## <u>Assignment – 13</u> Using the UNION clause.

 Create a union of two queries that shows the names, cities, and ratings of all customers. Those with rating of 200 or greater will also have the words "High Rating", while the others will have the words "Low Rating".

```
W1_Minal_93084>SELECT cname, city, rating, 'High Rating' AS Rating_Status
    -> FROM Customers
    -> WHERE rating >= 200
    ->
    -> UNION
    ->
    -> SELECT cname, city, rating, 'Low Rating' AS Rating_Status
    -> FROM Customers
    -> WHERE rating < 200;
  cname
             city
                       | rating |
                                  Rating_Status
  Giovanni
             Rome
                            200
                                  High Rating
  Liu
             San Jose
                            200
                                  High Rating
  Grass
             Berlim
                            300
                                  High Rating
  Cisneros
             San Jose
                            300
                                  High Rating
  Hoffman
                            100
                                  Low Rating
             London
  Clemens
             London
                            100
                                  Low Rating
  Pereira
             Rome
                            100
                                  Low Rating
7 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

3) Form a union of three queries. Have the first select the snums of all salespeople in San Jose; the second, the cnums of all customers in San Jose; and the third the onums of all orders on October 3. Retain duplicates between the last two queries but eliminate any redundancies between either of them and the first. (Note: in the sample tables as given, there would be no such redundancy. This is besides the point.)

```
W1_Minal_93084>SELECT s.snum AS id
    -> FROM Salespeople s
    -> WHERE s.city = 'San Jose'
    ->
    -> UNION
    -> SELECT c.cnum AS id
    -> FROM Customers c
    -> WHERE c.city = 'San Jose'
    ->
    -> UNION ALL
    -> SELECT o.onum AS id
    -> FROM Orders o
    -> WHERE o.odate = DATE '2023-10-03';
 id
 1002
  2003
  2008
3 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

 Write a command that produces the name and number of each salesperson and each customer with more than one current order. Put the results in alphabetical order.

```
W1_Minal_93084>SELECT s.sname AS name, s.snum AS number
    -> FROM Salespeople s
    -> WHERE s.snum IN (
           SELECT o.snum
           FROM Orders o
           GROUP BY o.snum
           HAVING COUNT(o.onum) > 1
    -> )
    ->
    -> UNION
    -> SELECT c.cname AS name, c.cnum AS number
    -> FROM Customers c
    -> WHERE c.cnum IN (
           SELECT o.cnum
           FROM Orders o
           GROUP BY o.cnum
           HAVING COUNT(o.onum) > 1
    -> )
    -> ORDER BY name;
 name
             number
  Cisneros
               2008
 Clemens
               2006
  Grass
               2004
  Peel
               1001
  Rifkin
               1007
  Serres
               1002
6 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```