

## Assignment –8

### Formatting Query output.

1) Assume each salesperson has a 12% commission. Write a query on the orders table that will produce the order number, the salesperson number, and the amount of the salesperson's commission for that order.

**Select Onum, Snum, Amt\*.12 as "Commission" from orders;**

```
W1_89793_Saurabh>Select Onum, Snum, Amt*.12 as "Commission" from orders;
+-----+-----+-----+
| Onum | Snum | Commission |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 3001 | 1007 |      2.24 |
| 3003 | 1001 |     92.06 |
| 3002 | 1004 |    228.01 |
| 3005 | 1002 |    619.25 |
| 3006 | 1007 |    131.78 |
| 3009 | 1003 |    205.59 |
| 3007 | 1002 |      9.09 |
| 3008 | 1001 |    566.76 |
| 3010 | 1002 |    157.19 |
| 3011 | 1001 |   1187.03 |
+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2) Write a query on the Customers table that will find the highest rating in each city. Put the output in this form: For the city (city), the highest rating is : (rating).

**select distinct city as "For the city (city)", max(rating)as "The highest rating is:m (rating)" from customers group by city;**

```
W1_89793_Saurabh>select distinct city as "For the city (city)",
max(rating)as "The highest rating is:m (rating)" from customer
s group by city;
+-----+-----+
| For the city (city) | The highest rating is:m (rating) |
+-----+-----+
| London             | 100 |
| Rome               | 200 |
| San Jose           | 300 |
| Berlin             | 300 |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3) Write a query that lists customers in descending order of rating. Output the rating field first, followed by the customer's name and number.

**select rating, cnum,cname from customers order by rating desc;**

```
W1_89793_Saurabh>select rating, cnum,cname from customers order by rating desc;
+-----+-----+-----+
| rating | cnum | cname |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 300    | 2004 | Grass |
| 300    | 2008 | Cisneros |
| 200    | 2002 | Giovanni |
| 200    | 2003 | Liu |
| 100    | 2001 | Hoffman |
| 100    | 2006 | Clemens |
| 100    | 2007 | Pereira |
+-----+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4) Write a query that totals the orders for each day and places the results in descending order.

**select count(onum),odate from orders group by odate order by odate desc;**

```
W1_89793_Saurabh>select count(onum),odate from orders group by odate order by odate desc;
+-----+-----+
| count(onum) | odate |
+-----+-----+
| 2           | 1990-10-06 |
| 1           | 1990-10-05 |
| 2           | 1990-10-04 |
| 5           | 1990-10-03 |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```