

Health Inequality Data Repository

INDICATOR METADATA

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME) subnational geospatial estimates

July 2023

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About

This dataset is from the WHO Health Inequality Data Repository.

This dataset contains geospatially modelled estimates produced by the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME) disaggregated by subnational region.

Data source

The data are sourced from the Local and Small Area Estimation of IHME.

Methodology

Geospatial estimates are produced by IHME as per the methodologies outlined on the IHME <u>Local and Small Area Estimation</u> website.

Dataset metadata

Date of first publication	April 2023
Date of updated publication	n/a
Expected frequency of update	n/a
Date of data extraction	August 2022
Temporal coverage	2000-2019
Spatial coverage	Global
Spatial granularity	National
Number of countries, territories or area	Anaemia dataset: 89 Breastfeeding dataset: 102 Malaria dataset: 104 Diarrhoea dataset: 109 HIV dataset: 44
Number of indicators	Anaemia dataset: 2 Breastfeeding dataset: 1 Malaria dataset: 5 Diarrhoea dataset: 3 HIV dataset: 2
Number of dimensions of inequality	1

Inequality dimensions

Subnational regions are defined according to context-specific criteria.

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Disclaimer

The estimates presented may differ from, and should not be regarded as, the official national statistics of individual WHO Member States or official WHO estimates.

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Indicator name	Disaggregation	Definition / Further information	Notes
Anaemia prevalence (all types) in women of reproductive age (15-49 years) (%) Anaemia prevalence (severe) in women of reproductive age (15-49 years) (%)	Subnational region	Annual estimates for anemia prevalence in women of reproductive age (15-49 years) at the 5x5 km-level for 82 low- and middle-income countries (LMICs) between 2000 and 2019. These estimates were produced using a geo-positioned dataset created from 218 household surveys. Countries and subnational units outside of these 82 LMICs were supplemented with Global Burden of Disease (GBD) results.	https://ghdx.healthda ta.org/record/ihme- data/global-anemia- prevalence- geospatial-estimates- 2000-2019
Exclusive breastfeeding prevalence among infants under 6 months of age (%)	Subnational region	Annual estimates for exclusive breastfeeding prevalence among infants under 6 months of age at the 5x5 km-level for 94 low- and middle-income countries (LMICs) between 2000 and 2019. These estimates were produced using a geopositioned dataset created from 394 household surveys. Countries and subnational units outside of these 94 LMICs were supplemented with Global Burden of Disease (GBD) results.	https://ghdx.healthda ta.org/record/ihme- data/global-exclusive- breastfeeding- prevalence- geospatial-estimates- 2000-2019
Malaria incidence (Plasmodium falciparum) (%) Malaria incidence (Plasmodium vivax) (%) Malaria prevalence (Plasmodium falciparum) in children (2-10 years) (%) Malaria prevalence (Plasmodium vivax) in children (2-10 years) (%) Malaria mortality (per 100 000 population)	Subnational region	Annual estimates for the prevalence and incidence of malaria and malaria mortality across all ages for all countries between 2000 and 2019. These estimates were produced using geo-positioned data from household surveys and routine surveillance data. Survey sources include the Demographic and Health Survey (DHS), Malaria Indicator Survey (MIS) and other country-specific surveys. Estimates were produced by the IHME and the Malaria Atlas Project. Malaria incidence and mortality rates are calculated for all ages, 0-4 years, 5-14 years and 15+ years.	https://ghdx.healthda ta.org/record/ihme- data/global-malaria- incidence-prevalence- mortality-geospatial- estimates-2000-2019
Diarrhoea incidence in children aged < 5 years (episodes per 1000 personyears) Diarrhoea mortality in children aged < 5 years (per 1000 population) Diarrhoea prevalence in children aged < 5 years (per 1000 population)	Subnational region	Annual estimates for the prevalence and incidence of diarrhoea and diarrhoea-related mortality among children younger than five years of age at the 5x5 km-level for 94 low- and middle-income countries (LMICs) between 2000 and 2019. These estimates were produced using geo-positioned data from 466 household surveys. Countries and subnational units outside of these 94 LMICs were supplemented with Global Burden of Disease (GBD) results.	https://ghdx.healthda ta.org/record/ihme- data/global-under-5- diarrhea-incidence- prevalence-mortality- geospatial-estimates- 2000-2019

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Indicator name	Disaggregation	Definition / Further information	Notes
HIV incidence rate (15-49 years) (per 100 000 population)	Subnational region	Annual estimates for HIV incidence and mortality among adults ages 15-49 at the 5x5 km-level for 44 countries in sub-Saharan Africa between 2000 and 2018. These estimates were produced using a geo-positioned dataset created from 717 sources representing antiretroviral treatment data in UNAIDS Spectrum country files, country-level reports from the Health Management Systems database, and PEPFAR data; HIV seroprevalence surveys; ANC Sentinel Surveillance data; covariate surveys; and country specific surveys.	https://ghdx.healthda ta.org/record/ihme- data/sub-saharan- africa-hiv-incidence- mortality-geospatial- estimates-2000-2018