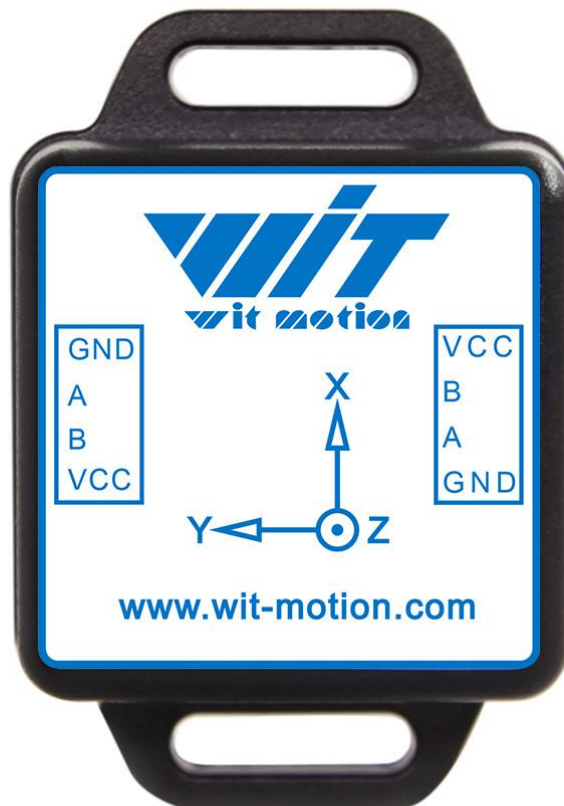


USER MANUAL

WT901C(RS485)

Inclinometer Sensor



Tutorial Link

[Google Drive](#)

Link to instructions DEMO:

[WITMOTION Youtube Channel](#)

[WT901C RS485 Playlist](#)

If you have technical problems or cannot find the information that you need in the provided documents, please contact our support team. Our engineering team is committed to providing the required support necessary to ensure that you are successful with the operation of our AHRS sensors.

Contact

[Technical Support Contact Info](#)

Application

- AGV Truck
- Platform Stability
- Auto Safety System
- 3D Virtual Reality
- Industrial Control
- Robot
- Car Navigation
- UAV
- Truck-mounted Satellite Antenna Equipment

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1 Introduction

The WT901C is a multi-sensor device detecting acceleration, angular velocity, angle as well as magnetic field. The small outline makes it perfectly suitable for industrial retrofit applications such as condition monitoring and predictive maintenance. Configuring the device enables the customer to address a broad variety of use cases by interpreting the sensor data by smart algorithms.

WT901C's scientific name is AHRS IMU sensor. A sensor measures 3-axis angle, angular velocity, acceleration, magnetic field. Its strength lies in the algorithm which can calculate three-axis angle accurately.

WT901C is employed where the highest measurement accuracy is required. It offers several advantages over competing sensor:

- Heated for best data availability: new WITMOTION patented zero-bias automatic detection calibration algorithm outperforms traditional accelerometer sensor
- High precision Roll Pitch Yaw (X Y Z axis) Acceleration + Angular Velocity + Angle + Magnetic Field output
- Low cost of ownership: remote diagnostics and lifetime technical support by WITMOTION service team
- Developed tutorial: providing manual, datasheet, Demo video, free software for Windows computer, communication protocol for project development
- WITMOTION sensors have been praised by thousands of engineers as a recommended attitude measurement solution

1.1 Warning Statement

- Putting more than 5 Volt across the sensor wiring of the main power supply can lead to permanent damage to the sensor.
- VCC cannot connect with GND directly, otherwise it will lead to the burning of the circuit board.
- For proper instrument grounding: use WITMOTION with its original factory-made cable or accessories.
- For secondary developing project or integration: use WITMOTION with its compiled sample code.

2 Use Instructions with PC

2.1 Connection Method

PC software is only compatible with Windows system.

[WT901C RS485 Playlist](#)

2.1.1 Serial Connection

Step 1. Connect the sensor with a serial converter

PIN Connection:

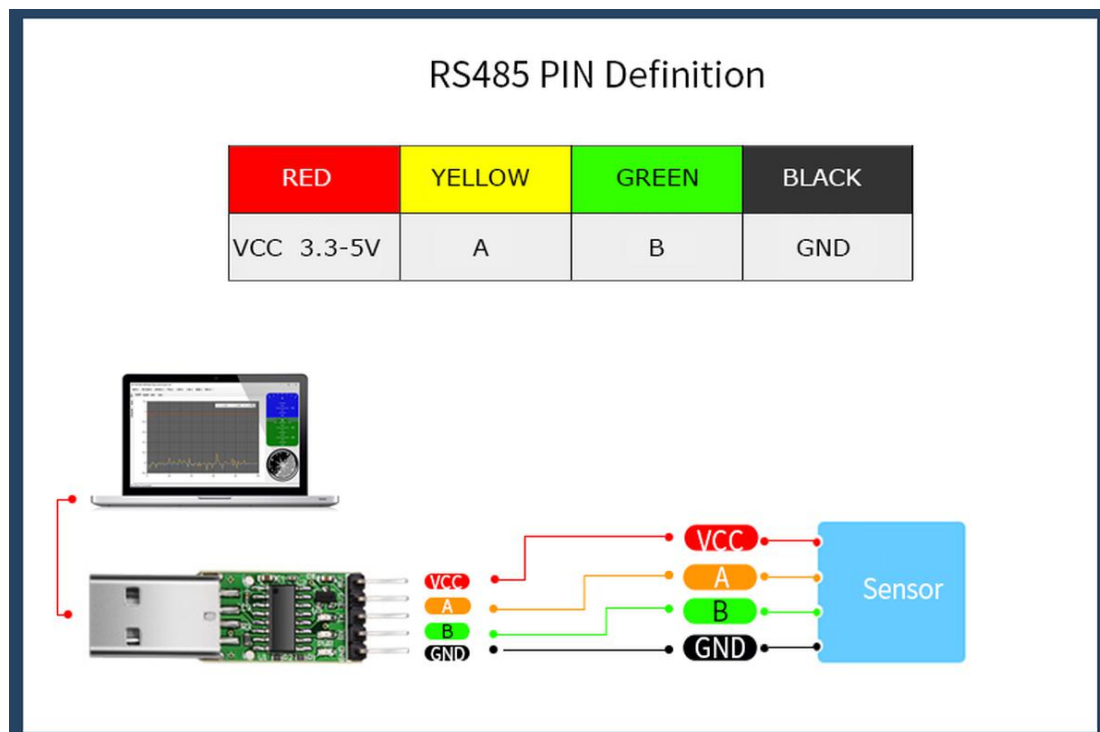
VCC - 3.3-5V

B - B

A - A

GND - GND

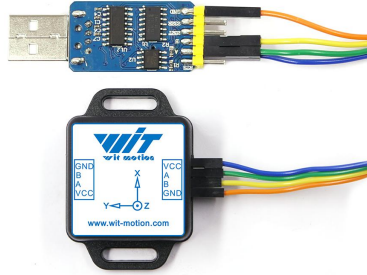
(VCC 3.3-5V is recommended for connection)



