一、实验内容

- 1、 实验内容一
- (1) 在主机上安装 arptables, iptables, 用于禁止每个节点的相应功能
 - sudo apt install arptables iptables
- (2) 运行给定网络拓扑(router topo.py)
 - 路由器节点 r1 上执行脚本(disable_arp.sh, disable_icmp.sh, disable_ip_forward.sh), 禁止协议栈的相应功能
 - 终端节点 h1-h3 上执行脚本 disable_offloading.sh
- (3) 在 rl 上执行路由器程序
 - 在 rl 中运行./router, 进行数据包的处理
- (4) 在 h1 上进行 ping 实验
 - Ping 10.0.1.1 (r1), 能够 ping 通
 - Ping 10.0.2.22 (h2), 能够 ping 通
 - Ping 10.0.3.33 (h3), 能够 ping 通
 - Ping 10.0.3.11, 返回 ICMP Destination Host Unreachable
 - Ping 10.0.4.1, 返回 ICMP Destination Net Unreachable
- 2、 实验内容二
- (1) 构造一个包含多个路由器节点组成的网络
 - 手动配置每个路由器节点的路由表
 - 有两个终端节点,通过路由器节点相连,两节点之间的跳数不少于 3 跳,手动配置其默 认路由表
- (2) 连通性测试
 - 终端节点 ping 每个路由器节点的入端口 IP 地址,能够 ping 通
- (3) 路径测试
 - 在一个终端节点上 traceroute 另一节点,能够正确输出路径上每个节点的 IP 信息

二、实验流程

- 1、实验内容一
- (1) 在主机上安装 arptables, iptables, 用于禁止每个节点的相应功能 sudo apt install arptables iptables
- (2) 修改 arpcache.c → ARP 缓存管理:

