## Intelligent Data Analysis II

8th Exercise

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Exercise 1 Graphical models

We consider the following domain that describes how to start a car engine. We are trying to start the engine of our car. The engine could either start (engine = 1) or not (engine = 0). There are various reasons for failing to start the engine: the tank could be empty (tank = 0), or the starter motor does not rotate (starter = 0). The starter requires an intact battery (battery = 1) and it must not be defective (starter defect = 0). We can observe the condition of the tank indirectly through the electric fuel gauge: if the tank is full and the battery provides enough power for the fuel gauge to work, the fuel gauge shows full (display = 1), otherwise it shows empty (display = 0).

- 1. Construct a directed graphical model (Bayesian network) on the binary random variables battery, starter defect, starter, tank, display, and engine. Show the graph structure G and the respective (conditional) distributions in tabular form. Set realistic numerical probabilities (note: these are almost never exactly 0 or 1).
- 2. Check whether the following independences are true based on the D-separation criterion:
  - $starter\ defect \perp engine \mid battery$
  - $battery \perp tank \mid \emptyset$
  - $battery \perp engine \mid starter$
  - $tank \perp starter \ defect \mid engine$

State for each independency why it applies/does not apply.

3. We observe that the fuel gauge indicating an empty tank (display = 0). What is the probability that the tank is really empty (tank = 0)?

Let G be the graph structure of a graphical model, and let X be a node in G. We will study the question of which set M of nodes we have to observe such that the node X is independent of all other nodes in G given M. A minimal set M that has this property will be called *separating set*. That is, M is a minimal set with  $X \notin M$  and

$$\forall X' \in G \setminus \{X, M\} : X' \bot X | M.$$

Characterize the set M concisely and argue why it is minimal and has the separating property. Hint: D-separation.

Exercise 3 Acyclic graphs

Prove the following theorem from graph theory:

A graph G is acyclic if and only if there is an order  $\leq_G$  on the nodes of G such that for all  $X, X' \in G$  the following condition holds:  $X \to X' \Longrightarrow X \leq_G X'$ .

 $X \to X'$  means there is a directed edge from node X to node X' in G.