70	16916	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1435	6950	76	1	110	1600	5	5	19	1114

1436 rows × 9 columns

## 4. Data Understanding

### 4.1 Perform Initial Analysis

```
In [4]: toyota_corolla_data_req.shape
```

```
Out[4]: (1436, 9)
```

In [5]: `toyota_corolla_data_req.dtypes`

```
Out[5]: Price          int64
Age_08_04          int64
KM                 int64
HP                 int64
cc                 int64
Doors              int64
Gears              int64
Quarterly_Tax      int64
Weight             int64
dtype: object
```

In [6]: `toyota_corolla_data_req.describe()`

```
Out[6]:
```

	Price	Age_08_04	KM	HP	cc	Doors	Gears	Quarterly_Tax	Weight
<b>count</b>	1436.000000	1436.000000	1436.000000	1436.000000	1436.000000	1436.000000	1436.000000	1436.000000	1436.000000
<b>mean</b>	10730.824513	55.947075	68533.259749	101.502089	1576.85585	4.033426	5.026462	87.122563	1072.45961
<b>std</b>	3626.964585	18.599988	37506.448872	14.981080	424.38677	0.952677	0.188510	41.128611	52.64112
<b>min</b>	4350.000000	1.000000	1.000000	69.000000	1300.00000	2.000000	3.000000	19.000000	1000.00000
<b>25%</b>	8450.000000	44.000000	43000.000000	90.000000	1400.00000	3.000000	5.000000	69.000000	1040.00000
<b>50%</b>	9900.000000	61.000000	63389.500000	110.000000	1600.00000	4.000000	5.000000	85.000000	1070.00000
<b>75%</b>	11950.000000	70.000000	87020.750000	110.000000	1600.00000	5.000000	5.000000	85.000000	1085.00000
<b>max</b>	32500.000000	80.000000	243000.000000	192.000000	16000.00000	5.000000	6.000000	283.000000	1615.00000

```
In [7]: toyota_corolla_data_req.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1436 entries, 0 to 1435
Data columns (total 9 columns):
 #   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
 0   Price           1436 non-null  int64  
 1   Age_08_04       1436 non-null  int64  
 2   KM              1436 non-null  int64  
 3   HP              1436 non-null  int64  
 4   cc              1436 non-null  int64  
 5   Doors           1436 non-null  int64  
 6   Gears           1436 non-null  int64  
 7   Quarterly_Tax   1436 non-null  int64  
 8   Weight          1436 non-null  int64  
dtypes: int64(9)
memory usage: 101.1 KB
```

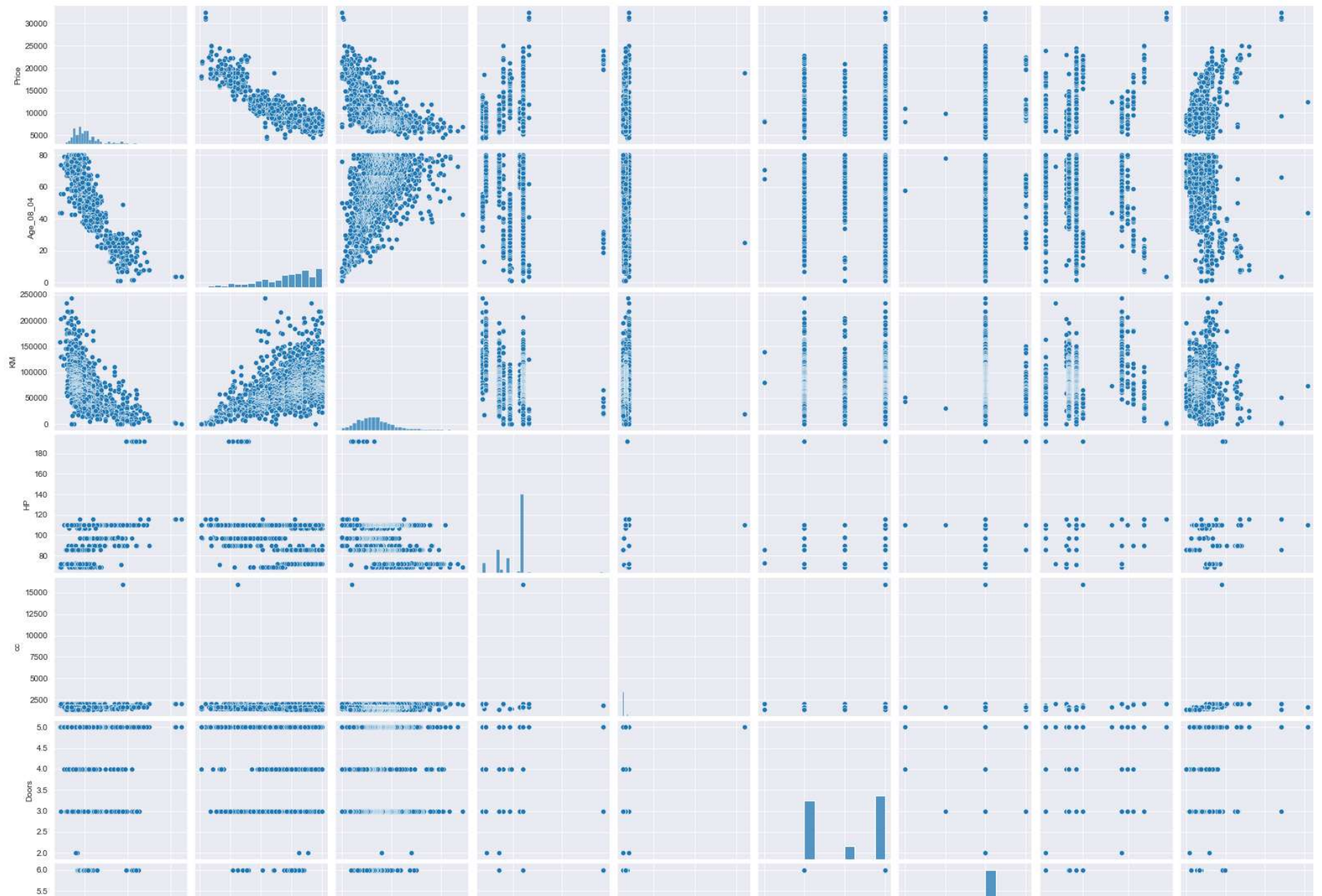
```
In [8]: toyota_corolla_data_req.isna().sum()
```

