JAVASCRIPT ASSIGNMENT – 3

1.) Write a function that prints the multiplication table for a given number up to 10.

2.) Write a function to reverse an array without using the built-in reverse method.

```
// 2.) Write a function to reverse an array without using the built-in reverse method.

function revArr(arr){

let newArr = [];

for(let i=arr.length-1; i>=0; i--){

newArr.push(arr[i]);

}

console.log(newArr);

let arr = [1,2,3,4,5];

revArr(arr);

PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL PORTS DEBUG CONSOLE

PS D:\AchieversIT-JFS\AIT_B_UIR_10-7-2024\Assignments\9-9-24\JS> node .\script.js

[5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
```

3.) Write a function that prints all prime numbers up to a given number N.

```
function prime(num){
           let prime = [];
           if(num == 0 || num == 1) {
               console.log(null);
               return;
           for(let i=2; i<=num; i++){</pre>
               let flag = true;
               for( let j=2; j < +(i/2) + 1; j++){
                    if(i\%j == 0){
                        flag = false;
                        break;
               if(flag) prime.push(i);
           console.log(prime);
46
      prime(99);
PROBLEMS
                                       DEBUG CONSOLE
          OUTPUT
                    TERMINAL
                               PORTS
PS D:\AchieversIT-JFS\AIT B UIR 10-7-2024\Assignments\9-9-24\JS> <mark>node .</mark>\script.js
  2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19,
 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53,
 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89,
```

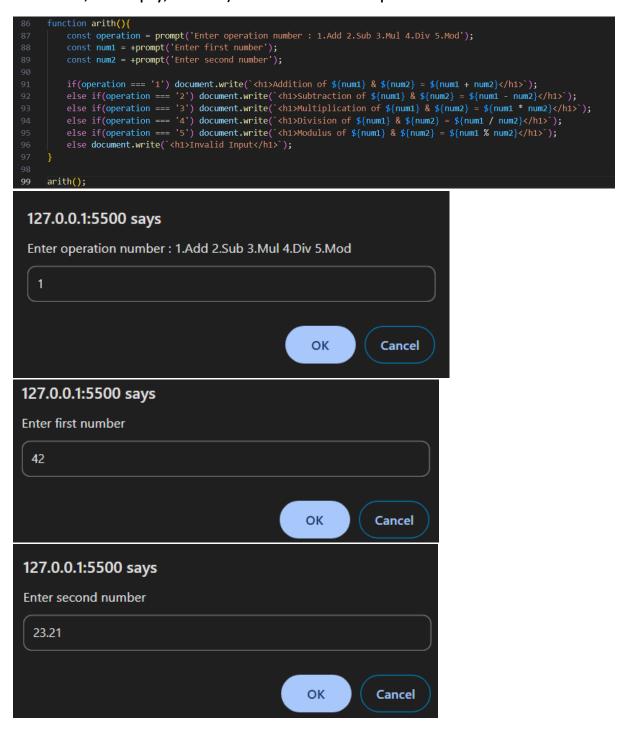
4.) Write a function to calculate the factorial of a given number using a loop.

```
function factorial(num){
          let itr = num;
          while(itr>1){
              itr--;
              num *= itr;
          return num;
      console.log(factorial(6));
      console.log(factorial(10));
62
PROBLEMS
          OUTPUT
                             PORTS
                                     DEBUG CONSOLE
                   TERMINAL
PS D:\AchieversIT-JFS\AIT_B_UIR_10-7-2024\Assignments\9-9-24\JS> node .\script.js
3628800
```

5.) Write a function that prints numbers from 1 to 100. For multiples of 3, print "Fizz", for multiples of 5 print "Buzz", and for multiples of both 3 and 5, print "FizzBuzz".

```
// 5.) Write a function that prints numbers from 1 to 100. For multiples of 3, print "Fizz",
       function print(){
           let arr = [];
69
           for(let i=1; i<=100; i++){
                if(i%3==0 && i%5==0) arr.push('FizzBuzz');
                else if(i%3 == 0) arr.push('Fizz');
                else if(i%5 == 0) arr.push('Buzz');
                else arr.push(i);
           console.log(arr);
      print();
                     TERMINAL
PS D:\AchieversIT-JFS\AIT_B_UIR_10-7-2024\Assignments\9-9-24\JS> node .\script.js
                                         'Buzz', 'Fizz',
11, 'Fizz',
                                'Buzz', 11,
                   'FizzBuzz', 16,
          14,
          'Buzz', 'Fizz',
26, 'Fizz',
 19,
                                22,
                                28,
                                         29,
          26,
                                         'Buzz', 'Fizz',
41, 'Fizz',
                                34,
  31,
  37,
          44,
                                         47,
  49,
                                58,
          56,
  61,
                                64,
          68,
          74,
                                         77,
          'Buzz', 'Fizz',
86, 'Fizz',
92, 'Fizz',
                                82,
                                         83,
                                88,
                                        89,
                                                 'FizzBuzz',
  91,
                                94,
          98,
  97,
```

6.) Write a function that performs basic arithmetic operations (add, subtract, multiply, divide) based on user input.



