



# IF.03.01\_BASIC WEB TECHNIQUES

Creating Web Sites with HTML, CSS and Javascript

# UNIT 02

Html and a First Look Into CSS

# GOALS FOR TODAY

- You know how html elements look like
- You know a solid first set of html tags and know what they do
- You know what css are good for
- You know how css rules look like
- You can style a simple web page (text) with css

A FIRST HTML PAGE

# FIRST PAGE – INDEX.HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
    <title>My Personal Web Technique Site</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <article>
      <h1>Hello World (Wide Web)</h1>
      <section>
        <h1>Mission</h1>
        <p>
          This course is for me ....
        </p>
      </section>
      <section>
        <h1>Personal Goals</h1>
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```

Tells the browser, which version of html it can expect  
html5, html4 (strict or transitional), etc.

Strictly speaking, it is not part of  
html

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      </section>
    </article>
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</html>
```

Most html elements are two-fold and embrace other elements, e.g., `<html>` and `</html>` or `<h1>` and `</h1>`. Every html document starts with an html-element.



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```

Every html page should have a head and a body. The head describes meta information.

The body contains the things which appear on the page.

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```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
    <title>My Personal Web Technique Site</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>Welcome to the Wide Web</h1>
    <h2>About this course</h2>
    <p>This course is for me ...</p>
    </section>
    <section>
      <h1>Personal Goals</h1>
      <p>I want to learn in this course ...</p>
    </section>
  </article>
</body>
</html>
```

Actually the head is not mandatory

Every html page should have a head and a body. The head describes meta information. The body contains the things which appear on the page.

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        </p>
      </section>
    </article>
  </body>
</html>
```

The article-element is used to structure your web content. A page may contain zero, one, or more articles. Articles may be nested, i.e., they may contain articles themselves.

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```

The section-element may be used to further structure your content. Again one may define several sections on a page and sections may contain other sections.

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      </section>
    </article>
  </body>
</html>
```

# THE HEAD IN DETAIL

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```
<head>
```

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<meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8"/>
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<meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8"/>
```

The meta-element gives meta information about your page. In this case it says the web browser which type of content and which character set it can expect.

