RNA sequence data analysis via Galaxy, Part II Aalyzing your results (Group Exercise)

Learning objectives:

- examine the results from the Galaxy RNA-Seq analysis workflow
- Import data from Galaxy to the PlasmoDB "My Workspace"
- Analyze the results using the PlasmoDB interface and tools
- Analyzing DEseq2 results

If everything worked out, you should see a list of completed workflow steps (Green). The workflow generates many output files, however not all the output files are visible. You can explore all the hidden files clicking on the word "hidden" (red circle) – this will reveal all hidden files.

Resources:

FastQC Result Interpretation

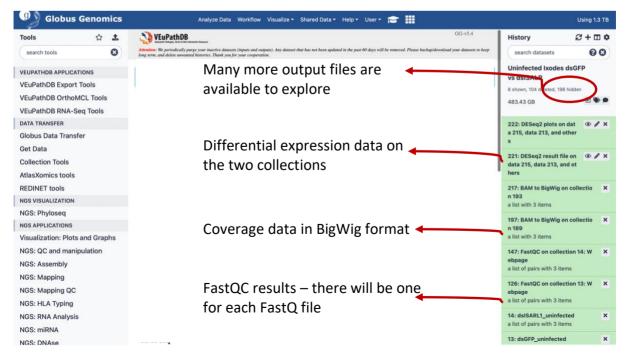
(https://workshop.eupathdb.org/athens/2019/exercises/fastqc_results-2.pdf)

<u>Beginner DESeq2 guide</u> (https://workshop.eupathdb.org/athens/2019/exercises/beginner_DeSeq2.pdf)
<u>FastQC output</u> (https://workshop.eupathdb.org/athens/2019/exercises/fastqc_output.pdf)
<u>SNP Eff manual</u> (http://snpeff.sourceforge.net/SnpEff_manual.html)

Trimmomatic Manual

 $(http://www.usadellab.org/cms/uploads/supplementary/Trimmomatic/TrimmomaticManual_V0.32.pdf)\\$

Step 1: Explore the FastQC results. To do this find the step called "FastQC on collection ##: Webpage". Click on the name this will open up the FastQ pairs, click on one of them



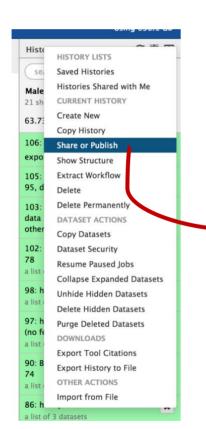
then click on view data icon () on either forward or reverse. Note that each FastQ file will have its own FastQC results. An explanation of each of the FastQC results is provided as a link on the main workshop website or at the bottom of the FastQC results page.



Step 2: Sharing histories with others:

- Make sure your history has a useful name you can change the name by clicking on "unnamed history"
- b. Click on the history options menu icon
- c. Select the "Share or Publish" option, the click on the "Make History Accessible and Publish" button in the center section.





Share or Publish History 'Male vs. RBC 2'

Make History Accessible via Link and Publish It

This history is currently restricted so that only you and the users listed below can access it. You can:

Make History Accessible via Link

Generates a web link that you can share with other people so that they can view and import the history.

Make History Accessible and Publish

Makes the history accessible via link (see above) and publishes the history to Galaxy's Published Histories section, where it is publicly listed and searchable.

Share History with Individual Users

You have not shared this history with any users.

Share with a user

d. To import a shared history, go to the "histories" section (under the shared data menu

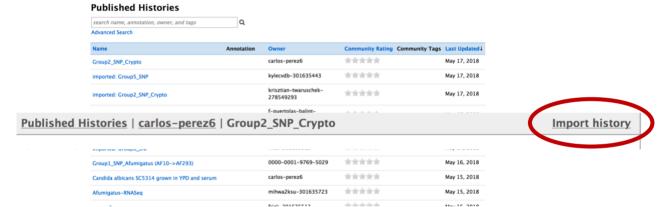


item).

- e. Find the history you would like to import and click on it.
- f. Click on the import link.

Step 3: Explore the differential expression results:

DESeq2 is a package with essential estimates expression values and calculates differential expression. DESeq2 requires counts as input files. You can explore details of DESeq2 here:



https://bioc.ism.ac.jp/packages/2.14/bioc/vignettes/DESeq2/inst/doc/beginner.pdf

We will explore two output files:

- A. DESeq2 Plots you can view these directly in galaxy by clicking on the view icon. These plots give you an idea about the quality of the experiment. The link above includes a detailed description of the graphs.
- B. DESeq2 results file this is a table which contains the actual differential expression results. These can be viewed within galaxy but it will be more useful to download this table and open in Excel so you can sort results and big genes of interest.

