# **Day 3 - API Integration and Data Migration Documentation**

## **Objective**

To integrate APIs into a Next.js project and migrate data into Sanity CMS, creating a functional marketplace backend. This involves understanding APIs, adjusting schemas, migrating data, and implementing error handling to replicate real-world practices.

## **Key Learning Outcomes**

- 1. Understand API integration techniques in a Next.js project.
- 2. Learn data migration methods to import API data into Sanity CMS.
- 3. Gain practical experience in handling schemas and ensuring compatibility with data sources.
- 4. Develop robust error-handling strategies.

# **STEPS FOR API INTEGRATION AND DATA MIGRATION**

# **API Integration**

# **Environmental Setup for Sanity CMS Integration**

# 1. Install Necessary Dependencies

Install the required packages using npm:

npm install @sanity/client axios dotenv

These packages are essential for:

- Communicating with the Sanity CMS (@sanity/client)
- Fetching data from APIs (axios or fetch methods)
- Managing environment variables (dotenv)

# 2. Configure Environment Variables

To securely store your Sanity project credentials, configure the environment variables in a .env file. Add the following entries:

```
SANITY_PROJECT_ID=<your_project_id>
SANITY_DATASET=<your_dataset_name>
SANITY_API_TOKEN=<your_api_token>
```

#### **Steps:**

```
1 NEXT_PUBLIC_SANITY_PROJECT_ID=" "
2 NEXT_PUBLIC_SANITY_DATASET=" "
3 SANITY_TOKEN=
```

- 1. Replace <pour\_project\_id>, <pour\_dataset\_name>, and <pour\_api\_token> with the appropriate values from your Sanity project.
- 2. Ensure the .env file is added to .gitiqnore to prevent exposing credentials in version control.

## 3. Data Fetching

Use axios or the native fetch method to retrieve data from an API endpoint. Example:

#### **AXIOS**

```
async function importData() {
  try {
    // Fetch data from external API
    const response = await axios.get<Product[]>
    ('https://hackathon-apis.vercel.app/api/product
    s');
    const products = response.data as Product[];
    let counter = 1;
```

#### **FETCH**

```
async function createCategory(category: Category, counter: number) {
  try {
    const categoryExist = await client.fetch(`*[_type=="category" && sl ug==$slug][0]`, { slug: category.slug });

    if (categoryExist) {
        return categoryExist._id;
    }

    const catObj = {
        _type: "category",
        _id: category.slug + "-" + counter,
        name: category.name,
        slug: category.slug
    };

    const response = await client.createOrReplace(catObj);

// Debugging: Log the asset returned by Sanity
    console.log('Category created successfully', response);

return response._id; // Return the uploaded image asset reference I
    }

    catch (error) {
        console.error('X Failed to category:', category.name, error);
}
```

# 4. Data Processing

Map the fetched data to match the desired schema structure for Sanity CMS.

```
<div className="flex flex-col md:flex-row gap-8 mt-8">
              {products.map((product) => (
                 key={product._id}
                 className="w-full md:w-[350px] lg:w-[700px] h-auto group"
                 <Image</pre>
                   src={product.image}
                   alt={product.name}
                   width={800}
                   height={800}
                   {product._id === products[0]?._id} // Set priority for the first image
                   className="w-full h-[80%] object-cover transition-transform duration-300 eas
   e-in-out group-hover:scale-105"
                 <div className="mt-4 text-[#2A254B]">
                   {product.name}
                   ${product.price}
```

# 5. Sanity Document Creation

Use Sanity's createOrReplace method to populate the CMS with the processed data.

#### **Example:**

```
import { createClient } from '@sanity/client';
import dotenv from "dotenv"

dotenv.config()
export const client = createClient({
   projectId: process.env.projectId, // Replace with your project ID
   dataset: 'production', // Or your dataset name
   apiVersion: '2024-01-04', // Today's date or latest API version
   useCdn: false, // Disable CDN for real-time updates
   token: process.env.token,
}
```

# 6. Error Handling

Ensure smooth data processing with robust error handling and data validation.