Addition of 42 & 23.21 = 65.21000000000001

7.) Write a function to count the number of vowels in a given string

```
function countVowels(str){
          str = str.toLowerCase();
          let vowels = ['a', 'e', 'i', 'o', 'u'];
          let count = 0;
          for(let i=0 ; i<str.length; i++){</pre>
               for (vowel of vowels){
                   if(vowel === str[i]) count+=1;
          console.log('Number of vowels = ',count);
      countVowels('Welcome to Javascript');
PROBLEMS
          OUTPUT
                   TERMINAL
                             PORTS
                                     DEBUG CONSOLE
PS D:\AchieversIT-JFS\AIT B UIR 10-7-2024\Assignments\9-9-24\JS> node .\script.js
Number of vowels = 7
```

8.) Write a function to split an array into chunks of a specified size.

```
function splitArr(arr, size){
          let splitArr = [];
          for(let i=0; i<arr.length; i+=size){</pre>
               splitArr.push(arr.slice(i,i+size))
126
          console.log(splitArr);
      let arr = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0];
      let size = 2;
      splitArr(arr, size);
      size = 3;
      splitArr(arr, size);
PROBLEMS
          OUTPUT
                   TERMINAL
                             PORTS
                                    DEBUG CONSOLE
PS D:\AchieversIT-JFS\AIT B UIR 10-7-2024\Assignments\9-9-24\JS> node .\script.js
[[1, 2], [3, 4], [5, 6], [7, 8], [9, 0]]
   1, 2, 3 ], [ 4, 5, 6 ], [ 7, 8, 9 ], [ 0 ]
```

9.) Write a function to check if two strings are anagrams of each other.

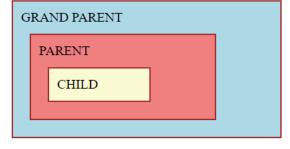
```
function anagram(str1, str2){
          if(str1.length != str2.length) return;
          let str1Arr = str1.split('').sort();
          let str2Arr = str2.split('').sort();
           for(let i=0; i<str1Arr.length; i++){</pre>
               if(str1Arr[i] != str2Arr[i]) {
                   console.log('Not Anagram');
                   return;
          console.log('Strings are anagrams');
154
      anagram('heart', 'earth');
      anagram('python', 'typhon');
      anagram('phone', 'hones');
PROBLEMS
          OUTPUT
                   TERMINAL
                             PORTS
                                     DEBUG CONSOLE
PS D:\AchieversIT-JFS\AIT B UIR 10-7-2024\Assignments\9-9-24\JS> node .\script.js
Strings are anagrams
Strings are anagrams
Not Anagram
```

10.) Write a function to find the longest word in a given sentence.

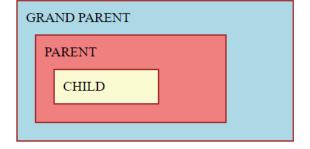
11.) Difference between Event bubbling and Event capturing? Write an example.

```
<style>
                                                          <div id="gp">
   div{
      width: 300px;
                                                               GRAND PARENT
      border: 2px solid ■brown;
                                                               <div id="p">
       padding: 10px;
       margin: 10px;
                                                                    PARENT
      background-color: ■lightblue;
                                                                    <div id="c">
   div div{
      width: 200px;
                                                                         CHILD
       background-color: ■lightcoral;
                                                                    </div>
   div div div{
                                                               </div>
      width: 100px;
                                                          </div>
      background-color: ☐ lightgoldenrodyellow;
                                               35
```

```
const gp = document.getElementById('gp');
      const p = document.getElementById('p');
      const c = document.getElementById('c');
      const para = document.getElementsByTagName('p')[0];
      let arr = [];
      gp.addEventListener('click', (e) => {
188
          arr.push('GP was clicked');
          para.innerHTML = arr.toString();
      },true);
      p.addEventListener('click', (e) => {
          arr.push('P was clicked');
          para.innerHTML = arr.toString();
      },true);
      c.addEventListener('click', (e) => {
          arr.push('C was clicked');
          para.innerHTML = arr.toString();
      },true);
```



