

Title

WHONDRS Summer 2019 Sampling Campaign: Global River Corridor Sediment FTICR-MS, Dissolved Organic Carbon, Aerobic Respiration, Elemental Composition, Grain Size, Total Nitrogen and Organic Carbon Content, Bacterial Abundance, and Stable Isotopes (v8)

Summary

The WHONDRS Summer 2019 Sampling (S19S) Campaign collected samples in 97 globally distributed river corridor systems between July and September 2019. Surficial streambed sediments were collected at three locations within each site (upstream, midstream, and downstream). Surface water was collected at the downstream site. This dataset includes a portion of the data types produced from the sediment samples and does not include any results from the surface water. Surface water data can be found at <https://data.ess-dive.lbl.gov/view/doi:10.15485/1603775>. Future datasets from this study will include geochemical, hydrologic, and microbial data from the surface water and sediment. The S19S campaign was designed with the science community to ask questions associated with links among core/transient metabolomes, microbial metabolism, biogeochemical function, and physical properties of watershed and river corridor systems.

This dataset contains (1) high resolution characterization of dissolved organic matter from sediment via 12 Tesla Fourier transform ion cyclotron resonance mass spectrometry (FTICR-MS) through the Environmental Molecular Sciences Laboratory (EMSL; <https://www.pnnl.gov/environmental-molecular-sciences-laboratory>); (2) dissolved organic carbon (DOC, measured as non-purgeable organic carbon, NPOC); (3) respiration rates and normalized respiration rates calculated from laboratory sediment incubations; (4) X-ray fluorescence (XRF) elemental composition; (5) grain size distribution from the < 2 millimeter fraction of sediment; (6) total organic carbon and total nitrogen content; (7) bacterial abundance flow cytometry data; (8) sediment stable isotopes (C and N); (9) site photos; (10) field and laboratory methods metadata, including international generic sample number (IGSN) mapping file; (11) file-level metadata (flmd); (12) data dictionary (dd); and (13) water and sediment mass and volume used in incubations. The FTICR-MS files are .xml, and the data package includes instructions for using Formularity (<https://omics.pnl.gov/software/formularity>) and an R script to process the data based on the user's specific needs. The XRF data includes .msa, .txt, and .spx files. All other data files are .csv, .pdf, .txt, .jpg, or .jpeg.

This data package was originally published in December 2020. It was updated in April 2021, May 2022, November 2022, January 2023, February 2023, and August 2023. See the change history section below for detail.

Critical Details

1 – For this campaign, WHONDRS provided global collaborators with a sampling kit containing materials and protocols to collect stream surface water and surficial streambed sediments. The sampling kit had a unique ID that was part of each individual vial's label. The format for this Sample_ID was "S19S_####" in which #### is a 4 digit numeric code. Sample_IDs spanned S19S_0001 to S19S_0100. Data in this data package and other S19S data packages can be paired with a specific site based on this Sample_ID. The metadata file contains coordinates, sampling dates, and other information about each site organized by Sample_ID.

2 – Each vial had an analysis- or parameter- specific suffix appended to the Sample_ID. If replicate samples were collected for the specific suffix, the replicate indicator was differentiated with a hyphen and 1, 2, or 3 (all collected at the downstream site) for water samples or U, M, or D (upstream,

midstream, downstream) for sediment samples. Replicates are biological replicates (i.e., separate samples collected into separate vials in the field).

3 – For the FTICR and NPOC samples in this data package, vials were pre-labeled with the suffix “Sed_Field_ICR” or “Sed_INC_ICR” and had three replicates (i.e., S19S_0008_Sed_Field_ICR-M is the midstream replicate for sediment FTICR/NPOC from Sample_ID S19S_0008). “Sed_Field_ICR” refers to sediment collected in the field, preserved, and analyzed. “Sed_INC_ICR” refers to sediment collected in the field, stored in the dark at 4 degrees C until ready for use, then held in the dark at 21 degrees C overnight as if it was going to be incubated to measure respiration rates, but rather than following through with the incubation, it was flash frozen to preserve it until analysis. The “Sed_INC_ICR” samples represent the start of incubation conditions. The sediment analyzed on the FTICR-MS was not actually incubated.

4 – Sample IDs for the respiration rates are structured as “S19S_0015_SED_INC-U” where U, M, or D indicates the replicate. Note that the ID is similar to the FTICR-MS sample names, but it lacks “ICR.”

