

## ▼ DECISION TREE CLASSIFIER

### ▼ STEP-1 IMPORT DATA

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv("mldata1.csv")
df.head()
```

	age	height	weight	gender	likeness
0	27	170.688	76.0	Male	Biryani
1	41	165	70.0	Male	Biryani
2	29	171	80.0	Male	Biryani
3	27	173	102.0	Male	Biryani

### ▼ Step-2 Making input and Output Variable

```
df["gender"] = df["gender"].replace("Male",1)
df["gender"] = df["gender"].replace("Female",0)
```

```
X = df[["weight","gender"]]
y = df["likeness"]
```

### ▼ Step-3 Making Machine Learning Model

```
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
model = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X,y)
model.predict([[50,1]])
```

Saving...



```
warnings.warn(
array(['Samosa'], dtype=object)
```

```
-packages/sklearn/base.py:439: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but DecisionTreeClassifier was fitted with feature names
```

### ▼ Step-4 Checking machine learning model performance

```

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.2)
model = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X_train,y_train)
predicted_values = model.predict(X_test)
predicted_values

```

```

array(['Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani',
       'Biryani', 'Samosa', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani',
       'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani',
       'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Samosa',
       'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Pakora', 'Biryani', 'Biryani',
       'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani',
       'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Pakora', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani',
       'Biryani'], dtype=object)

```

```

score = accuracy_score(y_test, predicted_values)
score

```

```
0.6326530612244898
```

## ▼ Step-5 Making Visualization

```

from sklearn import tree
model = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X,y)
tree.export_graphviz(model,out_file= "foodie.dot",
feature_names=["age","gender"],
class_names=sorted(y.unique()),
label="all",rounded=True,filled=True)

```

```

from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
import graphviz

# Create a sample dataset (replace this with your own data)
X = [[30, 0], [25, 1], [35, 1], [40, 0]]
y = ['No', 'Yes', 'Yes', 'No']

```

Saving...



```

model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
model.fit(X, y)

# Export the decision tree as a DOT file
dot_data = tree.export_graphviz(

```

```

    model,
    out_file=None,
    feature_names=["age", "gender"],
    class_names=sorted(set(y)),
    label="all",
    rounded=True,
    filled=True
)

# Save the DOT file
with open("foodie.dot", "w") as f:
    f.write(dot_data)

# Convert the DOT file to a visual representation (e.g., PDF, PNG, or SVG)
graph = graphviz.Source(dot_data)
graph.render(filename="foodie", format="pdf")

```

'foodie.pdf'

```

import graphviz
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

# Create a sample dataset
X = [[30, 0], [25, 1], [35, 1], [40, 0]]
y = ['No', 'Yes', 'Yes', 'No']

# Train the decision tree model
model = DecisionTreeClassifier()
model.fit(X, y)

# Export the decision tree as a DOT file
dot_data = tree.export_graphviz(
    model,
    out_file=None,
    feature_names=["age", "gender"],
    class_names=sorted(set(y)),
    label="all",
    rounded=True,
    filled=True
)

```

Saving...

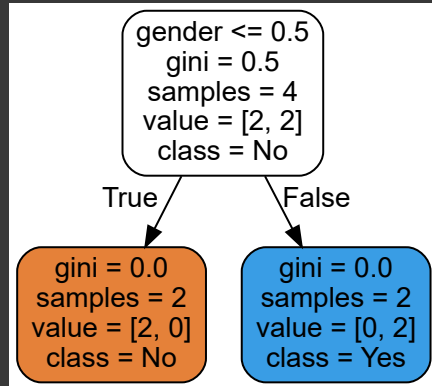


```

# Convert the DOT file to a visual representation
graph = graphviz.Source(dot_data)
graph.render("foodie", format="png")

```

