

英语作文万能句型

(一) 段首句

1. 俗话说(常言道)……, 它是我们前辈的经历, 但是, 即使在今天, 它在许多场合仍然适用。

There is an old saying _____. It's the experience of our forefathers, however, it is correct in many cases even today.

3. 现在, ……, 它们给我们的日常生活带来了许多危害。首先, ……; 其次, ……。更为糟糕的是……。

Today, ____, which have brought a lot of harms in our daily life. First, ____ Second, _____. What makes things worse is that _____.

4. 现在, ……很普遍, 许多人喜欢……, 因为……, 另外(而且)……。

Nowadays, it is common to _____. Many people like _____ because _____. Besides, _____.

5. 任何事物都是有两面性, ……也不例外。它既有有利的一面, 也有不利的一面。

NO gardens are without weeds and _____ is not an exception, it has both advantages and disadvantages.

8. ……已成为人的关注的热门话题, 特别是在年青人当中, 将引发激烈的辩论。

_____ has become a hot topic among people, especially among the young and heated debates are right on their way.

9. ……在我们的日常生活中起着越来越重要的作用, 它给我们带来了许多好处, 但同时也引发一些严重的问题。

_____ has been playing an increasingly important role in our day-to-day life. it has brought us a lot of benefits but has created some serious problems as well.

10. 根据图表/数字/统计数字/表格中的百分比/图表/条形图/成形图可以看出……。很显然……, 但是为什么呢?

According to the figure/number/statistics/percentages in the /chart/bar graph/line/graph, it can be seen that _____ while. Obviously, _____, but why?

(二) 中间段落句

1. 相反, 有一些人赞成……, 他们相信……, 而且, 他们认为……。

On the contrary, there are some people in favor of _____. At the same time, they say _____.

(三) 结尾句

2-1 结论性----- 通过对文章前面的讨论, 引出或重申文章的中心思想及观点。

[1]. From what has been discussed above, we may safely draw the conclusion that …….

2-2 后果性----- 揭示所讨论的问题若不解决, 将产生的严重后果。

[1]. We must call for an immediate method, because the current phenomenon of ……., if allowed to proceed, will surely lead to the heavy cost of …….

[2]. Obviously, if we ignore/are blind to the problem, there is every chance that …… will be put in danger.

[3] If we can not take useful means, we may not control this trend, and some undesirable result may come out unexpectedly, so what we should do is _____. 如果我们不采取有效的方法, 就可能控制不了这种趋势, 就会出现一些意想不到的不良后果, 所以, 我们应该做的是……

2-3 号召性 ----- 呼吁读者行动起来, 采取行动或提请注意。

[1]. It is time that we urged an immediate end to the undesirable tendency of …….

[2]. It is essential that effective measures should be adopted to reverse the tendency.

2-4 建议性 ----- 对所讨论的问题提出建议性的意见, 包括建议和具体的解决问题的方法。

[1]. While it cannot be solved immediately, still there are ways. The most popular is Another method is Still another one is

[2]. Awareness/Recognition of the problem is the first step toward the situation.

2-5 方向性的结尾方式 ---- 其与建议性的唯一差别就是对问题解决提出总的, 大体的方向或者指明前景.

[1]. Many solutions are being offered here, all of them make some sense, but none is adequate enough. The problem should be recognized in a wide way.

[2]. There is no quick method to the issue of, but might be helpful/beneficial.

[3]. The great challenge today is There is much difficulty, but

2-6 意义性的结尾方式 -----> 文章结尾的时候,从更高的更新的角度指出所讨论的问题的重要性以及其深远的意义!

[1]. Following these suggestions may not guarantee the success, but the pay off might be worth the effort. It will not only benefit but also benefit

[2]. In any case, whether it is positive or negative, one thing is certain that it will undoubtedly