

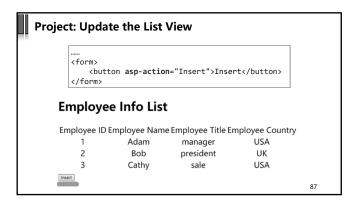
Project: Add New Employee

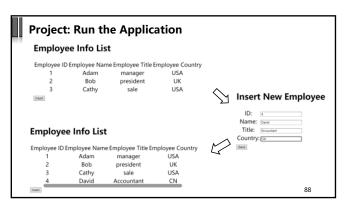
- ■To implement this feature, which part of the project should be changed?
 - ■Model?
 - ■View?
 - ■Controller?
 - ■Repository?

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Project: Update the Controller (—)

- ■To add an employee, how many cycles of interaction would happen between the browser and the server?
 - ■2 cycles
 - ■In the first cycle, the application provide a form to let the user input new employee info.
 - ■In the second cycle, the user submits the form, and the application add the employee to the collection.
- ■So, how many action methods do we need?





10. Tag Helpers

Building Forms with Tag Helpers (—)

- Displaying dynamic data is an important aspect of many web applications as well as needing to display data to the user.
- ■Model binding is how you accept the data sent by a user in a request and convert it to C# objects.
- The final aspect is how to build the HTML forms that users use to send this data in a request.
- ASP.NET Core provides a feature to achieve this, called Tag Helpers.

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Building Forms with Tag Helpers (二)

- Tag Helpers are additions to Razor syntax that you use to customize the HTML generated in your templates.
 - Tag Helpers can be added to an otherwise-standard HTML element, such as an <input>, to customize its attributes based on your C# model.
 - Tag Helpers can also be standalone elements and can be used to generate completely customized HTML.

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Enabling the Built-in Tag Helpers

- ■The built-in tag helpers are all defined in the Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc.TagHelpers namespace.
- ■Add an @addTagHelpers directive to enable it.

@using WebApp.Models
@addTagHelper *, Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc.TagHelpers
@using WebApp.Components
@addTagHelper *, WebApp

Creating forms using Tag Helpers

■ The FormTagHelper transforms form elements so they target an action method.

```
<form asp-controller="EmployeeManager"
    asp-action ="Insert"
    method="post">
```

<form action="/EmployeeManager/Insert" method="post">

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The Label Tag Helper

■The Label Tag Helper class is used to generate the caption (the visible text) and the for attribute for a <label> element, based on the properties in the Model Class.

The Input and Textarea Tag Helpers (—)

- ■There's such a wide array of possible input types.
- ■The Input Tag Helper uses information based on both the type of the property (bool, string, int, and so on) and any DataAnnotations attributes applied to it to determine the type of the input element to generate.

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The Input and Textarea Tag Helpers (二)

■The value of the type attribute is determined by the type of the view model property specified by the asp-for attribute.

input Element type Attribute	
number	
oat, double, decimal text, with additional attributes for model validation	
bool checkbox	
string text	
datetime	

The Input and Textarea Tag Helpers (三)

■ A more elegant—and reliable approach—is to apply one of the attributes to the property in the C# model class.

Attribute	input Element type Attribute
[HiddenInput]	hidden
[Text]	text
[Phone]	tel
[Url]	url
[EmailAddress]	email
[DataType(DataType.Password)]	password
[DataType(DataType.Time)]	time
[DataType(DataType.Date)]	date
[bata-)pe(bata-)pe bate)	0000

The Input and Textarea Tag Helpers (四)

■Consider the Email property that was decorated with the [EmailAddress] attribute.

<input type="email" id="Input_Email" name="Input.Email"
value="test@example.com" data-val="true"
data-val-email="The Email Address field is not a valid e-mail address."
Data-val-required="The Email Address field is required."
/>

Formatting input Element Values

■The asp-format attribute is used to specify how that data value is formatted.