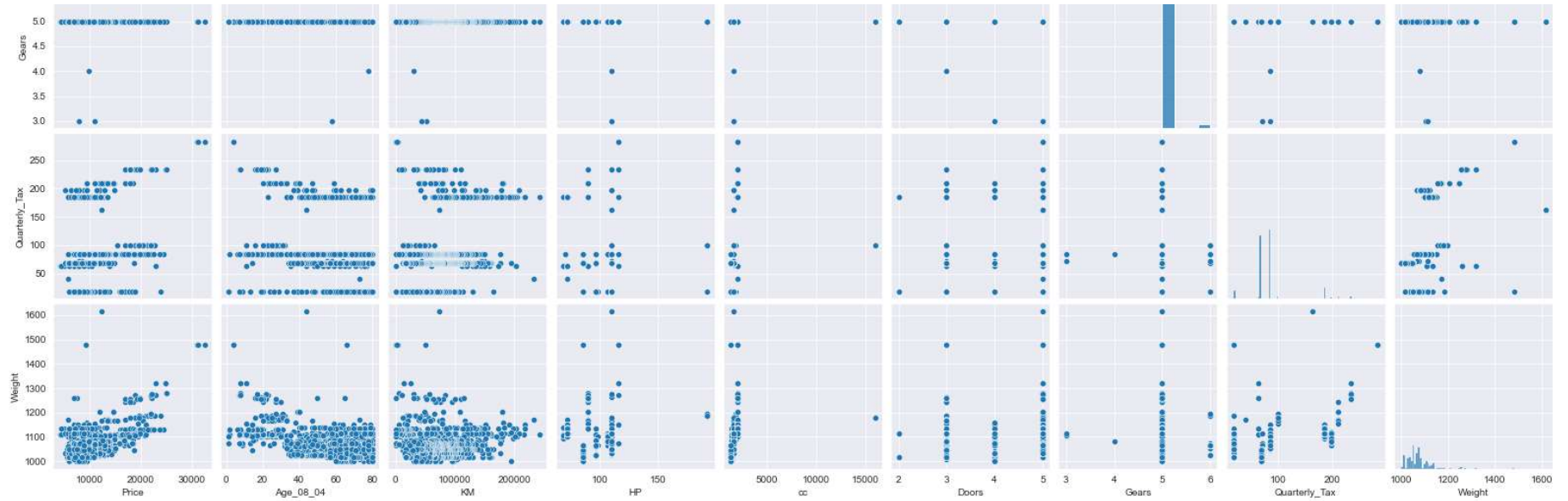
```
Out[8]: Price           0
Age_08_04             0
KM                   0
HP                   0
cc                   0
Doors                0
Gears                0
Quarterly_Tax        0
Weight               0
dtype: int64
```

## 4.2 Assumptions Check

### 1. Linearity Check

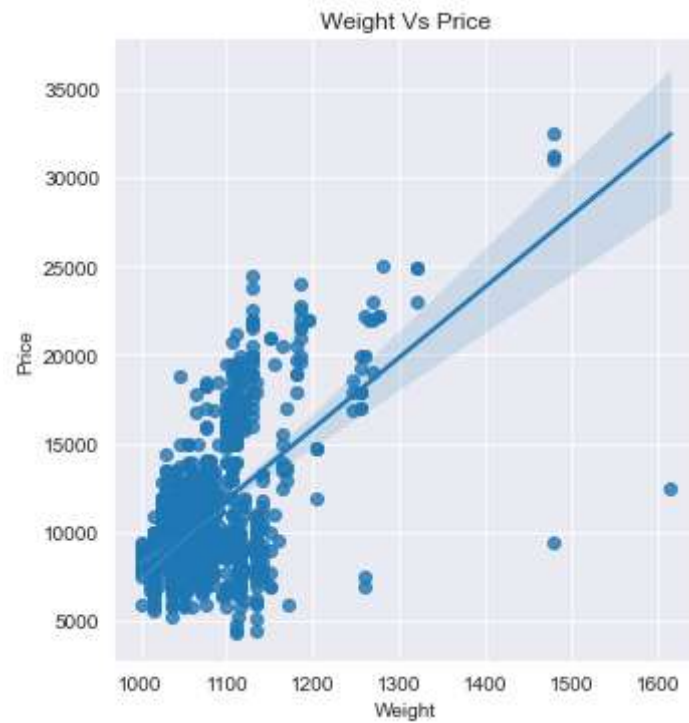
```
In [11]: sns.set_style(style='darkgrid')
sns.pairplot(toyota_corolla_data_req)
plt.show()
```



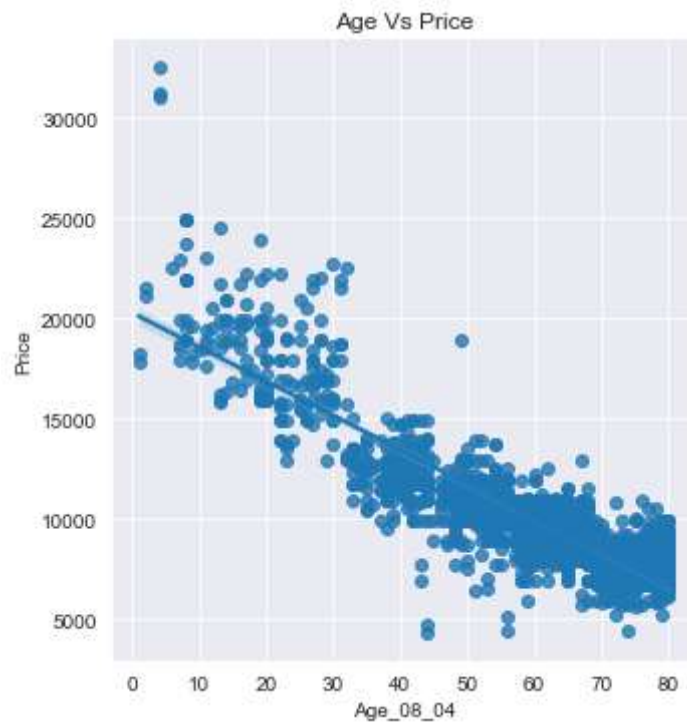




```
In [12]: sns.lmplot(x="Weight", y="Price", data=toyota_corolla_data_req)
plt.title("Weight Vs Price")
plt.show()
```