#include "log.h"

```
int arpcache_lookup(u32 ip4, u8 mac[ETH_ALEN])
{
    fprintf(stderr, "TODO: lookup ip address in arp cache.\n");
```

```
pthread mutex lock(&arpcache.lock);
    for (int i=0; i<MAX ARP SIZE; i++) {
          if (arpcache.entries[i].valid == 1 && arpcache.entries[i].ip4 == ip4) {
              memcpy(mac, arpcache.entries[i].mac, ETH ALEN);
              pthread mutex unlock(&arpcache.lock);
              return 1;
     }
    pthread mutex unlock(&arpcache.lock);
    return 0;
}
void arpcache append packet(iface info t *iface, u32 ip4, char *packet, int len)
{
    fprintf(stderr, "TODO: append the ip address if lookup failed, and send arp request if necessary.\n");
    pthread mutex lock(&arpcache.lock);
    struct arp req *req entry = NULL, *req q;
    list for each entry safe(req entry, req q, &(arpcache.req list), list) {
         if (req entry->ip4 == ip4) {
              struct cached pkt *pkt entry = (struct cached pkt *)malloc(sizeof(struct cached pkt));
              memset(pkt entry, 0, sizeof(struct cached pkt));
              init list head(&(pkt entry->list));
              pkt entry->packet = packet;
              pkt entry->len = len;
              list add tail(&pkt entry->list, &req entry->cached packets);
              pthread mutex unlock(&arpcache.lock);
              return:
          }
     }
    req entry = (struct arp req *)malloc(sizeof(struct arp req));
    memset(req entry, 0, sizeof(struct arp req));
    init list head(&(req entry->list));
    req entry->iface = iface;
    req entry->ip4 = ip4;
```

```
req entry->sent = time(NULL);
    req entry->retries = 0;
    init list head(&(req entry->cached packets));
    list add tail(&req entry->list, &(arpcache.req list));
    struct cached pkt *pkt entry = (struct cached pkt *)malloc(sizeof(struct cached pkt));
    memset(pkt entry, 0, sizeof(struct cached pkt));
    pkt entry->packet = packet;
    pkt entry->len = len;
     list add tail(&pkt entry->list, &req entry->cached packets);
    pthread mutex unlock(&arpcache.lock);
    arp send request(iface, ip4);
}
int get an empty entry(void)
    for (int i=0; i<MAX ARP SIZE; i++) {
         if (arpcache.entries[i].valid == 0) {
              return i;
    return rand() % MAX ARP SIZE;
}
void arpcache insert(u32 ip4, u8 mac[ETH ALEN])
     fprintf(stderr, "TODO: insert ip->mac entry, and send all the pending packets.\n");
    pthread mutex lock(&arpcache.lock);
    // if the mapping of ip to mac already exist, update
    for (int i=0; i<MAX ARP SIZE; i++) {
         if (arpcache.entries[i].valid == 1 && arpcache.entries[i].ip4 == ip4) {
              memcpy(arpcache.entries[i].mac, mac, ETH ALEN);
              arpcache.entries[i].added = time(NULL);
              pthread mutex unlock(&arpcache.lock);
              return;
```

```
}
    // find an empty entry and fill it with new mapping
    int entry id = get an empty entry();
    arpcache.entries[entry id].ip4 = ip4;
    arpcache.entries[entry id].added = time(NULL);
    arpcache.entries[entry id].valid = 1;
    memcpy(arpcache.entries[entry id].mac, mac, ETH ALEN);
    struct arp req *req entry = NULL, *req q;
    list for each entry safe(req entry, req q, &(arpcache.req list), list) {
         if (req entry->ip4 == ip4) {
              struct cached pkt *pkt entry, *pkt q;
              list for each entry safe(pkt entry, pkt q, &(req entry->cached packets), list) {
                   struct ether header *eh = (struct ether header *)pkt entry->packet;
                   memcpy(eh->ether dhost, mac, ETH ALEN);
                   memcpy(eh->ether shost, req entry->iface->mac, ETH ALEN);
                   eh->ether type = htons(ETH P IP);
                   iface send packet(req entry->iface, pkt entry->packet, pkt entry->len);
                   list delete entry(&(pkt entry->list));
                   free(pkt entry->packet);
                   free(pkt entry);
              }
