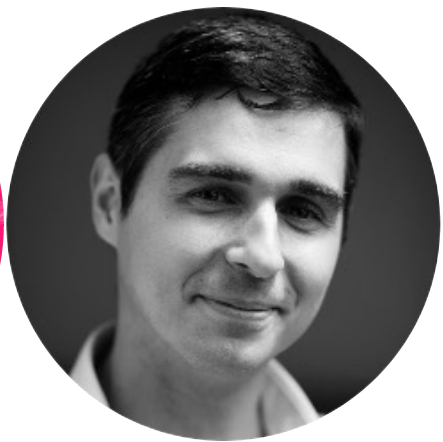


Creating Better Tests



Andrejs Doronins

Software Developer in Test



✓ Write
✓ Maintain

Costs

Value

Benefits

✓ Catch regression bugs



Reduce costs
Recognize and fix anti-patterns

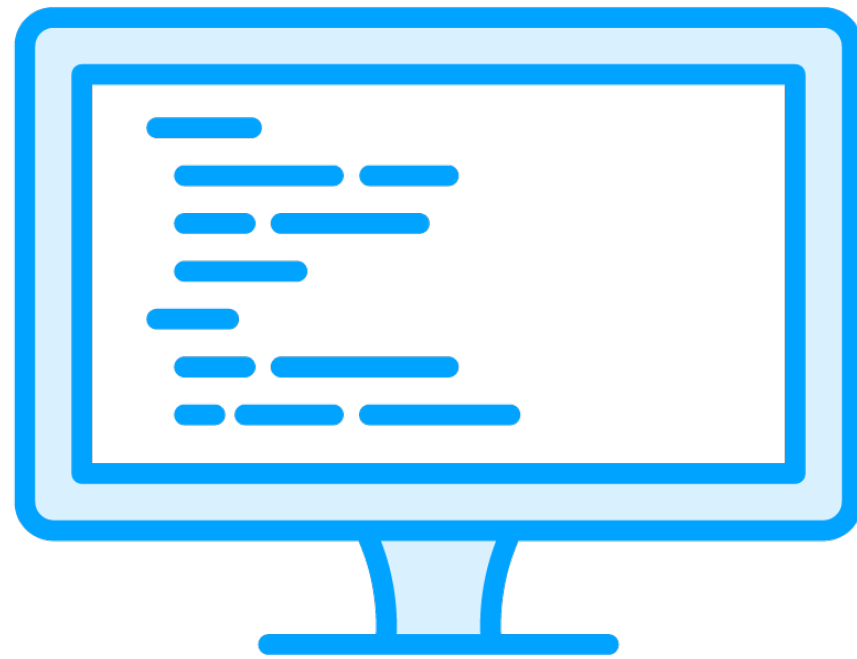


Costs

Benefits



Antipatterns



Most common ones

Applicable to many test types



Overview



Single test:

- Naming
- Small and focused
- DAMP principle

Multiple tests:

- Independence

Test class structure and organization



**How hard can it be to give a
test a good name?**



You'd be surprised...



@Test

searchFails(x);

searchFailsInvalidInput(x);

searchRejectsInvalidInput(x);

Fails? Why?



