

How to design and deliver pathogen genomics training for health and research professionals

Workshop on Data Visualisation Telling a story and making a point Monica Abrudan, PhD 7/3/2023







Learning outcomes

- List three principles of good data viz
- Critique different alternative data analyses methods for producing data visualisations.
- Demonstrate how to use Microreact to tell a story







Data Visualisation - Telling a story and making a point Telling a story with data What is a story? Opening - Challenge- Action - Resolution

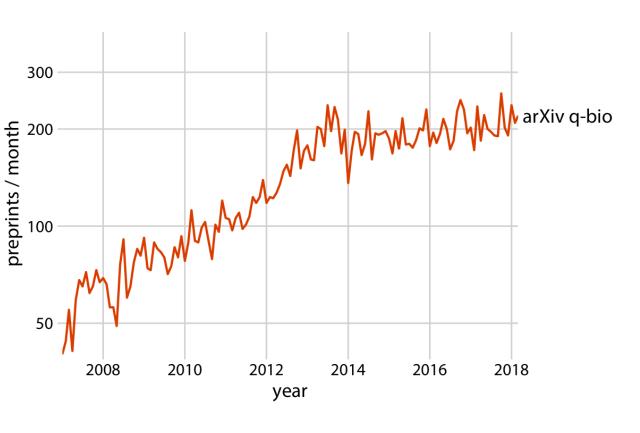


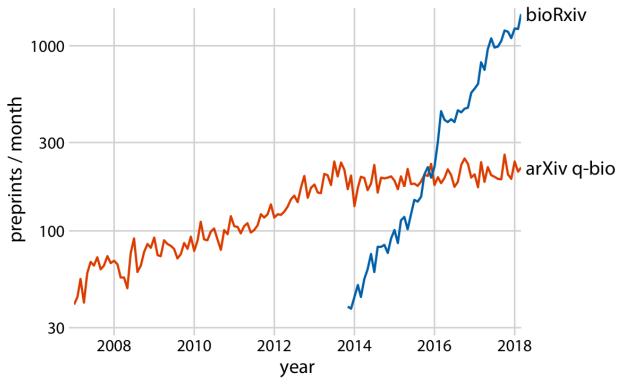




How we tell a story is important

Example of pre-prints in science





https://clauswilke.com/dataviz/

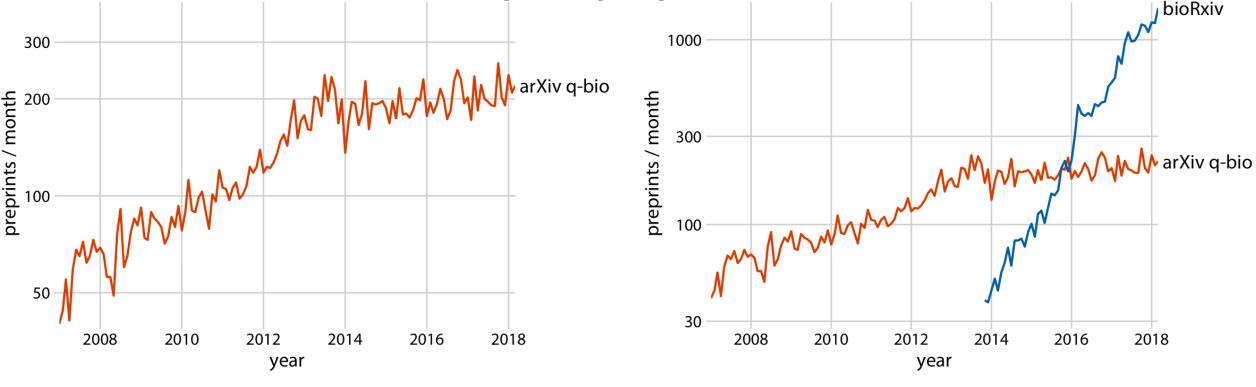






How we tell a story is important

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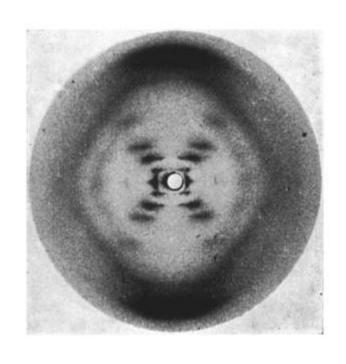


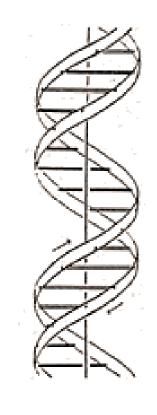
The story has the strongest impact when broken into two pieces





Science Stories





A Structure for Deoxyribose Nucleic Acid J. D. Watson and F. H. C. Crick (1)

April 25, 1953 (2), *Nature* **(3),** 171, 737-738

Data

Information

Knowledge







This Workshop

Data Information Knowledge

Exercise:

How to generate a plot from raw data

Exercise:

How to tell a story using Microreact







Real scenario from a public health lab in the USA Question: Can we identify ways to reduce poor sequencing outcomes?

