## Assignment – 19

## Views.

1) Create a view that shows all of the customers who have the highest ratings.

CREATE VIEW HighestRatedCustomers AS

SELECT \* FROM Customers

WHERE Rating = (SELECT MAX(Rating) FROM Customers);

```
W1_89793_Saurabh>CREATE VIEW HighestRatedCustomers AS
-> SELECT * FROM Customers
-> WHERE Rating = (SELECT MAX(Rating) FROM Customers);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

2) Create a view that shows the number of salespeople in each city.

CREATE VIEW SalespeoplePerCity AS

SELECT City, COUNT(\*) AS num\_salespeople FROM Salespeople

**GROUP BY City:** 

```
W1_89793_Saurabh>CREATE VIEW SalespeoplePerCity AS
-> SELECT City, COUNT(*) AS num_salespeople FROM Salespeople
-> GROUP BY City;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

3) Create a view that shows the average and total orders for each salesperson after his or her name. Assume all names are unique.

CREATE VIEW SalespersonOrderStats AS

SELECT S.sname, COUNT(O.onum) AS total orders,

AVG(O.amt) AS avg order amount,

SUM(O.amt) AS total\_order\_amount

FROM Salespeople S

JOIN Orders O ON S.snum = O.snum

GROUP BY S.sname:

```
W1_89793_Saurabh>CREATE VIEW SalespersonOrderStats AS
-> SELECT S.sname,
-> COUNT(O.onum) AS total_orders,
-> AVG(O.amt) AS avg_order_amount,
-> SUM(O.amt) AS total_order_amount
-> FROM Salespeople S
-> JOIN Orders O ON S.snum = O.snum
-> GROUP BY S.sname;
Ouery OK, O rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

4) Create a view that shows each salesperson with multiple customers CREATE VIEW SalespeopleWithMultipleCustomers AS SELECT S.snum, S.sname, COUNT(DISTINCT C.cnum) AS customer\_count FROM Salespeople S JOIN Customers C ON S.snum = C.snum GROUP BY S.snum, S.sname HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT C.cnum) > 1; W1 89793 Saurabh>CREATE VIEW SalespeopleWithMultipleCustomers AS -> SELECT S.snum, S.sname, COUNT(DISTINCT C.cnum) AS customer coun -> FROM Salespeople S -> JOIN Customers C ON S.snum = C.snum -> GROUP BY S.snum, S.sname -> HAVING COUNT (DISTINCT C.cnum) > 1; Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)