Coneys intent, mirrors requirements



Poor Name Test



Needs (much) more time to just understand what it is about

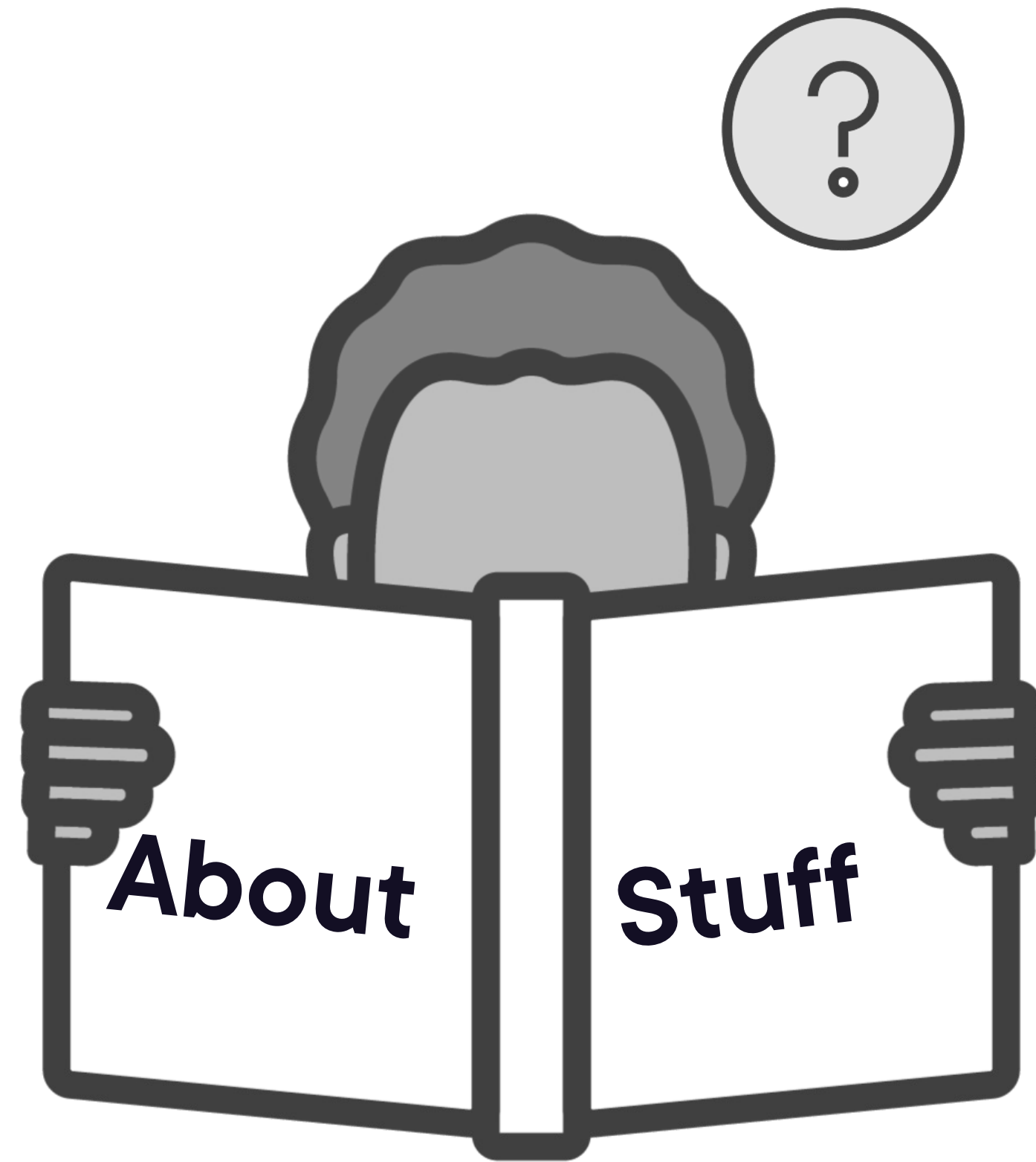
Is the test failing because of a real bug or there is a problem with the test itself?

A clear name gives you a head start



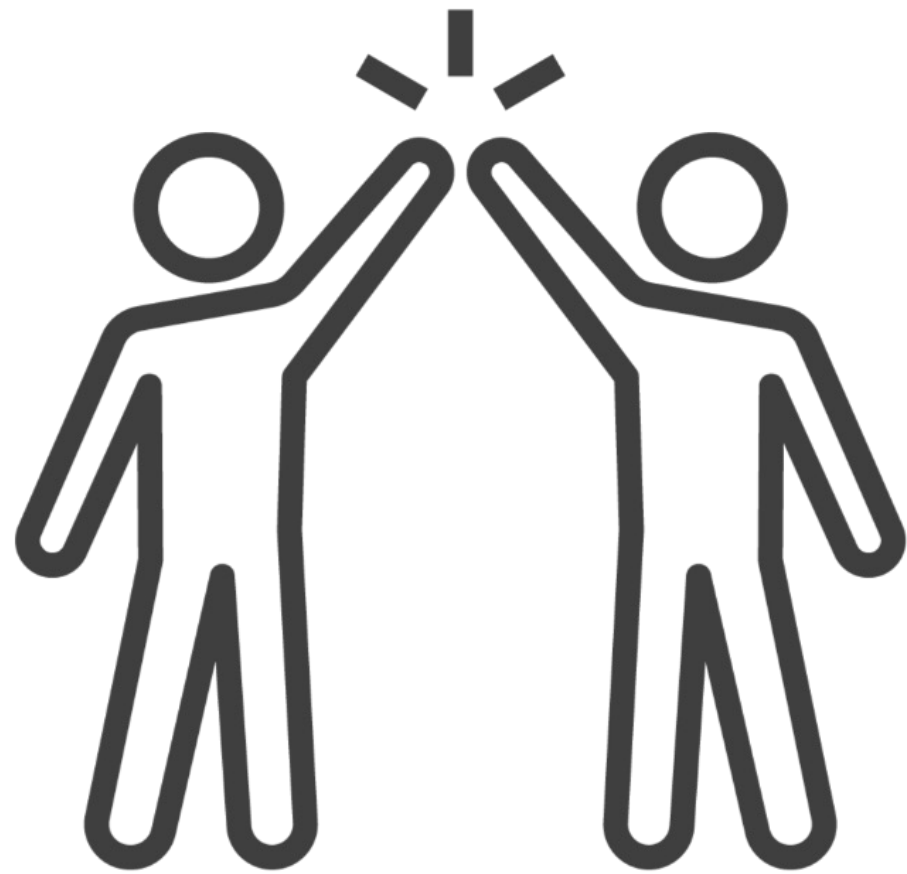
**If it's not clear what the test
is verifying, then its value is
not clear either**





Poor Name Test

Found some!



