1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53					
Sunday is:					
(a) 53/366	(b) 1/7	(c) 2/7	(d) 53/365		
2. A bag contains 3	red and 2 b	olue marbles. <i>A</i>	A marble is drawn at		
random. The probal	•	•			
(a) 3/5	(b) 2/5	(c) $0/5$	(d) 1/5		
3. The probability t	hat it will ra	in tomorrow is	0.85. What is the		
probability that it w					
` '	, ,		(d) none of these		
	-		cted from the numbers		
(1, 2, 3,,15) is	-				
(a) 1/5					
5. What are the tot					
(a) 4 (` '	• •	` '		
-	_	number selec	ted at random from the		
numbers (1,2,3,	35) is :				
			(d) none of these		
7. The sum of the p	•				
(a) 2 (b)					
		are given; cho	ose the correct answer		
for that which is not			4.13		
			(d) none of these.		
		nultaneously, t	han the probability of		
getting at least two	heads, is:	<i>(</i>) <i>(</i>	(1) 1 (2)		
(a) 1/4 (b					
10. A letter is chos					
			e letter chosen has:		
(a) 6/13	(b) <mark>7/13</mark>	(c) 1	(d) none of these.		
		1 1 111			
	-		etting an even number.		
(A) 2/3	(B) 1	(C) 5/6	(D) 1/2		
12. Two coins are thrown at the same time. Find the probability of					
getting both heads.			-		
(A) 3/4 (B) 1/4	(C) 1/2	(D) 0			
13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a					

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sum of 9 is:

(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C) <mark>1</mark>	/9 (D) 4/9	
getting a p	rds are number rime number. (B) 27/50			the probability of (D) 29/100	
15. A bag of drawing blue balls i	contains 5 red b a blue ball is do in a bag is:	oalls and so ouble that	ome blue ba of a red bal	alls .If the probability I, then the number o	-
(A) 5		(C) 15	(D) 20		
taken out a	at random from			lbs. One bulb is bability that it is	
	t ive bulb is: 60 (B) <mark>147</mark>	7/150	(C) 1/25	(D) 1/50	
the probab (A) 9/100	ility that the nu (B) 1/10 s the probability	mber on ca (C) 3/10 y of getting	ard is a perf (D) 1 g 53 Monda	<u>-</u>	
	is drawn from of getting a kir			f 52 cards. Find the	
(A) 1/26	(B) 3/26 (C	C) 7/52	(D) 1/13		
equally like 1,2,312	e of chance corely to come to range the come to range the probation (B) 1/12	est pointinability	g to one of it will point		s:
its outcom result i.e. t probability	e each time. Ar	yan wins it hree tails a lose the g	fall the toss and loses of	n 3 times and noting ses give the same therwise. Then the	J

22. Riya and Kajal are friends. Probability that both will have the same birthday is the same birthday is:						
(A) 364/365	(B) 31/36	65 (C) 1/365	(D) 1/133225			
2. Then the	er <i>x</i> is chosen at probability that <i>x</i> (C) 3/	x ² < 2 is?	e numbers -2, -1, 0 , 1,			
a marble is ored is 2/3, th	24. A jar contains 24 marbles. Some are red and others are white. If a marble is drawn at random from the jar, the probability that it is red is 2/3, then the number of white marbles in the jar is: (A) 10 (B) 6 (C) 8 (D) 7					
Then the pro		s a multiple of 3	st 50 natural numbers. and 4 is:			
26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is?						
a) $\frac{1}{7}$	b) $\frac{5}{42}$	c) $\frac{1}{21}$	d) 4/21			
	27. Runs scored by batsman in 5 one day matches are 50, 70, 82, 93, and 20. The standard deviation is					
<u> </u>		c) 25.29				
28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17.						
a) (13, 15)	b) 13, 18	c) 18, 15	d) 13, 16			
29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is						
a) $\frac{1}{2}$	b) $\frac{1}{3}$ riate between 0	c) 1/4 and 3. The value c) 27	of E(X ²) is			
31. The random variables X and Y have variances 0.2 and 0.5						

respectively. Let Z= 5X-2Y. The variance of Z is?

probability? a) $P(x) = 1$	_	values, which o x P(x) = 3 $y(x) = -0.5$	ne is not possi	ble in		
	2 and E(z) = b) 6	4, then E(z - x) c) 0		ufficient data		
34.The cov	ariance of tw	o independent i	andom variab	e is		
a) 1	b) 0	c) - 1	d) Un	defined		
		n, the value of k		sufficient data		
• •	0.5 and x = 4 b) 0.5	l, then E(x) = ? c) 4	d) 2			
37.In a disc is always? a) 0	e rete probabil b) Infinite	lity distribution,	the sum of all d) Und			
38.If the pr	obability of h	nitting the targe	t is 0.4, find m	ean and		
39.If the probability that a bomb dropped from a place will strike the target is 60% and if 10 bombs are dropped, find mean and variance? a) 0.6, 0.24 b) 6, 2.4 c) 0.4, 0.16 d) 4, 1.6						
 40. Find the mean of tossing 8 coins. a) 2 b) 4 c) 8 d) 1 41. What is the mean and variance for standard normal distribution? 						

c) 5

d) 7

a) 3

b) 4

a) Mean is 0 and variance is 1 b) Mean is 1 and variance is 0 c) Mean is 0 and variance is ∞ d) Mean is ∞ and variance is 0									
	42. Variance of a random variable X is given by a) $E(X)$ b) $E(X2)$ c) $E(X2)$ – $(E(X))2$ d) $(E(X))2$								
43 .l a) E	43.Mean of a random variable X is given by a) E(X) b) E(X2) c) E(X2) - (E(X))2 d) ((E(X))2								
	44.Mean of a constant 'a' is a) 0 b) a c) a/2 d) 1								
45.Variance of a constant 'a' is . a) 0 b) a c) a/2 d) 1									
46.Find the mean and variance of X?									
ŗ	Х	0	1	2	3	4			
	f(x)	1/9	2/9	3/9	2/9	1/9			
a) 2	, 4/3	b) 3	, 4/3	(2,2/3		d) 3, 2/3		

47. Find the expectation of a random variable X?

	х	0	1	2	3	
	f(x)	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6	
a) (0.5		b) 1.5		c) 2.5	d) 3.5

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by

- 49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use **Binomial Distribution.**
- a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx
- b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
- c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
- d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx
- 50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard **Deviation?**

- a) \sqrt{np} b) \sqrt{pq} c) (np)2
- d) \sqrt{npq}