5 – The FTICR-MS data are reported in files named by their Sample_ID (one file per sample). Because an important methodological detail for FTICR-MS is the ion accumulation time (IAT), the IAT for each sample is appended to the associated file name. The appended characters take the form of ‘_p15’, which indicates an IAT of 0.15 seconds, ‘_p2’ for an IAT of 0.2 seconds, and ‘_p1’ for an IAT of 0.1 seconds. Example file names are “S19S_0008_Sed_Field_ICR-M_p2.xml” or “S19S_0015_SED_INC_ICR-U_p2.xml.” The FTICR files must be processed via additional, publicly available software; please see point 6 below. Some file names include the suffix “rr,” which indicates the data were from rerunning the sample, which was needed because the initial analysis did not produce data that passed QA/QC.

6 - This data package contains peak-picked, uncalibrated, unaligned FTICR-MS data from sediment. This is done to allow merging of multiple FTICR-MS datasets. Please see included instructions in the FTICR folder for calibrating and aligning the FTICR-MS data. Please contact WHONDORS with any questions or need for help with additional analysis of FTICR-MS data. The WHONDORS team is happy to help introduce you to FTICR-MS analyses.

7 – Microbial data (metagenomics and metatranscriptomics) for surface water samples can be found at <https://narrative.kbase.us/narrative/109073>. The Sample_IDs (S19S_####) in this data package can be mapped directly to the sample names/IDs used in the microbial data. The data underlying GROWdb are accessible across various platforms to ensure all levels of data structure are widely available. All reads and MAGs are publicly hosted on National Center for Biotechnology (NCBI) under [Bioproject PRJNA946291](https://bioproject.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/submit/109073). All data related data presented in KBase, including MAG annotations, extended data tables, phylogenetic tree files, antibiotic resistance gene database files, and MAG abundance tables are available in Zenodo ([link](https://zenodo.org/record/109073)). When sediment microbial data are available, it can be found by searching for “GROWdb” in the public KBase narratives (<https://narrative.kbase.us/narratives/public/109073/1/63/?limit=40&search=GROWdb>).

Overview and Data Package Navigation

1 - See the metadata folder for the sampling protocol and analysis information. The following is a general overview of the steps that most samples went through after collection: Samples were collected and stored on wet/blue ice or in a 4 degrees C refrigerator until shipped to Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL), Richland, WA. At PNNL, sediment was sub-sampled for different analyses. The XRF samples were frozen until ready for grinding, homogenization, and analysis. The “Sed_Field_ICR” samples were flash frozen and stored until ready for analysis. Prior to analysis they were thawed and

water-extracted. The extracts were analyzed for NPOC. Prior to analysis on the FTICR-MS, samples were diluted as needed to achieve a consistent NPOC concentration and underwent solid phase extraction (SPE). See folder 'WHONDRS_S19S_Sediment_Metadata' for files containing sample handling details (see files with 'LabTracking' in the name). Tracking files contain methods codes used to indicate details of sample handling, including deviations from protocols.

After receipt and sub-sampling, the "SED_INC" samples were stored at 4 degrees C until ready for use, then held in the dark at 21 degrees C overnight. The FTICR/NPOC samples were then flash frozen and followed the same procedure as the "Sed_Field_ICR" samples for extraction and analysis. For incubations, unfiltered water from the site was added to vials with sediment until there was no headspace. Before incubation, sediments were kept at 21 degrees C overnight in a temperature-controlled chamber prior to incubation and were aerated for ~10 min before adding the unfiltered water. For the incubations, the vials were placed on a shaker at 250 revolutions per minute (rpm) in the dark. Dissolved oxygen concentrations were measured non-invasively with an optical oxygen meter (Fibox 3; PreSens GmbH, Germany) every 15 minutes for 2 hours or until the dissolved oxygen concentration reached 5 milligrams per liter (mg/L). At each time point, dissolved oxygen was measured 3 times with an interval of 5 seconds, and then an average was calculated from the three measurements. Respiration rates (v2_WHONDRS_S19S_Sediment_Incubations_Respiration_Rates.csv) were calculated as the slope of the linear regression between dissolved oxygen concentration and incubation time. Normalized respiration rates (WHONDRS_S19S_Sediment_Normalized_Respiration_Rates.csv) were calculated by normalizing the respiration rates to per_liter_sediment by multiplying the respiration rate by the liters of water in the incubation and dividing it by the liters of sediment in the incubation. Therefore, the normalized rates units are milligrams_of_DO_per_liter_of_sediment_per_hour. Sediment and water volume can be found in the file "S19S_Sediment_Water_Mass_Volume.csv".

