# Week 3: Assignment

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#### 2024-02-01

# Assignment Description

# Purpose

The goal of this assignment is to get comfortable importing data and working with 2-dimensional data in R using dplyr, part of the tidyverse.

#### Task

Write R code to successfully answer each question below.

#### Criteria for Success

- Code is within the provided code chunks or new code chunks are created where necessary
- Code chunks run without errors
- Code chunks have brief comments indicating which code is answering which part of the question
- Code will be assessed as follows:
  - Produces the correct answer using the requested approach: 100%
  - Generally uses the right approach, but a minor mistake results in an incorrect answer: 90%
  - Attempts to solve the problem and makes some progress using the core concept, but returns the wrong answer and does not demonstrate comfort with the core concept: 50%
  - Answer demonstrates a lack of understanding of the core concept: 0\%
- Any questions requiring written answers are answered with sufficient detail

#### **Due Date**

Feb 5 at midnight MST

# Exercises

#### Set-up (5 pts)

To complete these exercises, we will need functions from the dplyr package and the readr package (read\_csv()). Add a code chunk below and load these 2 packages into the workspace before beginning.

# library(dplyr)

```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
## filter, lag
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##

## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

library(readr)

# for the lesson
download.file("https://ndownloader.figshare.com/files/2292172", "surveys.csv")
download.file("https://ndownloader.figshare.com/files/3299474", "plots.csv")
download.file("https://ndownloader.figshare.com/files/3299483", "species.csv")

# for the assignment
download.file("http://www.datacarpentry.org/semester-biology/data/shrub-volume-data.csv", "shrub-volume
```

### 1. Shrub Volume Data Basics (20 pts)

Dr. Morales is interested in studying the factors controlling the size and carbon storage of shrubs. She has conducted an experiment looking at the effect of three different treatments on shrub volume at four different locations.

Get familiar with the data by importing it using read\_csv() and use dplyr functions to complete the following tasks. Remember to add a code chunk!