```
# Display the decision tree
graph
```



```
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
import graphviz

# Load the dataset
iris = load_iris()
X = iris.data
y = iris.target

# Train the decision tree model
model = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X, y)

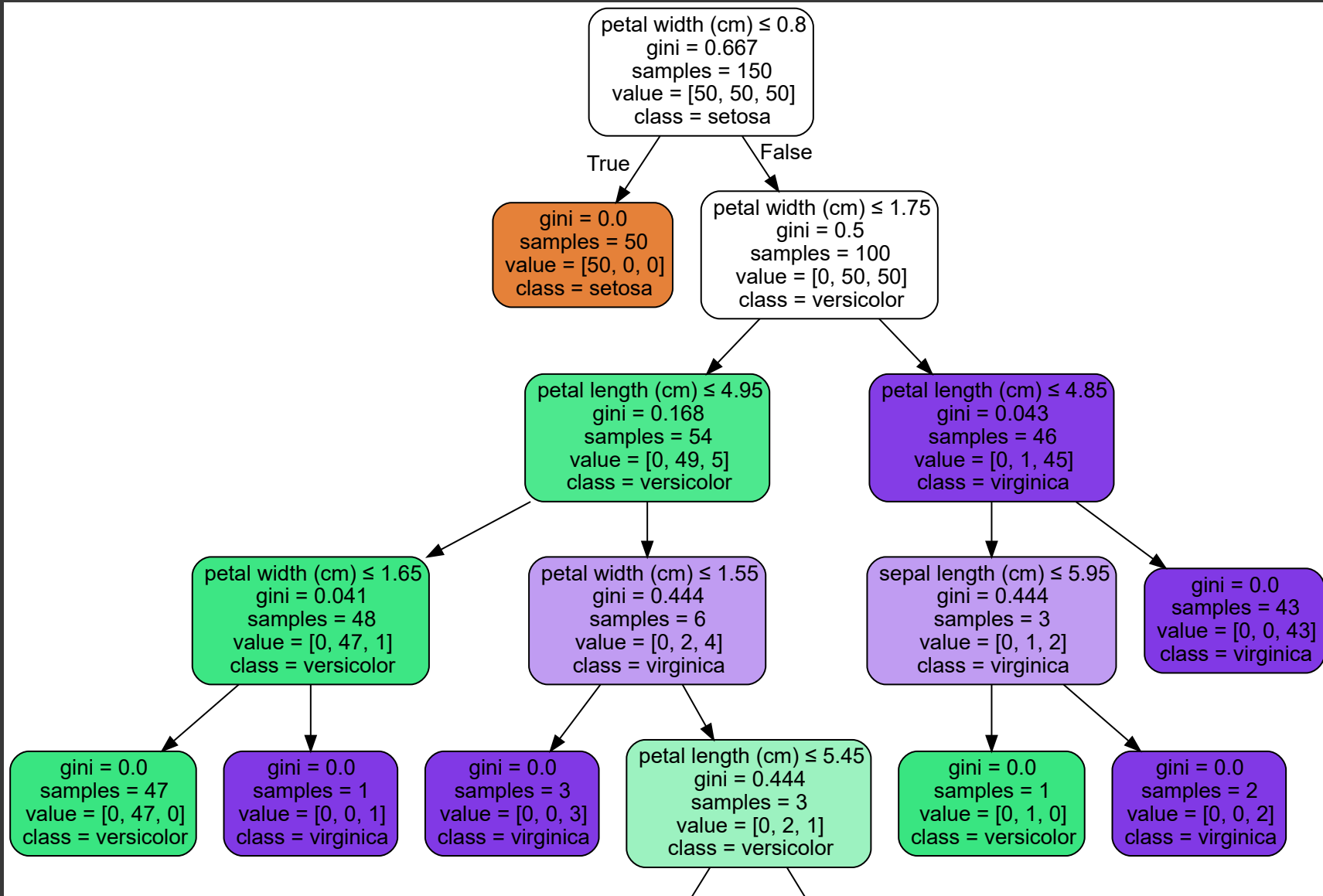
# Export the decision tree visualization to a .dot file
dot_data = tree.export_graphviz(model, out_file=None,
                                feature_names=iris.feature_names,
                                class_names=iris.target_names,
                                filled=True, rounded=True,
                                special_characters=True)

graph = graphviz.Source(dot_data)
graph.render("foodie") # Save the visualization as "foodie.pdf"

# Display the decision tree visualization
graph
```

Saving...





```
import pandas as pd
```

Saving...



DecisionTreeClassifier

```
import graphviz
```

```
# Create the dataset
```

```
data = {
    'age': [27, 41, 29, 27, 29],
```

```

'height': [170.688, 165, 171, 173, 164],
'weight': [76.0, 70.0, 80.0, 102.0, 67.0],
'gender': ['Male', 'Male', 'Male', 'Male', 'Male'],
'likeness': ['Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani']
}

```