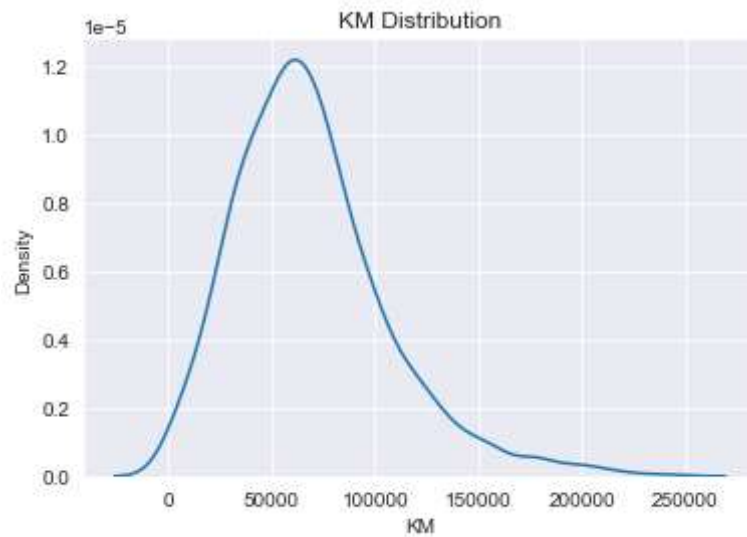
```
In [13]: sns.lmplot(x="Age_08_04", y="Price", data=toyota_corolla_data_req)  
plt.title("Age Vs Price")  
plt.show()
```



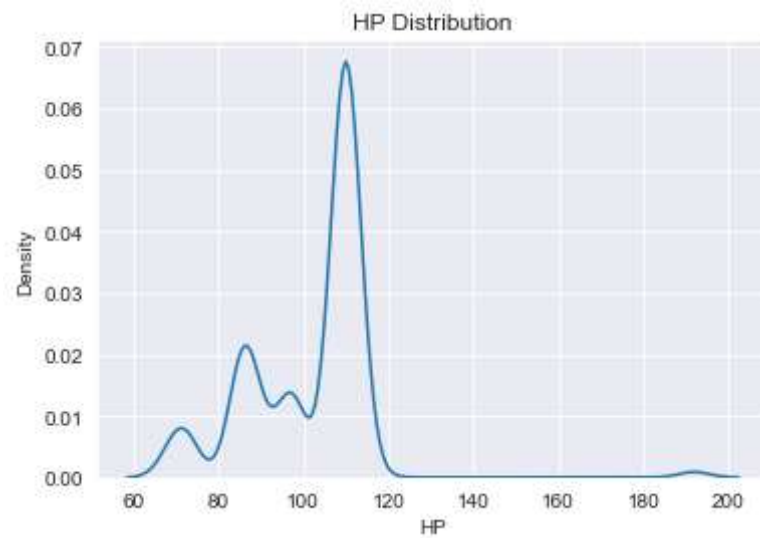
## Linearity Test is Failed

### 2. Normality Test

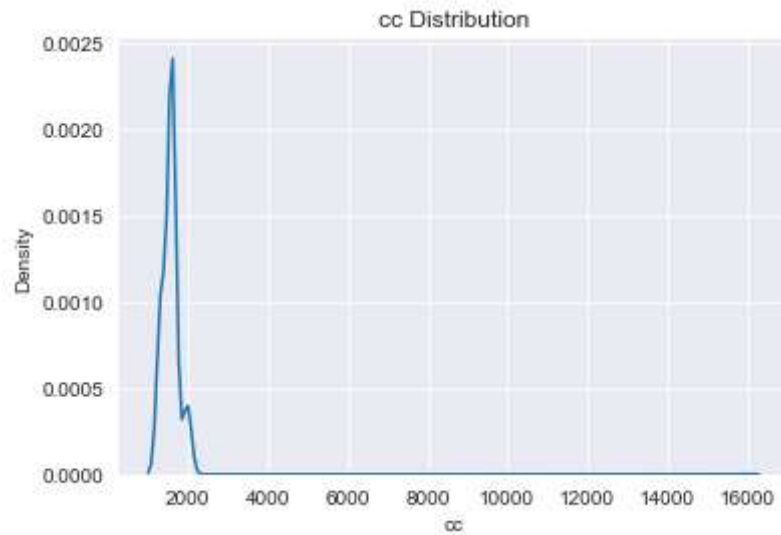
```
In [14]: sns.kdeplot(data = toyota_corolla_data_req, x='KM')  
plt.title('KM Distribution')  
plt.show()
```



```
In [15]: sns.kdeplot(x=toyota_corolla_data_req['HP'])  
plt.title('HP Distribution')  
plt.show()
```



```
In [16]: sns.kdeplot(x=toyota_corolla_data_req['cc'])  
plt.title('cc Distribution')  
plt.show()
```



**Normality Test is Failed**

**3. No AutoRegression : No any feature is in DataTime data format so this test is passed**

**4. Multicollinearity**

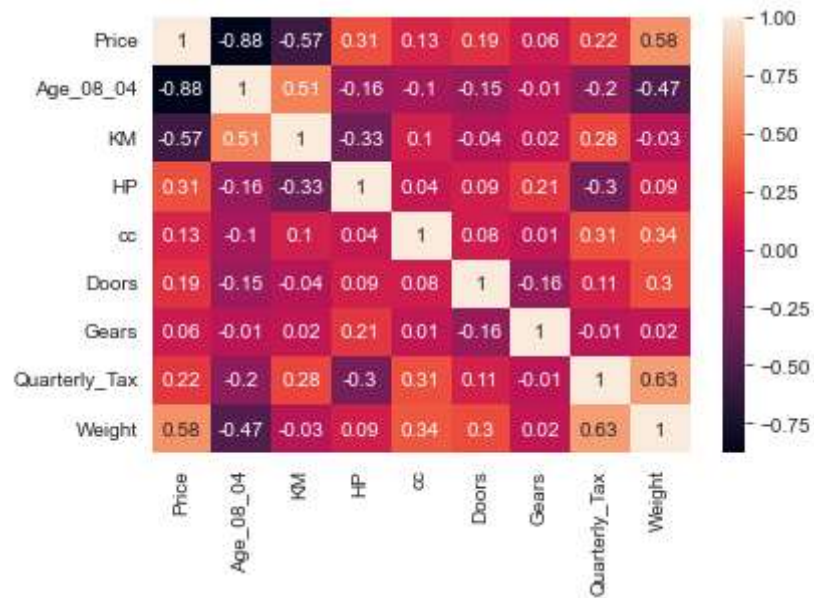
**Correlation Matrix**

```
In [17]: corr_matrix = toyota_corolla_data_req.corr().round(2)
corr_matrix
```

Out[17]:

	Price	Age_08_04	KM	HP	cc	Doors	Gears	Quarterly_Tax	Weight
Price	1.00	-0.88	-0.57	0.31	0.13	0.19	0.06	0.22	0.58
Age_08_04	-0.88	1.00	0.51	-0.16	-0.10	-0.15	-0.01	-0.20	-0.47
KM	-0.57	0.51	1.00	-0.33	0.10	-0.04	0.02	0.28	-0.03
HP	0.31	-0.16	-0.33	1.00	0.04	0.09	0.21	-0.30	0.09
cc	0.13	-0.10	0.10	0.04	1.00	0.08	0.01	0.31	0.34
Doors	0.19	-0.15	-0.04	0.09	0.08	1.00	-0.16	0.11	0.30
Gears	0.06	-0.01	0.02	0.21	0.01	-0.16	1.00	-0.01	0.02
Quarterly_Tax	0.22	-0.20	0.28	-0.30	0.31	0.11	-0.01	1.00	0.63
Weight	0.58	-0.47	-0.03	0.09	0.34	0.30	0.02	0.63	1.00

```
In [18]: sns.heatmap(data = corr_matrix,annot = True)
plt.show()
```



## MultiCollinearity Test is Passed

There is very less multicollinearity in the inputs in our data.