@Test

Max string length of 20 characters

Search must only accept alphanumeric characters

Reject input that contains not allowed characters and display a message



@Test

searchFails(x);

searchFailsInvalidInput(x);

searchRejectsInvalidInput(x);

searchRejectsInputWithInvalidCharacters(x);



Failure Reasons



We pass in a valid string (verify the test data)

Broken functionality (for a very specific reason)



Now excludes
“max length” criteria

@Test

searchRejectsGivenInputWithInvalidCharacters(x);

...InputWithInvalidCharactersOrLengthTooLong(x); ?

Something's
wrong...



**A test name should ideally
reveal the reason why it
would fail**

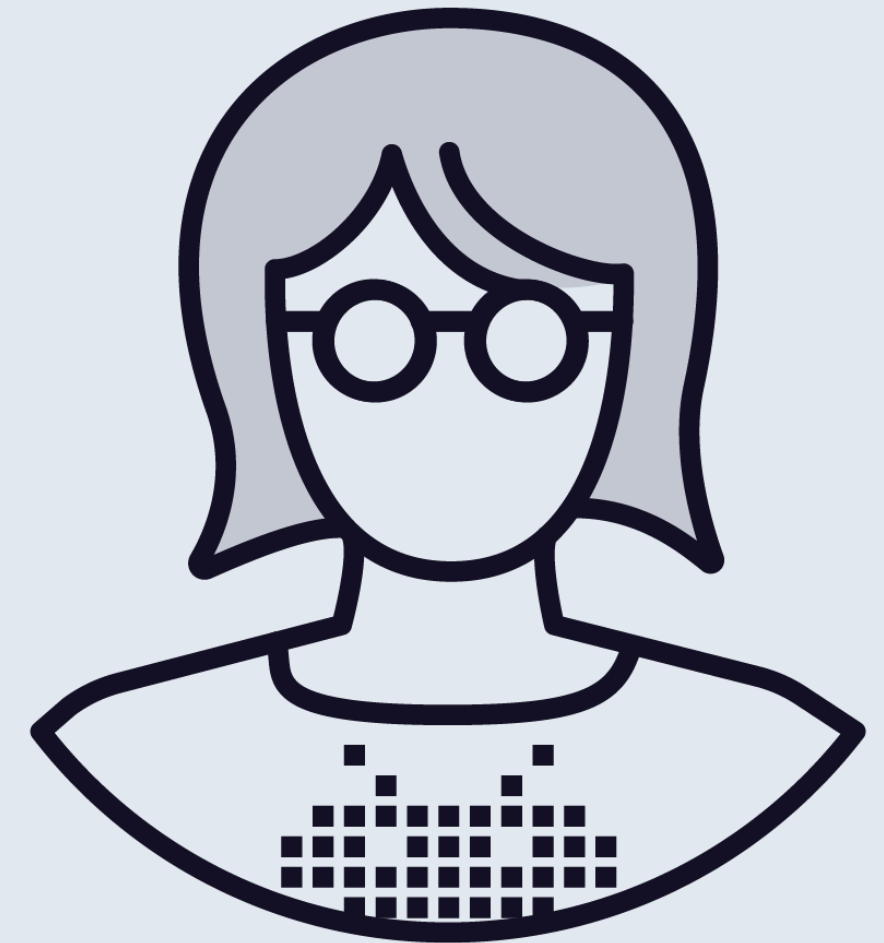


**Does the name tell me the main
reason it would fail?**



Does the name tell me the main reason it would fail?

```
@Test  
void testInvalidInput() {  
  
}
```



Excludes
“max length” criteria

@Test

searchRejectsInputWithInvalidCharacters(x);

...InputWithInvalidCharactersOrLengthTooLong(x); ?

Something's
wrong...



Tests should be small and focused



Clueless Test



What is the point of this test?