              list delete entry(&(req entry->list));
              free(req entry);
    }
    pthread mutex unlock(&arpcache.lock);
}
void *arpcache sweep(void *arg)
{
    while (1) {
         sleep(1);
         // fprintf(stderr, "TODO: sweep arpcache periodically: remove old entries, resend arp
    requests .\n");
         pthread mutex lock(&arpcache.lock);
```

```
for (int i=0; i<MAX ARP SIZE; i++) {
             if ( arpcache.entries[i].valid == 1 && (time(NULL) - arpcache.entries[i].added >
ARP ENTRY TIMEOUT)) {
                  arpcache.entries[i].valid = 0;
         }
         struct arp req *req entry = NULL, *req q;
         list for each entry safe(req entry, req q, &(arpcache.req list), list) {
             if (time(NULL) - req entry->sent > 1) {
                  (req entry->retries)++;
                  if(req entry->retries > ARP REQUEST MAX RETRIES){
                       struct cached pkt *pkt entry, *pkt q;
                       list for each entry safe(pkt entry, pkt q, &(req entry->cached packets), list) {
                           //ICMP Destination Host Unreachable
                           log(DEBUG, "handle icmp host unreach packet\n");
                           icmp send packet(pkt entry->packet,
                                                                                    pkt entry->len,
ICMP DEST UNREACH, ICMP HOST UNREACH);
                           list delete entry(&(pkt entry->list));
                           free(pkt entry->packet);
                           free(pkt entry);
                       }
                       list delete entry(&(req entry->list));
                       free(req entry);
                  }
                  else{
                       req entry->sent = time(NULL);
                       arp send request(req entry->iface, req entry->ip4);
             }
         }
         pthread mutex unlock(&arpcache.lock);
    }
    return NULL;
```

```
(3) 修改 arp.c → ARP 请求和应答处理:
#include "log.h"
const u8 eth broadcast addr[] = { 0xff, 0x
const u8 arp request addr[] = { 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00 };
void arp send request(iface info t *iface, u32 dst ip)
{
         fprintf(stderr, "TODO: send arp request when lookup failed in arpcache.\n");
         char *packet = (char *)malloc(ETHER HDR SIZE + sizeof(struct ether arp));
         memset(packet, 0, ETHER HDR SIZE + sizeof(struct ether arp));
         struct ether header *eh = (struct ether header *)packet;
         memcpy(eh->ether dhost, eth broadcast addr, ETH ALEN);
         memcpy(eh->ether shost, iface->mac, ETH ALEN);
         eh->ether type = htons(ETH P ARP);
         struct ether arp *arp = (struct ether arp *)(packet + ETHER HDR SIZE);
         arp->arp hrd = htons(ARPHRD ETHER);
         arp->arp pro = htons(ETH P IP);
         arp->arp hln = ETH ALEN;
         arp - > arp pln = 4;
         arp->arp op = htons(ARPOP REQUEST);
         memcpy(arp->arp sha, iface->mac, ETH ALEN);
         arp->arp spa = htonl(iface->ip);
         memcpy(arp->arp tha, arp request addr, ETH ALEN);
         arp->arp tpa = htonl(dst ip);
         iface send packet(iface, packet, ETHER HDR SIZE + sizeof(struct ether arp));
         free(packet);
         log(DEBUG, "handle arp send request packet\n");
}
void arp send reply(iface info t *iface, struct ether arp *req hdr)
         fprintf(stderr, "TODO: send arp reply when receiving arp request.\n");
         char *packet = (char *)req hdr - ETHER HDR SIZE;
         struct ether header *eh = (struct ether header *)packet;
```

```
//log(DEBUG,
                    "arp shost:"
                                      ETHER STRING
                                                                 eh shost:"
                                                                               ETHER STRING,
ETHER FMT(req hdr->arp sha), ETHER FMT(eh->ether shost));
    memcpy(eh->ether dhost, eh->ether shost, ETH ALEN);
