

**Теорема 1.** *In the regression:*

$$\frac{\Delta A_{k+2}}{\Delta t_{k+2}} - \frac{\Delta A_{k+1}}{\Delta t_{k+1}} = -\rho \Delta A_{k+1} + \rho \lambda x_{t_{k+1}} + (\kappa + \lambda) \left( \frac{x_{t_{k+2}}}{\Delta t_{k+2}} - \frac{x_{t_{k+1}}}{\Delta t_{k+1}} \right).$$

the coefficients  $\rho, \kappa$  and  $\lambda$  the same as in OW model describes the market with dynamics describing by series  $A_k, \Delta t_k, x_k$ . Here:

- $x_k$  — the trade size at  $t_k$ .
- $A_k$  — ask price at  $t_k$ .

*Доказательство.* From the definitions of the model follows three equations:

$$A_{t_k} = V_{t_k} + \frac{s}{2} + \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} x_{t_i} \kappa e^{-\rho(t_k - t_i)} \quad (1)$$

$$V_{t_{k+1}} = V_{t_k} + \lambda x_{t_k} \rightarrow V_{t_{k+1}} - V_{t_k} = \lambda x_{t_k} \quad (2)$$

$$D_{t_k} = A_{t_k} - V_{t_k} - \frac{s}{2} \quad (3)$$

From (1) and (3):

$$\begin{aligned} D_{t_k} &= \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} x_{t_i} \kappa e^{-\rho(t_k - t_i)} \\ \Delta D_{t_k} &= \sum_{i=0}^k x_{t_i} \kappa e^{-\rho(t_{k+1} - t_i)} - \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} x_{t_i} \kappa e^{-\rho(t_k - t_i)} = \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} x_{t_i} \kappa (e^{-\rho(t_{k+1} - t_i)} - e^{-\rho(t_k - t_i)}) + x_{t_k} \kappa e^{-\rho(t_{k+1} - t_k)} = \\ &= \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} x_{t_i} \kappa e^{-\rho(t_k - t_i)} (e^{-\rho(t_{k+1} - t_k)} - 1) + x_{t_k} \kappa e^{-\rho(t_{k+1} - t_k)} = [\text{considering } e^{-\rho(t_{k+1} - t_k)} = 1 - \rho(t_{k+1} - t_k)] = \\ &= \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} x_{t_i} \kappa e^{-\rho(t_k - t_i)} ((1 - \rho(t_{k+1} - t_k)) - 1) + x_{t_k} \kappa (1 - \rho(t_{k+1} - t_k)) = -\rho \Delta t_k D_{t_k} + x_{t_k} \kappa (1 - \rho \Delta t_k). \end{aligned}$$

On the other hand, from (2) and (3) one has:

$$\Delta D_k = D_{k+1} - D_k = A_{k+1} + V_{k+1} - A_k - V_k = \Delta A_k - \Delta V_k \rightarrow \Delta A_k = \Delta D_k + \Delta V_k.$$

Thus, one has an equation:

$$\Delta A_k = -\rho \Delta t_k D_{t_k} + x_{t_k} \kappa (1 - \rho \Delta t_k) + \lambda x_{t_k}.$$

But one does not want to deal with  $D_{t_k}$ , so he divides regression for  $\Delta t_k$  and considers a divided difference of  $A_{t_{k+1}}$  and  $A_{t_k}$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\Delta A_{k+1}}{\Delta t_{k+1}} - \frac{\Delta A_k}{\Delta t_k} &= -\rho D_{t_{k+1}} + x_{t_{k+1}} \kappa \left( \frac{1}{\Delta t_{k+1}} - \rho \right) + \lambda \frac{x_{t_{k+1}}}{\Delta t_{k+1}} + \rho D_{t_k} - x_{t_k} \kappa \left( \frac{1}{\Delta t_k} - \rho \right) - \lambda \frac{x_{t_k}}{\Delta t_k} = \\ &= -\rho (\Delta A_k - \Delta V_k) + (\lambda + \kappa) \left( \frac{x_{t_{k+1}}}{\Delta t_{k+1}} - \frac{x_{t_k}}{\Delta t_k} \right) - \rho \kappa (x_{t_{k+1}} - x_{t_k}) = \\ &= -\rho \Delta A_k + \rho (\lambda + \kappa) x_{t_k} - \rho \kappa x_{t_{k+1}} + (\lambda + \kappa) \left( \frac{x_{t_{k+1}}}{\Delta t_{k+1}} - \frac{x_{t_k}}{\Delta t_k} \right). \end{aligned}$$

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