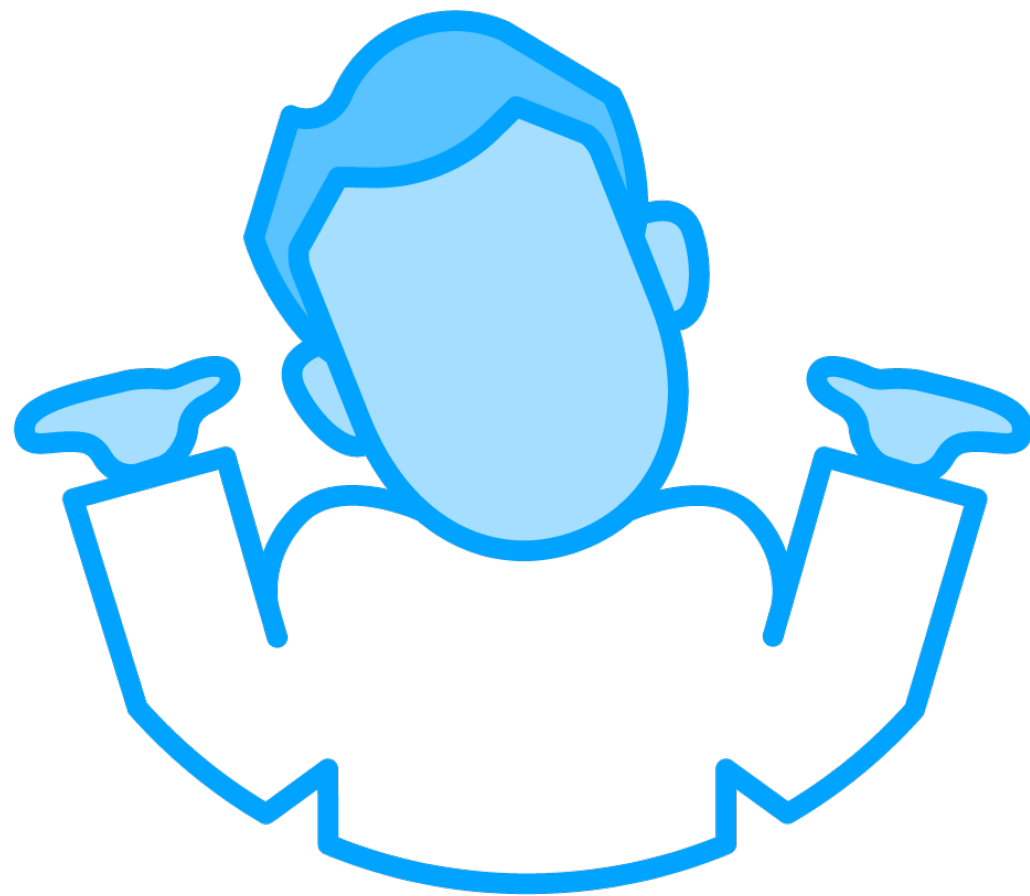
- The answer should be short and simple
- Pattern: If we send input {A}, then the system should do {B}



**This test verifies this... and that...
and also the other thing...**



Clueless Test Downsides

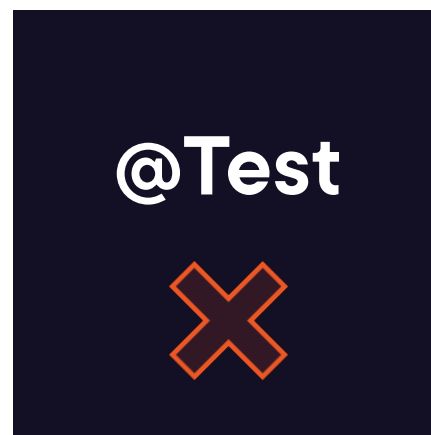
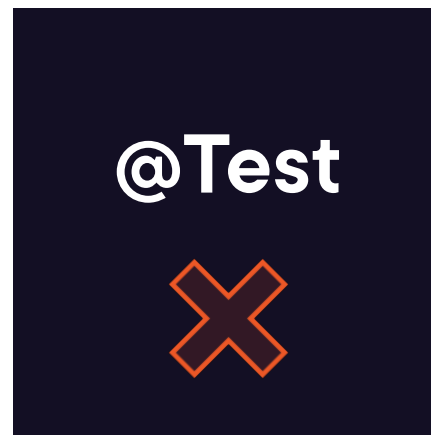