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```
<head>
```

```
  <meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8"/>
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<head>
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<meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8"/>
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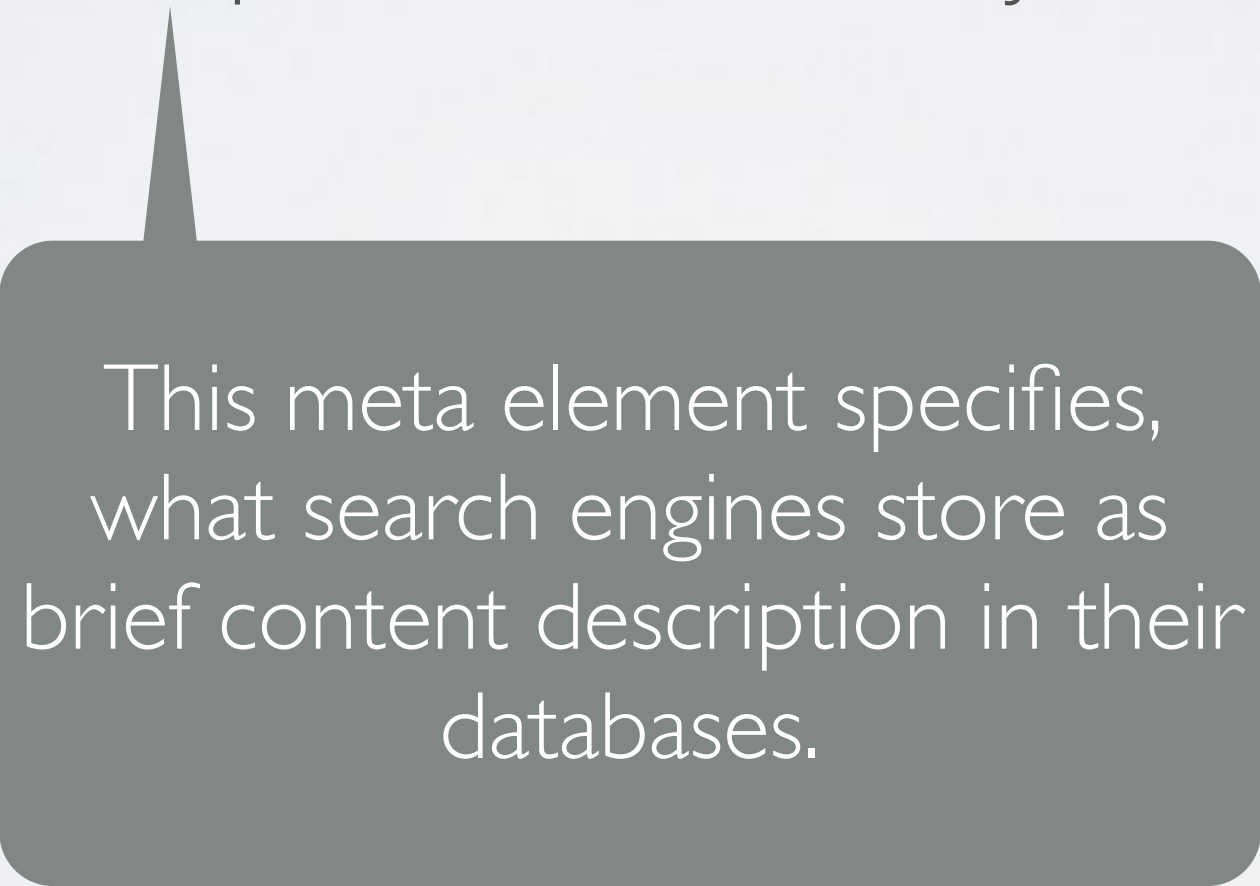
```
<meta name="description" content="The very first page"/>
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This meta element specifies, what search engines store as brief content description in their databases.

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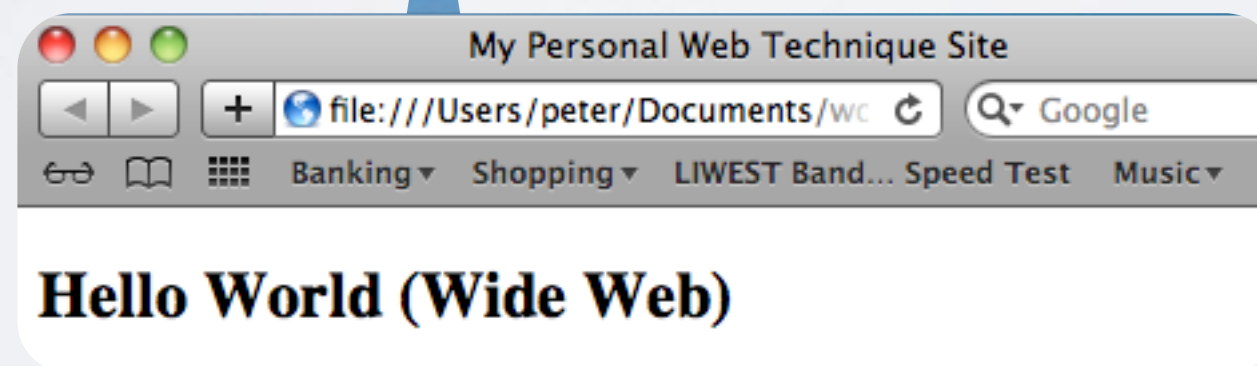
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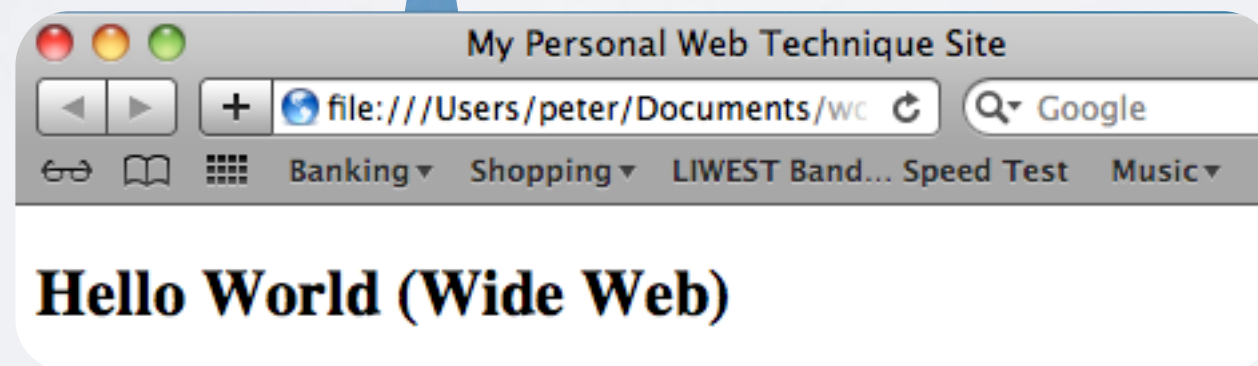
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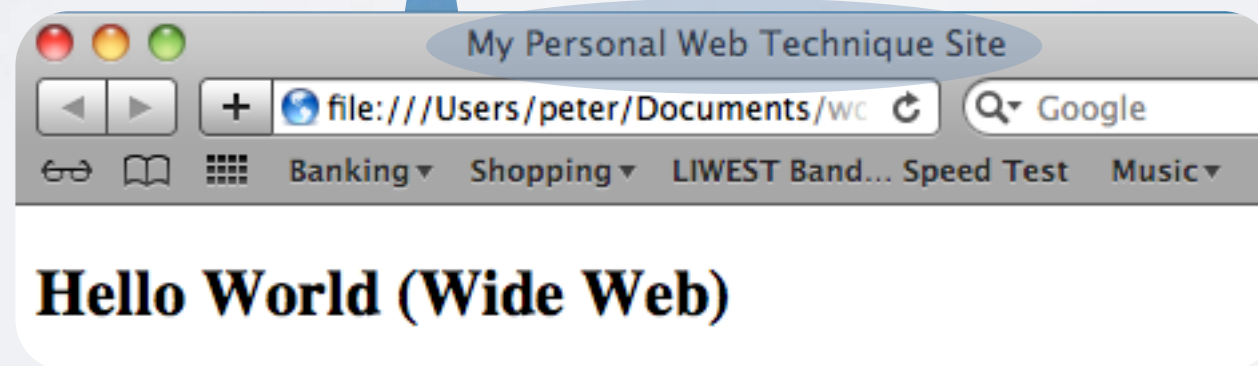
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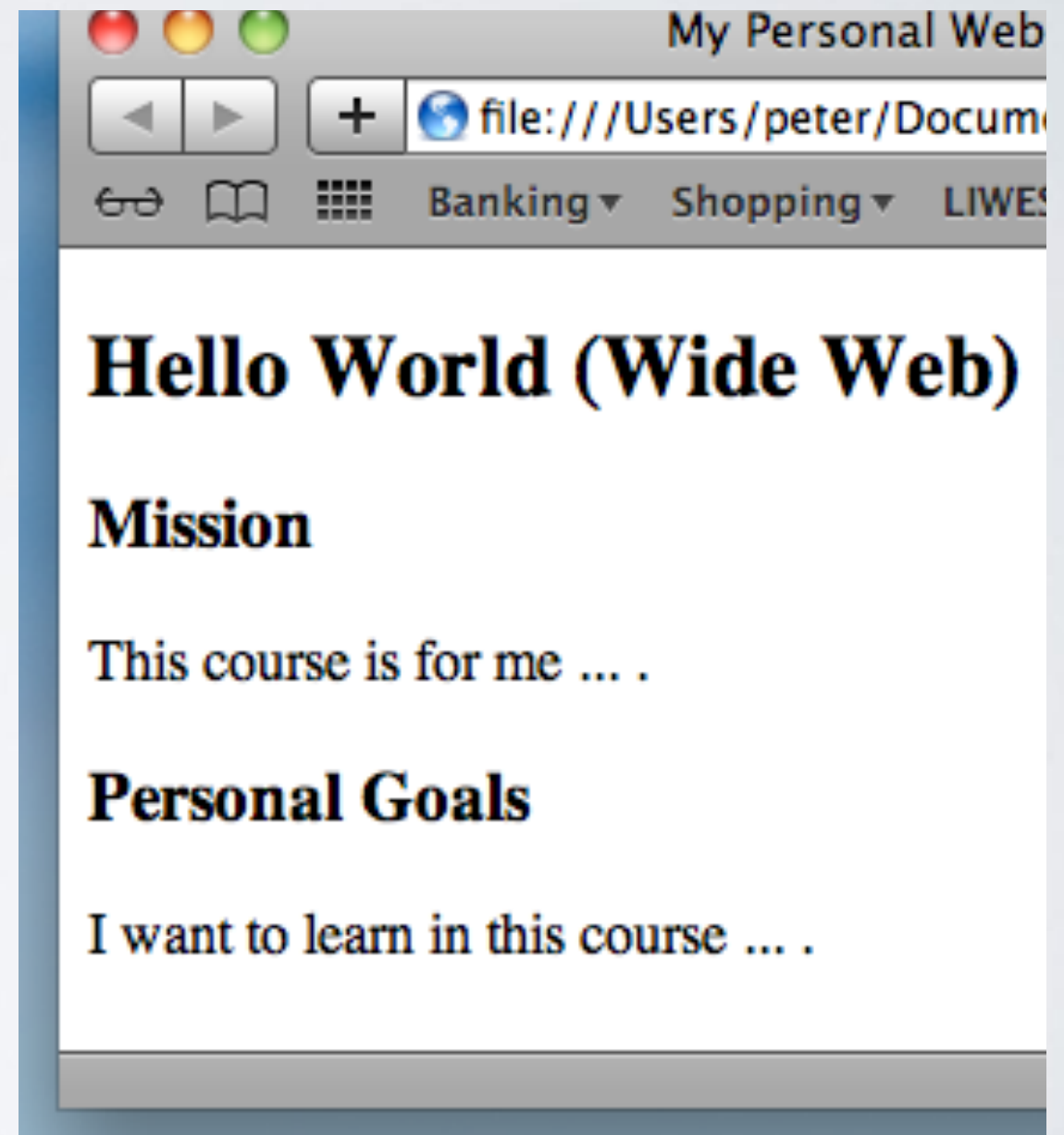
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      <p>This course is for me
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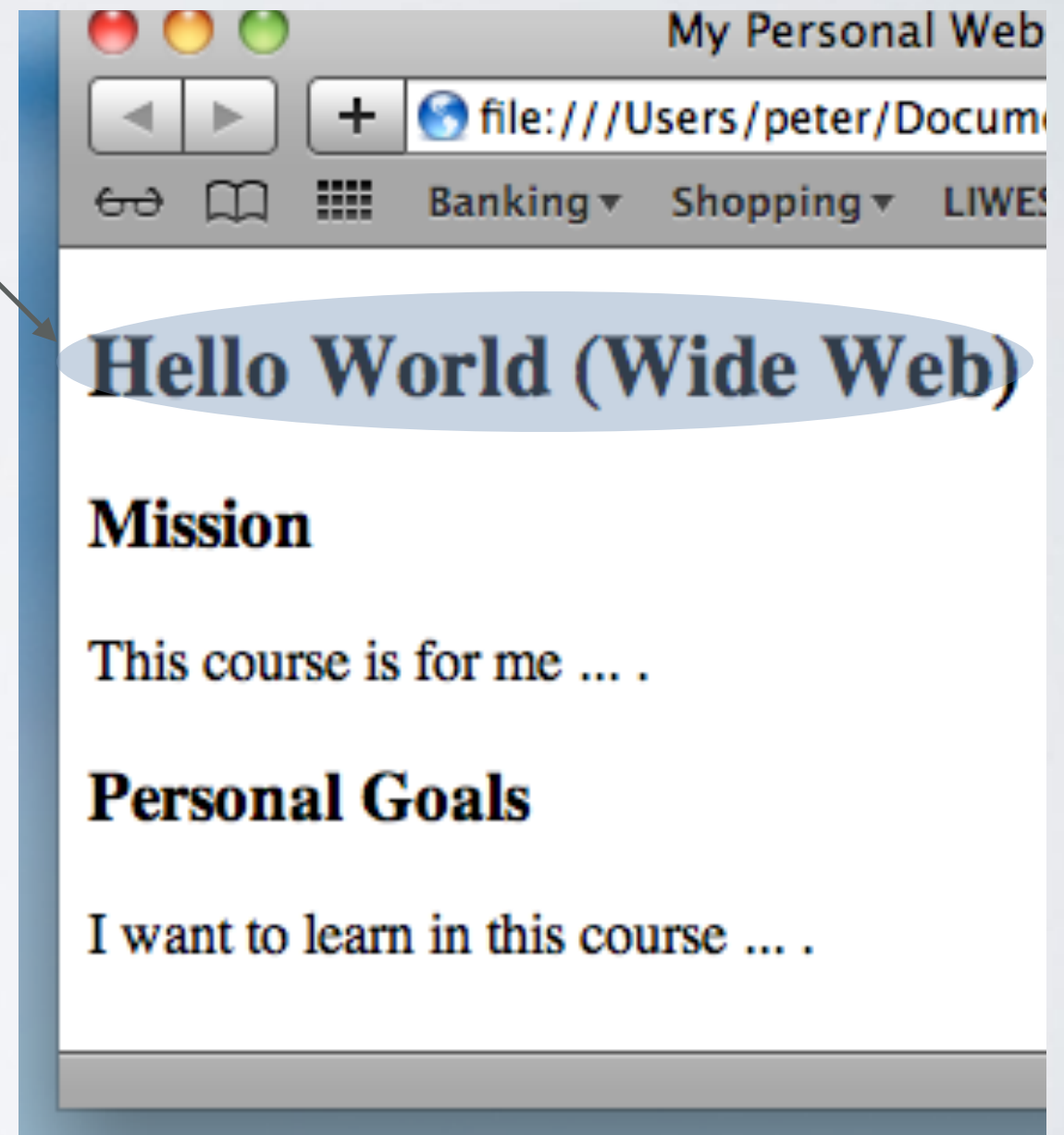
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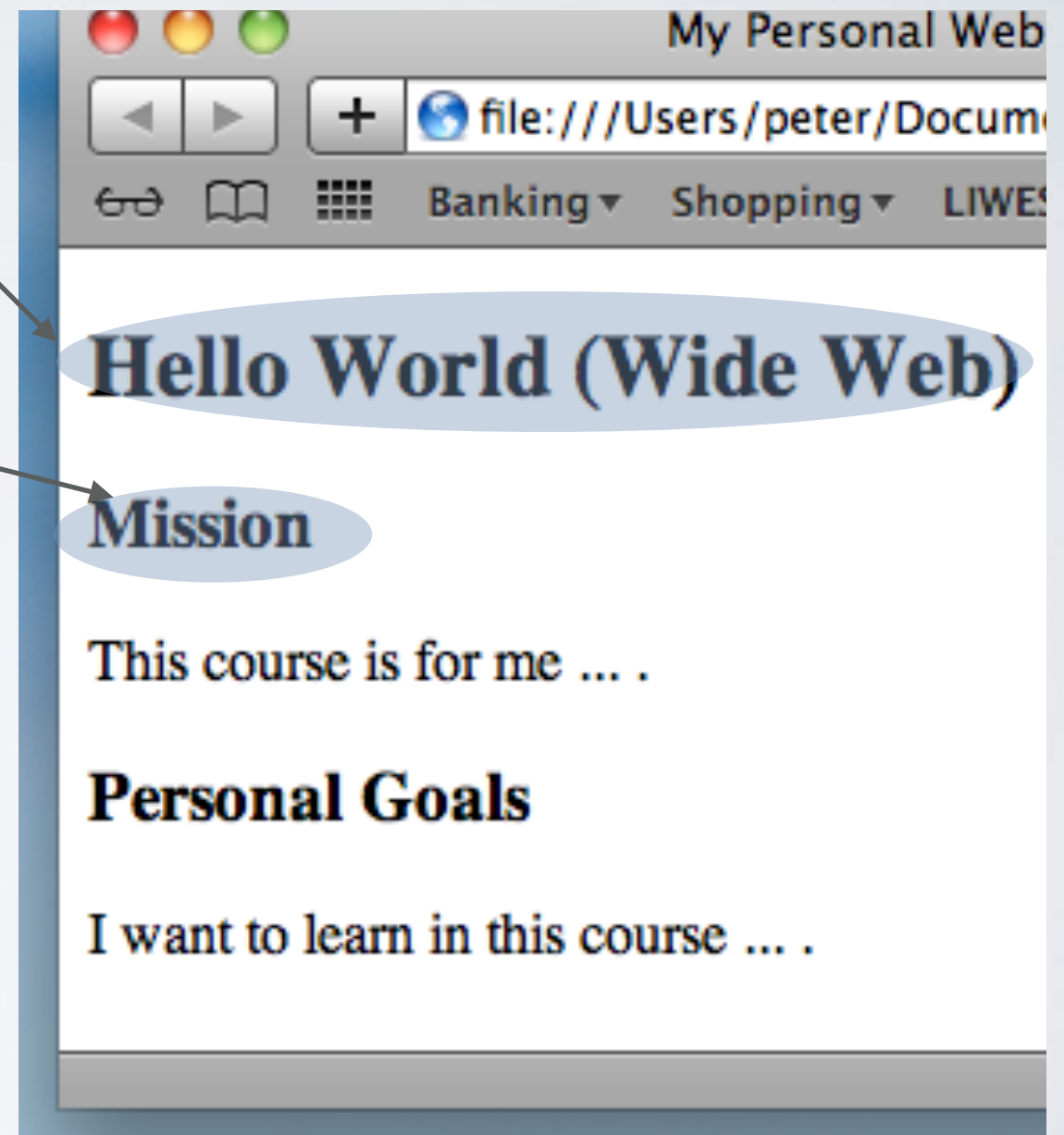
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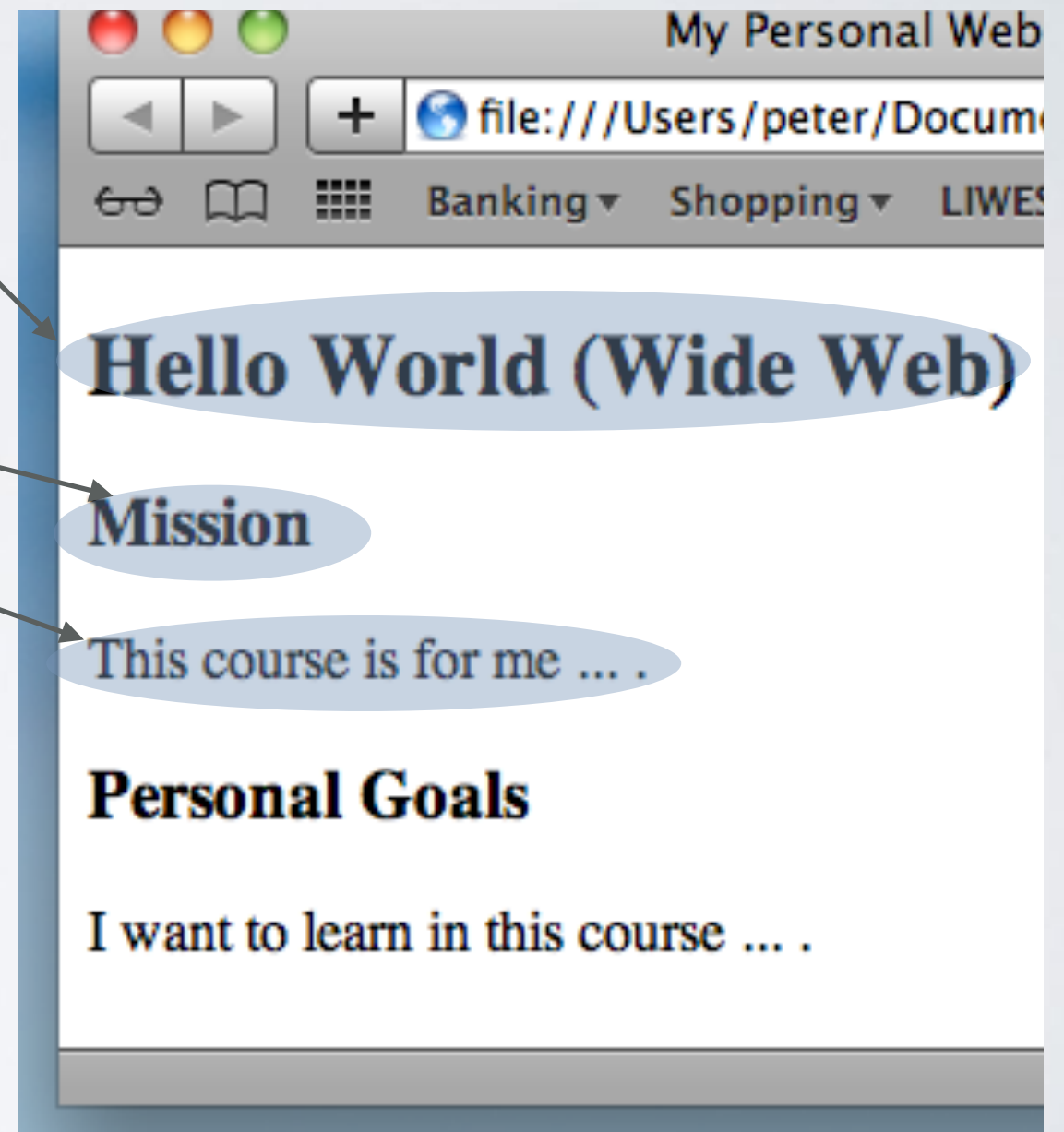
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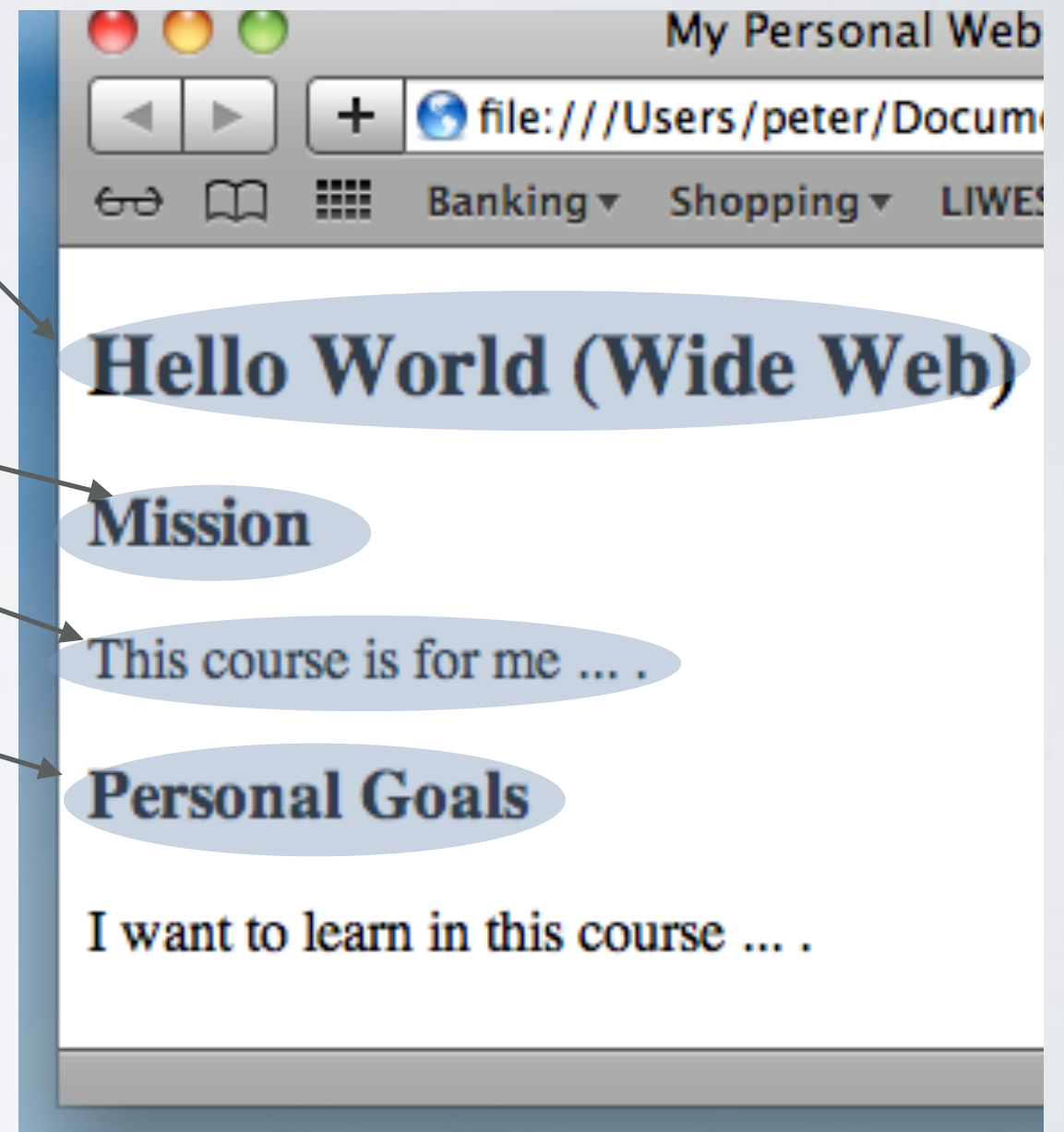
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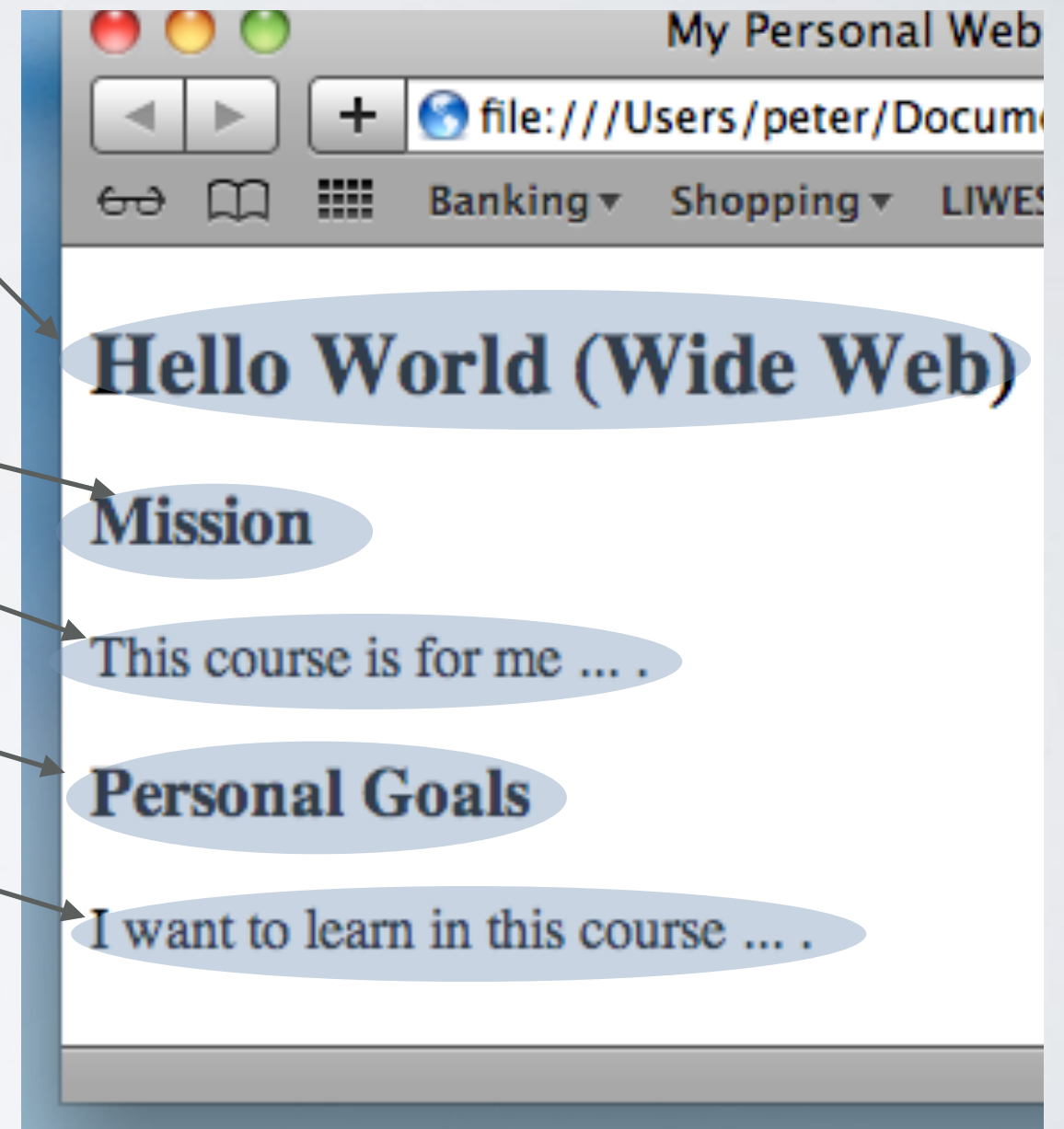
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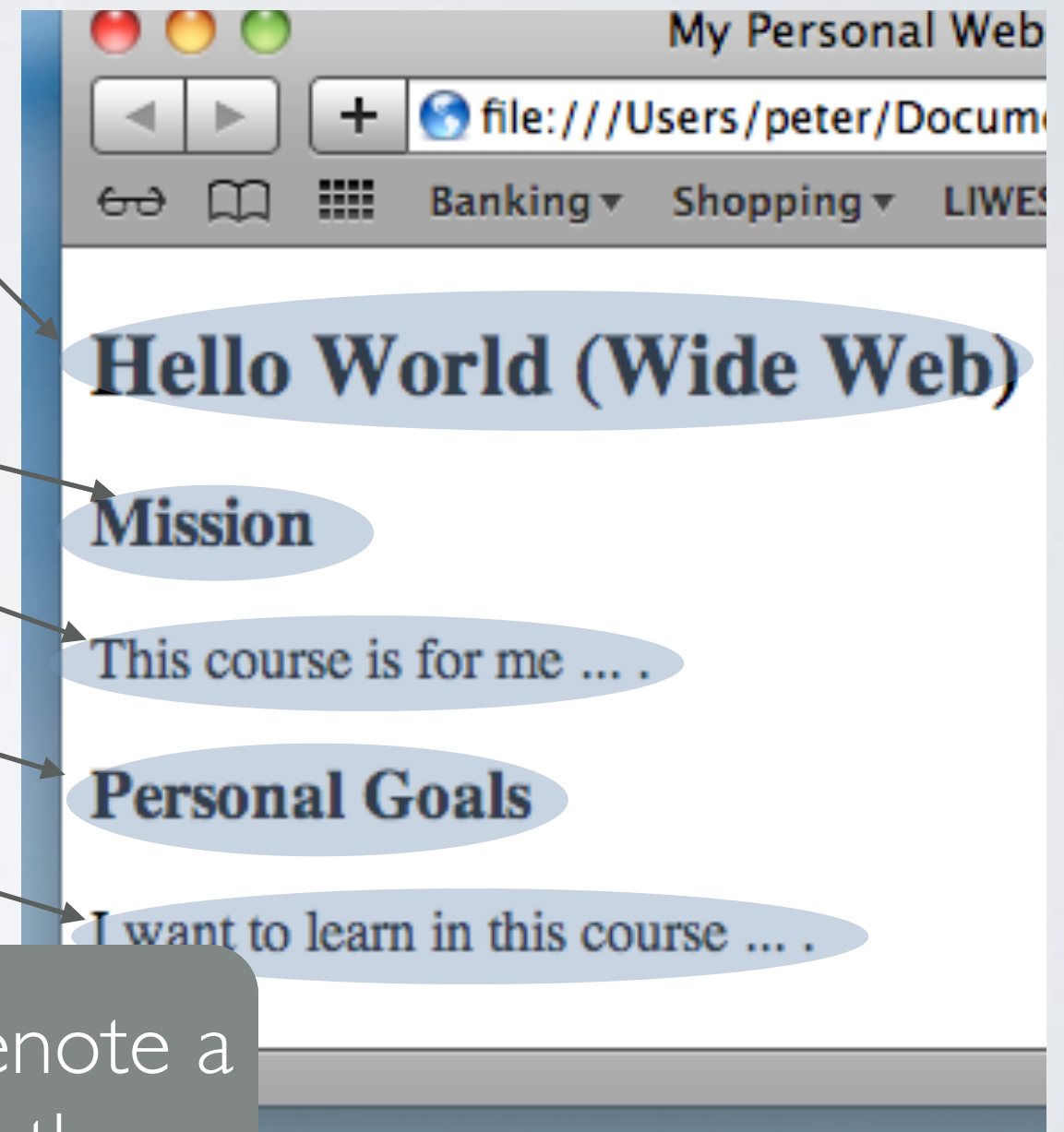
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Btw, these p's denote a paragraph. Another structure tag.

# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

- `<p>This is a paragraph with non-sense text</p>`

# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

Start-  
Tag

- `<p>This is a paragraph with non-sense text</p>`



# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

Start-  
Tag

End-  
Tag

- `<p>This is a paragraph with non-sense text</p>`

# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

Start-  
Tag

End-  
Tag

- `<p>` This is a paragraph with non-sense text `</p>`

Element Content

# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

Start-  
Tag

End-  
Tag

- `<p>This is a paragraph with non-sense text</p>`

Element Content

# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

Start-  
Tag

End-  
Tag

- `<p>This is a paragraph with non-sense text</p>`  
Element Content
- `<a href="html_cheatsheet.html">HTML Schummler</a>`

# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

Start-  
Tag

End-  
Tag

- `<p>This is a paragraph with non-sense text</p>`  
Element Content
- `<a href="htmlcheatsheet.html">HTML Schummler</a>`  
Start Tag

# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

Start-  
Tag

End-  
Tag

- `<p>This is a paragraph with non-sense text</p>`  
Start Tag      Element Content      End Tag
- `<a href="html_cheatsheet.html">HTML Schumm1er</a>`  
Start Tag      Element Content      End Tag

# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

Start-  
Tag

End-  
Tag

- `<p>This is a paragraph with non-sense text</p>`  
Element Content
- `<a href="http://www.htmlschummler.de">HTML Schummler</a>`  
Attribute

# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

Start-  
Tag

End-  
Tag