## 5. Homoscedasticity Check II 6. Zero Residual Check

This will be performed post Model Training beacuse we need the errors

## 5. Model Building

```
In [19]: x = toyota_corolla_data_req.drop("Price",axis=1)
y = toyota_corolla_data_req[["Price"]]
```

## 6. Model Training

```
In [20]: linear_model = LinearRegression()
```

```
In [21]: linear_model.fit(x,y)
```

```
Out[21]: LinearRegression()
```

```
In [22]: linear_model.coef_
```

```
Out[22]: array([[ -1.21658402e+02,  -2.08171292e-02,   3.16809058e+01,  
                -1.21100301e-01,  -1.61664095e+00,   5.94319936e+02,  
                 3.94908076e+00,   1.69586318e+01]])
```

```
In [23]: linear_model.intercept_
```

```
Out[23]: array([-5573.10635791])
```

## 7. Model Testing

```
In [24]: y.head()
```

```
Out[24]:
```

	Price
0	13500
1	13750
2	13950
3	14950
4	13750



```
In [25]: y_pred = linear_model.predict(x)
y_pred
```

```
Out[25]: array([[16812.58050518],
               [16272.35518581],
               [16800.73245987],
               ...,
               [ 8454.29800682],
               [ 8578.03812148],
               [10402.43833285]])
```

## 8. Model Evaluation

```
In [26]: error = y - y_pred
error
```

```
Out[26]:
```

	Price
0	-3312.580505
1	-2522.355186
2	-2850.732460
3	-1476.496731
4	-2472.419010
...	...
1431	-1293.758297
1432	2553.661579
1433	45.701993
1434	-1328.038121
1435	-3452.438333

1436 rows × 1 columns

## .....back to Assumption Check

### 5. Homoscedasticity Check

In [27]:

x

Out[27]:

	Age_08_04	KM	HP	cc	Doors	Gears	Quarterly_Tax	Weight
<b>0</b>	23	46986	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
<b>1</b>	23	72937	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
<b>2</b>	24	41711	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
<b>3</b>	26	48000	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
<b>4</b>	30	38500	90	2000	3	5	210	1170
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<b>1431</b>	69	20544	86	1300	3	5	69	1025
<b>1432</b>	72	19000	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
<b>1433</b>	71	17016	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
<b>1434</b>	70	16916	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
<b>1435</b>	76	1	110	1600	5	5	19	1114

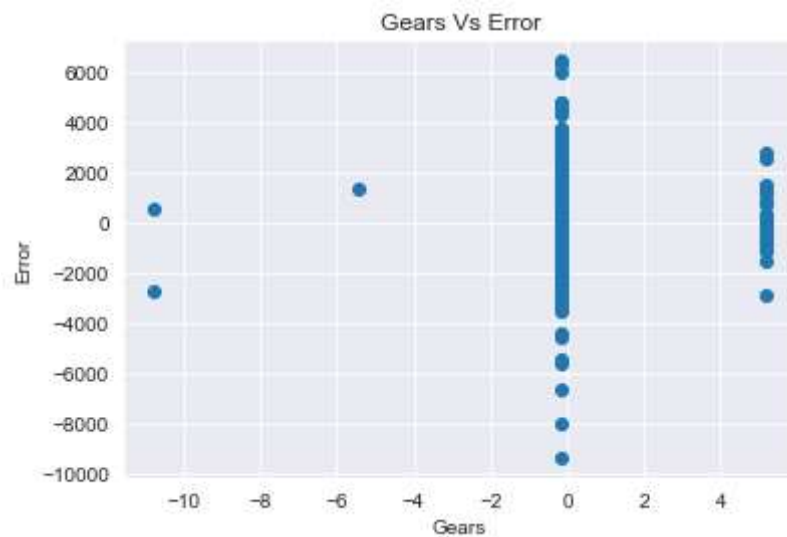
1436 rows × 8 columns

```
In [28]: std_scaler = StandardScaler()
scaled_x = std_scaler.fit_transform(x)
scaled_x = pd.DataFrame(scaled_x, columns=['Age_08_04', 'KM', 'HP', 'cc', 'Doors', 'Gears', 'Quarterly_Tax', 'Weight'])
scaled_x.head()
```

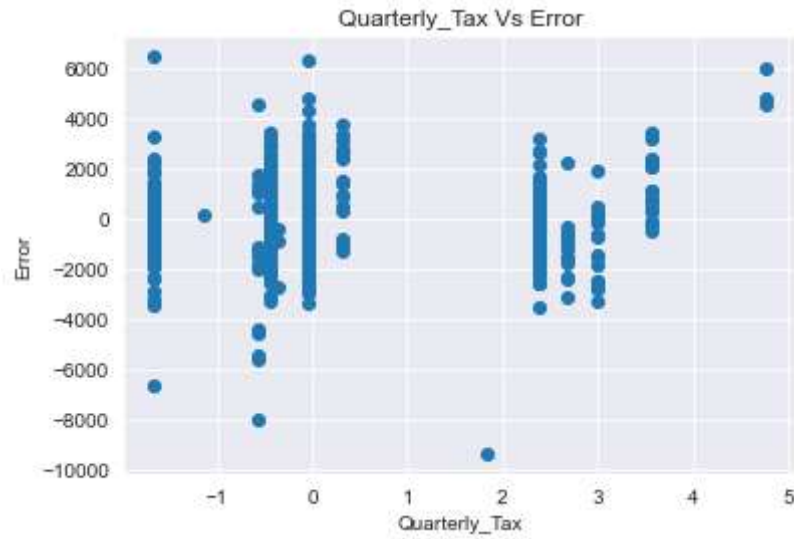
```
Out[28]:
```

	Age_08_04	KM	HP	cc	Doors	Gears	Quarterly_Tax	Weight
0	-1.771966	-0.574695	-0.768042	0.997419	-1.085139	-0.140425	2.98868	1.758561
1	-1.771966	0.117454	-0.768042	0.997419	-1.085139	-0.140425	2.98868	1.758561
2	-1.718184	-0.715386	-0.768042	0.997419	-1.085139	-0.140425	2.98868	1.758561
3	-1.610620	-0.547650	-0.768042	0.997419	-1.085139	-0.140425	2.98868	1.758561
4	-1.395491	-0.801028	-0.768042	0.997419	-1.085139	-0.140425	2.98868	1.853577