    memcpy(eh->ether shost, iface->mac, ETH ALEN);
    eh->ether type = htons(ETH P ARP);
    req hdr->arp op = htons(ARPOP REPLY);
    memcpy(req hdr->arp tha, req hdr->arp sha, ETH ALEN);
    req hdr->arp tpa = req hdr->arp spa;
    memcpy(req hdr->arp sha, iface->mac, ETH ALEN);
    req hdr->arp spa = htonl(iface->ip);
    iface send packet(iface, packet, ETHER_HDR_SIZE + sizeof(struct ether_arp));
}
void handle arp packet(iface info t *iface, char *packet, int len)
    fprintf(stderr, "TODO: process arp packet: arp request & arp reply.\n");
    struct ether arp *arp = (struct ether arp *)(packet + ETHER HDR SIZE);
    log(DEBUG, "handle arp packet\n");
    if (ntohs(arp->arp_op) == ARPOP_REQUEST) {
         if (ntohl(arp->arp tpa) == iface->ip) {
             //log(DEBUG, "got packet from %s, %d bytes, proto id: %d\n", iface->name, len,
ntohs(arp->arp op));
             arpcache insert(ntohl(arp->arp spa), arp->arp sha);
             arp send reply(iface, arp);
         }
    }
    else if (ntohs(arp->arp op) == ARPOP REPLY) {
         if (ntohl(arp->arp tpa) == iface->ip) {
             arpcache insert(ntohl(arp->arp spa), arp->arp sha);
    }
    else {
         log(ERROR, "Unknown arp packet type 0x%04hx, ingore it.", ntohs(arp->arp op));
```

```
free(packet);
}
void iface send packet by arp(iface info t*iface, u32 dst ip, char *packet, int len)
    struct ether header *eh = (struct ether header *)packet;
    // memcpy(eh->ether shost, iface->mac, ETH ALEN);
    // eh->ether type = htons(ETH P IP);
    u8 dst mac[ETH ALEN];
    int found = arpcache lookup(dst ip, dst mac);
    if (found) {
         // log(DEBUG, "found the mac of %x, send this packet", dst ip);
         memcpy(eh->ether shost, iface->mac, ETH ALEN);
         eh->ether type = htons(ETH P IP);
         memcpy(eh->ether dhost, dst mac, ETH ALEN);
         iface send packet(iface, packet, len);
         // free(packet);
    }
    else {
         // log(DEBUG, "lookup %x failed, pend this packet", dst ip);
         arpcache append packet(iface, dst ip, packet, len);
    }
}
(4) 修改 ip.c → IP 数据包的处理:
#include "types.h"
#include "rtable.h"
#include "icmp.h"
#include "arp.h"
#include "log.h"
void handle ip packet(iface info t *iface, char *packet, int len)
{
    fprintf(stderr, "TODO: handle ip packet.\n");
    struct iphdr *iphdr = packet to ip hdr(packet);
    log(DEBUG, "handle ip packet\n");
    if (iphdr->protocol == IPPROTO_ICMP) {
```

```
unsigned char *icmp type = (unsigned char *)iphdr + IP HDR SIZE(iphdr);
         if (*icmp type == ICMP ECHOREQUEST && ntohl(iphdr->daddr) == iface->ip) {
              log(DEBUG, "handle icmp request packet\n");
              icmp send packet(packet, len, ICMP ECHOREPLY, 0);
              return;
         log(DEBUG, "forward icmp packet\n");
    }
    u32 dest ip = ntohl(iphdr->daddr);
    rt entry t *rt dest = longest prefix match(dest ip);
    if (rt dest) { // forward the packet
         iphdr->ttl = iphdr->ttl - 1;
         if (iphdr->ttl <= 0) { //ICMP TTL equals 0 during transit
              log(DEBUG, "handle icmp ttl 0 packet\n");
              icmp send packet(packet, len, ICMP TIME EXCEEDED, ICMP EXC TTL);
         }
         else {
              iphdr->checksum = ip checksum(iphdr);
              if (rt dest->gw == 0) {
                  iface send packet by arp(rt dest->iface, dest ip, packet, len);
              }
              else {
                  iface_send_packet_by_arp(rt_dest->iface, rt_dest->gw, packet, len);
              }
         }
    else { //ICMP Dest Network Unreachable
         log(DEBUG, "handle icmp net unreach packet\n");
         icmp send packet(packet, len, ICMP DEST UNREACH, ICMP NET UNREACH);
    }
}
(5) 修改 icmp.c → 发送 ICMP 包:
#include <string.h>
void icmp send packet(const char *in pkt, int len, u8 type, u8 code)
{
    fprintf(stderr, "TODO: malloc and send icmp packet.\n");
    struct ether header *in eh = (struct ether header *)in pkt;