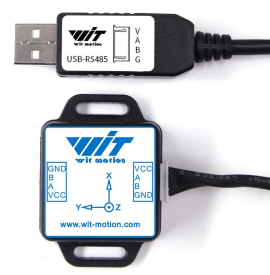
Recommended tools:



3-in-1 converter



6-in-1 converter

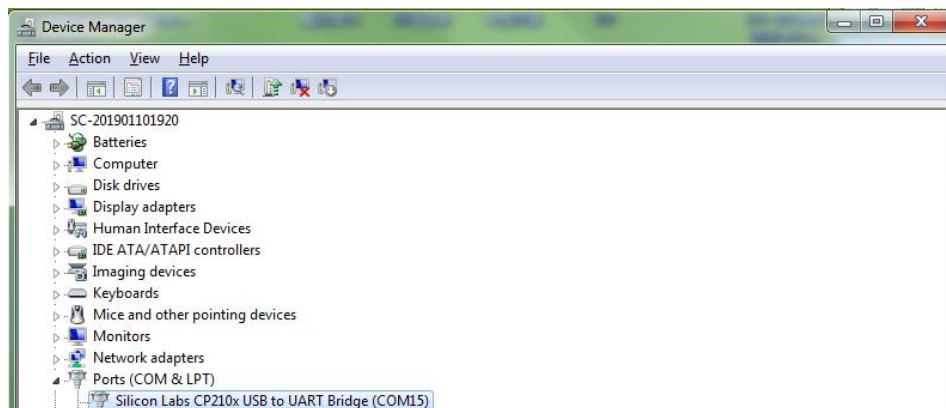


RS485 serial cable

[Link to tutorial of 3-in-1 serial converter/ RS485 serial cable \(CH340 driver\)](#)

[Link to tutorial of 6-in-1 serial converter \(CP2102 driver\)](#)

Step 1. Unzip the software and install the driver CH340 or CP2102 (Depending on which accessory for usage.)



Step 2. Insert the converter to computer and confirm the "com port" in device manager

Step 3. Open the software(Minimu.exe)
Data will appear after auto-search finishes

Notice: If not successful, please operate manually
Choose the com port and baud rate 9600, data will be shown on the software.

2.2 Software Introduction

[Link to download software](#)

2.2.1 Main Menu



| Main Menu of software | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--|
| Button | | Function |
| File | | Launch recorded HEX file (Bin format) |
| Tools | | Hide or display tools box on left side |
| Record | | Record function |
| 3D | | 3D DEMO |
| Config | | Configuration setting |
| Help | Language | English or Chinese |
| | Bluetooth Set | Binding device or unbind |
| | Firmware update | Option for firmware update |
| | About Minimu | Info about Minimu.exe |
| | Factory test | For manufacturer internal test only |
| Auto-search | | Auto searching the sensor |
| Port | | Com port selection |
| Baud | | Baud rate selection |
| Type | | Fixed setting as Modbus for WT901C RS485 |
| Open | | Open com port |
| Close | | Close com port |

2.2.2 Menu of Configuration

Modbus - Config

Read Config
Lock
Unlock
Calibrate Time

System

Reset
Sleep
Alarm
Algorithm: 9 - axis
Install Direction: Horizontal
Instruction Startup

Calibrate

Acceleration
Magnetic Filed
Reset Z-axis Angle
Gyro Auto Calibrate
Reset Height
Angle Reference

Communication

Baud Rate: 9600
Device Address: 0x50
change

Range

Acceleration: 16 g
Gyro: 2000 deg/s
Band Width: 20 Hz
GPS Time Zone: UTC

Display Interface

Port

D0 model: AIN
pulse width: 0
cycle: 0
D1 model: AIN
pulse width: 0
cycle: 0
D2 model: AIN
pulse width: 0
cycle: 0
D3 model: AIN
pulse width: 0
cycle: 0

Save Config
Online

Read Configuration Completed

| Menu of Configuration | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Button | Function |
| Read Config | Reading the current configuration |
| Lock | Lock the sensor |
| Unlock | Unlock the sensor |
| Calibrate Time | Calibration time of chip |
| Save Config | Save configuration |

System

Reset
Sleep
Alarm

Algorithm: 9 - axis

Install Direction: Horizontal

☐ Instruction Startup

| Menu of System | |
|------------------------|---|
| Button | Function |
| Reset | Reset to factory setting |
| Sleep | Sleep function |
| Alarm | Alarm function |
| Algorithm | 6-axis algorithm or 9-axis |
| Installation Direction | Vertical or horizontal installation |
| Instruction Start-up | Instructions sending to start-up the sensor |

Instruction Start-up:

This function is used to prevent the data sent by the module after connecting to the computer to conflict with the mouse, causing the mouse to jump. After checking this function, the function will take effect the next time the module is used, or it can take effect when the module is powered on again.

Calibrate

Acceleration
Magnetic Filed
Reset Z-axis Angle
☒ Gyro Auto Calibrate

Reset Height
Angle Reference

| Menu of Calibrate | |
|---------------------|---|
| Button | Function |
| Acceleration | Accelerometer calibration |
| Magnetic Field | Magnetometer calibration |
| Reset Height | Reset height data to 0 (only for sensor built-in barometer, including WT901B, WTGAHRS2, WTGAHRS1, HWT901B) |
| Reset Z-axis Angle | Reset Z-axis angle to 0 degree, not available for WT901C in 9-axis algorithm |
| Angle Reference | Setting current angle as 0 degree |
| Gyro Auto Calibrate | Auto-calibration of gyroscope |

Range

Acceleration: Gyro: Band Width: GPS Time Zone:

| Menu of Range | |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| Button | Function |
| Acceleration | Acceleration measurement range |
| Gyro | Gyroscope measurement range |
| Band Width | Bandwidth range |
| GPS Time Zone | GPS positioning of time zone |

Communication

Baud Rate: Device Address:

| Menu of Communication | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Button | Function |
| Baud Rate | Baud rate selection |
| Device Address | 0X50 |

2.3 Calibration

Preparation:

Make sure the sensor is "Online".