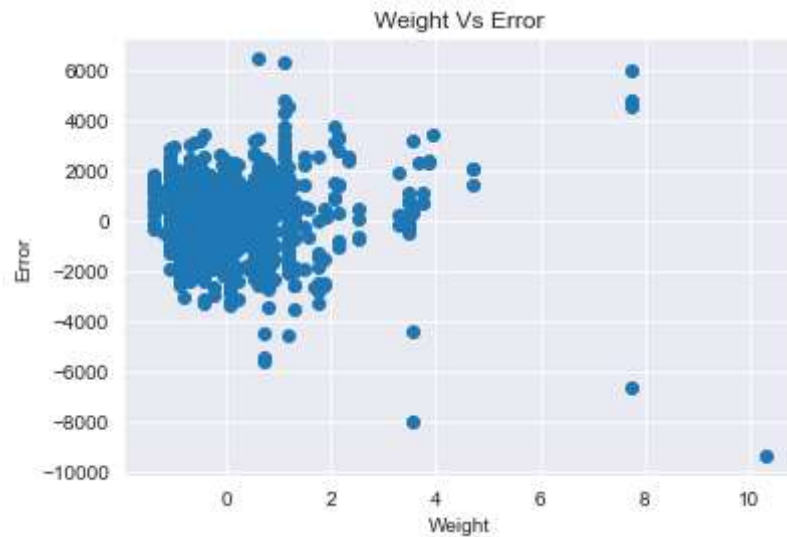
```
In [29]: plt.scatter(x=scaled_x['Gears'], y=error)
plt.title('Gears Vs Error')
plt.xlabel('Gears')
plt.ylabel('Error')
plt.show()
```



```
In [30]: plt.scatter(x=scaled_x['Quarterly_Tax'],y=error)
plt.title('Quarterly_Tax Vs Error')
plt.xlabel('Quarterly_Tax')
plt.ylabel('Error')
plt.show()
```



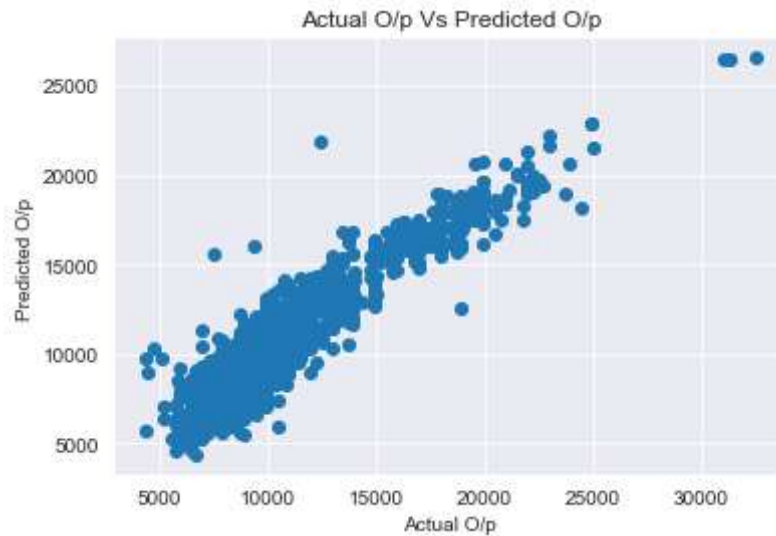
```
In [31]: plt.scatter(x=scaled_x['Weight'],y=error)
plt.title('Weight Vs Error')
plt.xlabel('Weight')
plt.ylabel('Error')
plt.show()
```



**Homoscedasticity Test is Failed**

## 6. Zero Residual Mean Across the Fitted Line

```
In [32]: plt.scatter(x=y,y=y_pred)
plt.title('Actual O/p Vs Predicted O/p')
plt.xlabel('Actual O/p')
plt.ylabel('Predicted O/p')
plt.show()
```



**Zero Residual Mean Test is also Failed**

## Build Linear Regression using StatsModels

```
In [33]: toyota_corolla_data_req.head()
```

```
Out[33]:
```

	Price	Age_08_04	KM	HP	cc	Doors	Gears	Quarterly_Tax	Weight
0	13500	23	46986	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
1	13750	23	72937	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
2	13950	24	41711	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
3	14950	26	48000	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
4	13750	30	38500	90	2000	3	5	210	1170

```
In [34]: linear_model_stats = smf.ols('Price~Q("Age_08_04")+KM+HP+cc+Doors+Gears+Q("Quarterly_Tax")+Weight',data = toyota_corolla_data_req).fit()
```