- `<p>This is a paragraph with non-sense text</p>`  
Element Content
- `<a href="html_cheatsheet.html">HTML Schumm1er</a>`  
Attribute



# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

Start-  
Tag

End-  
Tag

- `<p>This is a paragraph with non-sense text</p>`  
Element Content
- `<a href="html_cheatsheet.html">HTML Schumm1er</a>`  
Attribute
- `<br />`

# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

Start-  
Tag

End-  
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- `<p>This is a paragraph with non-sense text</p>`  
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- `<a href="html_cheatsheet.html">HTML Schumm1er</a>`  
Attribute
- `<br />`  
Start-Tag

# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

Start-Tag

End-Tag

- `<p>This is a paragraph with non-sense text</p>`

- `<a href="html_cheatsheet.html">HTML Schumm1er</a>`

Start-Tag

- `<br />`

A so-called void element  
is closed in its start tag  
Seen by the slash (/) at the end.  
The slash can be omitted.

# STRUCTURE OF HTML ELEMENTS

Start-Tag

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- `<p>This is a paragraph with non-sense text</p>`

- `<a href="html_cheatsheet.html">HTML Schummler</a>`

Start-Tag

- `<br />`

A so-called void element  
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- ``

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Start-Tag

- `<br />`

A so-called void element  
Is closed in its start tag  
Seen by the slash (/) at the end.  
The slash can be omitted.

Well I'm sure  
you can figure  
this out yourself

- ``

<!DOCTYPE>

# <!DOCTYPE>

- <!DOCTYPE> tells the browser which version of html we use

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- <!DOCTYPE> tells the browser which version of html we use
