# Introduction to Linux and BLAST

Keith Jolley
Department of Biology



#### UNIX

- Development dates back to 1960s.
- Philosophy is to use a large range of simple, dependable tools that each do one simple task.
- Combining tools facilitates complex analysis.
- Popular for high-performance computing.



Ken Thompson (sitting) and Dennis Ritchie at PDP-11 (photo: Peter Hamer) circa 1970

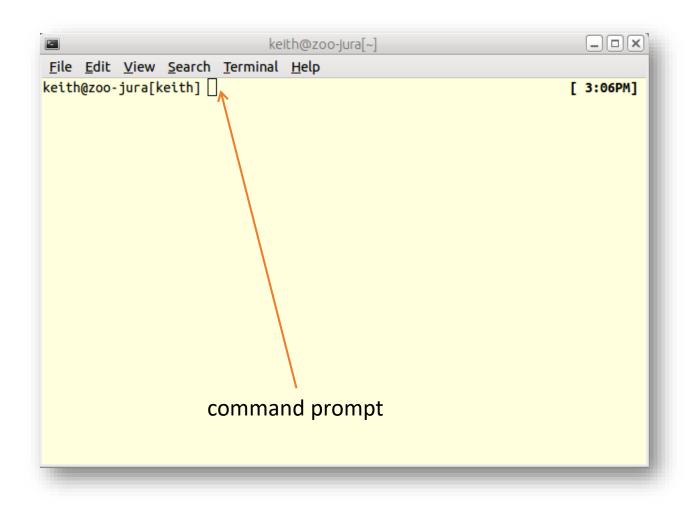
#### UNIX/Linux

- UNIX is the operating system of choice for engineering and scientific computing.
- Linux is a free Unix clone.
- Linux runs on most hardware.
  - Embedded systems
  - Mobile phone
  - Desktop computers
  - Super-computing clusters





#### The command line



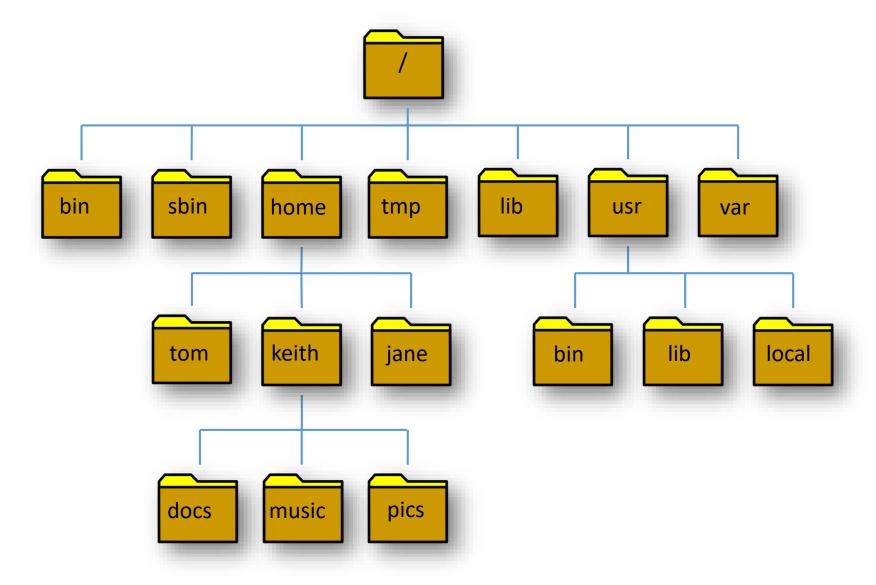
- A command line, or terminal, is a text-based interface to the system.
- You enter commands by typing them on the keyboard and feedback is given to you similarly as text.
- The command line usually presents you with a prompt.

#### The command line



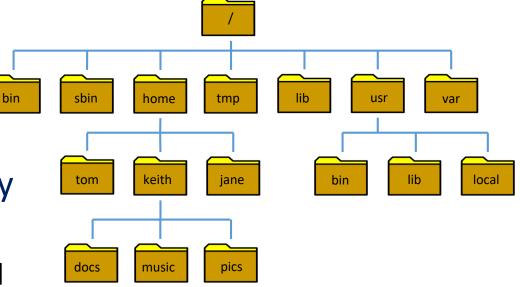
- Command syntax must be exact!
- Commands are case-sensitive.