2 – Information about materials provided for the field can be found in the sampling protocol. We do not have instrumentation information for measurements taken in the field with materials we did not provide (i.e., temperature, dissolved oxygen, coordinates). Information about instrumentation used in the lab can be found in the methods code csv and XRF text described in the file-level metadata (FLMD).

Citations and Acknowledgements

This research was supported by the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Office of Science, Biological and Environmental Research (BER) Program, Environmental System Science (ESS) Program (<https://ess.science.energy.gov/>) through the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) River Corridor Science Focus Area (SFA). PNNL is operated by Battelle Memorial Institute for the DOE under Contract No. DE-AC05-76RL01830. FTICR-MS data were generated at the Environmental Molecular Sciences Laboratory, a DOE BER User Facility (EMSL; <https://ror.org/04rc0xn13>), under the EMSL User Proposal 51180. Metagenomic and metatranscriptomic sequencing were performed at the Joint Genome Institute (JGI; <https://ror.org/04xm1d337>) under a Community Science Program (CSP; proposal: 10.46936/10.25585/60001289; award: 505780) and the University of Colorado Anschutz's Genomics Shared Resource. JGI is a DOE Office of Science User Facility supported by the DOE Office of Science operated under Contract No. DE-AC02-05CH11231.

1 - Any published work that utilizes data presented in this dataset should cite this dataset with the appropriate doi number.

2 - Please acknowledge WHONDRS and the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Biological and Environmental Research (BER) Environmental System Science (ESS) program (<https://ess.science.energy.gov/>) — which generously provides funding to WHONDRS — in your papers,

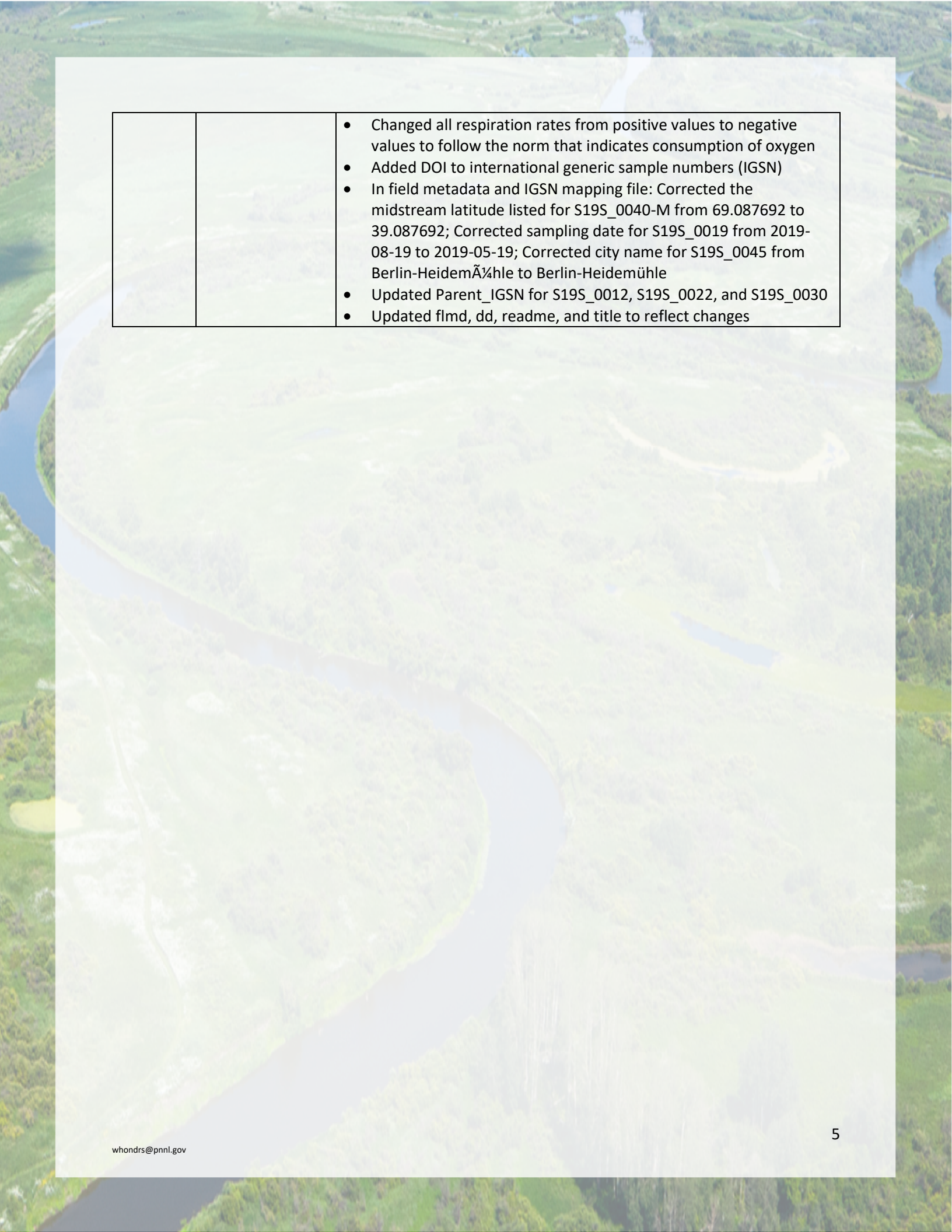
presentations, proposals, etc. If using FTICR-MS data, please also acknowledge EMSL. There is no obligation to include WHONDRS authors as co-authors.

