$$\begin{cases}
F(x) = e^{-4x} + 3xe^{-2x^{2}} \\
F(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = \int_{0}^{x} e^{-4x} + 3xe^{-2x^{2}} dx
\end{cases}$$

$$= -\frac{3}{4} e^{2x^{2}} - \frac{e^{4x}}{4} + 1$$

$$F(x) = R \Rightarrow g(x_{n}) = F(x_{n}) - R \quad dg'(x_{n}) = f(x_{n})$$

$$X_{n+1} = X_{n} - \frac{g(x_{n})}{g'(x_{n})}$$

$$= X_{n} - \frac{(F(x) - R)}{(F(x) - R)}$$

$$= X_{n} - \frac{(-\frac{3}{4}e^{-2x_{n}^{2}} - e^{-4x_{n}^{2}} + 1) - R}{e^{-4x_{n}^{2}} + 3x_{n}e^{-2x_{n}^{2}}}$$

$$E(X) = \int_{0}^{\infty} x \cdot f(x) \cdot dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} (e^{-4x} + 3xe^{-2x^{2}}) \cdot x \cdot dx$$

$$= 0.532493$$

$$E(X^{2}) = \int_{0}^{\infty} x^{2} \cdot f(x) \cdot dx$$

$$V(x) = E(x^{2}) - (E(x))^{2}$$

$$= 0.40625 - (0.532493)^{2}$$

$$= 0.40625 - 0.28355$$

$$= 0.40625 - 0.28355$$

The resulte obtained here closely matches with the simulation results.

I got to know that we may have to use the acceptance - rejection technique and trujng that as well in the last minute.

$$f(1) = e^{-4x} + 3xe^{-2x^2}$$

$$g(x) = 1$$

$$\int \left\{ \left(x \right)^{-1} \right\} = -4e^{-4x} + 3\left(x(-4x)e^{-2x^2} + e^{-2x^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \right) = -4e^{-4x} + 3\left(-4x^{2}e^{-2x} + e^{-i2x} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 0.082 / 0.395$$

$$\int (0.395) = 0.0015/39$$

$$\int (0.082) = -0.0015/39$$

$$C = \int (0.315) = 0.0015/39$$