## 8.1 Evaluation Metrics of Linear Regression

```
In [35]: print('R2Score      : ',linear_model_stats.rsquared.round(4))
print('Adj.R2Score  : ',linear_model_stats.rsquared_adj.round(4))
print('AIC Value   : ',linear_model_stats.aic.round(4))
print('BIC Value   : ',linear_model_stats.bic.round(4))
print('P-Value     : \n',linear_model_stats.pvalues)
```

```
R2Score      : 0.8638
Adj.R2Score  : 0.863
AIC Value    : 24769.0766
BIC Value    : 24816.5032
P-Value      :
Intercept    8.241949e-05
Q("Age_08_04") 3.354724e-288
KM           7.538439e-57
HP           3.757218e-28
cc           1.790902e-01
Doors        9.677716e-01
Gears        2.606549e-03
Q("Quarterly_Tax") 2.619148e-03
Weight       2.048576e-52
dtype: float64
```

```
In [37]: linear_model_stats_1 = smf.ols('Price~Q("Age_08_04")+KM+HP+cc',data = toyota_corolla_data_req).fit()
print('R2Score      : ',linear_model_stats_1.rsquared.round(4))
print('Adj.R2Score  : ',linear_model_stats_1.rsquared_adj.round(4))
print('AIC Value    : ',linear_model_stats_1.aic.round(4))
print('BIC Value    : ',linear_model_stats_1.bic.round(4))
print('P-Value      : \n',linear_model_stats_1.pvalues)
```

```
R2Score      : 0.8135
Adj.R2Score  : 0.813
AIC Value    : 25211.8665
BIC Value    : 25238.2146
P-Value      :
Intercept    2.864486e-250
Q("Age_08_04") 0.000000e+00
KM           3.392364e-20
HP           5.660367e-32
cc           7.621272e-07
dtype: float64
```



```
In [38]: linear_model_stats_2 = smf.ols('Price~Doors+Gears+Q("Quarterly_Tax")+Weight',data = toyota_corolla_data_req).fit()
print('R2Score      : ',linear_model_stats_2.rsquared.round(4))
print('Adj.R2Score  : ',linear_model_stats_2.rsquared_adj.round(4))
print('AIC Value    : ',linear_model_stats_2.aic.round(4))
print('BIC Value    : ',linear_model_stats_2.bic.round(4))
print('P-Value      : \n',linear_model_stats_2.pvalues)
```

```
R2Score      : 0.3744
Adj.R2Score  : 0.3727
AIC Value    : 26949.9281
BIC Value    : 26976.2762
P-Value      :
Intercept    1.388159e-58
Doors        9.294941e-01
Gears        2.900447e-02
Q("Quarterly_Tax") 4.798122e-18
Weight       4.552951e-121
dtype: float64
```

```
In [39]: linear_model_stats_3 = smf.ols('Price~KM+HP+cc+Doors+Gears+Q("Quarterly_Tax")+Weight',data = toyota_corolla_data_req).fit()
print('R2Score      : ',linear_model_stats_3.rsquared.round(4))
print('Adj.R2Score  : ',linear_model_stats_3.rsquared_adj.round(4))
print('AIC Value    : ',linear_model_stats_3.aic.round(4))
print('BIC Value    : ',linear_model_stats_3.bic.round(4))
print('P-Value      : \n',linear_model_stats_3.pvalues)
```

```
R2Score      : 0.6572
Adj.R2Score  : 0.6555
AIC Value    : 26092.0394
BIC Value    : 26134.1963
P-Value      :
Intercept    3.195287e-43
KM           8.359303e-167
HP           3.738120e-09
cc           2.322594e-01
Doors        9.472273e-01
Gears        1.643195e-02
Q("Quarterly_Tax") 5.278916e-05
Weight       2.005482e-91
dtype: float64
```

```
In [40]: linear_model_stats_4 = smf.ols('Price~KM+HP+cc+Doors+Gears+Q("Quarterly_Tax")',data = toyota_corolla_data_req).fit()  
print('R2Score      : ',linear_model_stats_4.rsquared.round(4))  
print('Adj.R2Score  : ',linear_model_stats_4.rsquared_adj.round(4))  
print('AIC Value    : ',linear_model_stats_4.aic.round(4))  
print('BIC Value    : ',linear_model_stats_4.bic.round(4))  
print('P-Value      : \n',linear_model_stats_4.pvalues)
```

```
R2Score      : 0.5428  
Adj.R2Score  : 0.5409  
AIC Value    : 26503.6876  
BIC Value    : 26540.5749  
P-Value      :  
  Intercept          9.055033e-01  
  KM                  2.728211e-168  
  HP                  1.943460e-25  
  cc                  3.340648e-02  
  Doors              9.763035e-08  
  Gears              1.792430e-02  
  Q("Quarterly_Tax") 2.679481e-87  
dtype: float64
```

```
In [41]: mean_squared_error(y,y_pred)
```

```
Out[41]: 1790935.608390293
```

```
In [42]: mean_absolute_error(y,y_pred)
```

```
Out[42]: 1001.5466325182533
```

## 9. MODEL OPTIMIZATION

```
In [43]: toyota_corolla_data_req_2 = toyota_corolla_data_req.copy()
toyota_corolla_data_req_2.head()
```

```
Out[43]:
```

	Price	Age_08_04	KM	HP	cc	Doors	Gears	Quarterly_Tax	Weight
0	13500	23	46986	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
1	13750	23	72937	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
2	13950	24	41711	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
3	14950	26	48000	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
4	13750	30	38500	90	2000	3	5	210	1170

```
In [44]: toyota_corolla_data_req_2['log_Age_08_04'] = np.log(toyota_corolla_data_req_2['Age_08_04'])
toyota_corolla_data_req_2['log_KM'] = np.log(toyota_corolla_data_req_2['KM'])
toyota_corolla_data_req_2['log_HP'] = np.log(toyota_corolla_data_req_2['HP'])
toyota_corolla_data_req_2['log_cc'] = np.log(toyota_corolla_data_req_2['cc'])
toyota_corolla_data_req_2['log_Doors'] = np.log(toyota_corolla_data_req_2['Doors'])
toyota_corolla_data_req_2['log_Gears'] = np.log(toyota_corolla_data_req_2['Gears'])
toyota_corolla_data_req_2['log_Quarterly_Tax'] = np.log(toyota_corolla_data_req_2['Quarterly_Tax'])
toyota_corolla_data_req_2['log_Weight'] = np.log(toyota_corolla_data_req_2['Weight'])
toyota_corolla_data_req_2.head()
```

```
Out[44]:
```

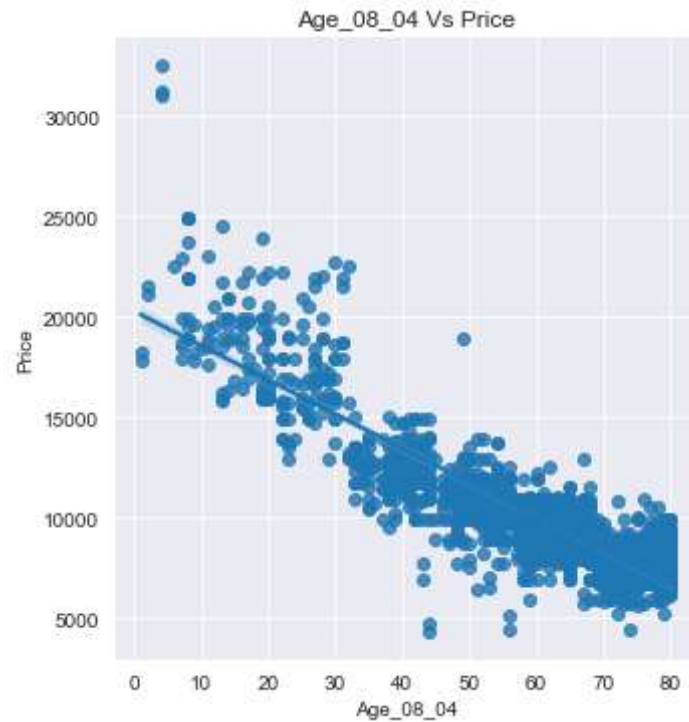
	Price	Age_08_04	KM	HP	cc	Doors	Gears	Quarterly_Tax	Weight	log_Age_08_04	log_KM	log_HP	log_cc	log_Doors	log_Gears
0	13500	23	46986	90	2000	3	5	210	1165	3.135494	10.757605	4.49981	7.600902	1.098612	1.609438
1	13750	23	72937	90	2000	3	5	210	1165	3.135494	11.197351	4.49981	7.600902	1.098612	1.609438
2	13950	24	41711	90	2000	3	5	210	1165	3.178054	10.638520	4.49981	7.600902	1.098612	1.609438
3	14950	26	48000	90	2000	3	5	210	1165	3.258097	10.778956	4.49981	7.600902	1.098612	1.609438
4	13750	30	38500	90	2000	3	5	210	1170	3.401197	10.558414	4.49981	7.600902	1.098612	1.609438

