Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY BE - SEMESTER-1st / 2nd (NEW) EXAMINATION – WINTER 2015

•		Code: 2110005 Date: 02/01/2016	
Tim		Name: Elements of Electrical Engineering 30am to 01:00pm Total Marks: 70	
111561 (1. 2.	Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any four out of remaining Six questions. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
Q.1	(a)	Objective Question – select only one option out of four (MCQ)	MARK
	1.	Which of the following material has nearly zero temperature co-efficient of resistance?	0,
	2.	[a] Carbon [b] copper [c] porcelain [d] manganin The unit of absolute permittivity of a medium is	
	3.	[a] farad/coulomb [b] newton-m [c] farad/m [d] joule/coulomb The unit of resistivity is	
	4.	[a] Ohm/m [b] Ohm-m [c] mho/m [d] mho-m Time constant of an R-C ckt. may be defined as	
	••	[a] time during which capacitor voltage rises to 0.632 of its initial value [b] time during which charging current falls to 0.37 of its initial max. value [c] time during which capacitor voltage falls to 0.632 of its final steady value [d] time during which charging current rises to 0.37 of its initial max. value	
	5.	The unit of reluctance is [a] AT / Wb [b] Wb / AT [c] 1/Henry [d] either [b] or [c]	
	6.	Wh efficiency of lead-acid cell is Ah efficiency. [a] greater than [b] smaller than [c] equal to [d] none of this	
	7.	The value of form factor is [a] 11.1 [b] 1.11 [c] 1.414 [d] 14.14	
	(b)		07
	1.	The value of power factor is zero for [a] purely inductive ckt. [b] purely resistive ckt. [c] purely capacitive ckt. [d] either [a] or [c]	
	2.	For a series resonance condition of AC circuit impedance is [a] minimum [b] maximum [c] zero [d] infinity	
	3.	The filament used in incandescent lamp is made of [a] copper [b] alluminium [c] nichrome [d] tongston	
	4.	The value of crest factor is [a] 11.1 [b] 1.11 [c] 1.414 [d] 14.14	
	5.	For a parallel resonance condition of a AC circuit current is [a] minimum [b] maximum [c] zero [d] infinity	
	6.	For unity power factor load of 3-phase ckt.,if we measure the power by 2-wattmeter method then readings of wattmeters are [a] one wattmeter shows zero reading [b] equal & +ve sign	
	7.	[c] equal & opposite sign The power factor of R-C series Ac ckt. is [a] unity [b] lagging [c] leading [d] both shows zero reading [d] zero	

Q.2	(a) (b) (c)	State and explain ohm's law & its limitations. Define & explain temperature co-efficient of resistance. Derive the equations to translate a passive electric circuits from delta network to star network configuration with diagram.	03 04 07
Q.3	(a) (b)	Find out the equation for energy stored in capacitor. Analyze the series and parallel connection of capacitor.	03 04
	(c)	State and explain faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction. Prove the equations of self and mutual inductances for different methods.	07
Q.4	(a) (b)	State the points of differences in magnetic and electric circuits. Analyze magnetic and electric circuits by similarities.	03 04
	(c)	Analyze the phenomena of R-L-C series AC circuit with the help of equations & graph.	07
Q.5	(a)	Define the following for AC circuits: [1] Form factor [2] Amplitude factor [3] Power factor	03
	(b)	An inductive circuit draws 10 A & 1 KW from 200 V,50 Hz ac supply. Find [1] Z & X _L [2] power factor [3] apparent power [4] reactive power	04
	(c)	Prove the condition of resonance for R-L-C parallel AC circuit. Also analyze the phenomena with the help of graph.	07
Q.6	(a)	Explain in brief the following for 3-phase AC circuit: [1] Line voltage [2] Phase voltage [3] Phase sequence	03
	(b)	For a balanced delta connected load supplied at 3-phase, 240 V ac supply, the two wattmeter readings are: (3210) & (-1710) W. Find out total power factor & current.	04
	(c)		07
Q.7	(a)	Explain in brief the following. [1] A-h & W-h capacity of a battery [2] ELCB [3] Illumination	03
	(b)	Discuss the Lead acid battery with charging & discharging equations	04
	(c)	What is Grounding & earthing? Analyze concept of protection with a device-MCB used at our residence.	07