  - Html 5: <!DOCTYPE html>



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  - Html 5: <!DOCTYPE html>
  - Html 4.01 transitional: <!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN" "<http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd>">

# <!DOCTYPE>

- <!DOCTYPE> tells the browser which version of html we use
  - Html 5: <!DOCTYPE html>
  - Html 4.01 transitional: <!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN" "<http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd>">
  - Html 4.01 strict: <!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01//EN" "<http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/strict.dtd>">

# <!DOCTYPE>

What the ...???

- <!DOCTYPE> tells the browser which version of html we use
- Html 5: <!DOCTYPE html>
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What the ...???

- <!DOCTYPE> tells the browser which version of html we use
- Html 5: <!DOCTYPE html>
- Html 4.01 transitional: <!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN" "<http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd>">
- Html 4.01 strict: <!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01//EN" "<http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/strict.dtd>">
- We always use <!DOCTYPE html>, i.e, html 5.

# VALIDATING YOUR HTML SOURCE

- Browsers do not report syntactical problems
- Makes debugging difficult
- Check your html source via [http://  
validator.w3.org/](http://validator.w3.org/)

# SUMMARY OF FIRST HTML-TAGS

Tag	Known Attributes	Description
<!DOCTYPE>	---	see slides before
<a>	href	link
<article>	---	article
<body>	---	body of page
 	---	line break