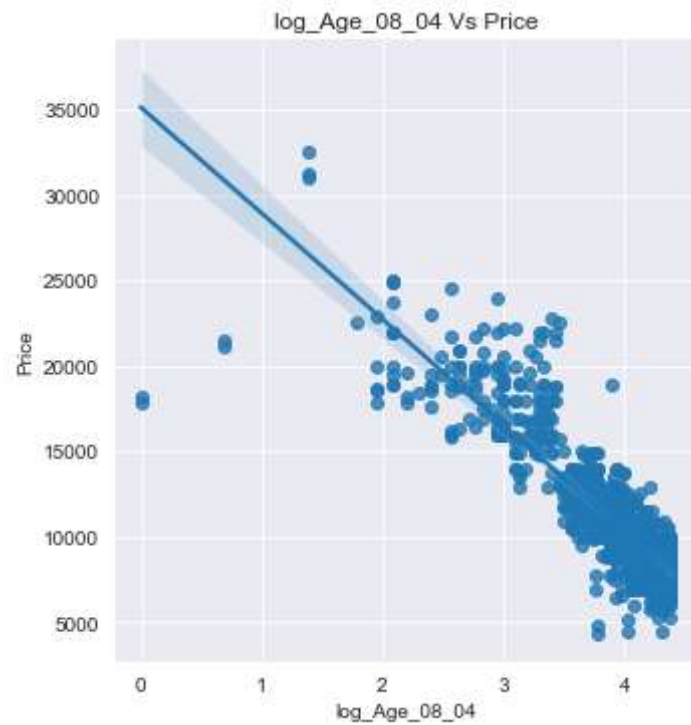
## 3.2 Assumptions Check

## 1. Linearity Check

```
In [45]: sns.lmplot(x="Age_08_04", y="Price", data=toyota_corolla_data_req_2)
plt.title("Age_08_04 Vs Price")

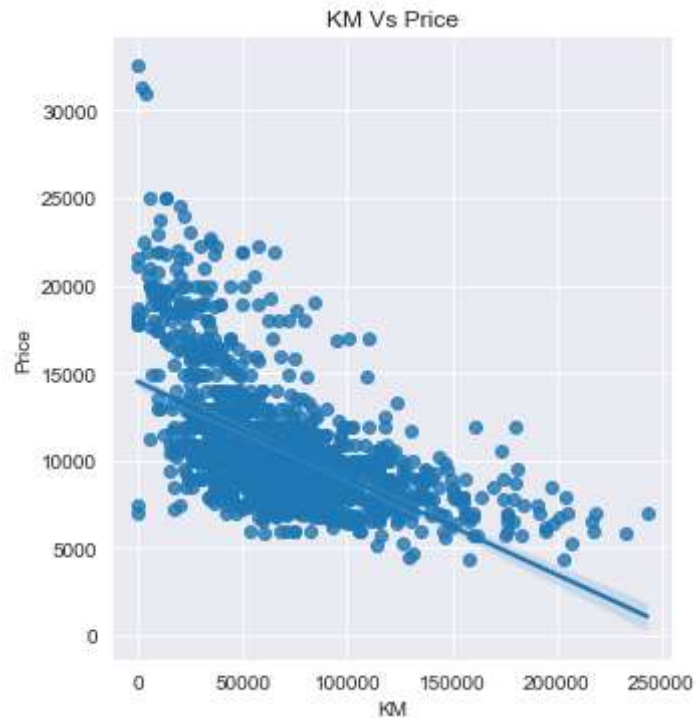
sns.lmplot(x="log_Age_08_04", y="Price", data=toyota_corolla_data_req_2)
plt.title("log_Age_08_04 Vs Price")
plt.show()
```

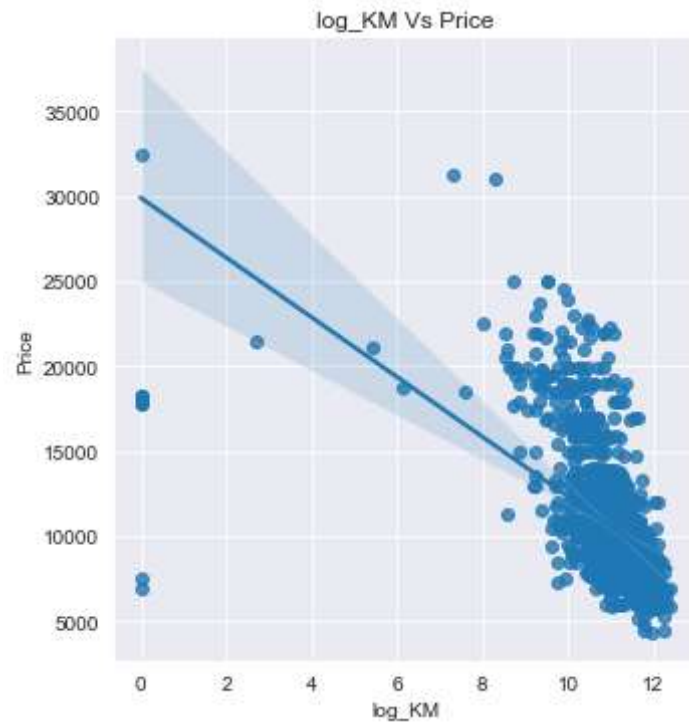




```
In [46]: sns.lmplot(x="KM", y="Price", data=toyota_corolla_data_req_2)
plt.title("KM Vs Price")

sns.lmplot(x="log_KM", y="Price", data=toyota_corolla_data_req_2)
plt.title("log_KM Vs Price")
plt.show()
```