```

```
struct iphdr *in iphdr = packet to ip hdr(in pkt);
    int len icmp = len - ETHER HDR SIZE - IP HDR SIZE(in iphdr);
    int packet len;
    if(type == ICMP ECHOREPLY)
        packet len = ETHER HDR SIZE + IP BASE HDR SIZE + len icmp;
    else
        packet len = ETHER HDR SIZE + IP BASE HDR SIZE + ICMP HDR SIZE +
IP HDR SIZE(in iphdr) + ICMP COPIED DATA LEN;
    char *packet = (char *)malloc(packet len);
    struct ether header *eh = (struct ether header *)packet;
    memcpy(eh->ether dhost, in eh->ether shost, ETH ALEN);
    memcpy(eh->ether shost, in eh->ether dhost, ETH ALEN);
    eh->ether type = htons(ETH P IP);
    struct iphdr *iphdr = packet to ip hdr(packet);
    rt entry t *src entry = longest prefix match(ntohl(in iphdr->saddr));
    ip init hdr(iphdr, src entry->iface->ip, ntohl(in iphdr->saddr), packet len - ETHER HDR SIZE,
IPPROTO ICMP);
    struct icmphdr *icmp = (struct icmphdr *)(packet + ETHER HDR SIZE + IP BASE HDR SIZE);
    if (type == ICMP ECHOREPLY) {
        memcpy((char*)icmp, (in pkt + ETHER HDR SIZE + IP HDR SIZE(in iphdr)), len icmp);
        icmp->type = type;
        icmp->code = code;
    }
    else {
        icmp->type = type;
        icmp->code = code;
        memset((char*)icmp + 4, 0, 4);
        memcpy((char*)icmp
                                     8.
                                            (char*)in iphdr,
                                                             IP HDR SIZE(in iphdr)
ICMP COPIED DATA LEN);
    }
    icmp->checksum =
                           icmp checksum(icmp,
                                                packet len -
                                                                    ETHER HDR SIZE
IP BASE HDR SIZE);
    ip send packet(packet, packet len);
```

```
free(packet);
}
(6) 修改 ip base.c → 最长前缀匹配和发送 IP 包:
#include "log.h"
rt entry t *longest prefix match(u32 dst)
{
    fprintf(stderr, "TODO: longest prefix match for the packet.\n");
    rt entry t *rtb = NULL;
    rt entry t *rt dest = NULL;
    u32 max mask = 0;
    list for each entry(rtb, &rtable, list) {
         if ( (rtb->dest & rtb->mask) == (dst & rtb->mask) && (rtb->mask > max | mask || (rtb->mask ==
0 \&\& \max \max == 0)))
              rt dest = rtb;
              max mask = rtb->mask;
    return rt dest;
}
void ip send packet(char *packet, int len)
{
    fprintf(stderr, "TODO: send ip packet.\n");
    struct iphdr *iphdr = packet to ip hdr(packet);
    u32 dest ip = ntohl(iphdr->daddr);
    rt entry t *rt dest = longest prefix match(dest ip);
    iface send packet(rt dest->iface, packet, len);
}
(7) 修改 device internal.c:
void iface send packet(iface info t *iface, const char *packet, int len)
{
    struct sockaddr 11 addr;
    memset(&addr, 0, sizeof(struct sockaddr 11));
    addr.sll family = AF PACKET;
    addr.sll ifindex = iface->index;
    addr.sll halen = ETH ALEN;
    addr.sll protocol = htons(ETH P ARP);
```

```
struct ether header *eh = (struct ether header *)packet;
    memcpy(addr.sll addr, eh->ether dhost, ETH ALEN);
    if (sendto(iface->fd, packet, len, 0, (const struct sockaddr *)&addr,
                sizeof(struct sockaddr 11)) < 0) {
        perror("Send raw packet failed");
    }
   // free((char *)packet);
}
(8) 执行命令 make, 生成可执行程序 router:
    wasder@WASDER:~/exp2/4-router$ make
(9) 运行给定网络拓扑(router topo.py):
    wasder@WASDER:~/exp2/4-router$ sudo python3 router topo.py
                                             10.0.2.22/24
     10.0.1.11/24
        Host 1
                                                Host 2
                                10.0.2.1/24
               10.0.1.1/24
                                10.0.3.1/24
                            Host 3
                          10.0.3.33/24
(10) 路由器节点 r1 上执行脚本(disable arp.sh, disable icmp.sh, disable ip forward.sh), 禁止协议栈
    的相应功能
    mininet> xterm r1
    r1# cd scripts/
    r1# /disable arp.sh
    rl# /disable icmp.sh
```

