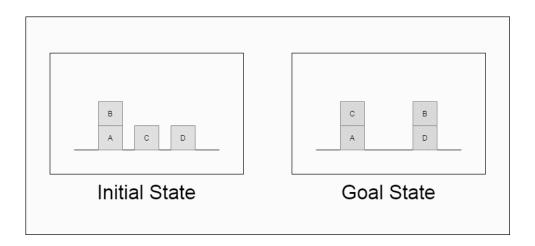
TY CSE AY-2022-23 Sem-I

Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning Lab

Assignment No 4

Due date- 25/09/2022

- Consider the Blocks World Problem given below. Using Goal Stack Planning
 - a. Elaborate the operations required to achieve goal state.
 - b. Implement the problem using python to achieve goal.



a.

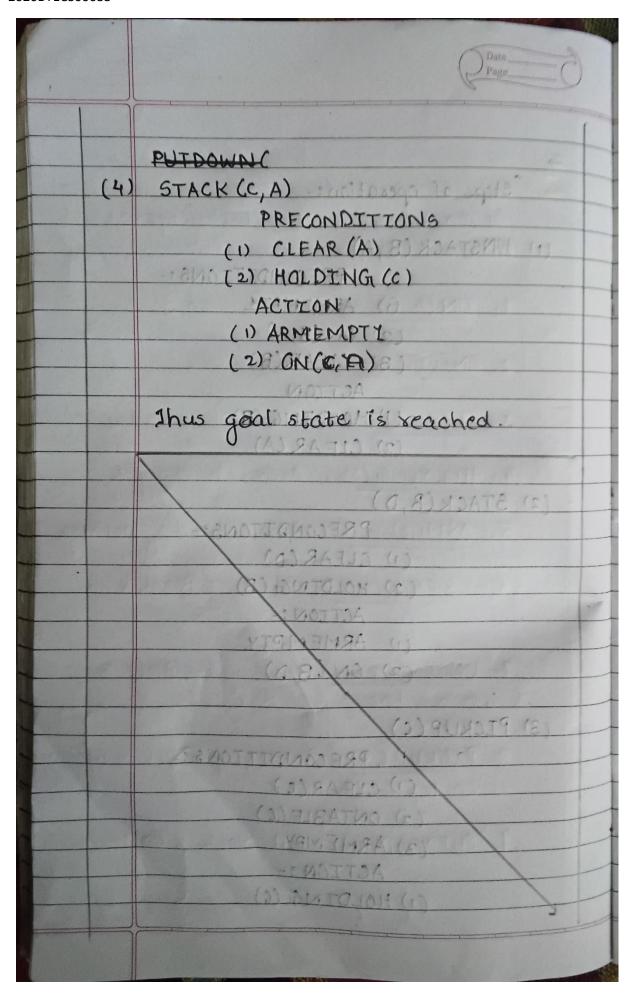
We work backwards from the goal, looking for an operator which has one or more of the goal literals as one of its effects and then trying to satisfy the preconditions of the operator. - The preconditions of the operator become subgoals that must be satisfied. We keep doing this until we reach the initial state. Goal stack planning uses a stack to hold goals and actions to satisfy the goals, and a knowledge base to hold the current state, action schemas and domain axioms - Goal stack is like a node in a search tree; if there is a choice of action, we create branches

Goal stack planning pseudocode:

Push the original goal on the stack. Repeat until the stack is empty: - If stack top is a compound goal, push its unsatisfied subgoals on the stack. - If stack top is a single unsatisfied goal, replace it by an action that makes it satisfied and push the action's precondition on the stack. - If stack top is an action, pop it from the stack, execute it and change the knowledge base by the action's effects. - If stack top is a satisfied goal, pop it from the stack.

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7	ar the dood becareing from celtin
	Given below are the list of operations
100	that we can perform on a block:
The second secon	19xq to milly sit to the stage son
	1. ON (A, B): Block A is on B.
2	THE STATE OF SOME STATE OF STA
17.20	2. ONTABLE (A): A is on table
001	aperation i.e. to stock Block x on
13 6	3. CLEAR (A): Nothing is kept on top of A.
10009	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
X	4. HOLDING (A): Asmis holding A.
6 0	5. ARMEMPTY : Arm is holding nothing
	6: STACK (X, Y): Stacking Block X on Block Y:
lobs Hims	and blunds post honorag
	7. UNSTACK (X, I): Picking up Block X which is the top of Block Y.
	8. PICKUP(X): Picking up Block X which is on top of the table.
	9. PUTDOWN (X): Put Block X on the table

