

## **Homework #7**

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Ву

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1. Define a Clock class in Python, whose properties are hour, minute, second; and it provides methods to set time, get time, tick (increment the current time by 1 second), and display time in am/pm format.

```
class Clock:
  def __init__(self,hour,minute,second):
    self.hour = hour
    self.minute = minute
    self.second = second
  def set_time(self,h,m,s):
    if 0 \le h \le 24 and 0 \le m \le 60 and 0 \le s \le 60:
      self.hour = h
      self.minute = m
      self.second = s
      return "Invalid input"
  def get_time(self):
    return self.hour, self.minute, self.second
  def tick(self):
      self.second += 1
      if self.second >= 60:
         self.second = 0
         self.minute += 1
         if self.minute >= 60:
           self.minute = 0
           self.hour += 1
           if self.hour >= 24:
             self.hour = 0
  def display_time(self):
    am_pm = "AM"
    hour = self.hour
    if hour >= 12:
      am_pm = "PM"
      if hour > 12:
         hour -= 12
    if hour == 0:
      hour = 12
    return f"{hour:02d}:{self.minute:02d}:{self.second:02d} {am_pm}"
time = Clock(15,55,30)
# print(time.display_time())
for i in range(86400):
  time.tick()
  print(time.display_time())
```

```
03:54:49 PM
03:54:50 PM
03:54:51 PM
03:54:52 PM
03:54:53 PM
03:54:55 PM
03:54:55 PM
03:54:56 PM
03:54:57 PM
03:54:58 PM
03:54:59 PM
03:55:00 PM
03:55:01 PM
03:55:03 PM
```

2. A single-variable polynomial can be represented in vthon as a tuple of coefficients. For example, the polynomial  $14 + 7x - 5x^2 + 18x^5$  can be represented as (14, 7, -5, 0, 0, 18). def calendar of 2023(x):

```
def calendar_of_2023(x):
class Poly:
  def __init__(self, coefficients):
    self.coefficients = coefficients
  def add(self, other):
    max_length = max(len(self.coefficients), len(other.coefficients))
    coeffs1 = self.coefficients + (0,) * (max length - len(self.coefficients))
    coeffs2 = other.coefficients + (0,) * (max_length - len(other.coefficients))
    result_coeffs = tuple(a + b for a, b in zip(coeffs1, coeffs2))
    return Poly(result_coeffs)
  def scalar_multiply(self, scalar):
    result coeffs = tuple(coef * scalar for coef in self.coefficients)
    return Poly(result_coeffs)
  def multiply(self, poly1, poly2):
    max_{length} = len(poly1) + len(poly2) - 1
    result_coeffs = [0] * max_length
    for i in range(len(poly1)):
       for j in range(len(poly2)):
         result_coeffs[i + j] += poly1[i] * poly2[j]
    return tuple(result_coeffs)
  def power(self, exponent):
    if exponent < 0:
       raise ValueError("Invalid input")
    result_coeffs = self.coefficients
    for _ in range(exponent - 1):
       result_coeffs = self.multiply(result_coeffs, self.coefficients)
    return Poly(result_coeffs)
  def diff(self):
    result_coeffs = [0] * max(0, len(self.coefficients) - 1)
    for i in range(1, len(self.coefficients)):
```

```
result_coeffs[i - 1] = i * self.coefficients[i]
     return Poly(result_coeffs)
  def integral(self):
     result_coeffs = [0]
     for i in range(len(self.coefficients)):
       result_coeffs.append(self.coefficients[i] / (i + 1))
     return Poly(result_coeffs)
  def eval(self, x):
     result = 0
     for i in range(len(self.coefficients)):
       result += self.coefficients[i] * (x ** i)
     print(f"{result}")
  def print(self):
     terms = []
     for i, coef in enumerate(self.coefficients):
       if coef != 0:
         sign = ""
         if coef < 0:
            sign += "- "
         elif i > 0:
            sign += "+ "
         if abs(coef) != 1 or i == 0:
            sign += str(abs(coef))
         if i > 0:
            sign += "x"
         if i > 1:
            sign += f"^{i}"
         terms.append(sign)
     print(" ".join(terms).lstrip("+"))
p = Poly((1, 0, -2))
p2 = Poly((14, 7, -5, 0, 0, 18))
p.print()
q = p.power(2)
q.print()
p.eval(3)
r = p.add(q)
r.print()
r.diff().print()
```

```
phatt@Macbook_Pro MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Desktop/Code Files/Python/Computer Prgramming (Python)/7/HW
$ C:/Users/phatt/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/python.exe "c:/Users/phatt/OneDrive/Desktop/Code Files/Python/Computer Prgramming (Python)/7/HW/2.py"
1 - 2x^2
1 - 4x^2 + 4x^4
-17
2 - 6x^2 + 4x^4
- 12x + 16x^3
```

3. Design a class named LinearEquation for a 2 X 2 system of linear equations:

```
class LinearEquation:
  def init (self,a,b,c,d,e,f):
    self. a = a
    self.\__b = b
    self. c = c
    self._d = d
    self._e = e
    self. f = f
  def geta (self):
    return self.__a
  def getb (self):
    return self.__b
  def getc (self):
    return self.__c
  def getd (self):
    return self.__d
  def gete (self):
    return self.__e
  def getf (self):
    return self.__f
  def isSolvable (self):
    if (self.__a * self.__d) - (self.__b * self.__c) != 0:
       return True
    else:
       return False
  def getX(self):
    if self.isSolvable() == True:
       return ((self.__e * self.__d) - (self.__b * self.__f)) / ((self.__a * self.__d) - (self.__b * self.__c))
  def getY(self):
    if self.isSolvable() == True:
       return ((self.__a * self.__f) - (self.__e * self.__c)) / ((self.__a * self.__d) - (self.__b * self.__c))
le = LinearEquation(1,2,3,4,5,6)
print(le.getX())
```

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\$ C:/Users/phatt/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/python.exe "c:/Users/phatt/OneDrive/Desktop/Code
puter Prgramming (Python)/7/HW/3.py"
-4.0