Calibration on PC software:

It is required to calibrate for the first time usage.

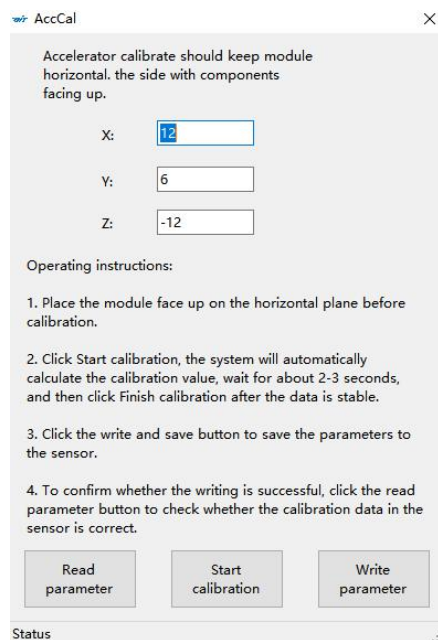
2.3.1 Accelerometer Calibration

Purpose:

The accelerometer calibration is used to remove the zero bias of the accelerometer. Before calibration, there will be different degrees of bias error. After calibration, the measurement will be accurate.

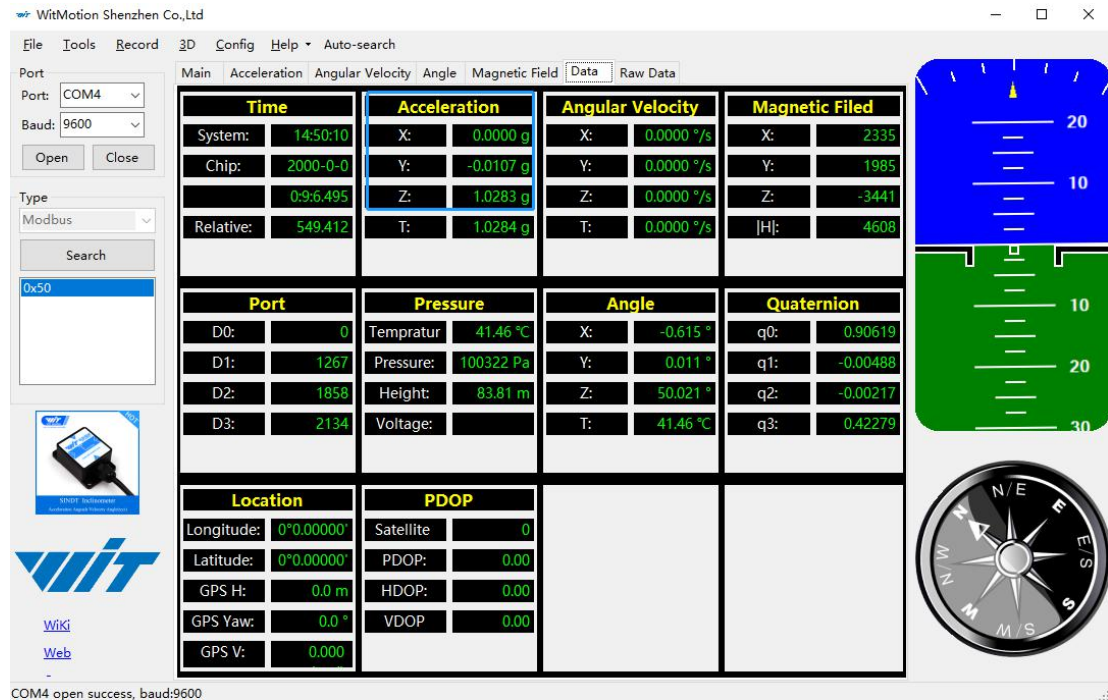
Methods:

- Step 1. Keep the module horizontally stationary
- Step 2. Click the accelerometer calibration
- Step 3. Click the "Start calibration" and wait for 3 seconds



- Step 4. Click "Complete Calibration"

Step 5. Judge the result--confirm if there is 1g on Z-axis acceleration



1. After 1 ~ 2 seconds, the three axial acceleration value of the module is about 0, 0, 1, the X and Y axis Angle is around 0°. After calibration, the x-y axis Angle is accurate.

Note: When putting the module horizontal, there is 1g of gravitational acceleration on the Z-axis.

2.3.2 Magnetic Field Calibration

Purpose:

Magnetic calibration is used to remove the zero bias of the magnetic field sensor. Usually, the magnetic field sensor will have a large zero error when it is manufactured. If it is not calibrated, it will bring a large measurement error, which will affect the accuracy of the measurement of the z-axis Angle of the heading Angle.

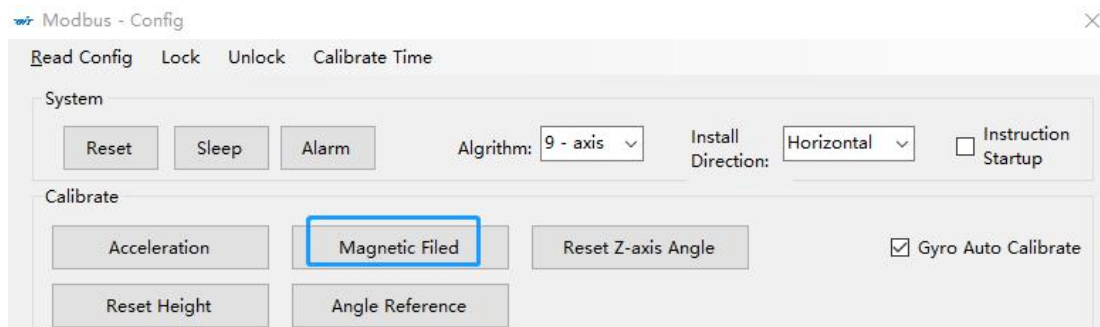
Preparation:

