

Assignment – 16

*****Creating Tables and Indexes.*****

- 1) Write a command that will enable a user to pull orders grouped by date out of the Orders table quickly.

```
W3_93236_Neha>SELECT Odate, COUNT(*) AS TotalOrders
-> FROM ORDERS
-> GROUP BY Odate
-> ORDER BY Odate;
```

Odate	TotalOrders
1990-03-10	5
1990-04-10	1
1990-05-10	1
1990-06-10	1
1990-10-04	1

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

- 2) If the Orders table has already been created, how can you force the onum field to be unique (assume all current values are unique)?

```
W3_93236_Neha>Alter table ORDERS
-> add unique(Onum);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.11 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

W3_93236_Neha>select * from ORDERS;
```

Onum	Amt	Odate	Cnum	Snum
3001	18.69	1990-03-10	2008	1007
3003	767.19	1990-03-10	2001	1001
3002	1900.10	1990-03-10	2007	1004
3005	5160.45	1990-03-10	2003	1002
3006	1098.16	1990-03-10	2008	1007
3009	1713.13	1990-04-10	2002	1003
1007	75.75	1990-10-04	2004	1002
3008	4723.00	1990-05-10	1006	1001
3010	1309.95	1990-06-10	2004	1002

9 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
W3_93236_Neha>desc ORDERS;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
Onum	int	YES	UNI	NULL	
Amt	float(7,2)	YES		NULL	
Odate	date	YES		NULL	
Cnum	int	YES		NULL	
Snum	int	YES		NULL	

3) Create an index that would permit each salesperson to retrieve his or her orders grouped by date quickly.

```
W3_93236_Neha>create index i_ORDERS_Odate on ORDERS(Odate);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

W3_93236_Neha>show indexes from ORDERS;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Table | Non_unique | Key_name | Seq_in_index | Column_name | Collation | Cardinality | Sub_part | Packed | Null | Index_type | Comment | Index_comment | Visible |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| orders | 0 | Onum | 1 | Onum | A | 9 | NULL | NULL | YES | BTREE | | | YES |
| orders | 1 | i_ORDERS_Odate | 1 | Odate | A | 5 | NULL | NULL | YES | BTREE | | | YES |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

4) Let us assume that each salesperson is to have only one customer of a given rating, and that this is currently the case. Enter a command that enforces it.

```
W3_93236_Neha>alter table CUSTOMERS
-> add unique(Snum,Cnum);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

W3_93236_Neha>alter table CUSTOMERS
-> add unique(Snum,Rating);
ERROR 1062 (23000): Duplicate entry '1004-200' for key 'customers.Snum_2'
W3_93236_Neha>desc CUSTOMERS;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Cnum | int | YES | | NULL | |
| Cname | varchar(10) | YES | | NULL | |
| City | varchar(10) | YES | | NULL | |
| Rating | int | YES | | NULL | |
| Snum | int | YES | MUL | NULL | |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```