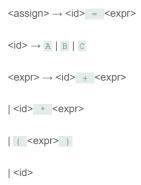
- 1) (10) Given the grammar below, identify which sentences are in the language (which are valid sentence).
 - a. baab This IS a valid sentence.
 - b. bbbab This is NOT a valid sentence.
 - c. bbaaaaaa This is NOT a valid sentence.
 - d. bbaab This is a valid sentence.

$$~~\rightarrow a b~~$$

 $\rightarrow b | b$
 $\rightarrow a | a$

2) (10) Identify all of the tokens (categories of lexemes) in the grammar below, and which lexemes they categorize. Put them in a table.



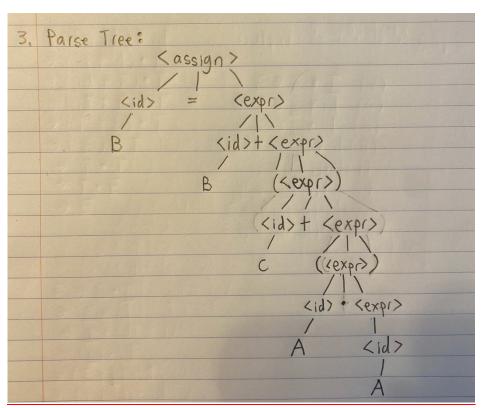
Tokens	Lexemes		
<id></id>	A, B, C		
<eq_op></eq_op>	=		
<add_op></add_op>	+		
<mult_op></mult_op>	*		
<left_paren></left_paren>	(
<right_paren></right_paren>)		

3) (10) Given the grammar from question 2, show a left-most derivation and draw the parse tree for the following statement.

a.
$$B = B + (C + (A * A))$$

<assign>
<id> = <expr>
B = <expr>
B = <id> + <expr>
B = B + <expr>
B = B + (<expr>)

PARSE TREE:



4) (10) Remove all of the recursion from the following grammar:

```
S \rightarrow Aa \mid Bb

A \rightarrow Aa \mid AbC \mid C

B \rightarrow S \mid bb

C \rightarrow c

S \rightarrow AaS' \mid bbbS'

S' \rightarrow bS' \mid epsilon

A \rightarrow CA'

A' \rightarrow aA' \mid bCA' \mid epsilon

C \rightarrow c
```

5) (10) Use left factoring to resolve the pairwise disjointness problems in the following grammar:

A -> aBc | ac | a
B -> b | aB
A
$$\rightarrow$$
 aC
B \rightarrow b | aB
C \rightarrow Bc | c | epsilon

6) (20 pts) Create an LR(0) parse table for the following grammar. Show all steps (creating closures, the DFA, the transition table, and finally the parse table):

```
E->E+T|E*T|T

T->(E)|id

RULES:

R0: S' \rightarrow E$

R1: E \rightarrow E+T

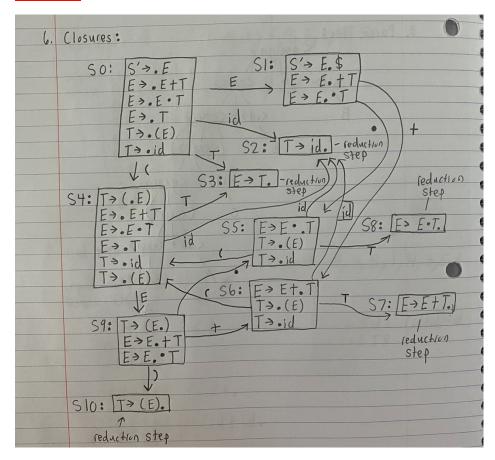
R2: E \rightarrow E*T

R3: E \rightarrow T

R4: T \rightarrow (E)

R5: T \rightarrow id
```

CLOSURES:



TRANSITION TABLE:

	Е	Т	id	*	+	()
0	1	3	2			4	
1				5	6		
2							
3							
4	9	3	2				
5		8	2			4	
6		7	2			4	
7							
8							
9				5	6		10
10							

PARSE TABLE:

	ACTION					GOTO		
	id	*	+	()	\$	Е	T
0	S2			S4			1	3
1		S5	S6			acc		
2	R5	R5	R5	R5	R5			
3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3			
4	S2			S4			9	3
5	S2			S4				8
6	S2			S4				7
7	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1			
8	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2			
9		S5	S6		S10			
10	R4	R4	R4	R4	R4			

7) (20 pts) Show a complete bottom-up parse, including the parse stack contents, input string, and action for the string below using the parse table you created in step 6. Think about how I went through this in class.

(id + id) * id

STACK	INPUT	ACTION
0	.(id + id) * id \$	Shift 4
0 (4	(.id + id) * id \$	Shift 2
0 (4 id 2	(id. + id) * id \$	Reduce by T→id (R5)
0(4T3	(id. + id) * id \$	Reduce by E→T (R3)
0 (4 E 9	(id. + id) * id \$	Shift 6
0 (4 E 9 + 6	(id +. id) * id \$	Shift 2
0 (4 E 9 + 6 id 2	(id + id.) * id \$	Reduce by T→id (R5)
0(4E9+6T	(id + id.) * id \$	Reduce by $E \rightarrow E + T (R1)$
0(4E9	(id + id.) * id \$	Shift 10
0(4E9)10	(id + id). * id \$	Reduce by $T \rightarrow (E)$ (R4)
0 T 3	(id + id). * id \$	Reduce by E→T (R3)
0 E 1	(id + id). * id \$	Shift 5
0 E 1 * 5	(id + id) *. id \$	Shift 2
0 E 1 * 5 id 2	(id + id) * id. \$	Reduce by T→id (R5)
0E1*5T8	(id + id) * id. \$	Reduce by $E \rightarrow E * T (R2)$
0 E 1	(id + id) * id. \$	Accept
0 E 1	(id + id) * id \$.	

8) (10 pts) Show a rightmost derivation for the string above, and show how the bottom-up parse you completed in step 7 correctly finds all of the handles for the input string above.

		output: 5, 3, 5, 1, 4, 3, 5, 2
8;	Rightmost: S' > E T	Bottom-up: E > E • T (2) > E • id (5)
	→ E°id → T°id	$\Rightarrow T \cdot Id (3)$ $\Rightarrow (E) \cdot Id (4)$
	> (E) · 1d	$\Rightarrow (E+T) \cdot Id (1)$ $\Rightarrow (E+Id) \cdot Id (5)$
	→ (E+T)·id → (E+id)·id	→ (T+1d) • 1d (3)
	→ (Id+id)•id → (Id+id)•id	→ (id t id) ° 1d (5)