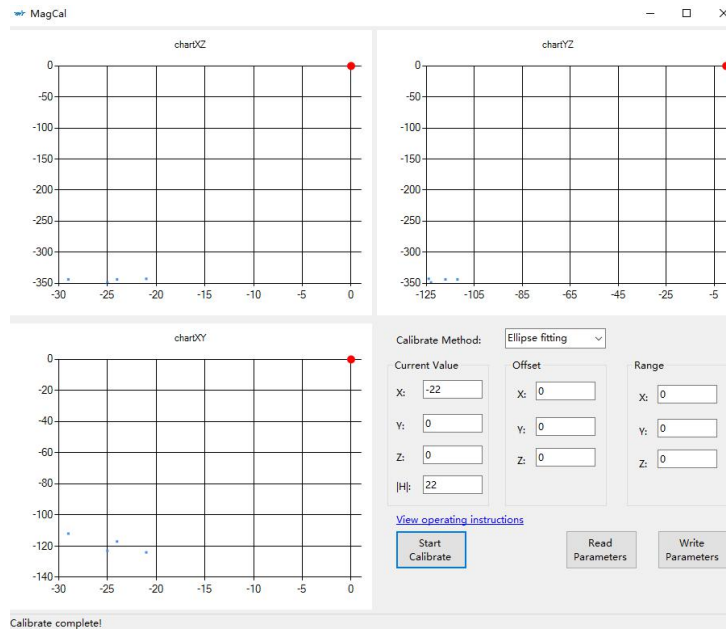
Sensors should be 20CM away from magnetic and iron and other materials

Methods:

Step 1. Open the Config menu

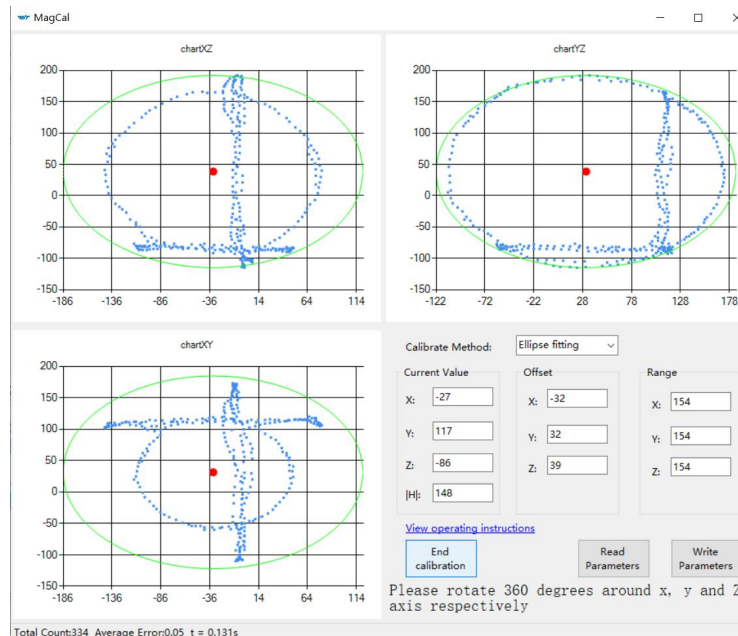
Step 2. Click the magnetic field calibration button. click the "Start calibration"





Step 3. Slowly rotate the module 360° around X, Y, Z, 3-axis accordingly

Step 4. After rotation, click "End calibration"



Successful result:

Most of data dots will be within the ellipse.

If not successful, please stay away from the objective that can create magnetic field interference.

2.3.3 Gyroscope Automatic Calibration

The gyroscope calibration is to calibrate the angular velocity, and the sensor will calibrate automatically.

It is recommended that the automatic calibration of gyroscopes can be inactivated only if the module rotates at a constant speed.

2.3.4 Reset Z-axis Angle

Note: If you want to avoid magnetic interference, you can change the algorithm to Axis 6, then you can use reset function of "Reset Z-axis angle".

The z-axis angle is an absolute angle, and it takes the northeast sky as the coordinate system can not be relative to 0 degree.

Z axis to 0 is to make the initial angle of the z axis angle is relative 0 degree. When the module is used before and z - axis drift is large, the z - axis can be calibrated, When the module is powered on, the Z axis will automatically return to 0.

Calibration methods as follow: firstly keep the module static, click the "Config" open the configuration bar and then click "Reset Z-axis Angle" option, you will see the the angle of the Z axis backs to 0 degree in the module data bar.

2.3.5 Reset Height to 0

Only available for the module built-in barometer like WT901B, HWT901B, WTGAHRS1, WTGAHRS2.

2.4 Configuration

2.4.1 Baud Rate

The module supports multiple baud rates, and the default baud rate is 9600. To set the baud rate of the module, you need to select the baud rate to be changed in the communication rate drop-down box in the configuration bar based on the correct connection between the software and the module.

