

Will May

M4 HW

4.1

- 1.) a.) True
b.) False
c.) True
d.) False

- 3.) a.) True
b.) False
c.) True
d.) True

- 6.) a.) False
b.) True
c.) True
d.) False

4.2

- 1.) a.) True
b.) True
c.) False
d.) False

2.) a.) $P(\{a\}) = \{\emptyset, \{a\}\}$

b.) $P(\{1,2\}) = \{\emptyset, \{1\}, \{2\}, \{1,2\}\}$

4.3

1.) a.) $\{-3, 0, 1, 4, 17, -12, -5, 6\}$

b.) $\{4, 1\}$

c.) Infinite

d.) $\{-5, 1, -3, 0, 1, 4, 17\}$

3.) a.) $\{1 \cap 3, 1 \cap 6, 1 \cap 5\}$

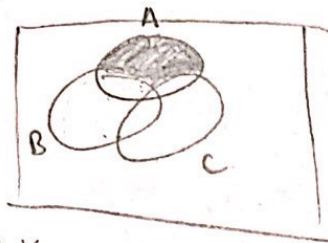
b.) $\{1 \cup 3 \cup 6 \cup 17 \cup 5\}$

c.) $\{x: x \in B_i \text{ for all } i \text{ such that } -i \leq x \leq 1/i\}$

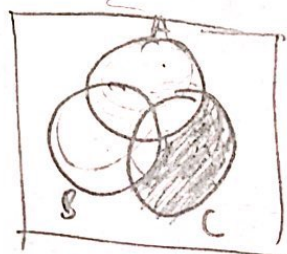
d.) $\{x: x \in B_i \text{ for some } i \text{ such that } -1/i \leq x \leq 1/i\}$

4.4

1.) a.) $A - (B - C)$



$(A - B) - C$



- 4.) a.) False
b.) True
c.) True
d.) False

4.5

- 1.) a.) Domination laws
b.) Absorption laws
c.) De Morgan's laws
d.) Double Complement law

- 2.) a.) ① $(\bar{A} \cap C) \cup (A \cap C)$ Given
② $(A \cup \bar{A}) \cap C$ Distributive laws
③ $U \cap C$ Complement law
④ C Identity law

- 2.) b.) ① $(B \cup A) \cap (\bar{B} \cup A)$ Given
 ② $(B \cap \bar{B}) \cup A$ Distributive laws
 ③ $\emptyset \cup A$ Complement laws
 ④ A Identity laws

- c.) ① $\overline{A \cap B} = \bar{A} \cup \bar{B}$ Given
 ② $B \cup \bar{A}$ De Morgan's Laws
 ③ $\bar{A} \cup B$ Commutative Laws

- d.) ① $\bar{A} \cap (A \cup B) = \bar{A} \cap B$ Given
 ② $(\bar{A} \cap A) \cup (\bar{A} \cap B)$ Distributive Laws
 ③ $\emptyset \cup (\bar{A} \cap B)$ Complement Law
 ④ $\bar{A} \cap B$ Identity law

- 4.6 1.) a.) (tall, foam, whole)
 b.) (foam, grande, non-fat)
 c.) (foam, no-foam, non-fat, whole)
 3.) a.) False
 b.) True
 c.) True
 d.) True

- 4.) a.) $\{(+ -), (- +), (+ +), (- -)\}$
 b.) $\{(000), (001), (011), (111), (110), (100), (101), (010)\}$

- 8.) a.) ① $A \times (B \cup C)$ Given
 ② $(x \in A) \wedge (y \in (B \cup C))$ Cartesian Product
 ③ $(x \in A) \wedge ((y \in B) \vee (y \in C))$ Union. the union
 ④ $((x \in A) \wedge (y \in B)) \vee ((x \in A) \wedge (y \in C))$ distributive law
 ⑤ $((x, y) \in A \times B) \vee ((x, y) \in A \times C)$ Cartesian product
 ⑥ $((x, y) \in (A \times B) \cup (A \times C))$ Union
 b.) ① $A \times (B \cap C) = (A \times B) \cap (A \times C)$ Given
 ② $(x \in A) \wedge (y \in (B \cap C))$ Cartesian product
 ③ $(x \in A) \wedge ((y \in B) \wedge (y \in C))$ Union int. section
 ④ $(x \in A) \wedge (y \in B) \wedge (y \in C)$ Associative law
 ⑤ $(x \in A) \wedge (y \in B) \wedge (x \in A) \wedge (y \in C)$ Distributive laws
 ⑥ $((x, y) \in (A \times B)) \wedge ((x, y) \in (A \times C))$ Cartesian product
 ⑦ $((x, y) \in ((A \times B) \cap (A \times C)))$ Union

4.7 1.) a.) Does not form a partition of D
Since $\partial \in A$ and $\partial \in B$

$A \cap B \neq \emptyset$ as $\partial \in A \cap B$
b.) Does not form a partition of D

$B \cup C \neq D$
Since $1 \in D$ but $1 \notin B \cup C$

c.) Does form a partition

2.) a.) $(0,1)^3 = (0,1) \times (0,1) \times (0,1)$
 $= \{(0,0), (0,1), (1,0), (1,1)\} \times (0,1)$
 $= \{(0,0,0), (0,0,1), (0,1,0), (0,1,1), (1,0,0), (1,0,1), (1,1,0), (1,1,1)\}$

$$A = \{0,0,0\}$$

$$B = \{(1,1,1)\}$$

$$C = \{(0,0,0), (0,0,1), (0,1,0), (0,1,1)\}$$

$$D = \{(0,1,0), (0,1,1)\}$$

$$E = \{(1,0,0), (1,0,1), (1,1,0), (1,1,1)\}$$

$$F = \{(0,0,0), (0,0,1)\}$$

$$(1) D \cup E \cup F = (0,1)^3$$

$$D \cap E = E \cap F = D \cap F = \emptyset$$

$$D \neq \emptyset, E \neq \emptyset, F \neq \emptyset$$

$$(2) C \cup E = (0,1)^3$$

$$C \cap E = \emptyset$$

$$C \neq \emptyset, E \neq \emptyset$$