```
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
```

```
# Split the dataset into features (X) and target (y)
```

```
X = df[['age', 'height', 'weight', 'gender']]
```

```
y = df['likeness']
```

```
# Train the decision tree model
```

```
model = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X, y)
```

```
# Export the decision tree visualization to a .dot file
```

```
dot_data = tree.export_graphviz(model, out_file=None,
                                feature_names=X.columns,
                                class_names=y.unique(),
                                filled=True, rounded=True,
                                special_characters=True)
```

```
graph = graphviz.Source(dot_data)
```

```
graph.render("foodie") # Save the visualization as "foodie.pdf"
```

```
# Display the decision tree visualization
```

```
graph
```

```
-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
```

```
<ipython-input-13-df4453425eb0> in <cell line: 22>()
```

```
20
```

```
21 # Train the decision tree model
```

```
----> 22 model = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X, y)
```

```
23
```

```
24 # Export the decision tree visualization to a .dot file
```

5 frames

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/core/generic.py in __array__(self, dtype)
```

```
2068
```

```
2069     def __array__(self, dtype: npt.DTypeLike | None = None) -> np.ndarray:
```

```
-> 2070         return np.asarray(self._values, dtype=dtype)
```

```
2071
```

```
2072     def __array_wrap__(
```

Saving...



string to float: 'Male'

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn import tree
```

```
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
import graphviz

# Create the dataset
data = {
    'age': [27, 41, 29, 27, 29],
    'height': [170.688, 165, 171, 173, 164],
    'weight': [76.0, 70.0, 80.0, 102.0, 67.0],
    'gender': ['Male', 'Male', 'Male', 'Male', 'Male'],
    'likeness': ['Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani']
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Split the dataset into features (X) and target (y)
X = df[['age', 'height', 'weight', 'gender']]
y = df['likeness']

# Perform one-hot encoding for the 'gender' feature
ct = ColumnTransformer(
    transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), ['gender'])],
    remainder='passthrough'
)
X = ct.fit_transform(X)

# Train the decision tree model
model = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X, y)

# Export the decision tree visualization to a .dot file
dot_data = tree.export_graphviz(model, out_file=None,
                                feature_names=ct.get_feature_names_out(),
                                class_names=y.unique(),
                                filled=True, rounded=True,
                                special_characters=True)

graph = graphviz.Source(dot_data)
graph.render("foodie") # Save the visualization as "foodie.pdf"

# Display the decision tree visualization
graph
```

Saving...



```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

```
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
import graphviz

# Generate random data
np.random.seed(0)
n_samples = 1000

data = {
    'feature1': np.random.randint(0, 10, n_samples),
    'feature2': np.random.randint(0, 10, n_samples),
    'feature3': np.random.randint(0, 10, n_samples),
    'feature4': np.random.randint(0, 10, n_samples),
    'target': np.random.choice(['A', 'B', 'C', 'D'], n_samples)
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Split the dataset into features (X) and target (y)
X = df.drop('target', axis=1)
y = df['target']

# Train the decision tree model
model = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X, y)

# Export the decision tree visualization to a .dot file
dot_data = tree.export_graphviz(model, out_file=None,
                                feature_names=X.columns,
                                class_names=y.unique(),
                                filled=True, rounded=True,
                                special_characters=True)

graph = graphviz.Source(dot_data)
graph.render("big_tree") # Save the visualization as "big_tree.pdf"

# Display the decision tree visualization
graph
```

Saving...





Saving...