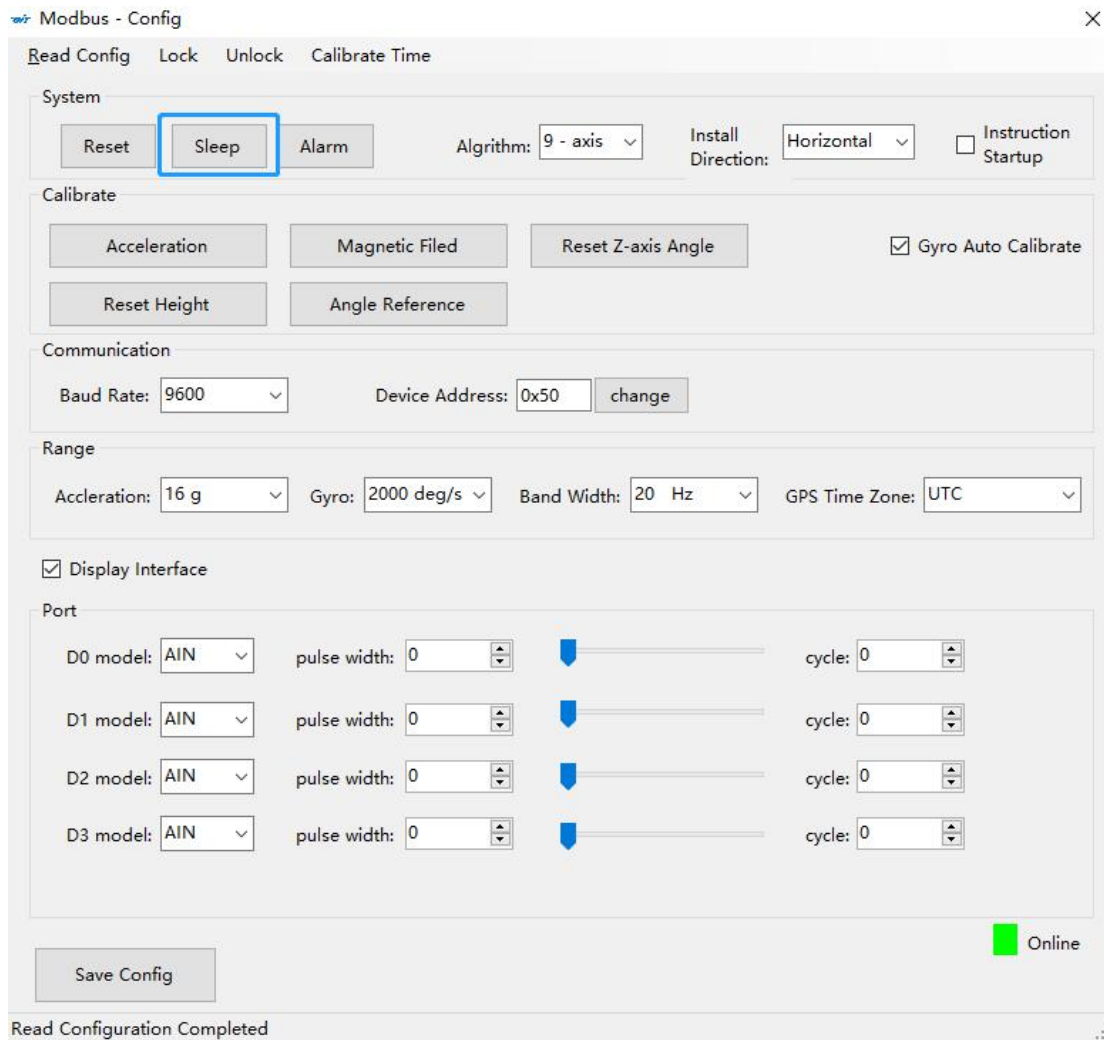
Note: After the change, the module will no longer output data at the original baud rate. The data will be output only when the baud rate that has been changed is selected on the PC software again.

2.4.2 Standby and Wake Up

Sleep: The module paused working and entered the standby mode. Power consumption is reduced after sleeping.

Wake up: The module enters the working state from the standby state.

The module defaults to a working state, in the "Config" of the software, click "Sleep" option to enter the sleep state, click "Sleep" again to release sleep.



Modbus - Config

Read Config Lock Unlock Calibrate Time

System

Reset **Sleep** Alarm Algorithm: 9 - axis Install Direction: Horizontal ☐ Instruction Startup

Calibrate

Acceleration Magnetic Filed Reset Z-axis Angle ☒ Gyro Auto Calibrate

Reset Height Angle Reference

Communication

Baud Rate: 9600 Device Address: 0x50 change

Range

Acceleration: 16 g Gyro: 2000 deg/s Band Width: 20 Hz GPS Time Zone: UTC

☒ Display Interface

Port

| Model | Pulse Width | Direction | Cycle |
|---------------|----------------|------------|----------|
| D0 model: AIN | pulse width: 0 | Blue Arrow | cycle: 0 |
| D1 model: AIN | pulse width: 0 | Blue Arrow | cycle: 0 |
| D2 model: AIN | pulse width: 0 | Blue Arrow | cycle: 0 |
| D3 model: AIN | pulse width: 0 | Blue Arrow | cycle: 0 |

Save Config

Online

Read Configuration Completed

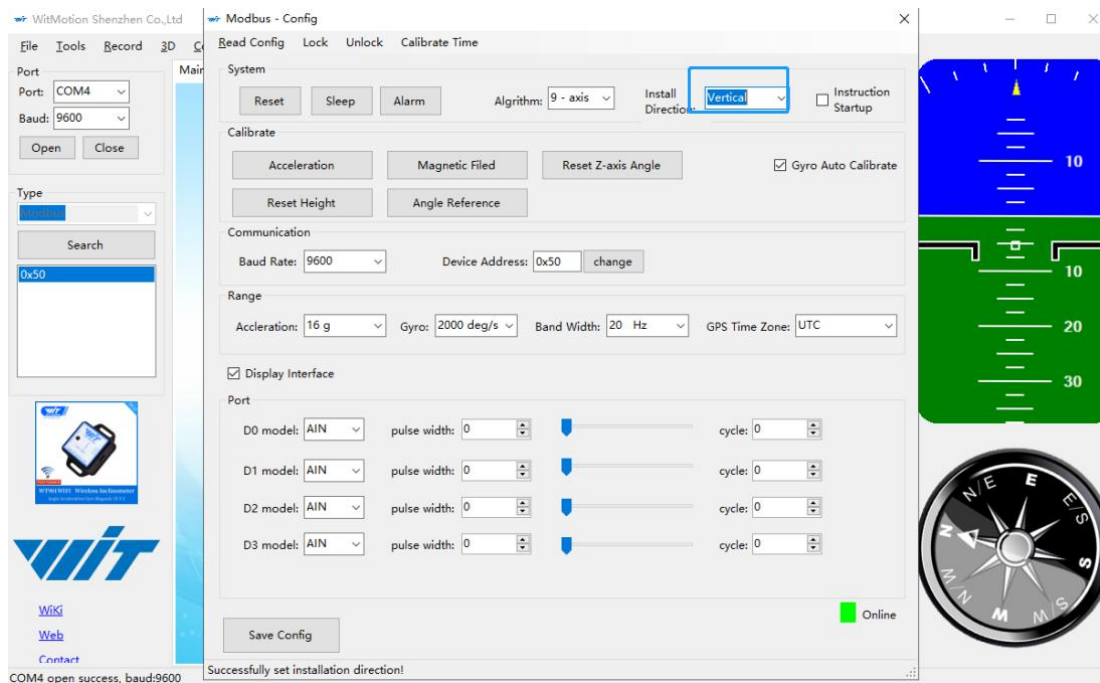
2.4.3 Placement Direction

The default installation direction of the module is horizontal. When the module needs to be installed vertically, the vertical installation can be set.