- a. Select the data from the length column.
- b. Select the data from the site and experiment columns.
- c. Add a new column named area containing the area of the shrub, which is the length times the width.
- d. Sort the data by length.
- e. Filter the data to include only plants with heights greater than 5.
- f. Filter the data to include only plants with heights greater than 4 and widths greater than 2 (using , or & to include two conditions).
- g. Filter the data to include only plants from Experiment 1 or Experiment 3 (using '|' for "or").
- h. Filter the data to remove rows with null values in the height column (using !is.na)
- i. Create a new data frame called shrub\_volumes that includes all of the original data and a new column containing the volumes (length \* width \* height). Remember to add a line of code afterwards with the name of the dataframe so the dataframe is printed.

```
surveys <- read_csv("surveys.csv")</pre>
## Rows: 35549 Columns: 9
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (2): species_id, sex
## dbl (7): record_id, month, day, year, plot_id, hindfoot_length, weight
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
plots <- read csv("plots.csv")</pre>
## Rows: 24 Columns: 2
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): plot_type
## dbl (1): plot_id
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
select(shrub_vol, length)
## # A tibble: 15 x 1
##
     length
##
      <dbl>
## 1
        2.2
## 2
        2.1
## 3
       2.7
## 4
       3
## 5
       3.1
       2.5
## 6
## 7
        1.9
## 8
       1.1
## 9
       3.5
        2.9
## 10
## 11
       4.5
## 12
       1.2
## 13
        2.6
## 14
        1.8
## 15
        3.1
# b.
select(shrub_vol, site, experiment)
## # A tibble: 15 x 2
      site experiment
##
##
     <dbl>
               <dbl>
## 1
       1
                  1
## 2
        1
                   2
## 3
                   3
        1
## 4
        2
                   1
## 5
        2
                   2
## 6
        2
                   3
```

```
##
    8
          3
                      2
##
    9
          3
                      3
## 10
          4
                      1
## 11
          4
                      2
## 12
          4
                      3
## 13
           5
                      1
## 14
                      2
           5
## 15
           5
                      3
mutate(shrub_vol, area = length*width)
## # A tibble: 15 x 6
##
       site experiment length width height area
##
      <dbl>
                  <dbl>
                         <dbl> <dbl>
                                       <dbl> <dbl>
                                          9.6 2.86
##
                            2.2
                                  1.3
    1
           1
                      1
##
    2
                      2
                            2.1
                                  2.2
                                          7.6 4.62
           1
##
    3
           1
                      3
                            2.7
                                  1.5
                                          2.2 4.05
##
    4
          2
                      1
                            3
                                  4.5
                                          1.5 13.5
##
    5
          2
                      2
                            3.1
                                               9.61
                                  3.1
                      3
                            2.5
                                  2.8
                                          3
                                               7
##
    6
          2
    7
##
          3
                            1.9
                                  1.8
                                          4.5 3.42
                      1
                                          2.3 0.55
                                  0.5
##
    8
          3
                      2
                            1.1
##
   9
          3
                      3
                            3.5
                                  2
                                          7.5 7
## 10
                            2.9
                                  2.7
                                          3.2 7.83
          4
                      1
## 11
                      2
                            4.5
                                          6.5 21.6
          4
                                  4.8
## 12
                      3
                            1.2
                                  1.8
                                          2.7 2.16
          4
## 13
                                               2.08
           5
                      1
                            2.6
                                  0.8
                                         NA
## 14
           5
                      2
                            1.8
                                NA
                                          5.2 NA
## 15
           5
                      3
                            3.1
                                  2.2
                                         NA
                                               6.82
# d.
arrange(shrub_vol, length)
## # A tibble: 15 x 5
##
       site experiment length width height
##
      <dbl>
                  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
    1
           3
                      2
                            1.1
                                  0.5
                                          2.3
##
    2
           4
                      3
                            1.2
                                  1.8
                                          2.7
##
    3
           5
                      2
                            1.8
                                NA
                                          5.2
##
    4
          3
                            1.9
                                  1.8
                                          4.5
                      1
   5
                      2
                                  2.2
##
          1
                            2.1
                                          7.6
##
    6
          1
                      1
                            2.2
                                  1.3
                                          9.6
    7
                            2.5
                                  2.8
##
          2
                      3
                                          3
##
    8
                            2.6
                                  0.8
                                         NA
          5
                      1
##
    9
                      3
                            2.7
                                  1.5
                                          2.2
          1
## 10
           4
                            2.9
                                  2.7
                                          3.2
                      1
## 11
          2
                      1
                            3
                                  4.5
                                          1.5
## 12
          2
                      2
                            3.1
                                  3.1
                                          4
## 13
           5
                      3
                            3.1
                                  2.2
                                         NA
## 14
           3
                      3
                            3.5
                                  2
                                          7.5
## 15
                            4.5
                                  4.8
                                          6.5
filter(shrub_vol, height > 5)
```

7

##

3

1

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 5
##
      site experiment length width height
##
     <dbl>
                <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1
                         2.2
                               1.3
                                       9.6
         1
                    1
## 2
         1
                    2
                         2.1
                                2.2
                                       7.6
## 3
         3
                    3
                         3.5
                               2
                                       7.5
## 4
         4
                    2
                         4.5
                               4.8
                                       6.5
## 5
                    2
         5
                         1.8 NA
                                       5.2
# f.
filter(shrub_vol, height > 4 & width > 2)
## # A tibble: 2 x 5
      site experiment length width height
##
                <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
     <dbl>
## 1
                    2
                         2.1
                                2.2
                                       7.6
         1
## 2
         4
                    2
                         4.5
                                       6.5
                                4.8
# q.
filter(shrub vol, experiment == "1" | experiment == "3")
## # A tibble: 10 x 5
##
       site experiment length width height
##
      <dbl>
                 <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
                          2.2
                                1.3
                                        9.6
   1
          1
                     1
                          2.7
                                1.5
                                        2.2
## 2
                     3
          1
## 3
                          3
                                4.5
                                        1.5
          2
                     1
## 4
          2
                     3
                          2.5
                                2.8
                                        3
## 5
          3
                     1
                          1.9
                                1.8
                                        4.5
## 6
          3
                     3
                          3.5
                                2
                                        7.5
## 7
          4
                     1
                          2.9
                                2.7
                                        3.2
## 8
                                1.8
                                        2.7
          4
                     3
                          1.2
## 9
          5
                     1
                          2.6
                                0.8
                                      NA
## 10
          5
                     3
                          3.1
                                2.2
                                       NA
filter(shrub_vol, !is.na(height))
## # A tibble: 13 x 5
##
       site experiment length width height
##
      <dbl>
                 <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1
                          2.2
                                1.3
                                        9.6
          1
                     1
## 2
          1
                     2
                          2.1
                                2.2
                                        7.6
## 3
                          2.7
                                1.5
                                        2.2
                     3
          1
##
   4
          2
                     1
                          3
                                4.5
                                        1.5
## 5
          2
                     2
                          3.1
                                3.1
                                        4
## 6
          2
                     3
                          2.5
                                2.8
                                        3
## 7
                          1.9
                                1.8
                                        4.5
          3
                     1
## 8
          3
                     2
                                0.5
                          1.1
                                        2.3
## 9
          3
                     3
                          3.5
                                2
                                        7.5
                                2.7
## 10
          4
                     1
                          2.9
                                        3.2
## 11
                                4.8
          4
                     2
                          4.5
                                        6.5
## 12
          4
                     3
                          1.2
                                1.8
                                        2.7
## 13
                           1.8 NA
                                        5.2
shrub_volumes <- mutate(shrub_vol, volume = length*width*height)</pre>
```

#### shrub\_volumes

