(a)
$$g(y) = \frac{(\alpha+1)(\alpha+\beta+1)}{\beta} x^{\alpha}(1-x^{\beta})$$

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$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{g(x)}{g(x)}\right) = \frac{(\alpha+1)(\alpha+\beta+1)}{\beta} \left[x^{\alpha}(-\beta x^{\beta-1}) + (1-x^{\beta})\alpha x^{\alpha}\right]$$

$$= \frac{(\alpha+1)(\alpha+\beta+1)}{\beta} \left[-\beta x^{\alpha+\beta-1}(\alpha+\beta) + \alpha x^{\alpha-1} - \alpha x^{\alpha+\beta-1}\right]$$

$$= \frac{(\alpha+1)(\alpha+\beta+1)}{\beta} \left[-x^{\alpha+\beta-1}(\alpha+\beta) + \alpha x^{\alpha-1}\right] = 0$$
Solve for x , plug it back into $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ to obtain c .

Now, generate two grandom numbers - RIRR2 NU ESTO.

Set Y=R1. If $R_2 \subseteq \frac{f(x)}{c g(y)}$, then set X=Y are ones sample. Else, generate another set of grandom humber Since the question only when for an algorithm, I did not fully solve for c in terms of & Expected number of triale to get on acceptance So, the number of trials (expected) to get 1000 samples is (b) x=3, B=1,

$$\frac{(\alpha + 1)(\alpha + \beta + 1)}{\beta} \left[-x^{\alpha + \beta - 1}(\alpha + \beta) + \alpha x^{\alpha - 1} \right] = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 \times 5 \left[-x^{3}(4) + 3x^{2} \right] = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 20 \left(3x^{2} - 4x^{3} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^{2} \left(3 - 4x \right) = 0$$

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$$\Rightarrow x^{2} \left$$

$$= 0.6667$$

$$= (x^{2}) = \int_{0.647619}^{0.647619} 20 x^{5} (1-x) dx = 0.47619$$

$$V(x) = E(x^{2}) - (E(x))^{2}$$

$$= 0.47619 - 0.44448$$

$$= 0.0317$$

The simulated mean and variance are close to this value at 0.6703 and 0.0304 respectively.

The simulated and theoretical standard deviations are 0.17629 and 0.17804 respectively.