Contact

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Change History

Version 1	1 December 2020	Original data package publication
Version 2	5 April 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• S19S_0045_SED_INC_ICR-M and S19S_0045_SED_INC_ICR-D in NPOC and FTICR data relabeled to S19S_0045_Sed_Field.• S19S_0046_SED_INC_ICR-U_p3, S19S_0049_SED_INC_ICR-U_p15, S19S_0058_SED_INC_ICR-U_p3.• Duplicate files for S19S_0023_Sed_INC_ICR-U_p1, S19S_0042_Sed_INC_ICR-U_p2, S19S_0055_Sed_INC_ICR-U_p2 removed from data package.
Version 3	20 May 2022	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added XRF files and methods metadata• Added data dictionary (dd.csv) and file-level metadata (flmd.csv)• Changed N/A values in DO_data_formatted.csv from “-” to “-9999”• Updated readme_WHONDRS_S19S_Sediment_v3.pdf to reflect changes
Version 4	11 November 2022	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added grain size data and methods metadata• Added international generic sample number (IGSN) mapping file• Updated flmd, dd, readme, and title to reflect changes• Changed “location” column in flmd to “File_Path”
Version 5	9 January 2023	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added total organic carbon and total nitrogen data and methods metadata• Updated “WHONDRS_S19S_Sediment_GrainSize.csv” to correct errors and match other file formatting. Changed “Percent_Med_Sand”, “Percent_Tot_Sand”, and “Percent_Silt” values of sample S19S_0026_BULK-M to -9999. Changed a duplicated sample ID from S19S_0038_BULK-M to S19S_0038_BULK-U. Changed Sample_Name column to Sample_ID and added “Study_Code” column.• Updated flmd, dd, readme, and title to reflect changes
Version 6	23 January 2023	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added bacterial abundance flow cytometry data and methods metadata• Updated flmd, dd, readme, and title to reflect changes
Version 7	23 February 2023	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added stable isotope data and methods metadata• Updated flmd, dd, readme, and title to reflect changes
Version 8	28 August 2023	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added normalized respiration and associated methods metadata• Added respiration values for samples that have a calculated theoretical value and updated associated methods metadata• Added water and sediment mass and volume associated with incubations



		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Changed all respiration rates from positive values to negative values to follow the norm that indicates consumption of oxygen• Added DOI to international generic sample numbers (IGSN)• In field metadata and IGSN mapping file: Corrected the midstream latitude listed for S19S_0040-M from 69.087692 to 39.087692; Corrected sampling date for S19S_0019 from 2019-08-19 to 2019-05-19; Corrected city name for S19S_0045 from Berlin-Heidemöhle to Berlin-Heidemühle• Updated Parent_IGSN for S19S_0012, S19S_0022, and S19S_0030• Updated flmd, dd, readme, and title to reflect changes
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