GP was clicked,P was clicked,C was clicked



C was clicked.P was clicked.GP was clicked

Capturing

Bubbling

12.) How do you create and remove an element in dom?

```
// create element using DOM method - createElement();
// remove element using DOM method - remove(); or removeChild()

const div = document.createElement('div');//creates a div element
const body = document.getElementsByTagName('body')[0];

div.innerHTML = `<h1>Hello</h1>`; // set the content of div
body.appendChild(div); // append the created element to body

// body.removeChild(div); // removes the div element
div.remove(); // removes the div element
```

Hello

13.) Create a button that counts the number of times it has been clicked. Display the counter in a element.

```
const button = document.createElement('button');
button.innerHTML = 'Click Me';

const body = document.getElementsByTagName('body')[0];

body.appendChild(button);

const span = document.createElement('span');

body.appendChild(span);

let count = 0;

button.addEventListener('click', () => {

count++;

span.innerHTML = `Times Clicked = ${count}`;

})
```

Click Me Times Clicked = 15

14.) Detect and display the key that the user presses on the keyboard.

```
window.addEventListener('keydown', (e) => {
           console.log(`key pressed = ${e.key}`);
241
 key pressed = a
                                                    script.js:241
 key pressed = Shift
                                                    script.js:241
 key pressed = A
                                                    script.js:241
 key pressed = Shift
                                                    script.js:241
 key pressed = !
                                                    script.js:241
 key pressed = Control
                                                    script.js:241
 key pressed = Alt
                                                    script.js:241
 key pressed = ArrowRight
                                                    script.js:241
 key pressed = Tab
                                                    script.js:241
 key pressed = 2
                                                    script.js:241
```

15.) Track and display the mouse's current X and Y coordinates as the user moves the mouse over a <div>.

```
const div = document.createElement('div');
      div.style.width = '500px';
      div.style.height = '300px';
      div.style.border = '4px solid red';
      const body = document.getElementsByTagName('body')[0];
      body.appendChild(div);
      div.addEventListener('mousemove', (e) => {
257
           console.log(e.x, e.y);
      })
                                                 script.js:257
 11 15
                                                 script.js:257
 11 14
                                                 script.js:257
 11 13
                                                 script.js:257
 11 12
                                                 script.js:257
 11 11
                                                 script.js:257
 10 11
                                                 script.js:257
                                                 script.js:257
 8 10
                                                 script.js:257
 8 9
                                                 script.js:257
```

16.) Change the background color of a <div> when it's double-clicked.

```
const div = document.createElement('div');
div.style.width = '500px';
div.style.height = '300px';
div.style.border = '4px solid red';
const body = document.getElementsByTagName('body')[0];
body.appendChild(div);

div.addEventListener('dblclick', (e) => {
    let rx = Math.floor(Math.random() * 255);
    let ry = Math.floor(Math.random() * 255);
    let rz = Math.floor(Math.random() * 255);
    div.style.background = `rgb(${rx},${ry},${rz})`;
}
```



17.) When the user hovers over a <div>, display some hidden text. Hide the text when the user stops hovering.

```
const div = document.createElement('div');
      div.style.width = '400px';
      div.style.height = '200px';
      div.style.border = '4px solid red';
     div.style.padding = '15px';
      const body = document.getElementsByTagName('body')[0];
      body.appendChild(div);
      const p = document.createElement('p');
      p.innerHTML = 'This text is displayed only on hovering this div.'
      p.style.visibility = 'hidden';
      p.style.fontWeight = '800';
      p.style.fontSize = '24px';
      div.appendChild(p);
      div.addEventListener('mouseover', () => {
          p.style.visibility = 'visible';
      })
      div.addEventListener('mouseout', () => {
          p.style.visibility = 'hidden';
301
```

This text is displayed only on hovering this div.

18.) Create an input field that displays how many characters the user has typed.

19.) When the user clicks on a <div>, change the text inside it.

This text will change on clicking this div.

The text has been changed after clicking the div.