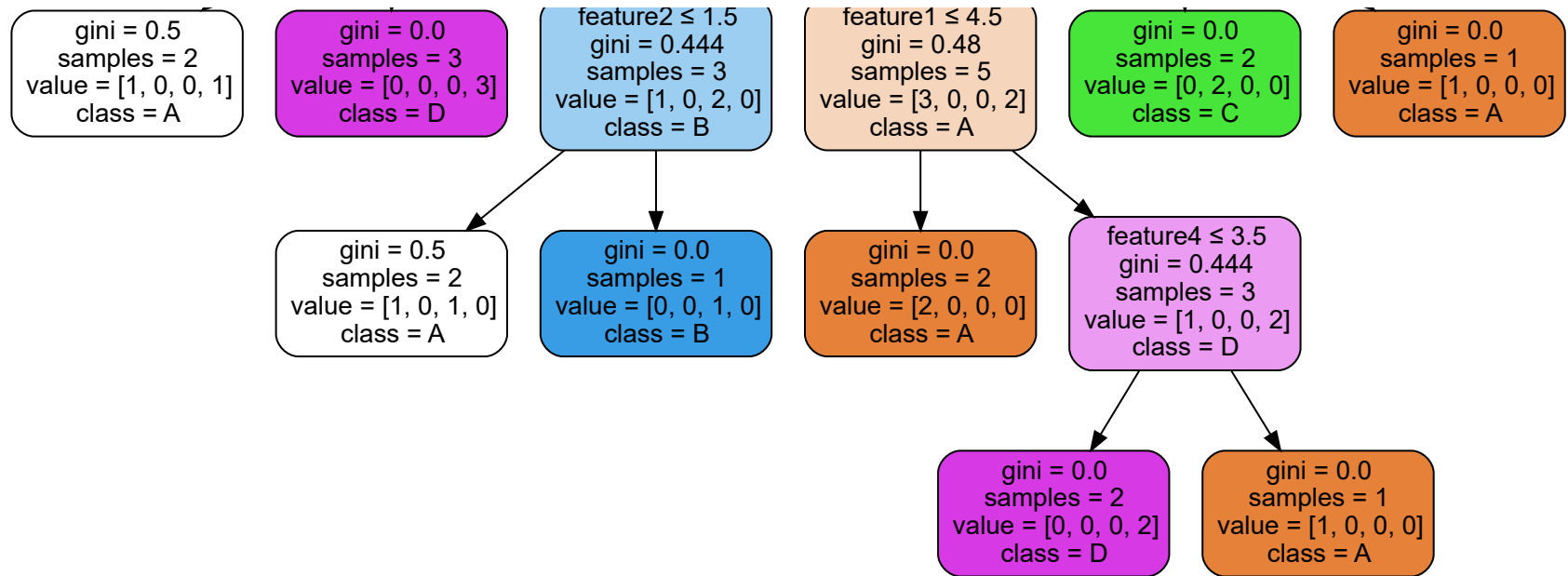


feature4  $\leq$  8.5  
gini = 0.715  
samples = 34  
value = [11, 7, 4, 12]  
class = D

```
graph TD; Node["feature4 ≤ 8.5  
gini = 0.715  
samples = 34  
value = [11, 7, 4, 12]  
class = D"] --> Left[" "]; Node --> Right[" "];
```



Saving...



Saving...



```

from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
import graphviz

```

```
# Create the dataset
data = {
    'age': [27, 41, 29, 27, 29],
    'height': [170.688, 165, 171, 173, 164],
    'weight': [76.0, 70.0, 80.0, 102.0, 67.0],
    'gender': ['Male', 'Male', 'Male', 'Male', 'Male'],
    'likeness': ['Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani']
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Split the dataset into features (X) and target (y)
X = df[['age', 'height', 'weight', 'gender']]
y = df['likeness']

# Perform one-hot encoding for the 'gender' feature
ct = ColumnTransformer(
    transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), ['gender'])],
    remainder='passthrough'
)
X = ct.fit_transform(X)

# Train the decision tree model with a larger max_depth
max_depth = 5 # Adjust this value to increase/decrease the depth of the tree
model = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=max_depth).fit(X, y)

# Export the decision tree visualization to a .dot file
dot_data = tree.export_graphviz(model, out_file=None,
                                feature_names=ct.get_feature_names_out(),
                                class_names=y.unique(),
                                filled=True, rounded=True,
                                special_characters=True)

graph = graphviz.Source(dot_data)
graph.render("foodie") # Save the visualization as "foodie.pdf"

# Display the decision tree visualization
graph
```