Introduces additional “Points of Failure” (PoF),
i.e. reasons to fail

Tests eventually overlap in verification
responsibility



Less work

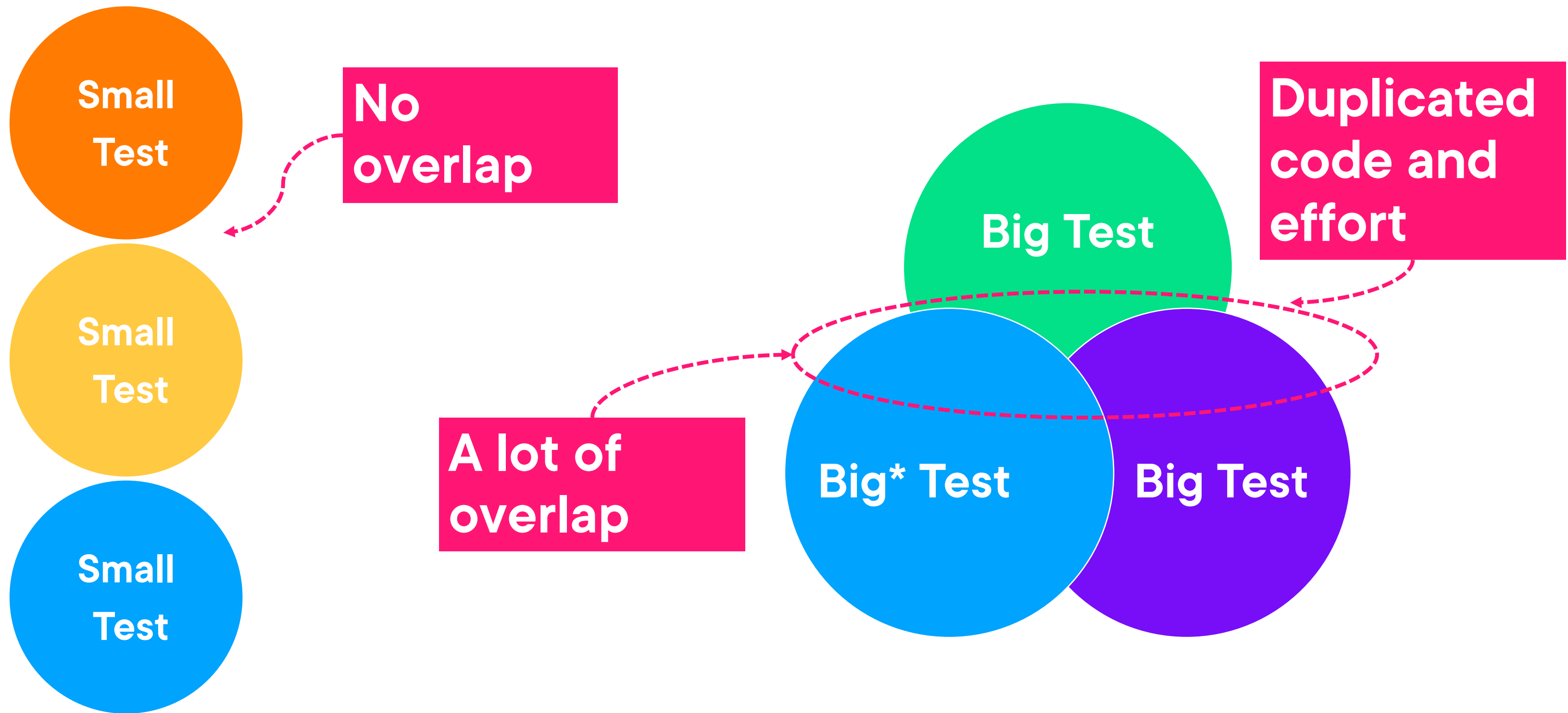


VS.



More work





***Here: a clueless test that verifies multiple things**



@Test

searchRejectsInputWithInvalidCharactersOrLengthTooLong(x);

searchRejectsInputWithInvalidCharacters(x);

~~searchRejectsInputTooLong(x);~~

~~searchRejectsInputTooLongOrTooShort(x);~~

searchRejectsInputOfInvalidLength(x);



DRY
Don't Repeat Yourself

DAMP
Descriptive and
Meaningful Phrases

WET
Write Everything
Twice



Can I glance through this test code and understand what it's trying to achieve?

```
@Test  
void searchRejectsInvalidChars() {  
  
}
```



DAMP Principle Tips



No loops or branching

– Looping? Can you parameterize?

No low-level code

Consider using a Fluent Interface



```
// generate random int in range of 1 to 10
```

```
int randomNum = rand.nextInt((10 - 1) + 1) + min;
```

```
// vs.
```

```
int randomNum2 = getRandomInt(1, 20);
```



Java Streams

```
someList.stream()  
    .filter(...)  
    .map(transform)  
    .sorted()  
    .collect(...);
```



AssertJ

```
assertThat(passengerList)
    .hasSize(50)
    .contains("Smith", "Evans")
    .doesNotContain("Miller");
```



RestAssured

```
RestAssured.get("api/url...")  
    .then()  
    .assertThat()  
        .statusCode(200)  
    .and()  
        .contentType(ContentType.JSON);
```



Custom Fluent Interface

```
search.act()  
    .selectTab(Tab.COURSES)  
    .selectCourse("Java Fundamentals: The Java Language");
```

```
course.verify()  
    .freeTrialIsDisplayed()  
    .coursePreviewIsDisplayed();
```



NullPointerException

```
String s1 = null;  
s1.toUpperCase();
```

Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NullPointerException



NullPointerException

```
String s1 = null;  
s1.toUpperCase();
```

Can we strive for this?



Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NullPointerException: on line 5 in Class X the field didn't initialize properly, you need to go and fix it by changing that other thing over there



