## Assignment -5

## Relational and Logical Operators.

1) Write a query that will give you all orders for more than Rs. 1,000.

W2\_93165\_Shivakanya> select \* from Orders -> where Amt>1000;

```
+----+
Onum | Amt | Odate | Cnum | Snum |
+----+
| 3002 | 1900.1 | 1990-10-03 | 2007 | 1004 |
| 3005 | 5160.45 | 1990-10-03 | 2003 | 1002 |
| 3006 | 1098.16 | 1990-10-03 | 2008 | 1007 |
| 3009 | 1713.23 | 1990-10-04 | 2002 | 1003 |
| 3008 | 4723 | 1990-10-05 | 2006 | 1001 |
| 3010 | 1309.95 | 1990-10-06 | 2004 | 1002 |
| 3011 | 9891.88 | 1990-10-06 | 2006 | 1001 |
+----+
```

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

2) Write a query that will give you the names and cities of all salespeople in London with a commission above .10.

```
W2_93165_Shivakanya> SELECT sname, city
```

- -> FROM salespeople
- -> WHERE city = 'London' AND comm > 0.10;

```
+----+
| sname | city |
+----+
| Peel | London |
| Motika | London |
+----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

3) Write a query on the Customers table whose output will exclude all customers with a rating <= 100, unless they are located in Rome.

```
W2_93165_Shivakanya> select *
```

- -> from Customers
- -> where Rating<=100 OR City='Rome';

+	+	+	+	<b></b>
Cnum	Cname	City	Rating	Snum
2001   2002   2006	Hoffman   Giovanni   Clemens   Pereira	London   Rome   London	100 200 100 100	1001

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

4) What will be the output from the following query? Select \* from Orders

where (amt < 1000 OR

NOT (odate = '1990-10-03'

AND cnum > 2003);

- W2\_93165\_Shivakanya> Select \* from Orders
  - -> where (amt<1000 OR
  - -> NOT(Odate='1990-10-03'
  - -> AND cnum>2003));

+			+	+	+
		Odate	•		•
3001	18.69	1990-10-03 1990-10-03	2008	1007	l

```
3005 | 5160.45 | 1990-10-03 | 2003 | 1002 |
 3009 | 1713.23 | 1990-10-04 | 2002 | 1003 |
| 3007 | 75.75 | 1990-10-04 | 2004 | 1002 |
| 3008 | 4723 | 1990-10-05 | 2006 | 1001 |
| 3010 | 1309.95 | 1990-10-06 | 2004 | 1002 |
| 3011 | 9891.88 | 1990-10-06 | 2006 | 1001 |
+----+
8 rows in set (0.01 sec)
5) What will be the output of the following query?
Select * from Orders
where NOT ((odate = '1990-10-03' OR snum
>1006) AND amt >= 1500);
W2_93165_Shivakanya> Select * from Orders
   -> where NOT ((odate = '1990-10-03' OR snum>1006)
   -> AND amt >= 1500);
+----+
Onum | Amt | Odate | Cnum | Snum |
+----+
| 3001 | 18.69 | 1990-10-03 | 2008 | 1007 |
3003 | 767.19 | 1990-10-03 | 2001 | 1001 |
| 3006 | 1098.16 | 1990-10-03 | 2008 | 1007 |
| 3009 | 1713.23 | 1990-10-04 | 2002 | 1003 |
| 3007 | 75.75 | 1990-10-04 | 2004 | 1002 |
| 3008 | 4723 | 1990-10-05 | 2006 | 1001 |
| 3010 | 1309.95 | 1990-10-06 | 2004 | 1002 |
| 3011 | 9891.88 | 1990-10-06 | 2006 | 1001 |
+----+
8 rows in set (0.45 sec)
6) What is a simpler way to write this query?
Select snum, sname, city, comm From Salespeople where (comm > .12 OR comm < .14);
W2_93165_Shivakanya> select Snum, Sname ,city, comm From salespeople
 -> where (comm>0.12 OR comm<0.14);
+----+
| Snum | Sname | city | comm |
+----+
| 1001 | Peel | London | 0.12 |
| 1002 | Serres | San Jose | 0.13 |
| 1004 | Motika | London | 0.11 |
| 1007 | Rifkin | Barcelona | 0.15 |
| 1003 | Axelrod | New York | 0.1 |
+----+
5 rows in set (0.01 sec)
Simpler way:
W2_93165_Shivakanya> select * from salespeople;
+----+
| Snum | Sname | city | comm |
+----+
| 1001 | Peel | London | 0.12 |
| 1002 | Serres | San Jose | 0.13 |
| 1004 | Motika | London | 0.11 |
| 1007 | Rifkin | Barcelona | 0.15 |
| 1003 | Axelrod | New York | 0.1 |
+----+
```

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)