Step 1: Rotate the module 90 degrees around the X-axis

Step 2: Place the sensor 90 degrees vertically

Step 3: Click “Vertical” as install directions on “Config” menu

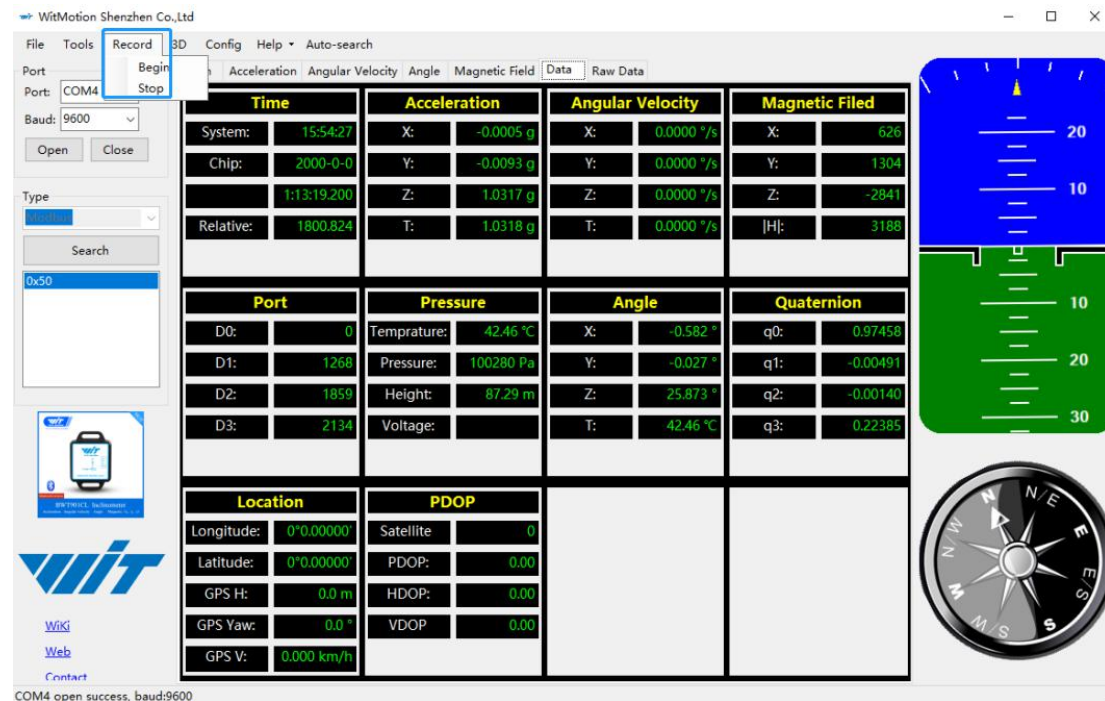


2.4.4 Data Recording

Method are as follows:

Step 1: Click "Record" and "Begin"

Step 2: Click "Stop"



The screenshot shows the WitMotion software interface with the 'Record' menu open. The 'Begin' option is highlighted. The interface displays various sensor data in a grid format.

| Time | | Acceleration | | Angular Velocity | | Magnetic Filed | |
|-----------|-------------|--------------|-----------|------------------|------------|----------------|-------|
| System: | 15:54:27 | X: | -0.0005 g | X: | 0.0000 °/s | X: | 626 |
| Chip: | 2000-0-0 | Y: | -0.0093 g | Y: | 0.0000 °/s | Y: | 1304 |
| | 1:13:19.200 | Z: | 1.0317 g | Z: | 0.0000 °/s | Z: | -2841 |
| Relative: | 1800.824 | T: | 1.0318 g | T: | 0.0000 °/s | [H]: | 3188 |

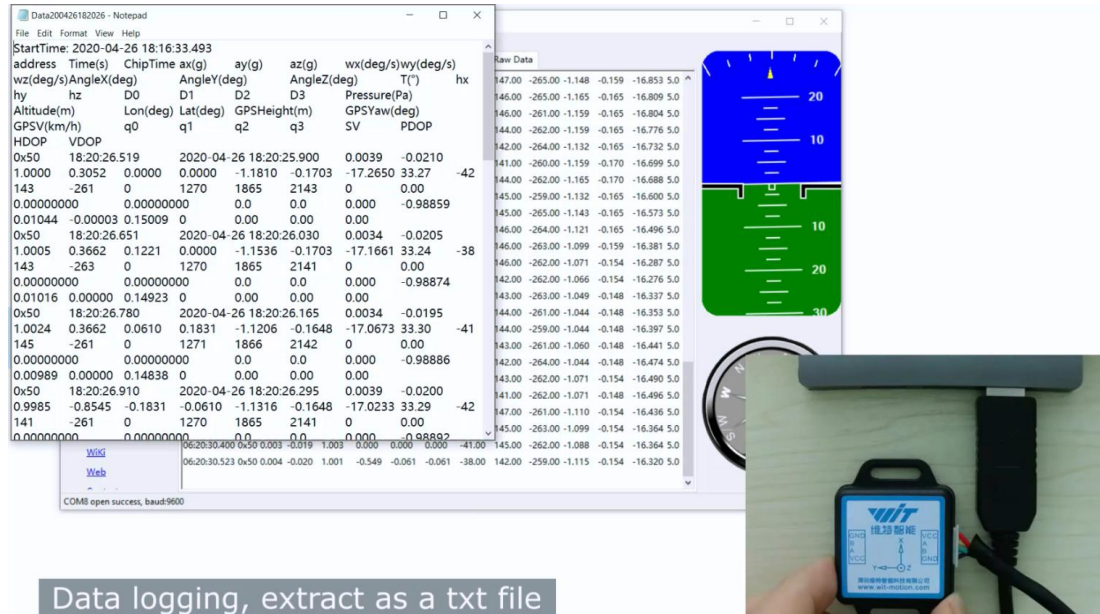
| Port | | Pressure | | Angle | | Quaternion | |
|------|------|--------------|-----------|-------|----------|------------|----------|
| D0: | 0 | Temperature: | 42.46 °C | X: | -0.582 ° | q0: | 0.97458 |
| D1: | 1268 | Pressure: | 100280 Pa | Y: | -0.027 ° | q1: | -0.00491 |
| D2: | 1859 | Height: | 87.29 m | Z: | 25.873 ° | q2: | -0.00140 |
| D3: | 2134 | Voltage: | | T: | 42.46 °C | q3: | 0.22385 |

| Location | | PDOP | |
|------------|------------|-----------|------|
| Longitude: | 0°0.00000' | Satellite | 0 |
| Latitude: | 0°0.00000' | PDOP: | 0.00 |
| GPS H: | 0.0 m | HDOP: | 0.00 |
| GPS Yaw: | 0.0 ° | VDOP: | 0.00 |
| GPS V: | 0.000 km/h | | |

