

SRG Market microstructure

## Report on my research

Vsevolod Zaostrovsky
Supervisors: Anton Belyakov, Alexey Savin
Vega Institute Foundation

# Our methodology to fit parameters $\rho, \kappa, q$



We chose regression to find parameters:

$$\frac{\Delta A_{k+2}}{\Delta t_{k+2}} - \frac{\Delta A_{k+1}}{\Delta t_{k+1}} = -\rho \Delta A_{k+1} + \rho \lambda x_{k+1} + (\kappa + \lambda) (\frac{x_{k+2}}{\Delta t_{k+2}} - \frac{x_{k+1}}{\Delta t_{k+1}}).$$

Where all the information needed can be extracted from the 13 data:

- $\Delta A_k$  is an ask change after execution of the limit order with the depth  $x_k$ . So,  $\Delta A_k = \mathrm{AskAfter}(k) \mathrm{AskBefore}(k)$  and  $x_k = \mathrm{Volume}(k)$ .
- $\Delta t_k$  is a time between k and k+1 orders of dataset. So,  $\Delta t_k = \mathrm{Time}(k+1) \mathrm{Time}(k)$

### **Backtest methodology**



According the OW model, ask dynamics should follow the equation:

$$A_t = \overline{p}_t + \frac{s}{2} + x_1 \kappa e^{-\rho t},$$

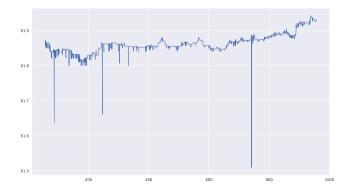
where  $A_t$  — ask price after execution,  $\overline{p}_t+\frac{s}{2}$  defines steady state level (here  $\overline{p}_t$  is a price and s is a spread),  $\kappa$  and  $\rho$  are hyperparameters. Important details:

- According the paper,  $\kappa > 0$ ,  $\rho > 0$ .
- From numerical properties of the function:
  - $A_t$  can be 1-2 more then  $V_t$  not 100, so  $|\kappa| << 1$ .
  - $\rho$  should not be too big (about 10000, for example), because in this case, resilency should be so huge, so all execution strategies are useless: you can just sell as many stocks as you want.

#### **Problems**



- In all the tests ho > 1000 and  $\kappa < 0$ , so we get useless parameters.
- One can say that problem can be fixed by considering *t* in ms instead of seconds, but it had not work.
- I don't emperically observe such dynamics:



### Another approach to fit the parametrs.



According the OW model, ask dynamics should follow the equation:

$$A_t = \overline{p}_t + \frac{s}{2} + x_1 \kappa e^{-\rho t},$$

so lets try to use OLS to fit the parameters according the ask dynamics. As a steady state level we will consider ask before the execution, so we get:

$$AskAfter(k) = AskBefore(k) + Volume(k)\kappa e^{-\rho Time(k)}.$$