r1# /disable ip forward.sh

h?# ./disable offloading.sh

mininet> xterm h1 h2 h3

h?# cd scripts/

r1# cd ..
r1# ./router

(11) 终端节点 h1-h3 上执行脚本 disable offloading.sh

(12) 在 r1 上执行路由器程序(在 r1 中运行./router,进行数据包的处理)

(13) 在 h1 上进行 ping 实验

- Ping 10.0.1.1 (r1), 能够 ping 通
- Ping 10.0.2.22 (h2), 能够 ping 通
- Ping 10.0.3.33 (h3), 能够 ping 通
- Ping 10.0.3.11,返回 ICMP Destination Host Unreachable
- Ping 10.0.4.1, 返回 ICMP Destination Net Unreachable

```
"Node: h1"
                                                                                                                    _ D X
root@WASDER:/home/wasder/exp2/4-router# ping 10.0.1.1 -c 4
PING 10.0.1.1 (10.0.1.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.1.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.192 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.1.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.134 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.1.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.317 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.1.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.151 ms
    - 10.0.1.1 ping statistics -
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3057ms rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.134/0.198/0.317/0.071 ms
root@WASDER:/home/wasder/exp2/4-router# ping 10.0.2.22 -c 4
PING 10.0.2.22 (10.0.2.22) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.2.22: icmp_seq=1 ttl=63 time=0.260 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.22: icmp_seq=2 ttl=63 time=0.336 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.22: icmp_seq=3 ttl=63 time=0.508 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.22: icmp_seq=4 ttl=63 time=0.437 ms
  -- 10.0.2.22 ping statistics ·
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3058ms rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.260/0.385/0.508/0.094 ms root@WASDER:/home/wasder/exp2/4-router# ping 10.0.3.33 -c 4 PING 10.0.3.33 (10.0.3.33) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.3.33: icmp_seq=1 ttl=63 time=0.233 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.3.33: icmp_seq=2 ttl=63 time=0.260 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.3.33: icmp_seq=3 ttl=63 time=0.179 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.3.33: icmp_seq=4 ttl=63 time=0.205 ms
  -- 10.0.3.33 ping statistics -
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3085ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.179/0.219/0.260/0.030 ms
root@WASDER:/home/wasder/exp2/4-router# ping 10.0.3.11 -c 4
PING 10.0.3.11 (10.0.3.11) 56(84) bytes of data.
From 10.0.1.1 icmp_seq=1 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.0.1.1 icmp_seq=2 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.0.1.1 icmp_seq=3 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.0.1.1 icmp_seq=4 Destination Host Unreachable
  --- 10.0.3.11 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 0 received, +4 errors, 100% packet loss, time 3109ms
pipe 4
root@WASDER:/home/wasder/exp2/4-router# ping 10.0.4.1 -c 4
PING 10.0.4.1 (10.0.4.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
From 10.0.1.1 icmp_seq=1 Destination Net Unreachable
From 10.0.1.1 icmp_seq=2 Destination Net Unreachable
From 10.0.1.1 icmp_seq=3 Destination Net Unreachable
From 10.0.1.1 icmp_seq=4 Destination Net Unreachable
  -- 10.0.4.1 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 0 received, +4 errors, 100% packet loss, time 3095ms
```