#### The Linux file system is a hierarchy



#### Commands to navigate Linux filesystem

- ls (list)
  - Lists contents of current directory
- cd (change directory)
  - Change current focus to a new directory
  - Examples:
    - cd documents (enters directory called 'documents' in current directory)
    - cd .. (moves up a directory in the filesystem hierarchy)
    - cd (takes you to your home directory)
- pwd (print working directory)
  - Shows full path to current directory



#### Commands that operate of files

- mv (move file or directory)
  - Examples
    - mv file1 dir1 (move 'file1' in to existing sub-directory 'dir1')
  - If destination does not exist, then file is renamed
    - mv file1 file2 (renames 'file1' to 'file2')
- rm (remove file)
  - Examples
    - rm file1 (remove 'file1')
    - rm -fr dir1 (remove dir1 and all its contents)

### **BLAST**

Basic Local Alignment Search Tool

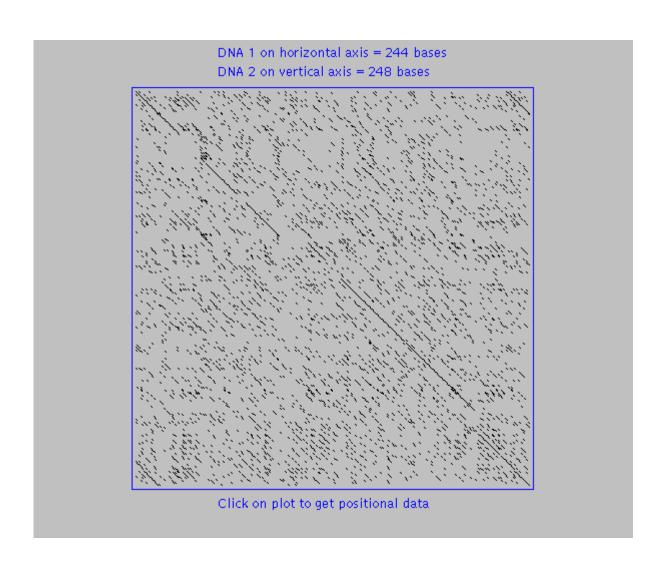
#### What is BLAST?

- Basic BLAST search
  - What is BLAST?
  - Different BLAST programs
  - BLAST databases you can search
  - Where can I run BLAST on the web?
- The BLAST algorithm
  - Stand-alone program is used behind-the-scenes in most sequence comparison applications

#### What is BLAST?

- BLAST stands for
  - Basic Local Alignment Search Tool
- Why BLAST is popular?
  - Good balance of sensitivity and speed
  - Reliable
  - Flexible
- Local alignments; search query divided into short sequences ('words') and exact matches identified. Once found, these matches are extended

#### BLAST extends local alignments



- Many nucleotide matches purely by chance (1:4)
- BLAST only considers significant 'seed' matches (default word size: 11)
- Scoring system takes account of matches, mismatches, gap formation and gap extension

#### BLAST output

- 1. List of sequences with scores
  - Raw score
    - Higher is better
    - Depends on aligned length
  - Expect Value (E-value)
    - Smaller is better
    - Independent of length and database size
- 2. List of alignments

```
Score = 248 bits (129), Expect = 1e-63
Identities = 213/263 (80%), Gaps = 34/263 (12%)
Strand = Plus / Plus
Query: 161 atatcaccacgtcaaaggtgactccaactcca---ccactccattttgttcagataatgc 217
       Sbjct: 481 atatcaccacgtcaaaggtgactccaact-tattgatagtgttttatgttcagataatgc 539
Query: 218 ccgatgatcatgtcatgcagctccaccgattgtgagaacgacagcgacttccgtcccagc 277
       Sbjct: 540 ccgatgactttgtcatgcagctccaccgattttg-g-----ttccgtcccagc 586
Query: 278 c-gtgcc--aggtgctgcctcagattcaggttatgccgctcaattcgctgcgtatatcgc 334
       Sbjct: 587 caatgacgta-gtgctgcctcagattcaggttatgccgctcaattcgctgggtatatcgc 645
Query: 335 ttgctgattacgtgcagctttcccttcaggcggga-----ccagccatccgtc 382
       Query: 383 ctccatatc-accacgtcaaagg 404
        Sbjct: 706 atccatatcaaccacgtcaaagg 728
```