A state public health lab receives samples from individual labs, in the format shown below:

Sample	Lab name	Source	Target	Collection date	Received date
Sample1	Alpha			02/02/2023	07/02/2023
Sample2	Bravo			04/02/2023	08/02/2023
Sample3	Charlie			06/02/2023	09/02/2023
Sample4	Alpha			01/02/2023	10/02/2023
Sample5	Bravo			08/02/2023	11/02/2023
Sample6	Charlie			07/02/2023	08/02/2023
Sample7	Alpha			31/01/2023	09/02/2023

Real scenario from a public health lab in the USA

Question: Can we identify ways to reduce poor sequencing outcomes?

The state public health lab sequences and analyses the data. The results of the bioinformatics analyses look like this:

Sample	Date processed	Outcome	
Sample1	14/02/2023	Pass	
Sample2	15/02/2023	Fail	
Sample3	16/02/2023	Pass	
Sample4	17/02/2023	Pass	
Sample5	18/02/2023	Fail	
Sample6	14/02/2023	Pass	
Sample7	15/02/2023	Pass	
Sample8	16/02/2023	Fail	

Real scenario from a public health lab in the USA Question: Can we identify ways to reduce poor sequencing outcomes?

We want to produce some figures that would allow us to 1) determine which labs are the slowest ones to submit data and 2) determine which labs have the poorest outcomes.



Real scenario from a public health lab in the USA Question: Can we identify ways to reduce poor sequencing outcomes?

- Three approaches to solve the problem:
 - o <u>Excel data manipulation</u>
 - O Python in google colab
 - O <u>Data-flo</u> and <u>Microreact</u>
- Group discussions:
 - O Which approach would you train others to apply and why?
 - O What happens if the data input changes?
 - O What if we add more input data?
 - What if dates intervals change? (what if you have to select a subset of your initial data)
 - O What if the question changes, would you change the methods to would teach you audience?
 - O Can you suggest a different approach?







An example of using Microreact to tell a story

- A short Microreact demo, explaining basic features
- An example of story telling using Microreact
- Exercise: Tell a story using Microreact







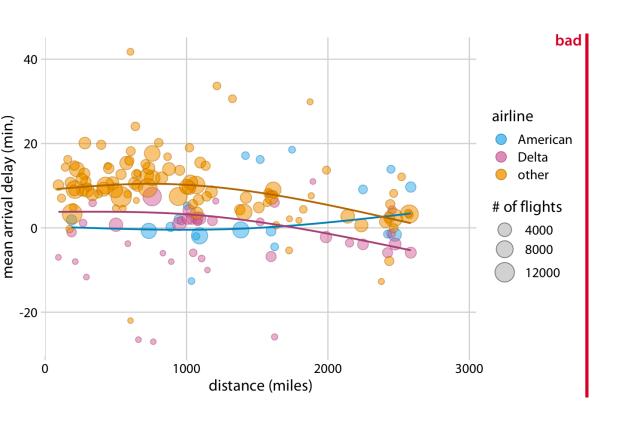
Final thoughts

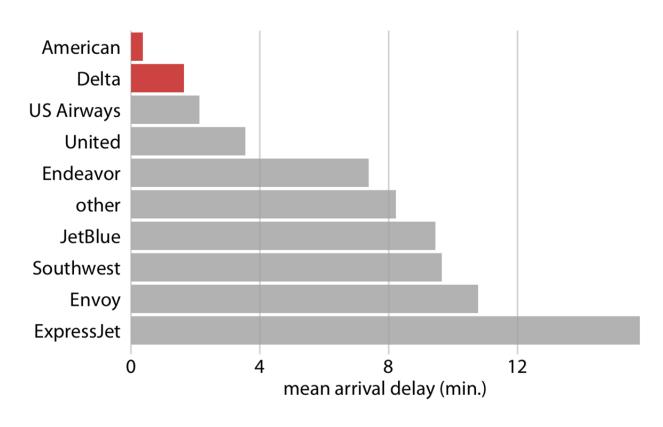






Keep it simple, where possible





https://clauswilke.com/dataviz/



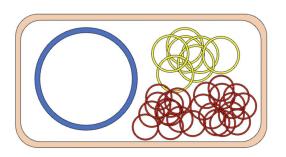




Build up towards complex figures

Choice of methods wellcome connecting science T3connect Centre for Genomic Pathogen Surveillance