2、 实验内容二

```
(1) 建立 four node ring.py 的副本 seven node ring.py:
     wasder@WASDER:~/exp2/4-router$ cp router topo.py router topo copy.py
(2) 根据所需拓扑修改 router_topo_copy.py:
class RouterTopo(Topo):
    def build(self):
         h1 = self.addHost('h1')
         h2 = self.addHost('h2')
         r1 = self.addHost('r1')
         r2 = self.addHost('r2')
         r3 = self.addHost('r3')
         r4 = self.addHost('r4')
         r5 = self.addHost('r5')
         self.addLink(h1, r1)
         self.addLink(r1, r2)
         self.addLink(r1, r3)
         self.addLink(r2, r4)
         self.addLink(r3, r4)
         self.addLink(r4, r5)
         self.addLink(r5, h2)
if name == ' main ':
    check scripts()
    topo = RouterTopo()
    net = Mininet(topo = topo, controller = None)
    h1, h2, r1, r2, r3, r4, r5 = net.get('h1', 'h2', 'r1', 'r2', 'r3', 'r4', 'r5')
    h1.cmd('ifconfig h1-eth0 10.0.1.11/24')
    h2.cmd('ifconfig h2-eth0 10.0.7.22/24')
    h1.cmd('route add default gw 10.0.1.1')
    h2.cmd('route add default gw 10.0.7.1')
    r1.cmd('ifconfig r1-eth0 10.0.1.1/24')
    r1.cmd('ifconfig r1-eth1 10.0.2.1/24')
    r1.cmd('ifconfig r1-eth2 10.0.3.1/24')
```

```
r2.cmd('ifconfig r2-eth0 10.0.2.2/24')
r2.cmd('ifconfig r2-eth1 10.0.4.1/24')
r3.cmd('ifconfig r3-eth0 10.0.3.2/24')
r3.cmd('ifconfig r3-eth1 10.0.5.1/24')
r4.cmd('ifconfig r4-eth0 10.0.4.2/24')
r4.cmd('ifconfig r4-eth1 10.0.5.2/24')
r4.cmd('ifconfig r4-eth2 10.0.6.1/24')
r5.cmd('ifconfig r5-eth0 10.0.6.2/24')
r5.cmd('ifconfig r5-eth1 10.0.7.1/24')
r1.cmd('route add -net 10.0.4.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.2.2 dev r1-eth1')
r1.cmd('route add -net 10.0.5.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.3.2 dev r1-eth2')
r1.cmd('route add -net 10.0.6.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.2.2 dev r1-eth1')
r1.cmd('route add -net 10.0.7.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.2.2 dev r1-eth1')
r2.cmd('route add -net 10.0.1.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.2.1 dev r2-eth0')
r2.cmd('route add -net 10.0.3.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.2.1 dev r2-eth0')
r2.cmd('route add -net 10.0.5.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.4.2 dev r2-eth1')
r2.cmd('route add -net 10.0.6.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.4.2 dev r2-eth1')
r2.cmd('route add -net 10.0.7.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.4.2 dev r2-eth1')
r3.cmd('route add -net 10.0.1.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.3.1 dev r3-eth0')
r3.cmd('route add -net 10.0.2.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.3.1 dev r3-eth0')
r3.cmd('route add -net 10.0.4.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.5.2 dev r3-eth1')
r3.cmd('route add -net 10.0.6.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.5.2 dev r3-eth1')
r3.cmd('route add -net 10.0.7.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.5.2 dev r3-eth1')
r4.cmd('route add -net 10.0.1.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.4.1 dev r4-eth0')
r4.cmd('route add -net 10.0.2.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.4.1 dev r4-eth0')
r4.cmd('route add -net 10.0.3.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.5.1 dev r4-eth1')
r4.cmd('route add -net 10.0.7.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.6.2 dev r4-eth2')
r5.cmd('route add -net 10.0.1.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.6.1 dev r5-eth0')
r5.cmd('route add -net 10.0.2.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.6.1 dev r5-eth0')
r5.cmd('route add -net 10.0.3.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.6.1 dev r5-eth0')
r5.cmd('route add -net 10.0.4.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.6.1 dev r5-eth0')
```