<h1>, <h2>, ...	---	head line; with Html 5 only h1 and h2 should be used
<head>	---	head of page
<html>	---	start tag
<img>	src, alt	includes an image
<meta />	http-equiv, name, content	meta information about page
<p>	---	paragraph
<section>	---	section
<title>	---	Title appearing in title bar


# DEMO



- Continue the “Hello World”
- Try out
  - article, section, h1, and p
  - img, a
- Finally one construct: article.section.section.h1
- Validate the html code

# CASCADING STYLE SHEETS (CSS)




# WHAT ABOUT DESIGN?

[Banking ▾](#)[Shopping ▾](#)[LIVEST Band... Speed Test](#)[Music ▾](#)[Lalit's Blog](#)[Wohnen ▾](#)[HTL ▾](#)[Arduino - HomePage](#)[Dictionaries ▾](#)[Darwin's Dilemma ▾](#)

HTL LE  NDING 

**Basic Web Techniques**

[Course Structure](#) [Assignments](#) [CV Project](#) [Hangman Project](#) [Resources](#)

**Hello World (Wide Web)**

**Mission**

In this course we want to explore the basics of web technology. We will emphasize the small details behind instead of simply using code generators and other tools. Therefore, our results will be maybe smaller but, on the other hand, we will understand why things are as they are and how we can manipulate our result in detail.

**Personal Goals**

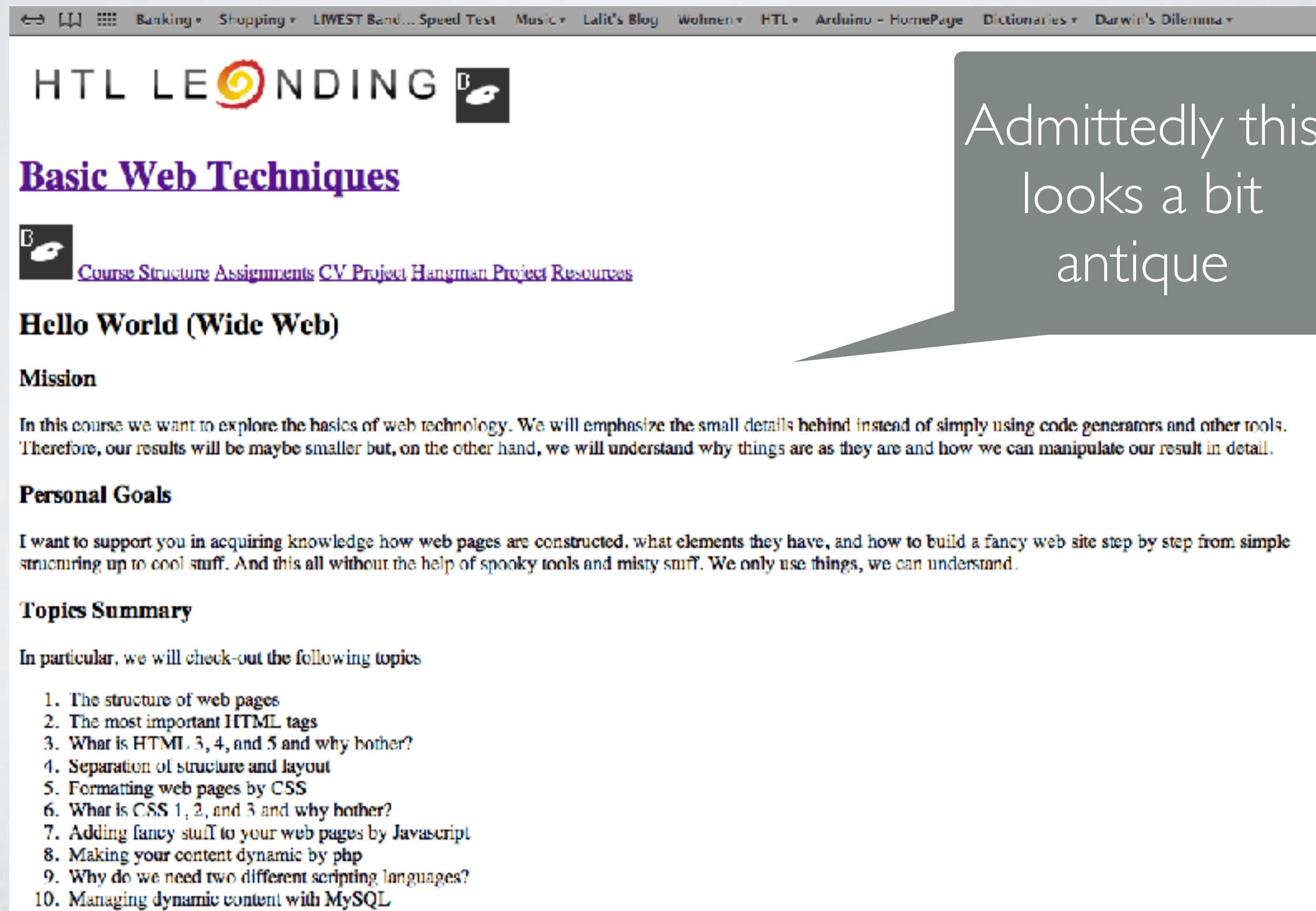
I want to support you in acquiring knowledge how web pages are constructed, what elements they have, and how to build a fancy web site step by step from simple structuring up to cool stuff. And this all without the help of spooky tools and misty stuff. We only use things, we can understand.

**Topics Summary**

In particular, we will check-out the following topics

1. The structure of web pages
2. The most important HTML tags
3. What is HTML 3, 4, and 5 and why bother?