Dr Matthew Dorman



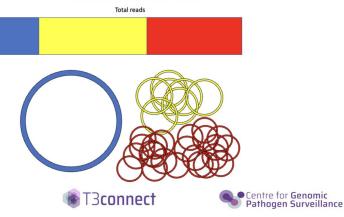
wellcome connecting science





Choice of methods Total reads wellcome connecting science Centre for Genomic Pathogen Surveillance T3**connect**

Choice of methods



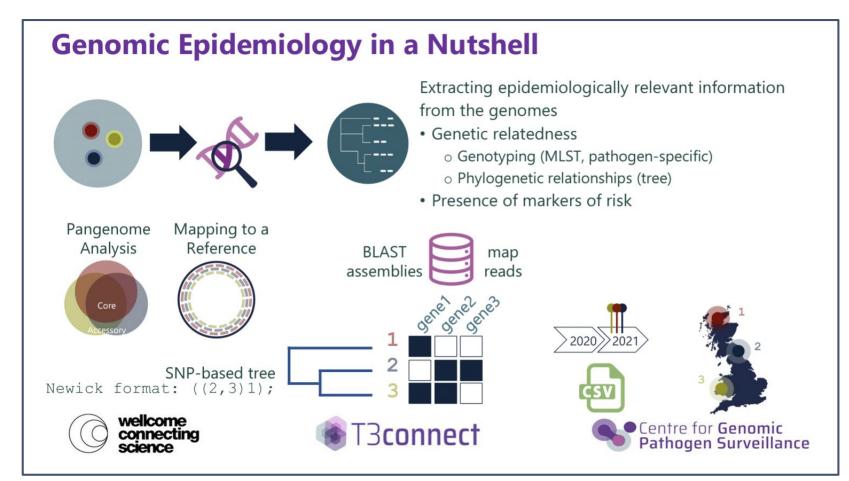








Build up towards complex figures





