

APPENDIX A
PROOF OF LEMMA 1

According to the definition of $Q'_a(t) = \max\{Q_m(t), m \in \mathcal{M}_a\}$, it is can be derived that

$$Pr(Q_m(t) \leq Q'_a(t)) = 1, \forall m \in \mathcal{M}_a, t, \quad (22)$$

which can also be denoted by $Q_m(t) \leq Q'_a(t), \forall m \in \mathcal{M}_a, t$. We take expectations of both sides. According to the monotonicity of expectation, there is

$$\mathbb{E}\{Q_m(t)\} \leq \mathbb{E}\{Q'_a(t)\}, \forall m \in \mathcal{M}_a, t. \quad (23)$$

Similarly, the inequality can also be extended to

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=0}^T \mathbb{E}\{Q_m(t)\} \leq \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=0}^{T-1} \mathbb{E}\{Q'_a(t)\}, \forall m \in \mathcal{M}_a. \quad (24)$$

Thus, if the constraint $\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=0}^{T-1} \mathbb{E}\{Q'_a(t)\} < \infty, \forall a \in \mathcal{A}$ is satisfied, there must be

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=0}^{T-1} \mathbb{E}\{Q_m(t)\} \leq \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=0}^{T-1} \mathbb{E}\{Q'_a(t)\} \leq \infty, \quad (25)$$

$\forall a \in \mathcal{A}, m \in \mathcal{M}_a.$

This proved that if the constraint $\overline{Q'_a(t)} \triangleq \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=0}^{T-1} \mathbb{E}\{Q'_a(t)\} < \infty, \forall a \in \mathcal{A}$ is satisfied, the constraint $\overline{Q_m(t)} \triangleq \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=0}^{T-1} \mathbb{E}\{Q_m(t)\} < \infty, \forall m \in \mathcal{M}$ satisfies.

This completes the proof.

APPENDIX B
PROOF OF LEMMA 2

Recalling the equation (8), we can denote the $\Delta(\Theta(t))$ by

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta(\Theta(t)) &= \mathbb{E} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{a=1}^A Q'_a(t+1)^2 - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{a=1}^A Q'_a(t)^2 \right\} \\ &= \mathbb{E} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{a=1}^A (y'_a(t) + Q'_a(t))^2 - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{a=1}^A Q'_a(t)^2 \right\} \\ &= \mathbb{E} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{a=1}^A (y'_a(t))^2 + \sum_{a=1}^A Q'_a(t) y'_a(t) \right\}. \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

According to the definition of $y'_a(t)$ in (8), we have

$$\begin{aligned} y'_a(t) &= Q'_a(t+1) - Q'_a(t) \\ &= \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} Q_m(t+1) - \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} Q_m(t) \end{aligned} \quad (27)$$

According to (4), considering that each $m \in m \in \mathcal{M}_a$, there is $y_m(t) \leq \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} y_m(t)$, and

$$Q_m(t+1) = Q_m(t) + y_m(t) \leq Q_m(t) + \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} y_m(t), \forall m \in \mathcal{M}_a. \quad (28)$$

Based on (28), we have

$$\begin{aligned} \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} Q_m(t+1) &\leq \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} \left(Q_m(t) + \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} y_m(t) \right) \\ &\leq \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} Q_m(t) + \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} y_m(t). \end{aligned} \quad (29)$$

Recalling (27), there is

$$\begin{aligned} y'_a(t) &= \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} Q_m(t+1) - \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} Q_m(t) \\ &\leq \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} y_m(t). \end{aligned} \quad (30)$$

According to (3), considering $x_m(t) \leq Q_m(t)$ in (5, there is $Q_m(t) + A_m(t) - x_m(t) \geq 0$ and $Q_m(t+1) = Q_m(t) + A_m(t) - x_m(t)$. Thus, there is

$$y_m(t) = Q_m(t+1) - Q_m(t) = A_m(t) - x_m(t). \quad (31)$$

Associated with (1) and (5), we have

$$\begin{aligned} y_m(t) &= Q_m(t+1) - Q_m(t) = A_m(t) - x_m(t) \\ &\leq D_m, \forall m \in \mathcal{M}. \end{aligned} \quad (32)$$