Test Methods

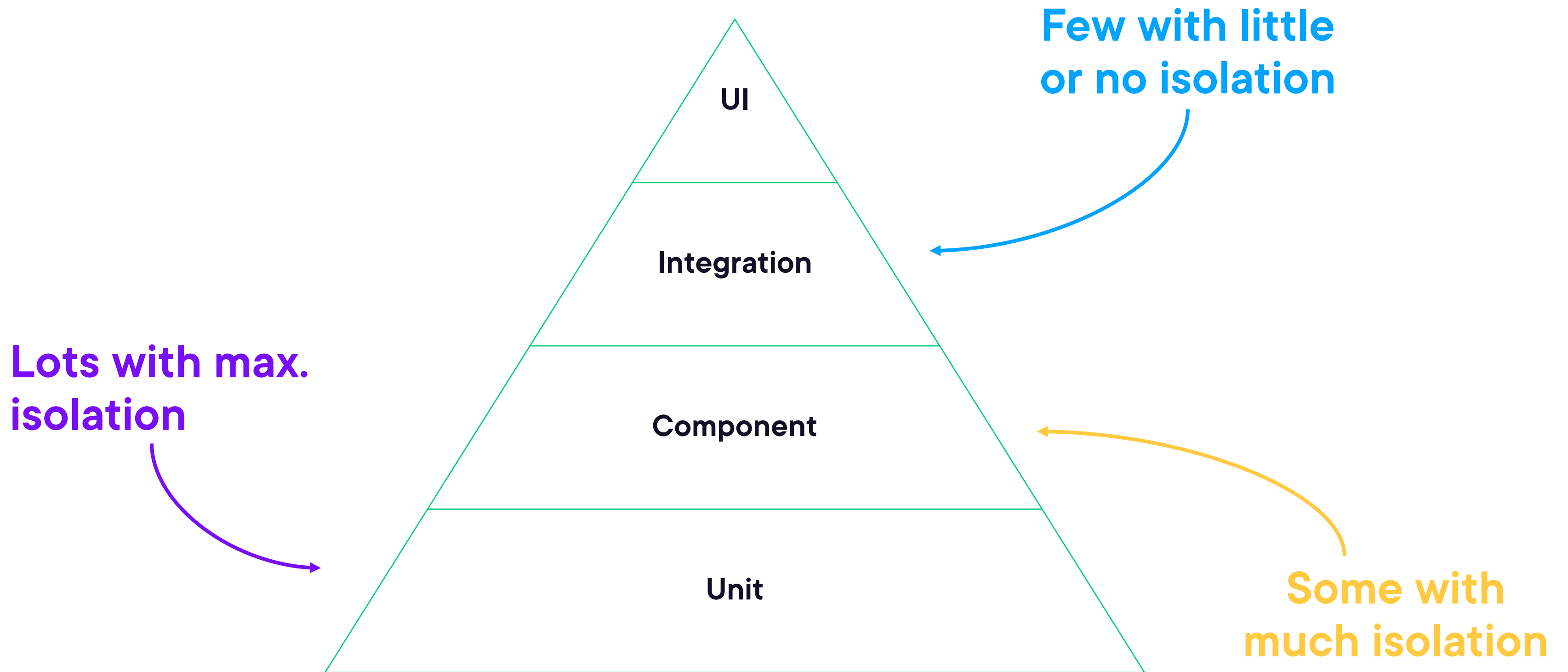
```
assertEquals(expected, actual);
```

```
assertEquals(expected, actual, message);
```