Dr Silvia Argimon

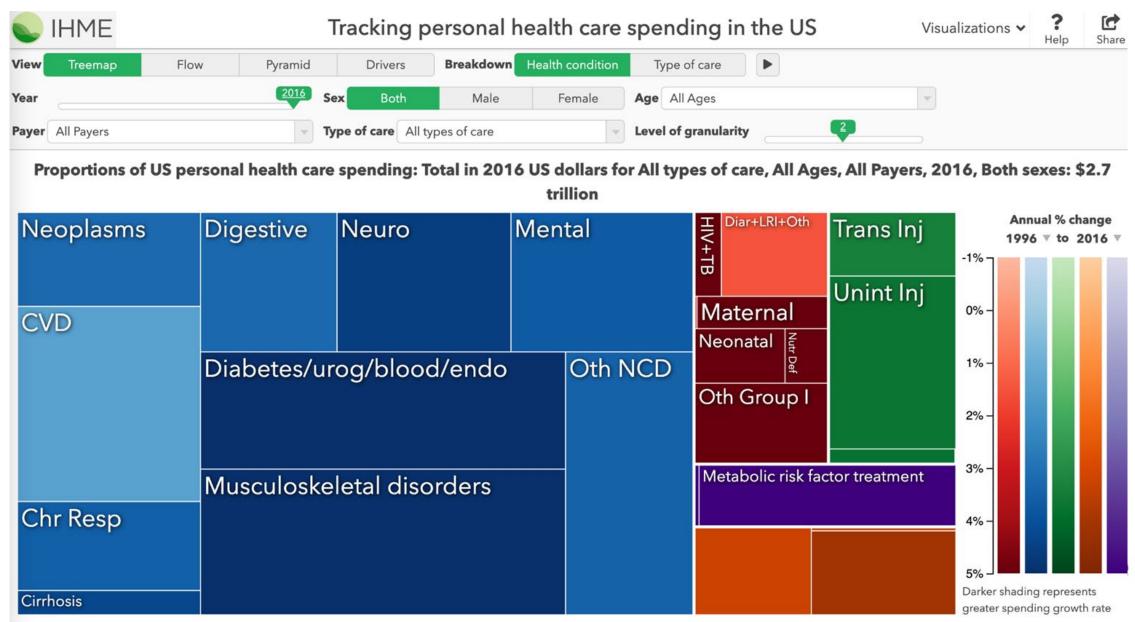






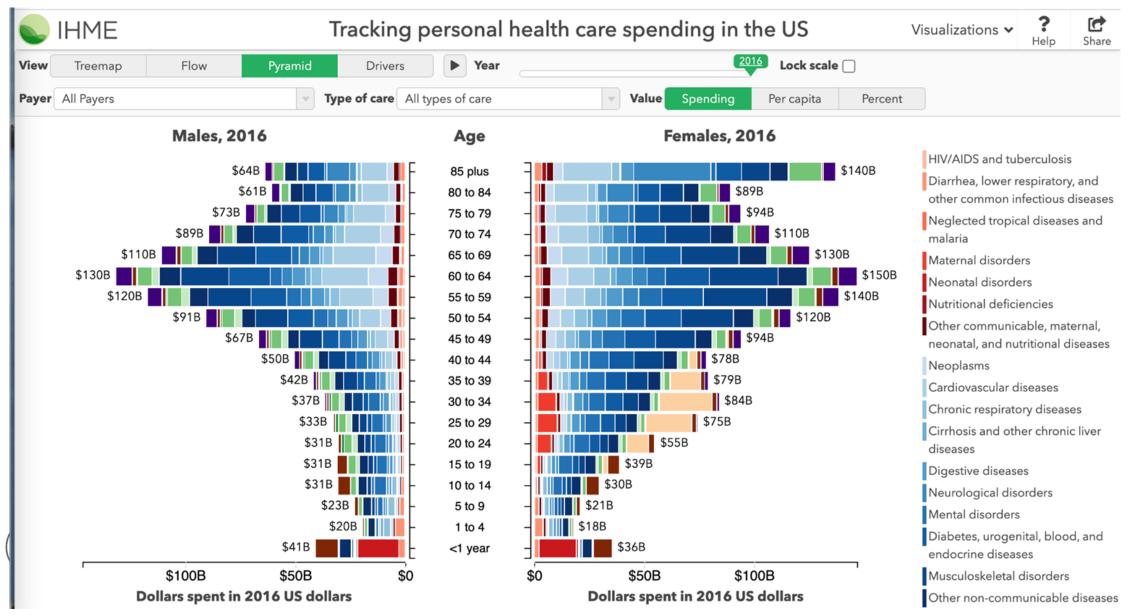
Be consistent, but do not be repetitive

https://vizhub.healthdata.org/dex/



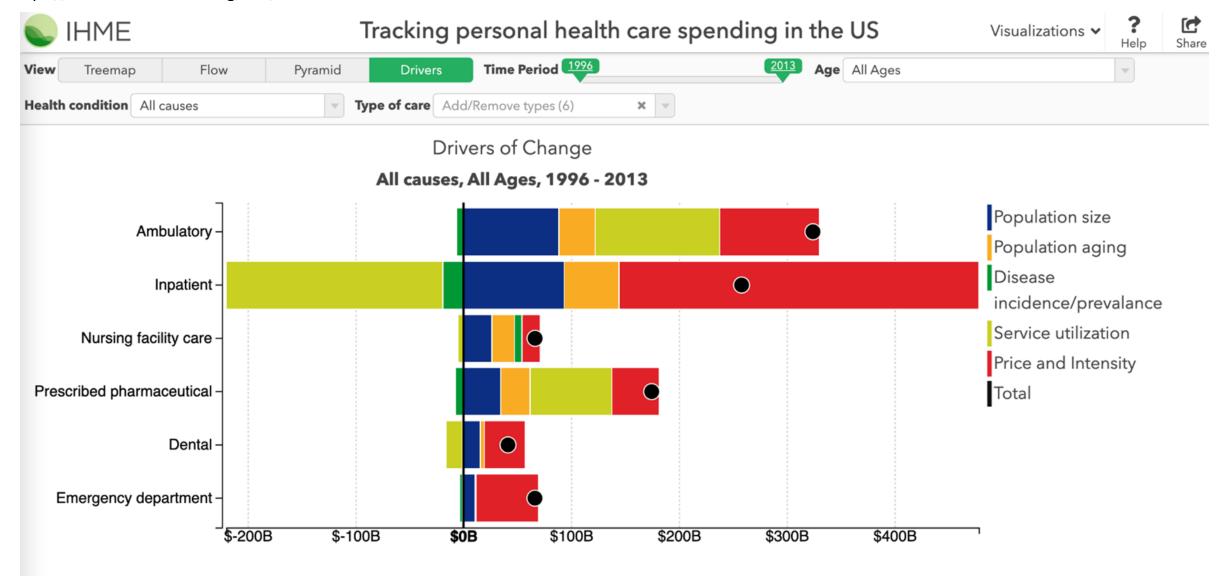
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https://vizhub.healthdata.org/dex/



