Assignment -7 Summarizing Data with Aggregate Functions.

1) Write a query that counts all orders for October 3. W2_93165_Shivakanya> use dmc_db; Database changed W2_93165_Shivakanya> select Odate -> from Orders -> Where Odate ='1990-10-03'; +----+ | Odate +----+ | 1990-10-03 | | 1990-10-03 | | 1990-10-03 | | 1990-10-03 | 1990-10-03 | +----+ 5 rows in set (0.41 sec) 2) Write a query that counts the number of different non-NULL city values in the Customers table. W2_93165_Shivakanya> select count(City) -> from Customers -> where City is not null; +----+ | count(City) | +----+ 7 | 1 row in set (0.04 sec) 3) Write a query that selects each customer's smallest order. W2_93165_Shivakanya> select min(Amt) -> from Orders -> group by Onum; +----+ | min(Amt) | 18.69 | 767.19 1900.1 5160.45 1098.16 1713.23 75.75 4723 1309.95 9891.88 | +----+ 10 rows in set (0.01 sec) 4) Write a query that selects the first customer, in alphabetical order, whose name begins with G. W2_93165_Shivakanya> select * -> from Customers -> Where Cname like 'G%' -> order by 1;

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| 2002 | Giovanni | Rome | 200 | 1003 | | 2004 | Grass | Berlin | 300 | 1002 | |
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2 rows in set (0.05 sec)

- 5) Write a query that selects the highest rating in each city.
 - W2_93165_Shivakanya> select max(Rating)
 - -> from Customers
 - -> group by City;

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+-----+
| max(Rating) |
+-----+
| 100 |
| 200 |
| 300 |
| 300 |
```

4 rows in set (0.06 sec)

- 6) Write a query that counts the number of salespeople registering orders for each day. (If a salesperson has more than one order on a given day, he or she should be counted only once.).
 - W2_93165_Shivakanya> select count(distinct(Snum)),Odate
 - -> from Orders
 - -> group by Odate;

4 rows in set (0.07 sec)