

Assignment 7

MySQL

Database technologies

1) Write a query that counts all orders for October 3.

```
W1_86802_Aman>select count(onum) from orders where odate='1990-10-03';
+-----+
| count(onum) |
+-----+
|           5 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

2) Write a query that counts the number of different non-NULL city values in the Customers table

```
W1_86802_Aman>select count(city) from customers where city is not null ;
+-----+
| count(city) |
+-----+
|           7 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

3) Write a query that selects each customer's smallest order.

```
W1_86802_Aman>select min(snum) from customers group by cnum;
+-----+
| min(snum) |
+-----+
|         1001 |
|         1002 |
|         1002 |
|         1001 |
|         1007 |
|         1004 |
+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4) Write a query that selects the first customer, in alphabetical order, whose name begins with G.

```
W1_86802_Aman>select cname from customers where cname like 'G%'order by cname;
```

cname
Giovanni
Grass

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

5) Write a query that selects the highest rating in each city.

```
W1_86802_Aman>select max(rating) from customers group by city;
```

max(rating)
100
200
300
300

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

6) Write a query that counts the number of salespeople registering orders for each day. (If a salesperson has more than one order on a given day, he or she should be counted only once.)

```
W1_86802_Aman>select odate,count(distinct snum) from orders group by odate;
```

odate	count(distinct snum)
1990-10-03	4
1990-10-04	2
1990-10-05	1
1990-10-06	2

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)