4. Separation of structure and layout
5. Formatting web pages by CSS
6. What is CSS 1, 2, and 3 and why bother?
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9. Why do we need two different scripting languages?
10. Managing dynamic content with MySQL

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The screenshot shows a web browser window with a navigation bar at the top containing links like Banking, Shopping, LIWEST Band, Speed Test, Music, Lalit's Blog, Wohnen, HTL, Arduino - HomePage, Dictionaries, and Darwin's Dilemma. The main content area has the HTL LEARNING logo, a purple heading 'Basic Web Techniques', a list of links (Course Structure, Assignments, CV Project, Hangman Project, Resources), and sections for 'Hello World (Wide Web)', 'Mission', 'Personal Goals', and 'Topics Summary'. A grey speech bubble on the right contains the text: 'Admittedly this looks a bit antique'.

HTL LEARNING

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# IS THIS ABOUT DESIGN?



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HTL LEARNING Basic Web Techniques

Course Structure Assignments CV Project Hangman Project Resources

## Hello World (Wide Web)

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Well: Beauty is in the eye of the beholder

# HTML CARES ABOUT STRUCTURE (NOTHING ELSE)

- Up to now, we only considered WHAT we write
- We did NOT consider HOW it LOOKS like



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```
<article>
```

```
  <h1>Hello World (Wide Web)</h1>
```

```
  <section>
```

```
    <h1>Mission</h1>
```

```
    <p>
```

```
      In this course we want to d how we  
      can manipulate our result in detail.
```

```
    </p>
```

```
  </section>
```

```
...
```