gini = 0.0  
samples = 5  
value = 5.0

Saving...



```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
```

```

import graphviz

# Create the dataset
data = {
    'age': [27, 41, 29, 27, 29],
    'height': [170.688, 165, 171, 173, 164],
    'weight': [76.0, 70.0, 80.0, 102.0, 67.0],
    'gender': ['Male', 'Male', 'Male', 'Male', 'Male'],
    'likeness': ['Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani']
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Split the dataset into features (X) and target (y)
X = df[['age', 'height', 'weight', 'gender']]
y = df['likeness']

# Perform one-hot encoding for the 'gender' feature
ct = ColumnTransformer(
    transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), [3])], # Assuming 'gender' is the 4th column (index 3)
    remainder='passthrough'
)
X = ct.fit_transform(X)

# Train the decision tree model
model = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X, y)

# Export the decision tree visualization to a .dot file
dot_data = tree.export_graphviz(model, out_file=None,
                                feature_names=ct.get_feature_names_out(),
                                class_names=y.unique(),
                                filled=True, rounded=True,
                                special_characters=True)

graph = graphviz.Source(dot_data)
graph.render("foodie") # Save the visualization as "foodie.pdf"

# Display the decision tree visualization
graph

```

gini = 0.0  
samples = 5  
value = 5.0

Saving...



```

import pandas as pd
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder

```

```

import graphviz

# Create the dataset
data = {
    'age': [27, 41, 29, 27, 29],
    'height': [170.688, 165, 171, 173, 164],
    'weight': [76.0, 70.0, 80.0, 102.0, 67.0],
    'gender': ['Male', 'Male', 'Male', 'Male', 'Male'],
    'likeness': ['Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani']
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Split the dataset into features (X) and target (y)
X = df[['age', 'height', 'weight', 'gender']]
y = df['likeness']

# Perform one-hot encoding for the 'gender' feature
ct = ColumnTransformer(
    transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), [3])], # Assuming 'gender' is the 4th column (index 3)
    remainder='passthrough'
)
X = ct.fit_transform(X)

# Train the decision tree model with adjusted parameters
model = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=5, min_samples_split=2, min_samples_leaf=1).fit(X, y)

# Export the decision tree visualization to a .dot file
dot_data = tree.export_graphviz(model, out_file=None,
                                feature_names=ct.get_feature_names_out(),
                                class_names=y.unique(),
                                filled=True, rounded=True,
                                special_characters=True)

graph = graphviz.Source(dot_data)
graph.render("foodie") # Save the visualization as "foodie.pdf"

# Display the decision tree visualization
graph

```

gini = 0.0  
samples = 5  
value = 5.0

Saving...



```

import pandas as pd
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
import graphviz

```

```
import graphviz

# Create the dataset
data = {
    'age': [27, 41, 29, 27, 29, 22, 30, 33, 28, 25],
    'height': [170.688, 165, 171, 173, 164, 175, 169, 163, 167, 170],
    'weight': [76.0, 70.0, 80.0, 102.0, 67.0, 68.0, 65.0, 60.0, 75.0, 72.0],
    'gender': ['Male', 'Male', 'Male', 'Male', 'Male', 'Female', 'Female', 'Female', 'Female', 'Female'],
    'likeness': ['Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani',
                'Pizza', 'Pizza', 'Pizza', 'Pizza', 'Pizza']
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Split the dataset into features (X) and target (y)
X = df[['age', 'height', 'weight', 'gender']]
y = df['likeness']

# Perform one-hot encoding for the 'gender' feature
ct = ColumnTransformer(
    transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), [3])], # Assuming 'gender' is the 4th column (index 3)
    remainder='passthrough'
)
X = ct.fit_transform(X)

# Train the decision tree model
model = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X, y)

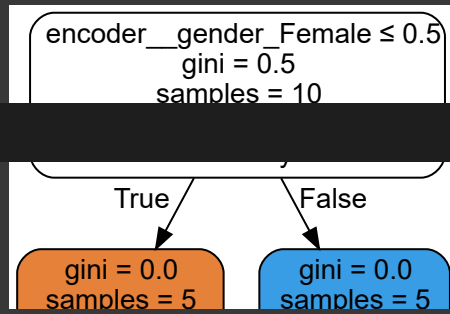
# Export the decision tree visualization to a .dot file
dot_data = tree.export_graphviz(model, out_file=None,
                                feature_names=ct.get_feature_names_out(),
                                class_names=y.unique(),
                                filled=True, rounded=True,
                                special_characters=True)

graph = graphviz.Source(dot_data)
graph.render("foodie") # Save the visualization as "foodie.pdf"

# Display the decision tree visualization
graph
```

Saving...





✓ 0s completed at 22:20



Saving...