The tabular file contains 7 columns:

COLUMN	DESCRIPTION
1	Gene Identifiers
2	mean normalized counts, averaged over all
	samples from both conditions
3	the logarithm (to basis 2) of the fold change
	(See the note in inputs section)
4	standard error estimate for the log2 fold
	change estimate
5	Wald statistic
6	p value for the statistical significance of this
	change
7	p value adjusted for multiple testing with the
	Benjamini-Hochberg procedure which
	controls false discovery rate (FDR)

C. To download the table, click on the step then click on the save icon.



- *** important: the file name ends with the extension .tabular change this to .txt then open the file in Excel.
- D. Explore the results in Excel. For example, sort them based on the log2 fold change column 3.
- E. Pick a list of gene IDs from column 3 that are up-regulated with a good corrected P value (column 7) and load then into PlasmoDB using the Gene by ID search. You can then analyze these results by GO enrichment for example. Do the same for down-regulated genes.
- F. Compare results from the other groups. Can you find genes are that are uniquely up or down regulated in the conditions tested?

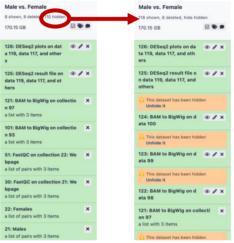
Exporting data to VEuPathDB

The VEuPathDB RNAseq export tool provides a mechanism to export your RNAseq results (TPM values) and BigWig RNAseq coverage files. The advantage of doing this is that it allows you to search the TPM data using the RNAseq search in VEuPathDB and view the BigWig files in the genome browser.

However, to use this feature you need to generate TPM values for genes in your datasets and organize your results into two collections, one for the TPMs and one for the BigWigs.

First let's organize the files (see matching screen shots below):

1. Click on the link at the top of your history that says "## hidden". This will



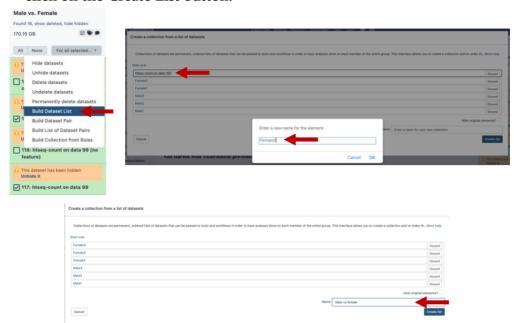
show all hidden files.

- 2. Use the search datasets box at the top of your history to find any file in your history with the work "htseq-count". Ignore the ones that include (no feature) in their names or that are a collection.
- 3. Click on the "operation on multiple datasets" tool and select the individual htseq-count files. These should look something like this: htseq-count on data 65. Note if you are comparing two conditions each done in triplicate then you should have selected 6 files.





- 4. Click on the "for selected button" and choose the "Build dataset list" option.
- 5. In the popup, rename each of the samples and give the collection a name, then click on the Create List button.



6. Repeat the same steps to create the list of BigWig files.



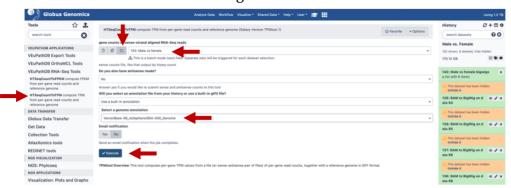
7. Click on clear search to see all results in your history.



Now that your count and bigwig files are nice and organized, the next step is to convert the counts into TPMs. To do this follow these steps:

- 1. Select the HTSeqCountToTPM tool (under the VEuPathDB RNAseq tools in the left menu).
- 2. Make sure the list of count files is selected.

3. Select the reference organism.

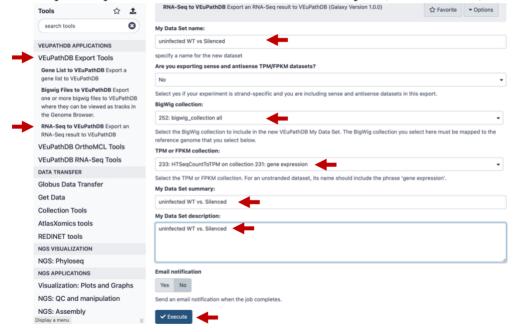


Click on Execute.

Optional: Click on "hide hidden" to clean up your history a bit.

Export data to VEuPathDB. To export the TPM and BigWig files follw these steps:

- 1. Click on "VEuPathDB Export Tools" in the left-hand panel.
- 2. Click on the tool called "RNA-Seq to VEuPathDB"
- 3. Fill up the export tool and select the correct files to export (see screen shot).



Explore your data in VEuPathDB: Go to the VEuPathDB database that your data belongs to (e.g. FungiDB).

1. Click on the "My Workspace" link in the grey menu bar. Then select "My datasets" from the list.

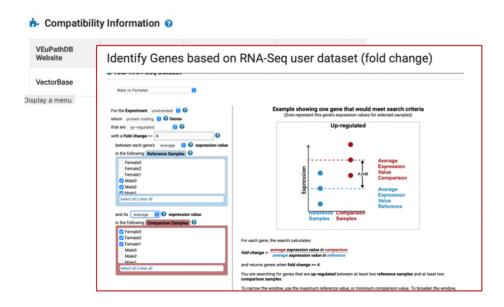


2. You should see the dataset you exported from galaxy in this list. Click on it and explore the dataset page.

3.



Use This Dataset in VectorBase



- 4. Explore the available search to identify genes with expression differences. Note that a custom graph is generated for your data in the results and on gene pages!
- 5. Explore the coverage plots in the genome browser.



6.