On the right side of the interface, there are two vertical scale indicators (one blue, one green) and a compass rose.

COM4 open success, baud:9600

Step 3: Extract the data as "txt" file



Data logging, extract as a txt file

Notice: If there is repeated "TIME" of data, that's caused by low-resolution of the Windows system's time. The changes in other data is correct.

It is highly recommended that data can be pasted to an Excel file. In this way, all data will be shown in order.

| StartTime: 2020-04-11 16:54:24.437 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|----------|---------|--------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------|-----|------|-----|
| address | Time(s) | ChipTime | ax(g) | ay(g) | az(g) | wx(deg/s) | wy(deg/s) | wz(deg/s) | AngleX(deg) | AngleY(deg) | AngleZ(deg) | T(°) | hx | hy | hz |
| 0x50 | 43:06.4 | 02:40.4 | 0.4443 | 0.1777 | -0.8696 | 3.1738 | -0.3662 | -29.541 | 166.0364 | -29.2072 | 120.6299 | 29.97 | 0 | 50 | 313 |
| 0x50 | 43:06.5 | 02:40.5 | 0.02 | 0.5796 | -0.7739 | -192.0166 | 283.9355 | -700.2563 | 142.0532 | -24.884 | 154.8907 | 30 | -29 | 7 | 312 |
| 0x50 | 43:06.6 | 02:40.6 | -0.2896 | 0.8599 | -0.5571 | -8.2397 | -3.7842 | -264.5264 | 124.0741 | 20.0171 | -158.2196 | 30 | -7 | -85 | 291 |
| 0x50 | 43:06.7 | 02:40.7 | -0.771 | 0.5322 | -0.4761 | 36.0718 | 43.8232 | -226.8677 | 132.984 | 41.4514 | -138.0872 | 30 | 38 | -93 | 289 |
| 0x50 | 43:06.8 | 02:40.8 | -0.5601 | 0.4233 | -0.5562 | 55.7861 | 101.9897 | 274.1699 | 144.5087 | 35.5792 | -132.4292 | 30 | 22 | -58 | 301 |
| 0x50 | 43:06.9 | 02:40.9 | -0.0059 | 0.5503 | -1.0103 | 139.0991 | -32.7759 | 432.251 | 141.4929 | 1.8073 | -174.1113 | 30 | -22 | -9 | 308 |
| 0x50 | 43:07.0 | 02:41.0 | 0.2656 | 0.3887 | -0.8594 | 124.3896 | 7.8735 | 341.1865 | 154.6985 | -15.5896 | 157.3077 | 30.01 | -14 | 46 | 307 |
| 0x50 | 43:07.1 | 02:41.1 | 0.3911 | 0.1104 | -0.8467 | 40.7715 | 11.9019 | 257.1411 | 177.3303 | -25.7684 | 127.7325 | 30 | 0 | 104 | 294 |
| 0x50 | 43:07.2 | 02:41.2 | 0.3896 | 0.3022 | -0.8994 | -90.0879 | 135.3149 | -268.9819 | 163.4601 | -31.9867 | 128.6829 | 30.03 | -2 | 67 | 308 |
| 0x50 | 43:07.3 | 02:41.3 | 0.2939 | 0.9531 | -0.2837 | -251.5259 | 48.645 | -750.4272 | 119.0149 | -0.3625 | -174.1608 | 30.03 | -30 | -56 | 295 |
| 0x50 | 43:07.4 | 02:41.4 | -0.4614 | 0.7075 | -0.3384 | -27.3438 | -19.4702 | -226.9287 | 112.8021 | 30.6519 | -161.4001 | 30 | 33 | -122 | 272 |
| 0x50 | 43:07.5 | 02:41.5 | -0.7988 | 0.6279 | -0.5044 | 28.0762 | 81.7261 | 122.1924 | 122.0087 | 39.8035 | -151.1389 | 30 | 63 | -110 | 275 |
| 0x50 | 43:07.6 | 02:41.6 | -0.2495 | 0.8135 | -0.5327 | 36.377 | 5.6763 | 93.0176 | 121.8494 | 15.7214 | -161.109 | 30 | 12 | -108 | 288 |
| 0x50 | 43:07.7 | 02:41.7 | 0.3057 | 0.7432 | -0.5996 | 74.0356 | -0.061 | 379.7607 | 126.7603 | -11.4478 | -176.6711 | 30.03 | -51 | -68 | 295 |
| 0x50 | 43:07.8 | 02:41.8 | 0.4922 | 0.4653 | -0.7129 | 134.7656 | 24.231 | 268.9819 | 145.3656 | -32.4756 | 163.3832 | 30.02 | -83 | 10 | 295 |
| 0x50 | 43:07.9 | 02:41.9 | 0.4507 | 0.4272 | -0.7871 | -186.5234 | -36.3159 | 420.6543 | 166.2616 | -49.1583 | 130.2924 | 30.02 | -86 | 71 | 292 |
| 0x50 | 43:08.0 | 02:42.0 | 0.6045 | -0.062 | -0.8027 | 37.9028 | 7.6294 | -138.0005 | 173.4357 | -45.8514 | 118.0206 | 30.03 | -66 | 75 | 298 |
| 0x50 | 43:08.1 | 02:42.1 | 0.4712 | 0.6011 | -0.5688 | -172.6685 | -7.1411 | -537.6587 | 137.6312 | -31.2396 | 163.8171 | 30.03 | -78 | 20 | 300 |
| 0x50 | 43:08.2 | 02:42.2 | -0.0649 | 0.873 | -0.4028 | -115.6616 | 2.3193 | -276.2451 | 113.6481 | 4.6417 | -169.8761 | 29.98 | -37 | -101 | 283 |
| 0x50 | 43:08.3 | 02:42.3 | -0.4092 | 0.856 | -0.1816 | -134.8877 | -38.208 | -155.7007 | 99.8822 | 26.933 | -165.943 | 30.03 | 32 | -166 | 244 |
| 0x50 | 43:08.4 | 02:42.4 | -0.5171 | 0.8809 | -0.1152 | 84.1064 | 0.9155 | 86.2427 | 94.8285 | 33.2666 | -167.5415 | 30.06 | 72 | -186 | 218 |
| 0x50 | 43:08.5 | 02:42.5 | -0.1782 | 0.9595 | -0.2793 | 243.2861 | 29.3579 | 406.8604 | 110.7367 | 13.3429 | -169.0686 | 30.03 | 29 | -156 | 254 |