#### **Try-Catch Blocks**

Wrap API calls and processing logic in try-catch blocks to handle errors gracefully.

```
async function importData() {
   try {
      // Fetch data from external API
      const response = await axios.get<Product[]>('https://hackathon-api
s.vercel.app/api/products');
      const products = response.data as Product[];
   let counter = 1;
         // Iterate over the products for (const product of products) {
  let imageRef: string | null = null; // Define type for imageRef
  let catRef: string | null = null; // Define type for catRef
              // Upload image and get asset reference if it exists
if (product.image) {
   imageRef = await uploadImageToSanity(product.image);
}
catRef = await createCategory(category, counter);
             const sanityProduct = {
   _id: `product-${counter}`, // Prefix the ID to ensure validity
   _type: 'product',
   name: product.name,
                       une: product.name,
lug: {
   _type: 'slug',
   current: slugify(product.name || 'default-product', {
      lower: true, // Ensure the slug is lowercase
      strict: true, // Remove special characters
                   slug:
                   },
price: product.price,
                   category: {
    _type: 'reference',
    _ref: catRef ? catRef : undefined
                   },
},
tags: product.tags ? product.tags : [],
quantity: 50,
image: imageRef ? {
   _type: 'image',
                       lage : ImageRef : {
    _type: 'lmage',
    asset: {
    _type: 'reference',
    _ref: 1mageRef, // Set the correct asset reference ID
                   } : undefined,
description: product.description ? product.description : "A tim
description: product.description ; product.description : "A time design, with premium materials features as one of our most popular and iconic pieces. The dandy chair is perfect for any stylish living space with beech legs and lambskin leather upholstery.",

features: product.features ? product.features : [

"Premium material",

"Handmade upholstery",

"Quality timeless classic",
                  dimensions: product.dimensions ? product.dimensions : {
   _type: 'dimensions', // Custom object type for dimensions
   height: "110cm",
   width: "75cm",
   depth: "50cm",
              };
counter++;
// Log the product before attempting to upload it to Sanity
console.log('Uploading product:', sanityProduct);
              // Import data into Sanity
await client.createOrReplace(sanityProduct);
console.log(` Imported product: ${sanityProduct.name}`);
     console.log(' ☑ Data import completed!');
} catch (error) {
  console.error(' ※ Error importing data:', error);
importData();
```

# **Adjustments Made to Schemas**

This schema was directly copied from the original source without any modifications. No adjustments or changes have been made to the structure, attributes, or properties of the schema. It is being used as-is to maintain consistency with the original design or requirements.

#### PRODUCT SCHEMAS

```
import { defineType, defineField } from "sanity";
export const product = defineType({
  name: "product",
title: "Product",
type: "document",
   fields: [
     defineField({
       definerless(;
    name: "category",
    title: "Category",
    type: "reference",
    to: [{ type: "category" }],
         validation: (rule) => rule.required(),
      }),
defineField({
        name: "name",
title: "Title",
validation: (rule) => rule.required(),
      }),
defineField({
        name: "slug",
title: "slug",
validation: (rule) => rule.required(),
        options: {
   source: "name", // Automatically generate the slug based on the product name
   maxLength: 96, // Optionally, limit the length of the slug
      }),
defineField({
        ratherleid({
    name: "image",
    title: "Product Image",
    type: "image",
    validation: (rule) => rule.required(),
      }),
defineField({
         validation: (rule) => rule.required().min(0), // Ensure price is non-negative
      }),
defineField({
        name: "quantity",
title: "Quantity",
type: "number",
         validation: (rule) => rule.min(0), // Allow 0 for out-of-stock items
      }),
defineField({
        name: "tags",
title: "Tags",
type: "array",
of: [{ type: "string" }],
      }),
defineField({
        terine:Edl({
    name: "description",
    title: "Description",
    type: "text",
    description: "Detailed description of the product",
      }),
defineField({
        name: "features",
title: "Features",
type: "array",
of: [{ type: "string" }],
description: "List of key features of the product",
      name: "dimensions",
title: "Dimensions",
        description: "Dimensions of the product",
```