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7	MAMAGTUS
	Steps of operation: (A) SYSATE (4)
	6 EMOTTTONOSTR9
(1)	UNSTACK (B, A) PARIS
	PRECONDITIONS:-
	(1) ARMEMPTY
	(2) ON (8,A)
	(3) CLEAR(B)
	ACTION
	(1) HOLDING(8)
	(2) CLEAR (A)
	A SHOLDER GALLERY AND A SHORT
(2)	STACK(B,D)
199	PRECONDITIONS:-
	(1) CLEAR (D)
	(2) HOLDING (B)
	ACTION:-
	(1) ARMEMPTY
	(2) ON (B, D).
12)	PICKUP(C)
(3)	PRECONDITIONS:-
	() CLEAR(C)
	(2) ONTABLE (C)
(ASS) (1985)	(3) ARMEMPY
	ACTION:-
	(1) HOLDINGICG)
	(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



b.

```
#Base Classes
#PREDICATE - ON, ONTABLE, CLEAR, HOLDING, ARMEMPTY
class PREDICATE:
 def __str__(self):
 def __repr__(self):
  def __eq__(self, other) :
  def __hash__(self):
  def get_action(self, world_state):
#OPERATIONS - Stack, Unstack, Pickup, Putdown
class Operation:
 def __str__(self):
  def __repr__(self):
  def __eq__(self, other) :
  def precondition(self):
 def delete(self):
  def add(self):
class ON(PREDICATE):
 def __init__(self, X, Y):
   self.X = X
   self.Y = Y
  def str (self):
   return "ON({X},{Y})".format(X=self.X,Y=self.Y)
  def __repr__(self):
   return self.__str__()
 def __eq__(self, other) :
   return self.__dict__ == other.__dict__ and self.__class__ ==
other.__class__
```

```
def __hash__(self):
      return hash(str(self))
 def get_action(self, world_state):
   return StackOp(self.X,self.Y)
class ONTABLE(PREDICATE):
 def __init__(self, X):
   self.X = X
 def str (self):
   return "ONTABLE({X})".format(X=self.X)
 def __repr__(self):
   return self.__str__()
 def __eq__(self, other) :
   return self.__dict__ == other.__dict__ and self.__class__ ==
other.__class__
 def __hash__(self):
      return hash(str(self))
 def get action(self, world state):
   return PutdownOp(self.X)
class CLEAR(PREDICATE):
 def __init__(self, X):
   self.X = X
 def __str__(self):
   return "CLEAR({X})".format(X=self.X)
    self.X = X
  def __repr__(self):
   return self.__str__()
 def __eq__(self, other) :
   return self.__dict__ == other.__dict__ and self.__class__ ==
other.__class__
 def __hash__(self):
   return hash(str(self))
 def get_action(self, world_state):
   for predicate in world state:
```

```
#If Block is on another block, unstack
     if isinstance(predicate,ON) and predicate.Y==self.X:
       return UnstackOp(predicate.X, predicate.Y)
   return None
class HOLDING(PREDICATE):
 def __init__(self, X):
   self.X = X
 def __str__(self):
   return "HOLDING({X})".format(X=self.X)
 def __repr__(self):
   return self.__str__()
 def __eq__(self, other) :
   return self.__dict__ == other.__dict__ and self.__class__ ==
other.__class__
 def __hash__(self):
   return hash(str(self))
 def get_action(self, world_state):
   X = self.X
   #If block is on table, pick up
   if ONTABLE(X) in world_state:
     return PickupOp(X)
   #If block is on another block, unstack
     for predicate in world state:
       if isinstance(predicate,ON) and predicate.X==X:
         return UnstackOp(X,predicate.Y)
class ARMEMPTY(PREDICATE):
 def __init__(self):
 def __str__(self):
   return "ARMEMPTY"
 def __repr__(self):
   return self.__str__()
 def __eq__(self, other) :
   return self. dict == other. dict and self. class ==
other. class
```

```
def __hash__(self):
   return hash(str(self))
 def get_action(self, world_state=[]):
   for predicate in world_state:
     if isinstance(predicate, HOLDING):
       return PutdownOp(predicate.X)
   return None
class StackOp(Operation):
 def __init__(self, X, Y):
   self.X = X
   self.Y = Y
 def __str__(self):
   return "STACK({X},{Y})".format(X=self.X,Y=self.Y)
 def __repr__(self):
   return self.__str__()
 def __eq__(self, other) :
   return self.__dict__ == other.__dict__ and self.__class__ ==
other.__class__
 def precondition(self):
   return [ CLEAR(self.Y) , HOLDING(self.X) ]
 def delete(self):
   return [ CLEAR(self.Y) , HOLDING(self.X) ]
 def add(self):
   return [ ARMEMPTY() , ON(self.X,self.Y) ]
class UnstackOp(Operation):
 def __init__(self, X, Y):
   self.X = X
   self.Y = Y
 def __str__(self):
   return "UNSTACK({X},{Y})".format(X=self.X,Y=self.Y)
 def __repr__(self):
   return self.__str__()
 def __eq__(self, other) :
```

```
return self.__dict__ == other.__dict__ and self.__class__ ==
other.__class__
 def precondition(self):
   return [ ARMEMPTY() , ON(self.X,self.Y) , CLEAR(self.X) ]