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https://vizhub.healthdata.org/dex/



Change in health care spending attributed to each driver (billions of inflation adjusted dollars)

Resources



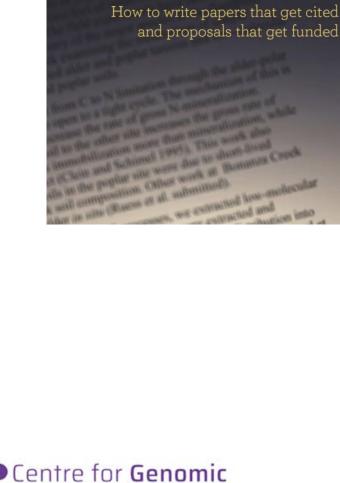




- https://ourworldindata.org/eradicationf-diseases
- https://vizhub.healthdata.org/microbe
- https://www.who.int/data/gho
- https://www.visualisingdata.com/
- https://clauswilke.com/dataviz/
- https://observablehq.com/
- https://www.worldpop.org/
- https://www.shipmap.org/
- https://www.healthdata.org/data-tools-practices/interactive-data-







Pathogen Surveillance

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JOSHUA SCHIMEL

Acknowledgements

This course was developed by a collaboration between the <u>Centre for Genomic Pathogen</u>

<u>Surveillance</u> and <u>Wellcome Connecting Science</u>. It was brought to you by <u>T3Connect – Data Science and Genomic Pathogen Surveillance Training Programme</u>, funded by <u>UKRI</u>.

This module contains materials from the following sources:

• Storyset | Customize, animate and download illustration for free







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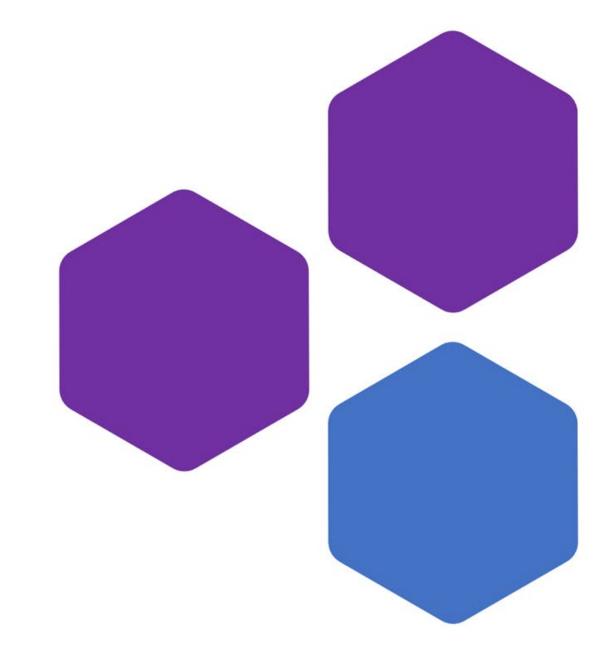








Thank you

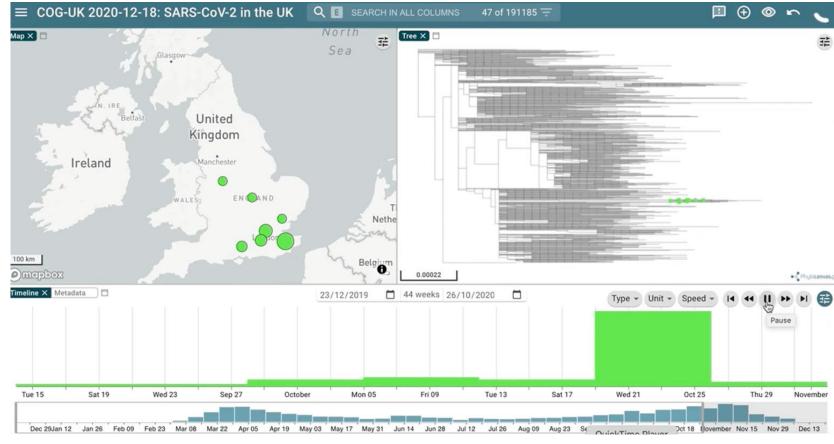




Re-designing a visualisation tool

Covid19 dashboards





Microreact showing the emergence of SARS-CoV-2 Lineage B.1.1.7 in the UK (credit @COG-CONSORTIUM) in November 2020 https://vimeo.com/493031746