```
## # A tibble: 15 x 6
        site experiment length width height volume
##
##
       <dbl>
                    <dbl>
                            <dbl> <dbl>
                                           <dbl>
                                                   <dbl>
    1
                                             9.6
                                                   27.5
##
           1
                        1
                              2.2
                                     1.3
    2
                              2.1
                                     2.2
                                             7.6
##
           1
                        2
                                                   35.1
    3
                        3
                                     1.5
##
           1
                              2.7
                                             2.2
                                                    8.91
    4
           2
                        1
                              3
                                     4.5
                                             1.5
                                                   20.2
##
##
    5
           2
                        2
                              3.1
                                     3.1
                                             4
                                                   38.4
           2
                        3
                              2.5
##
    6
                                     2.8
                                             3
                                                   21
##
    7
           3
                              1.9
                                     1.8
                                             4.5
                                                   15.4
                        1
##
    8
           3
                        2
                              1.1
                                     0.5
                                             2.3
                                                    1.26
##
    9
           3
                        3
                              3.5
                                     2
                                             7.5
                                                   52.5
                              2.9
                                     2.7
##
   10
           4
                        1
                                             3.2
                                                   25.1
           4
                        2
                              4.5
                                     4.8
                                             6.5 140.
##
   11
   12
           4
                        3
                              1.2
                                     1.8
                                             2.7
                                                    5.83
##
   13
           5
                        1
                              2.6
                                     0.8
                                            NA
                                                   NA
##
   14
           5
                        2
                              1.8
                                    NA
                                             5.2
                                                   NA
           5
## 15
                        3
                              3.1
                                     2.2
                                                   NA
                                            NA
```

# 2. Code Shuffle (15 pts)

We are interested in understanding the monthly variation in precipitation in Tucson, AZ. We'll use some data from the NOAA National Climatic Data Center. Each row of the data is a year (from 2000-2023) and each column is a month (January - December).

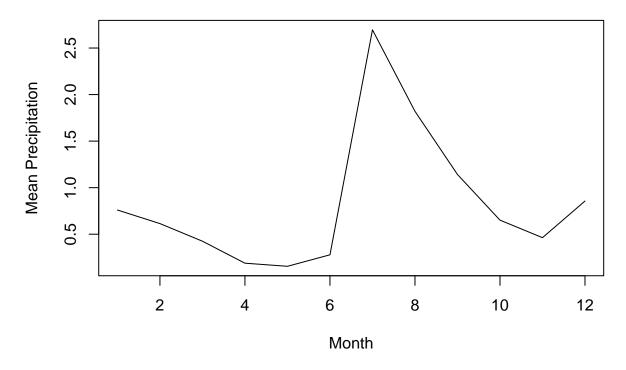
Rearrange the following program so that it:

- a. Imports the data
- b. Calculates the mean precipitation (ppt) in each month across years
- c. Plots the monthly averages as a simple line plot

Finally, add a comment above the code that describes what it does. The comment character in R is #.

It's OK if you don't know exactly how the details of the program work at this point; you just need to figure out the right order of the lines based on when variables are defined and when they are used.