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The Select Tag Helper (二)

■ The Select Tag Helper exposes the asp-for and asp-items attributes that you can add to <select> elements.

```
| Creates a standard drop-down select | Ist by binding to a standard property | in asp-items="Model.Items"></select> | creates a standard drop-down select | ist by binding to a standard property | in asp-items="Model.Items"></select> | creates a single-select list box of height 4 by providing the standard HTML size attribute | creates a multiselect list box by binding to an IEnumerable property in asp-for
```

The Select Tag Helper (三)

■The rendered HTML

```
<select id="SelectedValues" name="SelectedValues"
multiple="multiple">
    <optgroup label="Dynamic">
        <option value="js">JavaScript</option>
        <option value="python">Python</option>
        </optgroup>
        <optgroup label="Static">
              <option value="cpp">C++</option>
        </optgroup>
        <option value="cpp">C++</option>
        </optgroup>
        <option value="csharp">C#</option>
        </select>
```

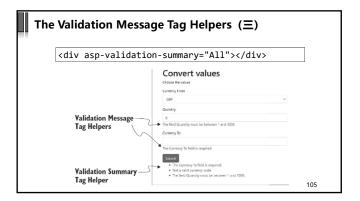
The Validation Message Tag Helpers (—)

- The Input Tag Helper generates the necessary data-val-* validation attributes on input elements themselves.
- ■Use asp-validation-for attribute to display the validation messages.

```
<span asp-validation-for="Email"></span>
Email
The Email field is required.
```

The Validation Message Tag Helpers (二)

- The Validation Summary Tag Helper is applied to a < div > using the asp-validationsummary attribute and providing a ValidationSummary enum value.
 - ■None—Don't display a summary.
 - ■ModelOnly—Display only errors that are not associated with a property.
 - All—Display errors associated with either a property or the model.



The Validation Message Tag Helpers (四) public IActionResult OnPost() Can't convert currency to itself if (Input.CurrencyFrom == Input.CurrencyTo) ModelState.AddModelError(Adds model-level error, not string.Empty, tied to a specific property, "Cannot convert currency to itself"); by using empty key if (!ModelState.IsValid) If there are any property-level or model-level errors, displays them return Page(); return RedirectToPage("Checkout");

Generating links with the Anchor Tag Helper

- ■The Anchor Tag Helper class is used to transform the href attributes of a elements.
- Values for segment variables are defined using asp-route-[name]

<a asp-action="index" asp-controller="home"</pre> asp-route-id="@Model?.ProductId">Select Û

Select

Cache-busting with the Append Version Tag Helper (-

- ■For performance reasons, browsers often cache files locally and reuse them for subsequent requests rather than calling the application every time a file is requested.
- ■But what happens if it does change? You want to make sure users get the updated assets as soon as they're available.
- ■One of the most common ways for handling it is to use a cachebusting query string.

Cache-busting with the Append Version Tag Helper (二)

- ■A cache-busting query string adds a query parameter to a URL,
 - ■Browsers will cache the response and use it for subsequent requests to the URL.
- ■When the resource changes, the query string is also changed, such as to ?v=2.
 - ■Browsers will see this as a request for a new resource and make a fresh request.

Cache-busting with the Append Version Tag Helper (三)

- ■The biggest problem with this approach is that it requires you to update a URL every time the resource changes.
- ■The asp-append-version attribute will load the file being referenced and generate a unique hash based on its contents. This is then appended as a unique query string to the resource URL.

Project: Implement Employee Updation

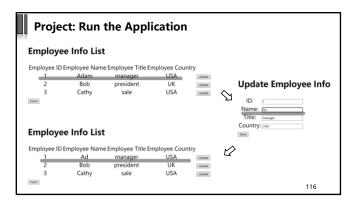
■What's the difference between inserting an employee and updating an existed employee?

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```
Project: Modify the Controller Code

//处理get请求,将待更新的员工信息提供给视图
public IActionResult update(int id)
{
    return View(repo.SelectbyId(id));
}

//处理post请求,更新员工信息
[HttpPost]
public IActionResult update(Employee model)
{
    repo.Update(model);
    return RedirectToAction("List");
}
```



Project: Implement Employee Deletion

■What's the similarity and difference between deletion and updation?

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```
Project: Modify the Repository Code

public interface IEmployeeRepository
{
    //刪除员工
    void Delete(int id);
}

public void Delete(int id)
{
    Employee e = this.data.Find(e => e.EmployeeId.Equals(id));
    this.data.Remove(e);
}
```

Project: Modify the Controller Code public IActionResult delete(int id) { repo.Delete(id); return RedirectToAction("List"); } Does the deletion need a view?