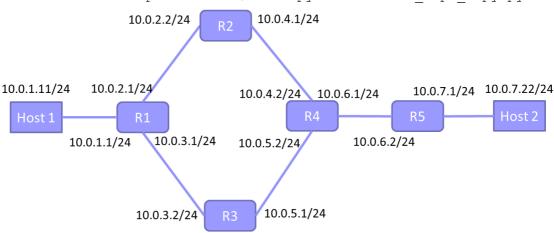
r5.cmd('route add -net 10.0.5.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 10.0.6.1 dev r5-eth0')

for n in (h1, h2, r1, r2, r3, r4, r5): n.cmd('./scripts/disable_offloading.sh') n.cmd('./scripts/disable_ipv6.sh') for n in (r1, r2, r3, r4, r5): n.cmd('./scripts/disable_arp.sh') n.cmd('./scripts/disable_icmp.sh')

n.cmd('./scripts/disable ip forward.sh')

(3) 运行给定网络拓扑(router topo.py):

wasder@WASDER:~/exp2/4-router\$ sudo python3 router topo copy.py



- (4) 在 rl-r5 上执行路由器程序(在 rl-r5 中运行./router, 进行数据包的处理) mininet> xterm r1 r2 r3 r4 r5 r?# ./router
- (5) 连通性测试 (终端节点 ping 每个路由器节点的入端口 IP 地址,能够 ping 通): mininet> xterm h1

```
"Node: h1"
                                                                                                          _ _
root@WASDER:/home/wasder/exp2/4-router# ping 10.0.1.1 -c 2
PING 10.0.1.1 (10.0.1.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.1.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.189 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.1.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.364 ms
 --- 10.0.1.1 ping statistics --
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1048ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.189/0.276/0.364/0.087 ms
root@WASDER:/home/wasder/exp2/4-router# ping 10.0.2.2 -c 2
PING 10.0.2.2 (10.0.2.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.2.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=63 time=0.498 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=63 time=0.257 ms
   -- 10.0.2.2 ping statistics -
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1046ms rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.257/0.377/0.498/0.120 ms root@WASDER:/home/wasder/exp2/4-router# ping 10.0.3.2 -c 2
PING 10.0.3.2 (10.0.3.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.3.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=63 time=0.614 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.3.2; icmp_seq=2 ttl=63 time=0.257 ms
 --- 10.0.3.2 ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1057ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.257/0.435/0.614/0.178 ms
root@WASDER:/home/wasder/exp2/4-router# ping 10.0.4.2 -c 2
PING 10.0.4.2 (10.0.4.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.4.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=62 time=0.893 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.4.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=62 time=0.420 ms
 --- 10.0.4.2 ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1001ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.420/0.656/0.893/0.236 ms
root@WASDER:/home/wasder/exp2/4-router# ping 10.0.5.2 -c 2
PING 10.0.5.2 (10.0.5.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.4.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=62 time=1.94 ms (DIFFERENT ADDRESS!)
64 bytes from 10.0.4.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=62 time=0.291 ms (DIFFERENT ADDRESS!)
  -- 10.0.5.2 ping statistics -
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1002ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.291/1.115/1.940/0.824 ms
root@WASDER:/home/wasder/exp2/4-router# ping 10.0.6.2 -c 2
PING 10.0.6.2 (10.0.6.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.6.2; icmp_seq=1 ttl=61 time=0.650 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.6.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=61 time=0.762 ms
 --- 10.0.6.2 ping statistics --
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1061ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.650/0.706/0.762/0.056 ms
root@WASDER:/home/wasder/exp2/4-router# ping 10.0.7.22 -c 2
PING 10,0,7,22 (10,0,7,22) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.7.22: icmp_seq=1 ttl=60 time=0.637 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.7.22: icmp_seq=2 ttl=60 time=1.19 ms
   -- 10.0.7.22 ping statistics --
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1039ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.637/0.913/1.189/0.276 ms
root@WASDER:/home/wasder/exp2/4-router#
```

wasder@WASDER:~/exp2/4-router\$ sudo apt install traceroute

(7) 路径测试(在一个终端节点上 traceroute 另一节点,能够正确输出路径上每个节点的 IP 信息):

如上图所示, h1 到 h2 路径为: h1 \rightarrow r1 \rightarrow r2 \rightarrow r4 \rightarrow r5 \rightarrow h2。