Assignment -5

Relational and Logical Operators.

1) Write a query that will give you all orders for more than Rs. 1,000.

Select * from Orders where Amt > 1000;

```
W1 89793 Saurabh>Select * from Orders
   -> where Amt > 1000
    -> ;
                   Odate
                                       Snum
 Onum
        Amt.
                                Cnum
 3002
        1900.10 | 1990-10-03
                                2007
                                       1004
 3005
        5160.45 | 1990-10-03
                                       1002
                                2003
 3006 | 1098.16 |
                  1990-10-03
                                2008
                                       1007
 3009 | 1713.23 |
                   1990-10-04
                                2002
                                       1003
 3008 | 4723.00 |
                   1990-10-05
                                2006
                                       1001
 3010 | 1309.95 |
                   1990-10-06
                                       1002
                                2004
       | 9891.88 |
                   1990-10-06
 3011
                                2006
                                       1001
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2) Write a query that will give you the names and cities of all salespeople in London with a commission above .10.

Select Sname, City from salespeople where City = 'London' and comm > .10;

```
W1_89793_Saurabh>Select Sname, City from salespeople
    -> where City = 'London' and comm > .10;
+-----+
| Sname | City |
+-----+
| Peel | London |
| Motika | London |
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3) Write a query on the Customers table whose output will exclude all customers with a rating <= 100, unless they are located in Rome.

Select * from customers where Rating > 100 or City = 'Rome';

```
W1 89793 Saurabh>select * from customers
    -> where Rating > 100 OR City = 'Rome';
                    City
                               Rating
  Cnum
         Cname
                                         Snum
      | | Giovanni | Rome
 2002
                                   200
                                         1003
      Liu
 2003
                                   200
                                         1002
                    San Jose
       Grass
                    Berlin
 2004
                                   300
                                         1002
 2008 | Cisneros
                  San Jose
                                   300
                                         1007
         Pereira
  2007
                                   100
                                         1004
                    Rome
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4) What will be the output from the following query?

Select * from Orders where (amt < 1000 OR NOT (odate = '1990-10-03' AND cnum > 2003));

```
W1 89793 Saurabh>use classwork;
Database changed
W1 89793 Saurabh>Select * from Orders
    -> where (amt < 1000 OR NOT(odate = '1990-10-03' AND cnum > 2003));
                 | Odate
                              | Cnum | Snum |
           18.69 | 1990-10-03 | 2008 | 1007
  3001 I
  3003 1
          767.19 | 1990-10-03 | 2001 | 1001
  3005 | 5160.45 | 1990-10-03 | 2003 | 1002
        1713.23 | 1990-10-04 | 2002 | 1003
  3009
           75.75 | 1990-10-04 | 2004 |
  3008 1
        4723.00 | 1990-10-05 | 2006 | 1001
  3010 | 1309.95 | 1990-10-06 | 2004 | 1002 |
  3011 | 9891.88 | 1990-10-06 | 2006 | 1001 |
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

5) What will be the output of the following query?

Select * from Orders where NOT ((odate = '1990-10-03' OR snum \geq 1006) AND amt \geq 1500);

```
W1 89793 Saurabh>Select * from Orders
   -> Where NOT((odate = '1990-10-03' OR snum>1006) AND amt>= 1500);
   .---+-----+-----+
             Odate
 Onum | Amt
                         | Cnum | Snum |
 3001 | 18.69 | 1990-10-03 | 2008 | 1007
 3003 I
         767.19 | 1990-10-03 | 2001 | 1001 |
 3006 | 1098.16 | 1990-10-03 | 2008 | 1007
 3009 | 1713.23 | 1990-10-04 | 2002 | 1003
 3007 | 75.75 | 1990-10-04 | 2004 | 1002
 3008 | 4723.00 | 1990-10-05 | 2006 | 1001
 3010 | 1309.95 | 1990-10-06 | 2004 | 1002
 3011 | 9891.88 | 1990-10-06 | 2006 | 1001 |
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6) What is a simpler way to write this query?

Select snum, sname, city, comm From Salespeople where (comm > .12 OR comm < .14);

--> Select * from Salespeople;