

## Assignment –5

### Relational and Logical Operators.

1) Write a query that will give you all orders for more than Rs. 1,000.

**Select \* from Orders where Amt > 1000;**

```
W1_89793_Saurabh>Select * from Orders
-> where Amt > 1000
-> ;
```

Onum	Amt	Odate	Cnum	Snum
3002	1900.10	1990-10-03	2007	1004
3005	5160.45	1990-10-03	2003	1002
3006	1098.16	1990-10-03	2008	1007
3009	1713.23	1990-10-04	2002	1003
3008	4723.00	1990-10-05	2006	1001
3010	1309.95	1990-10-06	2004	1002
3011	9891.88	1990-10-06	2006	1001

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

2) Write a query that will give you the names and cities of all salespeople in London with a commission above .10.

**Select Sname, City from salespeople where City = 'London' and comm > .10;**

```
W1_89793_Saurabh>Select Sname, City from salespeople
-> where City = 'London' and comm > .10;
```

Sname	City
Peel	London
Motika	London

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

3) Write a query on the Customers table whose output will exclude all customers with a rating <= 100, unless they are located in Rome.

**Select \* from customers where Rating <= 100 and City != 'Rome';**

```
W1_89793_Saurabh>Select * from customers
-> where Rating <= 100 and City != 'Rome';
```

Cnum	Cname	City	Rating	Snum
2001	Hoffman	London	100	1001
2006	Clemens	London	100	1001

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

4) What will be the output from the following query?

```
Select * from Orders
where (amt < 1000 OR
NOT (odate = '1990-10-03'
AND cnum > 2003));
```

```
W1_89793_Saurabh>use classwork;
Database changed
W1_89793_Saurabh>Select * from Orders
-> where (amt < 1000 OR NOT(odate = '1990-10-03' AND cnum > 2003));
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Onum | Amt      | Odate      | Cnum | Snum |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3001 | 18.69    | 1990-10-03 | 2008 | 1007 |
| 3003 | 767.19   | 1990-10-03 | 2001 | 1001 |
| 3005 | 5160.45  | 1990-10-03 | 2003 | 1002 |
| 3009 | 1713.23  | 1990-10-04 | 2002 | 1003 |
| 3007 | 75.75    | 1990-10-04 | 2004 | 1002 |
| 3008 | 4723.00  | 1990-10-05 | 2006 | 1001 |
| 3010 | 1309.95  | 1990-10-06 | 2004 | 1002 |
| 3011 | 9891.88  | 1990-10-06 | 2006 | 1001 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

5) What will be the output of the following query?

```
Select * from Orders where NOT ((odate = '1990-10-03' OR snum > 1006) AND amt >= 1500);
```

```
W1_89793_Saurabh>Select * from Orders
-> Where NOT((odate = '1990-10-03' OR snum > 1006) AND amt >= 1500);
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Onum | Amt      | Odate      | Cnum | Snum |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3001 | 18.69    | 1990-10-03 | 2008 | 1007 |
| 3003 | 767.19   | 1990-10-03 | 2001 | 1001 |
| 3006 | 1098.16  | 1990-10-03 | 2008 | 1007 |
| 3009 | 1713.23  | 1990-10-04 | 2002 | 1003 |
| 3007 | 75.75    | 1990-10-04 | 2004 | 1002 |
| 3008 | 4723.00  | 1990-10-05 | 2006 | 1001 |
| 3010 | 1309.95  | 1990-10-06 | 2004 | 1002 |
| 3011 | 9891.88  | 1990-10-06 | 2006 | 1001 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6) What is a simpler way to write this query?

Select snum, sname, city, comm From Salespeople where (comm > .12 OR comm <.14);

--> **Select \* from Salespeople;**

```
w1_89793_Saurabh>Select snum, sname,city,comm From salespeople where(comm > .12 OR comm <.14);
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| snum | sname  | city    | comm |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1001 | Peel   | London  | 0.12 |
| 1002 | Serres | San Jose | 0.13 |
| 1004 | Motika | London  | 0.11 |
| 1007 | Rifkin | Barcelona | 0.15 |
| 1003 | Axelrod | New York | 0.10 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

w1_89793_Saurabh>select * from salespeople;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Snum | Sname  | City    | Comm |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1001 | Peel   | London  | 0.12 |
| 1002 | Serres | San Jose | 0.13 |
| 1004 | Motika | London  | 0.11 |
| 1007 | Rifkin | Barcelona | 0.15 |
| 1003 | Axelrod | New York | 0.10 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```