LAB :-2

1. Write a program that takes a student's score as input and outputs the corresponding grade based on the following scale:

```
A: 90-100
B: 80-89
C: 70-79
D: 60-69
F: 0-59
CODE:-
package Assignments;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Grade {
      public static void main(String[]args)
             System.out.print("enter you score "); //print statement to take input by
user
             Scanner <u>sc</u>=new Scanner(System.in); //object <u>decleration</u>
             int score=sc.nextInt();
             if(score>=90 && score<=100) //logic to grade A</pre>
                    System.out.println("YOU SCORE GRADE 'A' ");
             else if(score>=80 && score<=89) //logic to grade B</pre>
                    System.out.println("YOU SCORE GRADE 'B' ");
             else if(score>=70 && score<=79) //logic to grade C
                    System.out.println("YOU SCORE GRADE 'C' ");
             else if(score>=60 && score<=69) //logic to grade D
                    System.out.println("YOU SCORE GRADE 'D' ");
             else //logic to grade F
                    System.out.println("YOU SCORE GRADE 'F' ");
      }
```

```
OUTPUT:-

Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console ×

<terminated > Grade [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-21\begin{align*}
enter you score 95

YOU SCORE GRADE 'A'
```

2. Write a program to check if a given year is a leap year. (A year is a leap year if it is divisible by 4 but not by 100, or it is divisible by 400.)

CODE:-

```
package Assignment;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class LeapYear {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in); //object declaration

        System.out.print("ENTER THE YEAR :");
        int year=sc.nextInt();

        boolean LeapYear=(year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0)||(year % 400 == 0); //logic for declar leap year
        if(LeapYear)
        {
            System.out.print("ENTERED YEAR IS LEAP YEAR !");
        }
        else
        {
                System.out.print("ENTERED YEAR IS NOT A LEAP YEAR !");
        }
}
OUTPUT:-
```

```
Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console ×

<terminated > LeapYear (1) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdl

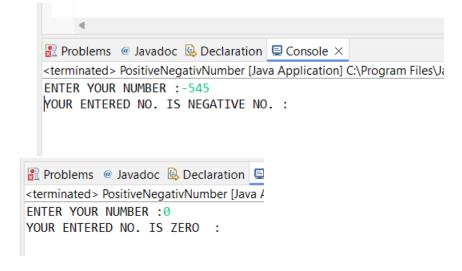
ENTER THE YEAR :1993

ENTERED YEAR IS NOT A LEAP YEAR !
```

3. Write a program that takes an integer as input and checks if it is positive, negative, or zero.

```
CODE:-
package Assignment;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class PositiveNegativNumber {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
               Scanner <a href="mailto:scanner"><u>sc=new Scanner(System.in)</u>; //create an <a href="mailto:scanneer"><u>scanneer</u></a> object to take
input
               System.out.print("ENTER YOUR NUMBER :");
               int number=sc.nextInt();
               if(number>0)
                       System.out.println("YOUR ENTERED NO. IS POSITIVE NO. :");
               if(number<0)</pre>
                       System.out.println("YOUR ENTERED NO. IS NEGATIVE NO. :");
               if(number == 0)
                       System.out.println("YOUR ENTERED NO. IS ZERO :");
       }
}
```

```
Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Constant Constant
```



4. Write a program that prints numbers from 1 to 10 using a loop.

```
CODE:-
package Assignment;

public class PrintOneToTen {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int i;

        for(i=1;i <= 10;i++) //logic to print 1 to 10.
        System.out.println("THE NUMBER IS "+ i);
    }
}</pre>
```

5. Write a program that takes an integer N as input and calculates the sum of entered numbers.

```
CODE:-
package Assignment;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class SumOfEnterNum {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);// object declaration
             System.out.print("ENTERED HOW MUCH NUMBERS YOU WANT TO ADD :");
             int num=sc.nextInt();
             int totalSum=0; //initialize sum =0
             for(int i=1; i <= num; i++)</pre>
                    System.out.print("ENTERED NUMER" + i + ":");
                    int number=sc.nextInt();
                    totalSum += number;
             System.out.print("THE SUM Of THE ENTERED NUMBER IS:"+totalSum);
             sc.close();
      }
}
```

```
Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console ×

<terminated > SumOfEnterNum [Java Application] C:\Program Files

ENTERED HOW MUCH NUMBERS YOU WANT TO ADD :5

ENTERED NUMER1:1

ENTERED NUMER2:2

ENTERED NUMER3:3

ENTERED NUMER4:4

ENTERED NUMER5:5

THE SUM OF THE ENTERED NUMBER IS:15
```

6. Write a program that takes an integer as input and prints its multiplication table up to 10.

CODE:-

```
Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console ×

<terminated > MultipleSumOFNum [Java Application] C:\Program File

ENTER THE NUMBER:

7

7X1=7

7X2=14

7X3=21

7X4=28

7X5=35

7X6=42

7X7=49

7X8=56

7X9=63

7X10=70
```

7. Write a program that takes a positive integer as input and prints its digits in reverse order.

```
CODE:-
```

```
package Assignment;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class ReverseOrder {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in); //object declaration
             System.out.println("ENTER THE NUMBER :");
             int num=sc.nextInt();
             if(num<0) //logic to postive number</pre>
                    System.out.println("THE ENTERED NUMBER IS NOT POSITIVE");
             else //logic to print negative
                    System.out.println("THE ENTERED NUMBER IS POSITIVE");
                    while (num != 0 )
                          int digit=num%10;
                          System.out.print(digit);
                          num /= 10;
                    System.out.println();
             sc.close();
      }
```

```
OUTPUT:
```

```
Problems @ Javadoc  Declaration  Console ×

<terminated > ReverseOrder [Java Application] C:\Program File

ENTER THE NUMBER:

123456789

THE ENTERED NUMBER IS POSITIVE

987654321
```

8. Create a class Animal with a method makeSound() that prints "Some generic animal sound". Create another class Dog that extends Animal and overrides the makeSound() method to print "Bark". Write a main method to demonstrate calling the makeSound() method on an Animal reference holding a Dog object.

```
CODE:-
```

```
class Animal //define animal class
{
    public void makeSound() //define makesound method
    {
        System.out.println("Some Generic animal sound ");
    }
} class Dog extends Animal //define Dog class
{
    public void makeSound() //define makesound method
    {
        System.out.println("Bark! ");
    }
} public class InheritanceAnimal {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Animal myDog=new Dog();
        myDog.makeSound();
    }
}
```