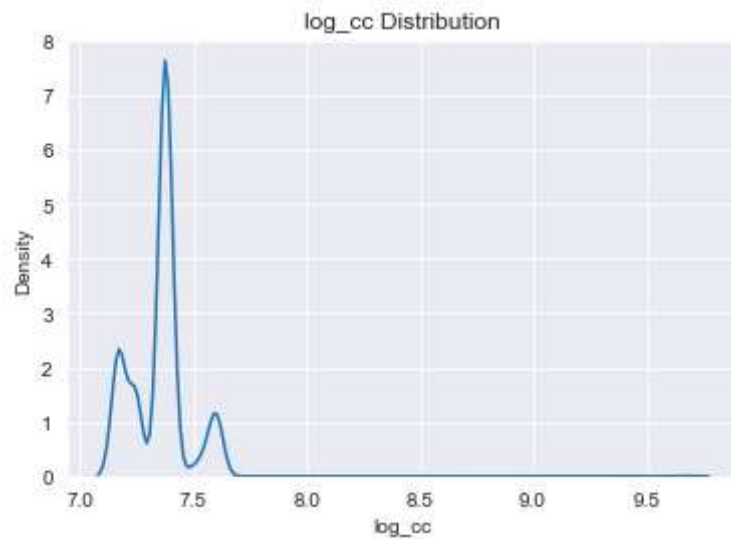




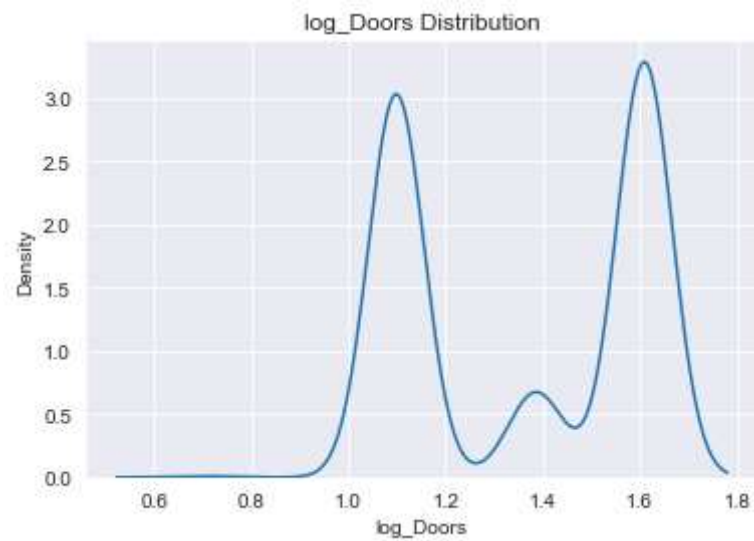
## Linearity Test is Failed

### 2. Normality Test

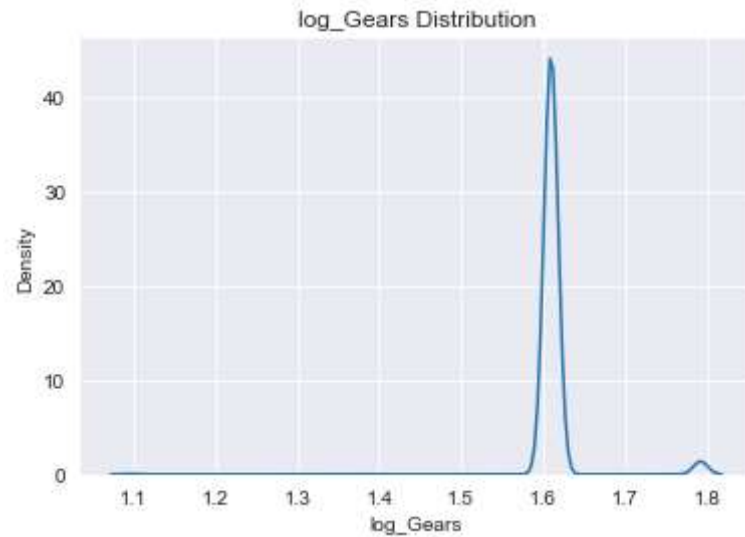
```
In [47]: sns.kdeplot(data = toyota_corolla_data_req_2, x='log_cc')  
plt.title('log_cc Distribution')  
plt.show()
```



```
In [48]: sns.kdeplot(data = toyota_corolla_data_req_2, x='log_Doors')  
plt.title('log_Doors Distribution')  
plt.show()
```



```
In [49]: sns.kdeplot(data = toyota_corolla_data_req_2, x='log_Gears')  
plt.title('log_Gears Distribution')  
plt.show()
```



**Normality Test is Failed**

**Model Building || Training || Evaluation using Statsmodels**

```
In [50]: linear_model_stats_5 = smf.ols('Price~Q("log_Age_08_04")+log_KM+log_HP+log_cc+log_Doors+log_Gears+Q("log_Quarterly_Tax")-
print('R2Score      : ',linear_model_stats_5.rsquared.round(4))
print('Adj.R2Score  : ',linear_model_stats_5.rsquared_adj.round(4))
print('AIC Value    : ',linear_model_stats_5.aic.round(4))
print('BIC Value    : ',linear_model_stats_5.bic.round(4))
print('P-Value      : \n',linear_model_stats_5.pvalues)
```

```
R2Score      : 0.8353
Adj.R2Score  : 0.8344
AIC Value    : 25041.7317
BIC Value    : 25089.1583
P-Value      :
Intercept    3.285177e-34
Q("log_Age_08_04") 4.827085e-288
log_KM        3.236391e-03
log_HP        3.608349e-60
log_cc        3.790066e-13
log_Doors     1.887446e-01
log_Gears     6.939977e-03
Q("log_Quarterly_Tax") 2.385309e-06
log_Weight    6.221465e-39
dtype: float64
```

**After transformation model performance is not so good.**

## 10. Model Finalization & Model Testing

```
In [51]: y.head()
```

```
Out[51]:
```

	Price
0	13500
1	13750
2	13950
3	14950
4	13750

```
In [53]: X_test = pd.DataFrame(data=toyota_corolla_data_req.drop(["Price"],axis=1))
X_test.head()
```

```
Out[53]:
```

	Age_08_04	KM	HP	cc	Doors	Gears	Quarterly_Tax	Weight
0	23	46986	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
1	23	72937	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
2	24	41711	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
3	26	48000	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
4	30	38500	90	2000	3	5	210	1170

```
In [54]: y_pred_stat_3 = linear_model_stats.predict(X_test)
y_pred_stat_3.head()
```

```
Out[54]: 0    16812.580505
1    16272.355186
2    16800.732460
3    16426.496731
4    16222.419010
dtype: float64
```

\*\*\*\*THE END\*\*\*\*