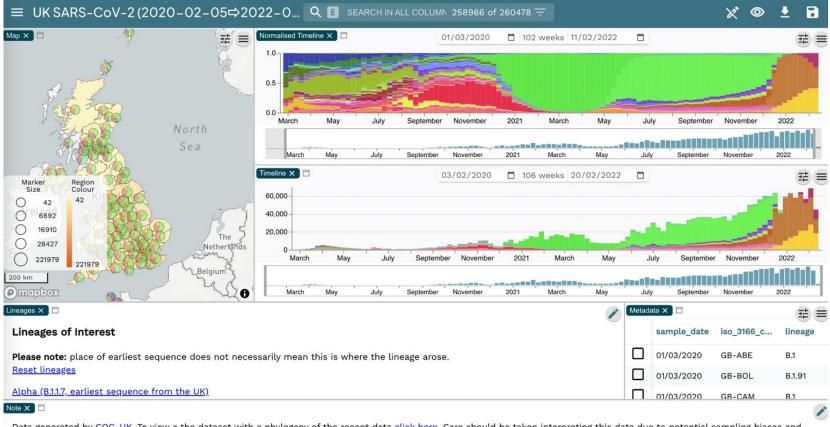




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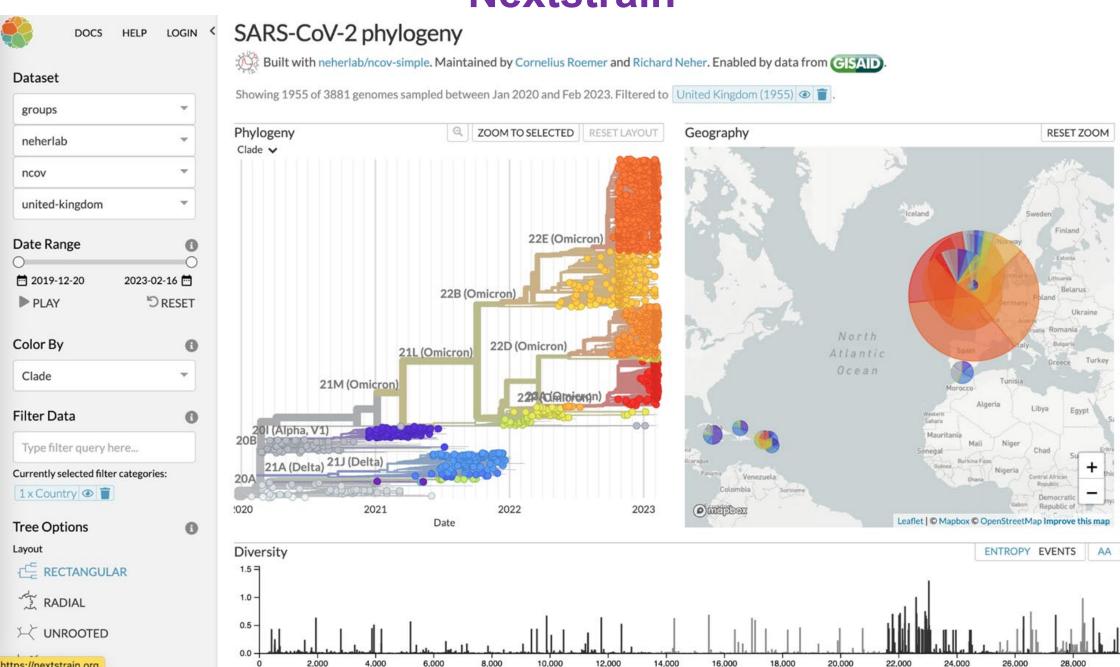
Data generated by COG-UK. To view a the dataset with a phylogeny of the recent data click here. Care should be taken interpreting this data due to potential sampling biases and delay between sample collection and sequencing. The geographic location is approximate, recoded as the Upper Tier Local Authority and grouped by county. International contextual data from GISAID.







Nextstrain



https://nextstrain.org