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```
<p>
```

```
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```

```
</p>
```

```
</section>
```

```
...
```

Both are headlines.  
Correct and easy if we  
think about structure.  
Correct and easy is  
good

# HTML CARES ABOUT STRUCTURE (NOTHING ELSE)

- Up to now, we only considered WHAT we write
- We did NOT consider HOW it LOOKS

BUT  
We expect them to  
be designed  
differently

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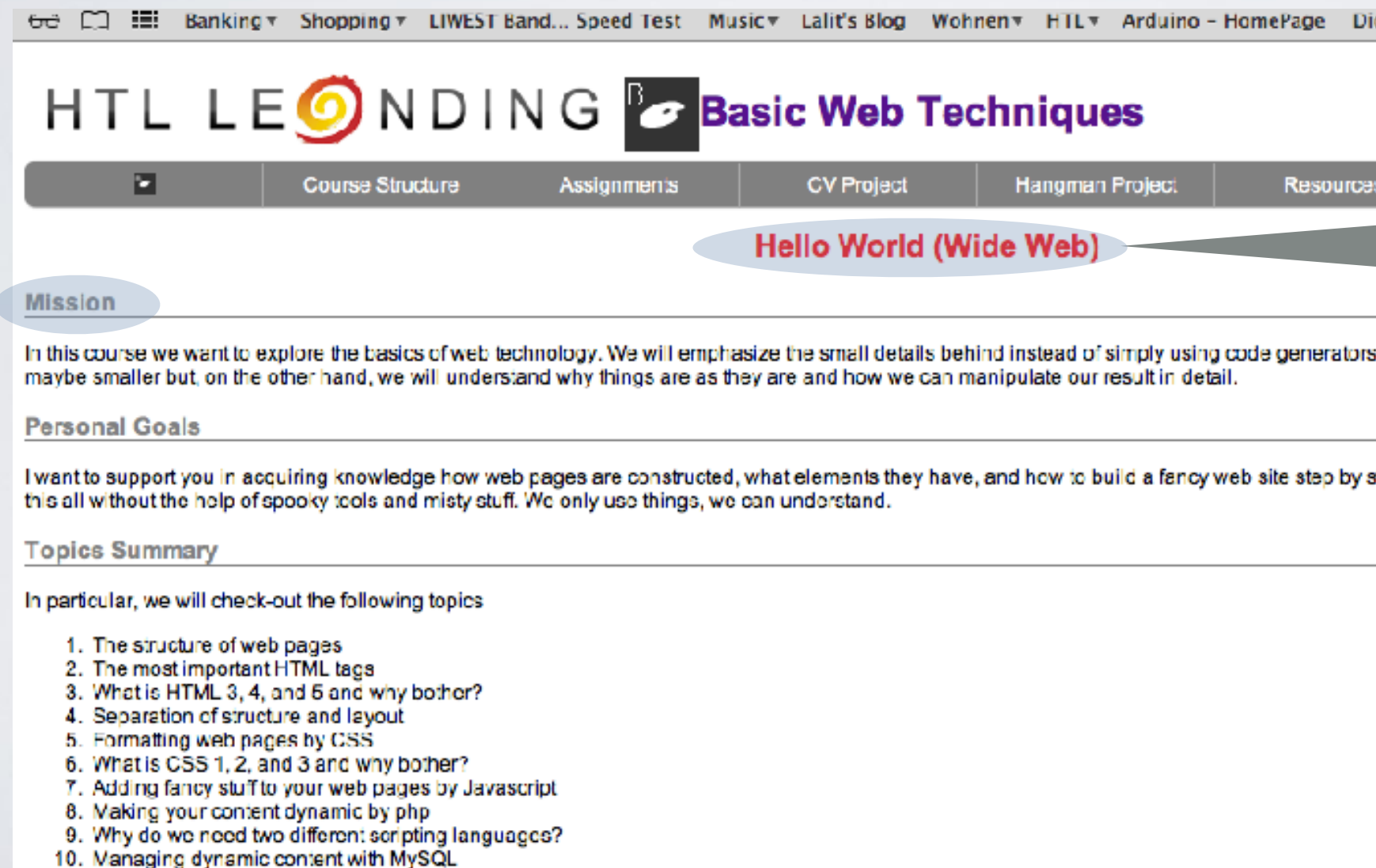
```
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```

```
...
```



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Hello World (Wide Web)

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# WHAT ABOUT DESIGN NOW?

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# WHAT ABOUT DESIGN NOW?

- We use Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) to make things look good
- CSS care about design (nothing else)
- Again
  - When writing text, we care about structure
  - When the structure is good and clear, we care about how it should look like

# A CSS RULE

```
h1 {  
    color: blue;  
    text-align: center;  
}
```

# A CSS RULE

Selector

**h1** {

color: blue;

text-align: center;

}



# A CSS RULE

Selector

h1 {

color: blue;

Declaration

text-align: center;

}

# A CSS RULE

Selector

**h1** {

color: blue;

text-align: center;

}

# A CSS RULE

Selector

h1 {

color: blue;

text-align: center;

}

Property

Value

# A CSS RULE

Selector

**h1** {

color: blue;

text-align: center;

}

# A CSS RULE

Selector

**h1** {

Note the semicolon  
after each declaration

color: blue;

text-align: center;

}

GIVE IT A TRY – AN INLINE CSS

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```
<h1 style="text-align: center">Hello World (Wide Web)</h1>
```

# GIVE IT A TRY – AN INLINE CSS

```
<h1 style="text-align: center">Hello World (Wide Web)</h1>
```



Great,  
isn't it?



# GIVE IT A TRY – AN INLINE CSS

```
<h1 style="text-align: center">Hello World (Wide Web)</h1>
```

- Suppose, you have a page with 10 head lines:

# GIVE IT A TRY – AN INLINE CSS

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<h1 style="text-align: center">Hello World (Wide Web)</h1>
```

- Suppose, you have a page with 10 head lines:

```
<h1 style="text-align: center">Introduction</h1>
```

# GIVE IT A TRY – AN INLINE CSS

```
<h1 style="text-align: center">Hello World (Wide Web)</h1>
```

- Suppose, you have a page with 10 head lines:

```
<h1 style="text-align: center">Introduction</h1>
```

```
<h1 style="text-align: center">Formal Description</h1>
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Tedious,  
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```
<h1 style="text-align: center">Conclusion</h1>
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# INTERNAL CSS

- Declare styling rules once in the head
- Valid for the whole page

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```
<head>
```

```
  <style type="text/css">
```

```
    h1 {text-align: center;}
```

```
    p {margin-left: 20px;}
```

```
    body {background-image: url("images/back40.gif");}
```

```
  </style>
```

```
</head>
```



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OK, that helps a bit, but:

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OK, that helps a bit, but:  
My web site has **two thousand  
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OK, that helps a bit, but:  
My web site has **two thousand  
four hundred and sixty  
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How to deal with that?

# EXTERNAL CSS

- Declare CSS rules in an extra file
- Include it to html file via a link tag
- The include is again in the head

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- Include it to html file via a link
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Do you remember?  
This is an empty  
element.  
Why?

```
<head>
```

```
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="mystyle.css" />
```

```
</head>
```

# EXTERNAL CSS

- Declare CSS rules in an extra file

- Include it to html file via a link

- The include is guys called then??

Do you remember?  
This is an empty  
element.  
Why?

How were these

```
<head>
```

```
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="mystyle.css" />
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# COMBINATORS – CHILDREN AND OTHER DESCENDANTS

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```
article > h1 {text-align: center;}  
article h1 {color: red;}
```

# COMBINATORS – CHILDREN AND OTHER DESCENDANTS

- Internal and External CSS need to address elements explicitly
- Rule for h1 elements in articles

An h1 being a DIRECT  
CHILD of an article

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An h1 being a child, a grand-child, a grand-grand-child, ... (briefly a descendant) of an article

# COMBINATORS – CHILDREN AND OTHER DESCENDANTS

- Internal and External CSS need to address elements explicitly
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  - Rule for h1 elements in sections inside sections inside articles

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An h1 being a child, a grand-child, a grand-grand-child, ... (briefly a descendant) of an article

```
article > h1 {text-align: center;}
article h1 {color: red;}
article section section h1 {
  color: grey;
  border-bottom: 1px solid grey;
}
```

# COMBINATORS – SIBLINGS



# COMBINATORS – SIBLINGS

- Rule for all p elements located directly after an h2 element

# COMBINATORS – SIBLINGS

- Rule for all  $p$  elements located directly after an  $h2$  element
- Rule for all  $p$  elements which are siblings of  $h2$  elements

# COMBINATORS – SIBLINGS

- Rule for all p elements located directly after an h2 element
- Rule for all p elements which are siblings of h2 elements

```
h2 + p {text-align: center;}
```

# COMBINATORS – SIBLINGS

- Rule for all p elements located directly after an h2 element
- Rule for all p elements which are siblings of h2 elements

```
h2 + p {text-align: center;}
```

```
h2 ~ p {color: red;}
```

# PSEUDO CLASSES

- Style an element in different states
- E.g. style `<a>` elements
  - `link`: Content of the `<a>` element
  - `active`: Content when user clicks on it
  - `visited`: Content if the link has already been visited

# THE MOST IMPORTANT STYLING DECLARATIONS

- Check them out at <http://www.w3schools.com/cssref/default.asp>
- [Backgrounds](#)
- [Text](#)
- [Fonts](#)
- [Links](#)

# DEMO

- Style the text we made so far:
  - Font family, text-align (justify), colour
  - text-decoration: overline, line-through, underline
  - text-transform
  - font-size,
  - Background colour, background image
  - Style a link
  - Hover pseudo class