Note to your future self

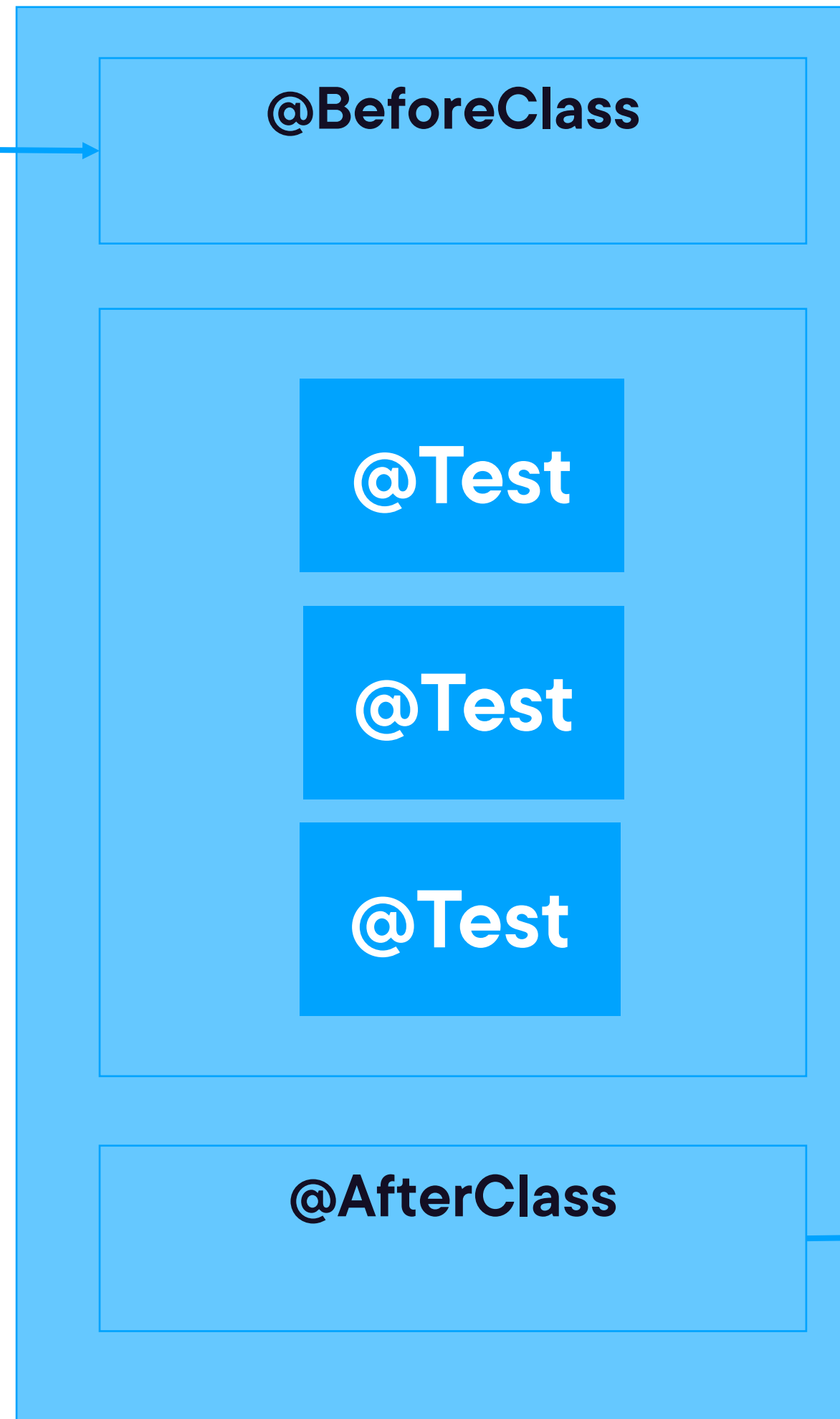




Isolation \neq Independence



Must start with
clean state



@BeforeClass

@Test

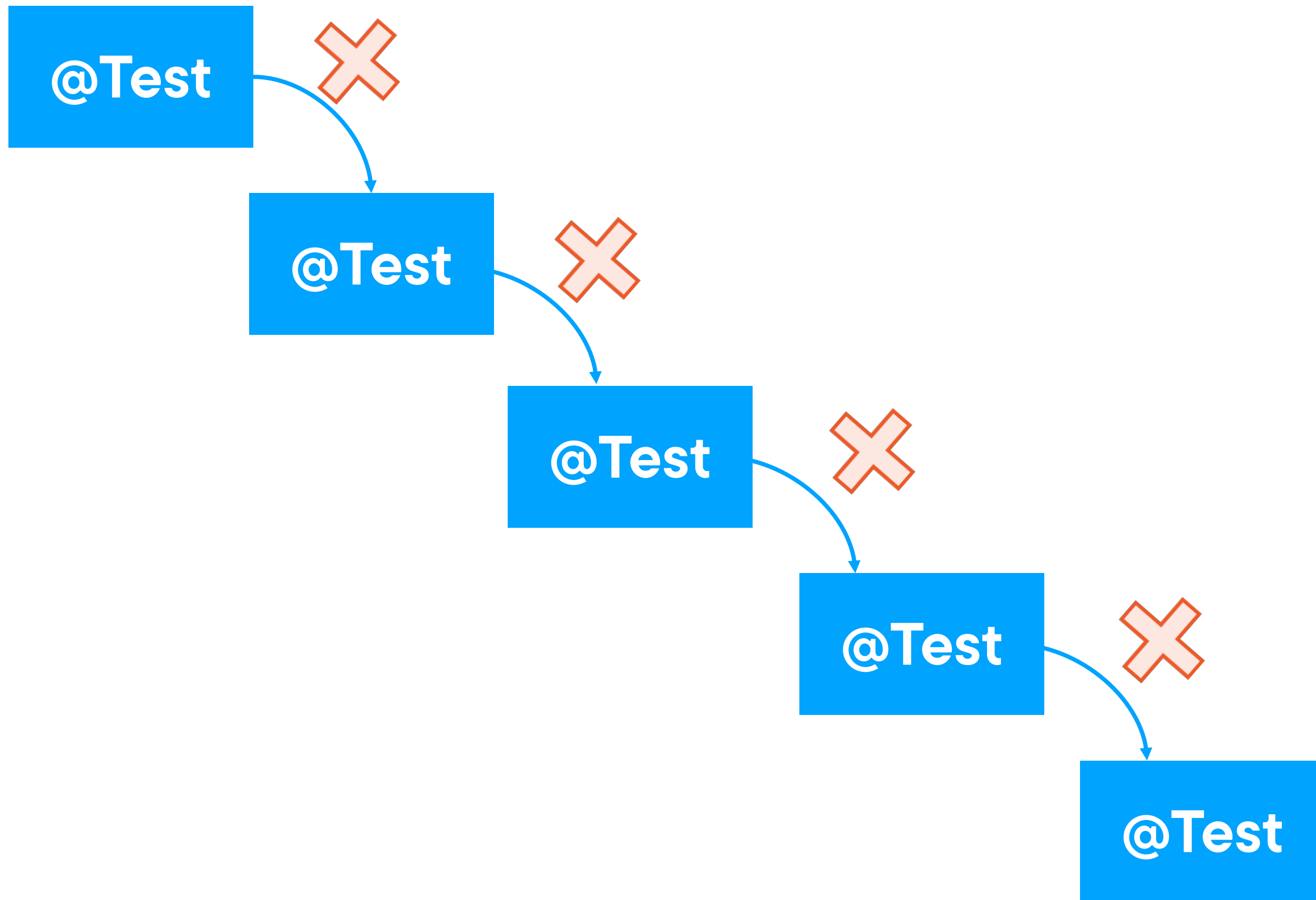
@Test

@Test

@AfterClass

Must finish with
clean state







How can I be sure that I do my clean up right and I don't leave any unwanted artifacts that might interfere with the tests that follow?