### **BLAST Programs**

Program	Database (Subject)	Query			
BLASTN	Nucleotide	Nucleotide			
BLASTP	Protein	Protein			
BLASTX	Protein	Nt. → Protein			
TBLASTN	Nt. → Protein	Protein			
TBLASTX	Nt. → Protein	Nt. → Protein			

The BLOSUM62 matrix is used by BLAST to align amino acids and determine if two non-identical amino acids are 'positives'

```
Matrix made by matblas from blosum62.iij
 * column uses minimum score
BLOSUM Clustered Scoring Matrix in 1/2 Bit Units
 Blocks Database = /data/blocks 5.0/blocks.dat
 Cluster Percentage: >= 62
```

**BLAST** <sup>®</sup>

Home Recent Results Saved Strategies Help

#### **Basic Local Alignment Search Tool**

**BLAST** finds regions of similarity between biological sequences. The program compares nucleotide or protein sequences to sequence databases and calculates the statistical significance.

Learn more

BLAST+ 2.8.1 is released

New databases, better performance.

Wed, 19 Dec 2018 17:00:00 EST

More BLAST news...

#### Web BLAST

U.S. National Library of Medicine



### blastx translated nucleotide ▶ protein

tblastn protein ▶ translated nucleotide

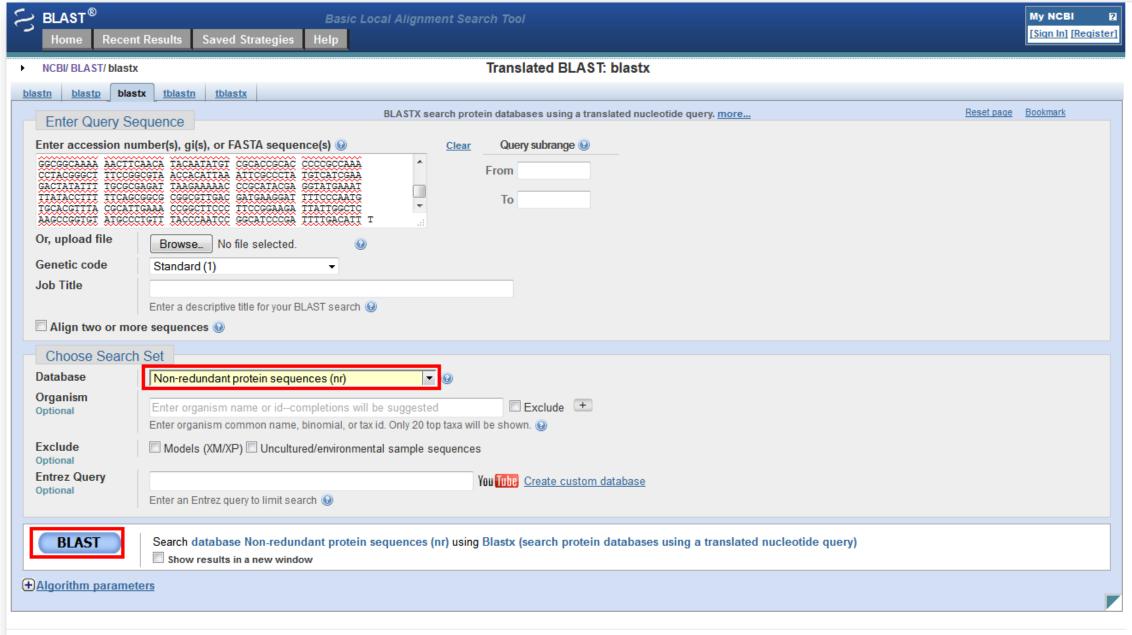


#### **BLAST Genomes**

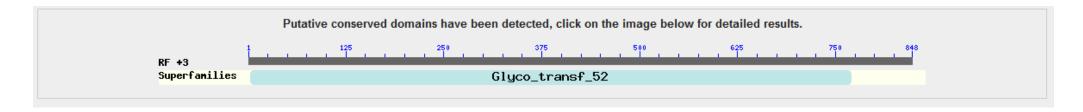
Enter organism common name, scientific name, or tax id Search