```
ppt_data <- read.csv("tucson_precip.csv", header = FALSE)
monthly_mean_ppt <- colMeans(ppt_data)
plot(monthly_mean_ppt, type = "l", xlab = "Month", ylab = "Mean Precipitation")</pre>
```



# 3. Portal Data Manipulation (20 pts)

Load the surveys.csv file into R using read\_csv().

Note: Do not use pipes for this exercise.

- a. Use select() to create a new data frame with just the year, month, day, and species\_id columns in that order.
- b. Use mutate(), select(), and filter() with !is.na() to create a new data frame with the year, species\_id, and weight in kilograms of each individual, with no null weights. The weight in the table is given in grams so you will need to create a new column for weight in kilograms by dividing the weight column by 1000.
- c. Use the filter() function to get all of the rows in the data frame for the species ID SH.

```
surveys_a_3 <- select(surveys, year, month, day, species_id)
surveys_a_3</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 35,549 x 4
##
       year month
                      day species_id
##
       <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
##
       1977
                       16 NL
                  7
    1
##
       1977
                  7
                       16 NL
       1977
                  7
                       16 DM
##
##
       1977
                  7
                       16 DM
##
    5
       1977
                  7
                       16 DM
##
    6
       1977
                  7
                       16 PF
                  7
    7
                       16 PE
##
       1977
                  7
                       16 DM
##
    8
       1977
                  7
##
    9
       1977
                       16 DM
## 10
       1977
                  7
                       16 PF
## # i 35,539 more rows
surveys_b_3 <- select(surveys, year, species_id, weight)</pre>
surveys_b_3 <- filter(surveys_b_3, !is.na(weight))</pre>
```

```
surveys_b_3 <- mutate(surveys_b_3, weight_kg = weight/1000)</pre>
surveys_b_3
## # A tibble: 32,283 x 4
##
       year species_id weight weight_kg
##
      <dbl> <chr>
                         <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
##
    1 1977 DM
                            40
                                    0.04
    2
       1977 DM
                                    0.048
##
                            48
##
   3 1977 DM
                            29
                                    0.029
##
    4
       1977 DM
                            46
                                    0.046
##
   5
       1977 DM
                            36
                                    0.036
##
   6
       1977 DO
                            52
                                    0.052
       1977 PF
                             8
##
    7
                                    0.008
##
    8
       1977 OX
                            22
                                    0.022
                            35
                                    0.035
##
   9
       1977 DM
## 10 1977 PF
                             7
                                    0.007
## # i 32,273 more rows
surveys_c_3 <- filter(surveys_b_3, species_id == "SH")</pre>
surveys_c_3
## # A tibble: 141 x 4
##
       year species_id weight weight_kg
##
      <dbl> <chr>
                         <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
   1 1978 SH
                                    0.089
##
                            89
##
       1982 SH
                           106
                                    0.106
##
    3
       1982 SH
                            52
                                    0.052
##
    4
       1986 SH
                            55
                                    0.055
##
   5
      1987 SH
                            77
                                    0.077
##
      1987 SH
                            78
                                    0.078
    6
##
    7
       1987 SH
                           104
                                    0.104
##
    8
       1987 SH
                            58
                                    0.058
##
   9
       1987 SH
                                    0.052
                            52
## 10 1988 SH
                            60
                                    0.06
## # i 131 more rows
```

# 4. Portal Data Manipulation Pipes (20 pts)

Using the same data as you did in Exercise 3, use pipes (either |> or %>%) to combine the following operations to manipulate the data.

- a. Use mutate(), select(), and filter() with !is.na() to create a new data frame with the year, species\_id, and weight in kilograms of each individual, with no null weights.
- b. Use the filter() and select() to get the year, month, day, and species\_id columns for all of the rows in the data frame where species\_id is SH.