Therefore, the (30) can be rewritten as

$$y'_a(t) \leq \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} y_m(t) \leq \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} D_m, \forall a \in \mathcal{A}. \quad (33)$$

and also

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{a=1}^A (y'_a(t))^2 \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{a=1}^A \left(\max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} D_m \right)^2 = B. \quad (34)$$

Back to (26), we have

$$\Delta(\Theta(t)) \leq \mathbb{E} \left\{ B + \sum_{a=1}^A Q'_a(t) y'_a(t) | \Theta(t) \right\}. \quad (35)$$

and

$$\Delta_V(\Theta(t)) \leq B + \mathbb{E} \left\{ \sum_{a=1}^A Q'_a(t) y'_a(t) | \Theta(t) \right\} + V \cdot \mathbb{E}\{P(t) | \Theta(t)\}, \quad (36)$$

This completes the proof.

APPENDIX C
PROOF OF THE CONVERSION FROM PROBLEM 2 TO PROBLEM 3

Due to at the beginning of time slot t , we have obtained the values of $\Theta(t)$, $\{Q_m(t)\}$, $\{A_m(t)\}$, $\mathbf{b}(t)$. We can re-express the objective function as

$$\begin{aligned} &\mathbb{E} \left\{ \sum_{a=1}^A Q'_a(t) y'_a(t) | \Theta(t) \right\} + V \mathbb{E}\{P(t) | \Theta(t)\} \\ &= \sum_{a=1}^A Q'_a(t) \mathbb{E}\{y'_a(t)\} + V P(t) \\ &\stackrel{(8)}{=} \sum_{a=1}^A Q'_a(t) \mathbb{E}\{Q'_a(t+1) - Q'_a(t)\} + V \frac{1}{A} \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}} T'_a(t) \quad (37) \\ &\stackrel{(9)}{=} \sum_{a=1}^A (Q'_a(t) \mathbb{E}\{Q'_a(t+1)\} - (Q'_a(t))^2) \\ &\quad + V \frac{1}{A} \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} T_m(t) \end{aligned}$$

Since the $(Q'_a(t))^2$ is a constant item, we can ignore it and continue rewriting as

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{a=1}^A Q'_a(t) \mathbb{E} \{Q'_a(t+1)\} + V \frac{1}{A} \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} T_m(t) \\
& \stackrel{(6)(7)}{=} \sum_{a=1}^A Q'_a(t) \mathbb{E} \left\{ \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} Q_m(t+1) \right\} \\
& \quad + V \frac{1}{A} \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} \mathbf{1}(Q_m(t) + A_m(t) - x_m(t) > 0) \\
& \stackrel{5}{=} \sum_{a=1}^A Q'_a(t) \mathbb{E} \left\{ \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} (Q_m(t) + A_m(t) - x_m(t)) \right\} \\
& \quad + V \frac{1}{A} \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} \mathbf{1}(Q_m(t) + A_m(t) - x_m(t) > 0) \\
& = \sum_{a=1}^A Q'_a(t) \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} (Q_m(t) + A_m(t) - x_m(t)) \\
& \quad + V \frac{1}{A} \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \max_{m \in \mathcal{M}_a} \mathbf{1}(Q_m(t) + A_m(t) - x_m(t) > 0),
\end{aligned} \tag{38}$$

which is the objective function in Problem 3

APPENDIX D PROOF OF THEOREM 1

⁵Here, due to our constraint $x_m(t) \leq Q_m(t)$ in (5), we have $Q_m(t) + A_m(t) - x_m(t) \geq 0$. And we can rewrite (3) as $Q_m(t+1) = Q_m(t) + A_m(t) - x_m(t)$.