#### **CATEGORY SCHEMAS**

```
import { defineType, defineField } from "sanity";
export const Category = defineType({
 name: "category",
 title: "Category",
 type: "document",
 fields: [
  defineField({
     name: "name"
     title: "Name",
    type: "string",
    validation: (rule) =>
       rule.required().min(2).max(50).warning("Name should be descriptive."),
  defineField({
    name: "slug'
     title: "Slug",
     type: "slug",
     validation: (rule) => rule.required(),
       source: "name", // Automatically generate the slug from the "name" field
       maxLength: 96, // Limit the length of the slug
   defineField({
     name: "description",
     title: "Description",
     type: "text",
     description: "Optional description of the category.",
     validation: (rule) => rule.max(200),
```

# **Migration Steps and Tools Used**

#### 1. Preparation

- Objective: Verified API access and prepared a comprehensive plan to map the API response to Sanity schemas.
- Actions Taken:
  - o Analyzed the API structure and ensured necessary endpoints were accessible.
  - o Designed a schema mapping strategy to align the API data with Sanity's schema requirements.

### 2. Data Import Script

- Objective: Created a robust script to fetch, process, and import data into Sanity.
- Actions Taken: o Developed a script using Node.js to fetch data from the API.

Processed the API response to format it according to Sanity schema definitions. • Imported the processed data into Sanity using the Sanity Client.

# 3. Image Handling

- Objective: Managed image assets by uploading and associating them with relevant documents.
- Actions Taken: Outilized Sanity's Assets API to upload images efficiently. Attached the uploaded images to the corresponding documents. Implemented hotspot and crop options for enhanced image customization within Sanity.

#### 4. Document Creation

- Objective: Iteratively created and updated documents in Sanity using the processed data.
- Actions Taken:
  - Used the createOrReplace method in Sanity to ensure seamless updates or additions of documents.
  - o Performed multiple iterations to validate and refine document creation for accuracy.

#### **Tools Used**

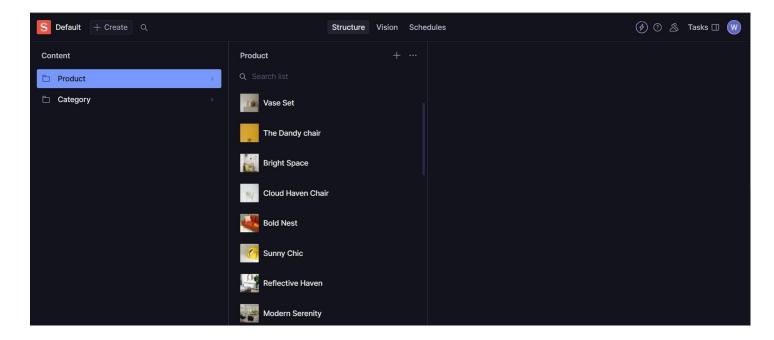
#### **Node.js Modules**

- 1. sanity/client: Used for interacting with the Sanity API to create and manage content.
- 2. **axios:** Used for fetching data from the external API.
- 3. **dotenv:** Used for managing environment variables securely.

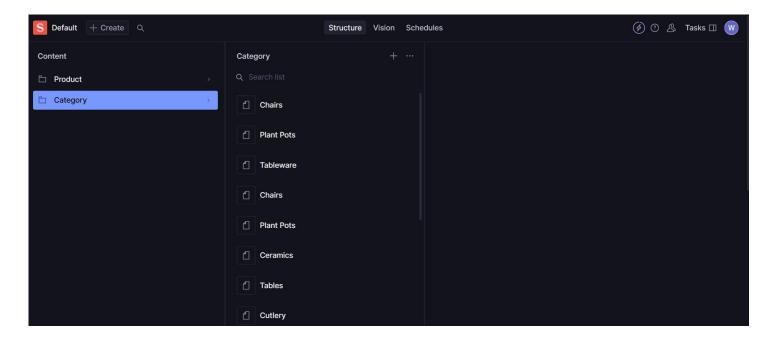
#### **Sanity Features**

- Hotspot and Crop Options: Leveraged for precise image adjustments and customization.
- Create or Replace Method: Ensured smooth and error-free document updates or additions.

SANITY CMS FIELDS PRODUCTS



#### SANITY CMS FIELDS CATEGORY



DATA DISPLAYED BY
SANITY IN FRONTEND

#### **Our Popular Products**







Day 3 Checklist: Self-Validation Checklist: API Understanding:

**Schema Validation:** 

 $\Box$ 

**Data Migration:** 

**API Integration in Next.js:** 

**Submission Preparation:**