```
surveys_a_4 <- surveys %>%
  select(year, species_id, weight) %>%
  filter(!is.na(weight)) %>%
  mutate(weight_kg = weight/1000)
surveys_a_4
## # A tibble: 32,283 x 4
##
       year species_id weight weight_kg
##
      <dbl> <chr>
                        <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
##
  1 1977 DM
                           40
                                  0.04
```

```
##
    2 1977 DM
                            48
                                   0.048
##
    3 1977 DM
                            29
                                   0.029
      1977 DM
##
                            46
                                   0.046
                                   0.036
##
      1977 DM
                            36
   5
##
       1977 DO
                            52
                                   0.052
   7
                             8
                                   0.008
##
       1977 PF
                            22
                                   0.022
##
   8
      1977 OX
      1977 DM
                                   0.035
##
   9
                            35
## 10 1977 PF
                             7
                                   0.007
## # i 32,273 more rows
surveys_b_4 <- surveys %>%
  select(year, month, day, species_id) %>%
  filter(species_id == "SH")
surveys_b_4
## # A tibble: 147 x 4
##
       year month
                    day species_id
##
      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
   1 1977
                7
                     17 SH
##
    2
       1978
               11
                      4 SH
##
    3
       1982
                5
                     21 SH
##
##
    4
       1982
                6
                     29 SH
##
   5 1983
                3
                     14 SH
      1983
##
   6
                4
                     16 SH
       1986
                      4 SH
##
    7
               10
##
   8 1987
                7
                     26 SH
##
   9 1987
                8
                     26 SH
## 10 1987
               10
                     24 SH
## # i 137 more rows
```

### 5. Portal Data Challenge (20 pts)

## 2 DO

Develop a data manipulation pipeline for the Portal surveys table that produces a table of data for only the three Dipodomys species (DM, DO, DS).

- The species IDs should be presented as lower case, not upper case.
- The table should contain information on the date, the species ID, the weight and hindfoot length.
- The data should not include null values for either weight or hindfoot length.
- The table should be sorted first by the species (so that each species is grouped together) and then by weight, with the largest weights at the top.

```
surveys_5 <- surveys %>%
  select(month, day, year, species_id, weight, hindfoot_length) %>%
  filter(species_id == "DM" | species_id == "DO" | species_id == "DS") %>%
  filter(!is.na(weight), !is.na(hindfoot_length)) %>%
  arrange(species_id, -weight)

surveys_5 %>%
  distinct(species_id)

## # A tibble: 3 x 1
## species_id
## <chr>
## 1 DM
```

```
## 3 DS
surveys 5 %>%
  filter(is.na(weight))
## # A tibble: 0 x 6
## # i 6 variables: month <dbl>, day <dbl>, year <dbl>, species_id <chr>,
       weight <dbl>, hindfoot_length <dbl>
surveys 5 %>%
  filter(is.na(hindfoot_length))
## # A tibble: 0 x 6
## # i 6 variables: month <dbl>, day <dbl>, year <dbl>, species id <chr>,
       weight <dbl>, hindfoot_length <dbl>
surveys_5$species_id <- tolower(surveys_5$species_id)</pre>
surveys_5
## # A tibble: 14,558 x 6
##
              day year species_id weight hindfoot_length
##
      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
                                      <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
##
          4
               29
                   1979 dm
                                         65
                                                          37
    1
##
    2
          8
                7
                   1991 dm
                                         65
                                                          37
    3
          5
               16
                   2002 dm
##
                                         64
                                                          35
##
    4
          5
               13
                   1984 dm
                                         63
                                                          35
    5
         12
                3
                   1995 dm
                                         63
                                                          38
##
    6
         10
                                         62
                                                          35
##
               12 1980 dm
         10
                                         62
                                                          37
##
   7
               28
                   1995 dm
               28
                   1996 dm
                                         62
                                                          38
##
    8
          1
##
   9
          1
               28
                   1996 dm
                                         62
                                                          38
                7
## 10
         11
                    1999 dm
                                         62
                                                          36
## # i 14,548 more rows
```

# Turning in Your Assignment

Follow these steps to successfully turn in your assignment on D2L.

- 1. Click the Knit button up near the top of this document. This should produce a PDF file that shows up in the Files panel on the bottom-right of your screen. (If you can't get your file to Knit to PDF, you can submit the .Rmd file instead.)
- 2. Click the empty box to the left of the PDF file.
- 3. Click on the blue gear near the top of the Files panel and choose Export.
- 4. Put your last name at the front of the file name when prompted, then click the Download button. The PDF file of your assignment is now in your "Downloads" folder on your device.
- 5. Head over to D2L and navigate to the correct Assignment dropbox. Submit the PDF file that you just downloaded.