20.) When the user types in an input field, automatically convert the text to uppercase.

```
const input1 = document.createElement('input');
input1.setAttribute('placeholder', 'Enter anything here');
const body = document.getElementsByTagName('body')[0];
body.appendChild(input1);

input1.addEventListener('keyup', () => {
   input1.value = input1.value.toUpperCase();
}
DVEKSERKV
```

21.) Change an image to another when the user hovers over it and revert to the original image when the user stops hovering.

```
const img = document.createElement('img');
img.style.width = '400px';
img.style.height = '300px';
img.setAttribute('src', 'https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1516147697747-02adcafd3fda?w=500&auto=format&fit=crop&q=60&ixlib=rb-4.0.3&ixid=M3wMfjA3fD8MHxwaG90by1yZwxhdGVkfDN8fHxlbnwwfHx8fHw%3D');
const body = document.getElementsByTagName('body')[0];
body.appendChild(img);

img.addEventListener('mouseenter', () => {
    img.setAttribute('src', 'https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1486425091969-f62210f08a26?w=500&auto=format&fit=crop&q=60&ixlib=rb-4.0.
    3&ixid=M3wxMjA3fD8BMHxwaG90by1yZwxhdGVkfD)8fHxlbnwwfHx8fHw%3D');

img.addEventListener('mouseleave', () => {
    img.setAttribute('src', 'https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1516147697747-02adcafd3fda?w=500&auto=format&fit=crop&q=60&ixlib=rb-4.0.
    3&ixid=M3wxMjA3fD8BMHxwaG90by1yZwxhdGVkfDN8fHxlbnwwfHx8fHw%3D');
}

371 }
```





22.) Change the background color of the page when the user scrolls past a certain point.

```
const body = document.getElementsByTagName('body')[0];
body.style.height = '1000px';

window.addEventListener('scroll', (e) => {
    if(window.scrollY > 50){
        body.style.background = 'indigo';

    }

if(window.scrollY > 100){
        body.style.background = 'blue';

    }

if(window.scrollY > 150){
        body.style.background = 'green';

    }

if(window.scrollY > 200){
        body.style.background = 'yellow';

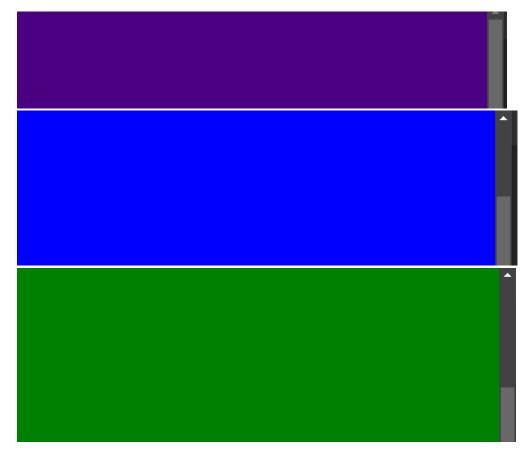
    }

if(window.scrollY > 250){
        body.style.background = 'orange';

    }

if(window.scrollY > 250){
        body.style.background = 'orange';

}
```



23.) Create a button that, when the button is clicked, Add a new list item to an unordered list.

```
const body = document.getElementsByTagName('body')[0];
const button = document.createElement('button');
body.appendChild(button);
const ul = document.createElement('ul');
body.appendChild(ul);
button.innerHTML = 'Click to Add to List';

button.onclick = function(){

const li = document.createElement('li');
 li.innerHTML = 'new item';

ul.appendChild(li);
}
```

Click to Add to List

- new item
- · new item
- · new item
- · new item
- · new item
- new item
- · new item
- · new item

24.) Once the user clicks a button, disable it and display a message that the button has been clicked.

```
const body = document.getElementsByTagName('body')[0];
const button = document.createElement('button');
button.innerHTML = 'Click Me Once';
body.appendChild(button);
const p = document.createElement('p');
body.appendChild(p);

button.onclick = () => {
    // button.setAttribute('disabled', 'true');
    button.disabled = true;
    p.innerHTML = 'This button has been clicked';
}
```

Click Me Once

Click Me Once

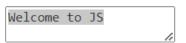
This button has been clicked

25.) Write a program that detects when the user copies text from a <textArea> and displays a message.

```
const body = document.getElementsByTagName('body')[0];
const textArea = document.createElement('textarea');
body.appendChild(textArea);
const p = document.createElement('p');
body.appendChild(p);
textArea.innerHTML = 'Welcome to JS';

textArea.addEventListener('copy', (e) => {
    p.innerHTML = 'text is copied from the textArea';
}
```

Welcome to JS



text is copied from the textArea