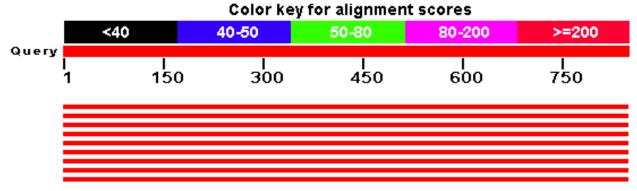
Human Mouse Rat

Microbes



### NCBI BLAST output





#### Sequences producing significant alignments:

Select: All None Selected:0

AT	Alignments Download V GenPept Graphics									
	Description	Max score	Total score	Query cover	E value	ldent	Accession			
	alpha-2,3-sialyltransferase [Neisseria meninqitidis]	576	576	99%	0.0	99%	AAC44543.1			
	CMP-N-acetylneuraminate-beta-qalactosamide-alpha-2 3-sialyltransferase [Neisseria meningitidis]	576	576	99%	0.0	99%	WP 002234614.1			
	CMP-N-acetylneuraminate-beta-qalactosamide-alpha-2 3-sialyltransferase [Neisseria meningitidis]	575	575	99%	0.0	99%	WP 014580539.1			
	CMP-N-acetylneuraminate-beta-qalactosamide-alpha-2 3-sialyltransferase [Neisseria meningitidis]	574	574	99%	0.0	99%	WP 002236898.1			
	CMP-N-acetylneuraminate-beta-qalactosamide-alpha-2 3-sialyltransferase [Neisseria meningitidis]	573	573	99%	0.0	98%	WP 002230437.1			
	CMP-N-acetylneuraminate-beta-qalactosamide-alpha-2 3-sialyltransferase [Neisseria meningitidis]	573	573	99%	0.0	98%	WP 002239594.1			

#### Sequence alignment output

326 LTMKDFPNVHVYALKPASLPEDYWLKPVYALFTOSGIPILTF

Sbjct

CMP-N-acetylneuraminate-beta-galactosamide-alpha-2 3-sialyltransferase [Neisseria meningitidis] Sequence ID: ref|WP 002234614.1| Length: 371 Number of Matches: 1 See 29 more title(s) ▼ Next Match ▲ Previous Match Range 1: 86 to 367 GenPept Graphics Identities Expect Method Positives Gaps Frame Score 576 bits(1485) 0.0 Compositional matrix adjust. 279/282(99%) 279/282(98%) 0/282(0%) +3 Query NEKYDYYFKOIKDKAERAYFFHLPY LNKSFN IPTMAELKVKSMLLPKVKR YLASLEK NEKYDYYFKOIKDKAERAYFFHLPYGLNKSFNFIPTMAELKVKSMLLPKVKRIYLASLEK 145 Sbjct 362 183 VSIAAFLSTYPDAEIKTFDDGTGNLIOSSSYLGDEFSVNGTIKRNFARMMIGDWSIAKTR Query VSIAAFLSTYPDAEIKTFDDGTGNLIOSSSYLGDEFSVNGTIKRNFARMMIGDWSIAKTR 205 146 VSIAAFLSTYPDAEIKTFDDGTGNLIOSSSYLGDEFSVNGTIKRNFARMMIGDWSIAKTR Sbjct 542 Query Sbict NASDEHYTTFKGLKNIMDDGRRKMTYLPLFDASELKAGDETGGTVRILLGSPDKEMKETS 265 Query EKAAKNFNIOYVAPHPROTYGLSGVTTLNSPYVIEDYII 266 EKAAKNFNIOYVAPHPROTYGLSGVTTLNSPYVIEDYILREIKKNPHTRYEIYTFFSGAA Sbjct Query LTMKDFPNVHVYALKPASLPEDYWLKPVYALFTQSGIPILTF LTMKDFPNVHVYALKPASLPEDYWLKPVYALFTOSGIPILTF

#### Gotchas

- BLAST will usually return a result!
  - The top match may not be significant
  - E-values up to 10 returned by default
- Domains are often shared by different proteins
  - Significant match to parts of the sequence, but not to others

## Bioinformatics practical 1: Introduction to the Linux command line and BLAST

- This practical will be run using a Linux virtual machine that is installed on each of the laptops.
- Bioinformatics practicals and data are in the course GitHub repository:
- https://github.com/WCSCourses/Molecular Approaches Clinical Microbiology 2024
- Navigate to 'modules/bioinformatics/Bioinformatics.md'