You should be able to run your tests any number of times, in any order



Are My Tests Repeatable?

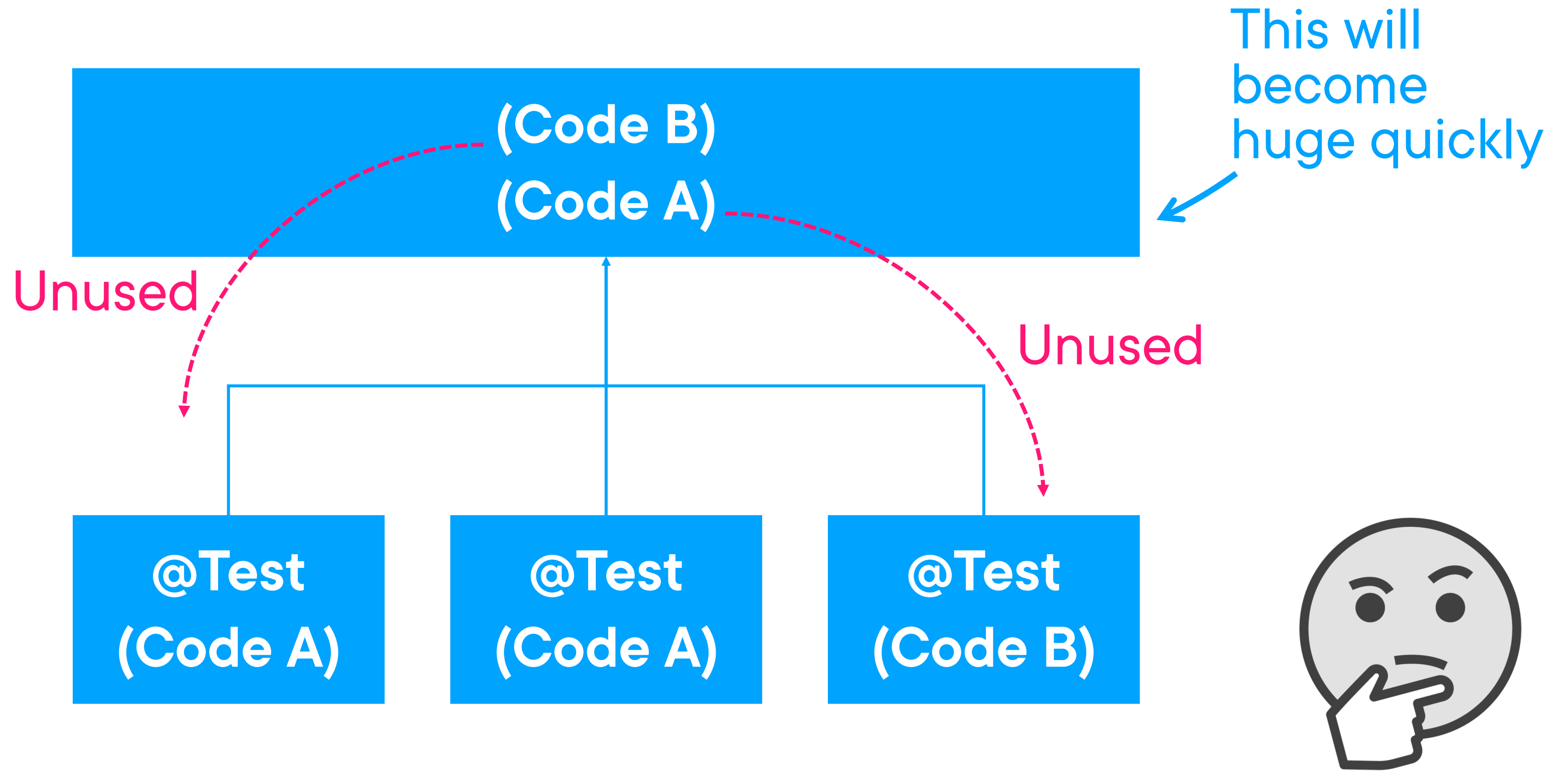


Run a single test multiple times

Run a newly added test together with other tests

– Every time the result should be the same





Poor OOP: making child classes inherit things they don't need

Prefer composition over inheritance



Setup and Cleanup code only

@Test

@Test

@Test

DateTimeUtils

MathUtils

TestDataFactory



Further Study



Fundamentals of Test Automation in Java
– FIRST, BICEP, CORRECT

Java SE 17 Unit Testing with Junit

Writing Highly Maintainable Unit Tests
– (In C#)



Summary



Test Automation anti-patterns

Naming matters

DAMP over DRY

Helpful messages... help!

Tests must be independent

Prefer composition over inheritance