 def delete(self):
   return [ ARMEMPTY() , ON(self.X,self.Y) ]
 def add(self):
   return [ CLEAR(self.Y) , HOLDING(self.X) ]
class PickupOp(Operation):
 def __init__(self, X):
   self.X = X
 def __str__(self):
   return "PICKUP({X})".format(X=self.X)
 def __repr__(self):
   return self.__str__()
 def __eq__(self, other) :
   return self.__dict__ == other.__dict__ and self.__class__ ==
other.<u>class</u>
 def precondition(self):
   return [ CLEAR(self.X) , ONTABLE(self.X) , ARMEMPTY() ]
 def delete(self):
   return [ ARMEMPTY() , ONTABLE(self.X) ]
 def add(self):
   return [ HOLDING(self.X) ]
class PutdownOp(Operation):
 def __init__(self, X):
   self.X = X
 def __str__(self):
   return "PUTDOWN({X})".format(X=self.X)
 def __repr__(self):
   return self.__str__()
 def __eq__(self, other) :
```

```
return self.__dict__ == other.__dict__ and self.__class__ ==
other.__class__
 def precondition(self):
    return [ HOLDING(self.X) ]
 def delete(self):
   return [ HOLDING(self.X) ]
 def add(self):
   return [ ARMEMPTY() , ONTABLE(self.X) ]
def isPredicate(obj):
 predicates = [ON, ONTABLE, CLEAR, HOLDING, ARMEMPTY]
 for predicate in predicates:
   if isinstance(obj,predicate):
      return True
 return False
def isOperation(obj):
 operations = [StackOp, UnstackOp, PickupOp, PutdownOp]
 for operation in operations:
   if isinstance(obj,operation):
      return True
 return False
def arm_status(world_state):
 for predicate in world_state:
   if isinstance(predicate, HOLDING):
     return predicate
 return ARMEMPTY()
class GoalStackPlanner:
 def __init__(self, initial_state, goal_state):
   self.initial_state = initial_state
    self.goal_state = goal_state
 def get_steps(self):
   #Store Steps
    steps = []
   #Program Stack
    stack = []
   #World State/Knowledge Base
   world_state = self.initial_state.copy()
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#Initially push the goal state as compound goal onto the stack
   stack.append(self.goal_state.copy())
   #Repeat until the stack is empty
   while len(stack)!=0:
     #Get the top of the stack
     stack_top = stack[-1]
     #If Stack Top is Compound Goal, push its unsatisfied goals onto stack
     if type(stack top) is list:
       compound_goal = stack.pop()
       for goal in compound_goal:
         if goal not in world state:
           stack.append(goal)
     #If Stack Top is an action
     elif isOperation(stack_top):
       #Peek the operation
       operation = stack[-1]
       all_preconditions_satisfied = True
       #Check if any precondition is unsatisfied and push it onto program
stack
       for predicate in operation.delete():
         if predicate not in world state:
           all_preconditions_satisfied = False
            stack.append(predicate)
       #If all preconditions are satisfied, pop operation from stack and
execute it
       if all_preconditions_satisfied:
         stack.pop()
         steps.append(operation)
         for predicate in operation.delete():
           world_state.remove(predicate)
         for predicate in operation.add():
           world_state.append(predicate)
     #If Stack Top is a single satisfied goal
     elif stack_top in world_state:
        stack.pop()
```

```
#If Stack Top is a single unsatisfied goal
     else:
       unsatisfied_goal = stack.pop()
       #Replace Unsatisfied Goal with an action that can complete it
       action = unsatisfied_goal.get_action(world_state)
       stack.append(action)
       #Push Precondition on the stack
       for predicate in action.precondition():
         if predicate not in world_state:
           stack.append(predicate)
    return steps
if name == ' main ':
 initial_state = [
   ON('B','A'),
   ONTABLE('A'),ONTABLE('C'),ONTABLE('D'),
   CLEAR('B'),CLEAR('C'),CLEAR('D'),
   ARMEMPTY()
 ]
 goal_state = [
   ON('B','D'),ON('C','A'),
   ONTABLE('D'),ONTABLE('A'),
   CLEAR('B'),CLEAR('C'),
   ARMEMPTY()
 ]
 goal_stack = GoalStackPlanner(initial_state=initial_state,
goal_state=goal_state)
 steps = goal_stack.get_steps()
 print(steps)
```

2. Having to plan a trip, say from Chennai to Jaipur, the first thing one might to do is to find suitable train and/or flight combinations between the two cities, and then fill in all the other actions. What kind of planning will allow one to do so?