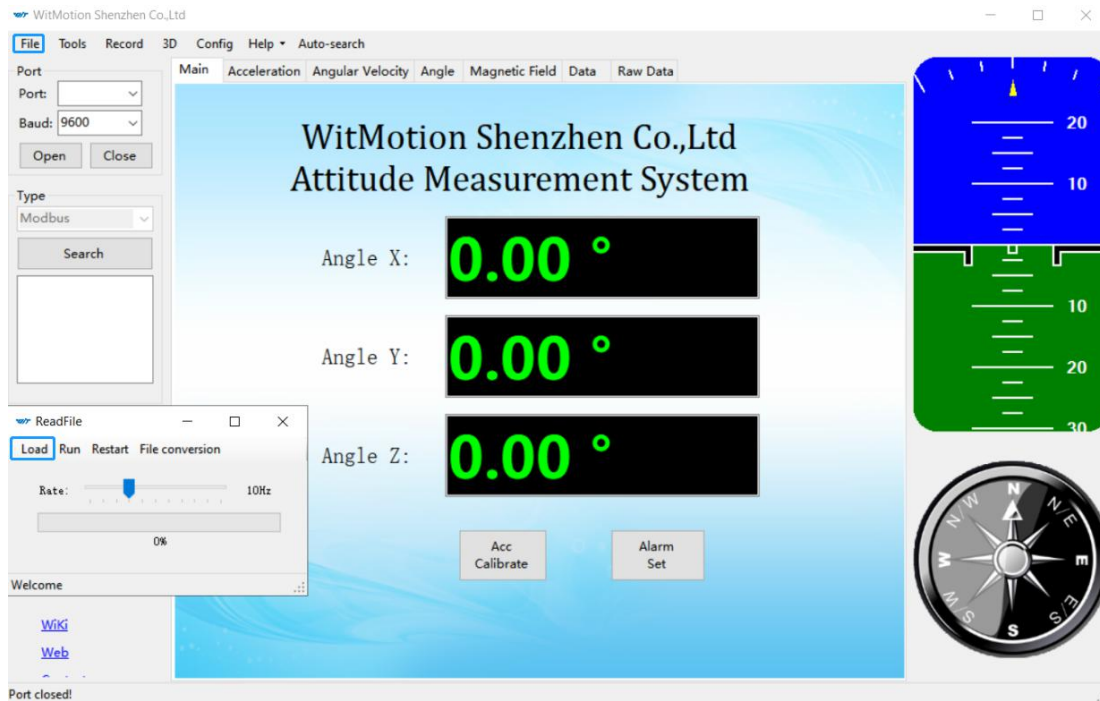
2.4.5 Data Playback

New function: When creating recorded file each time, there will a BIN file created in the folder of record file in path of installed software meanwhile.

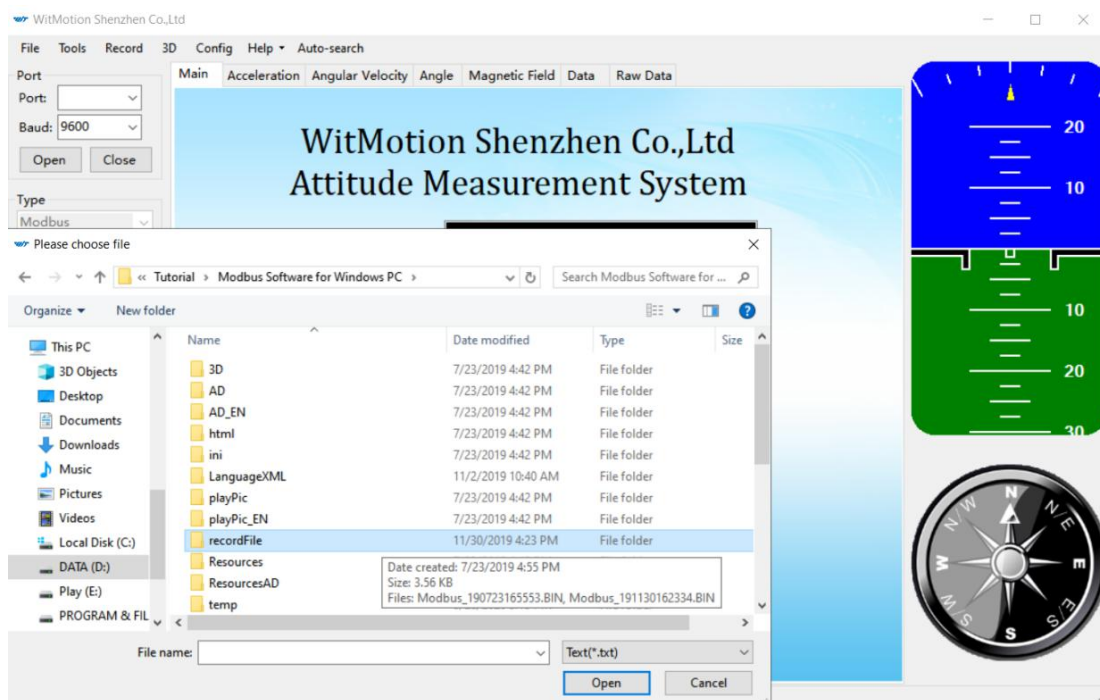
Recorded data playback method:

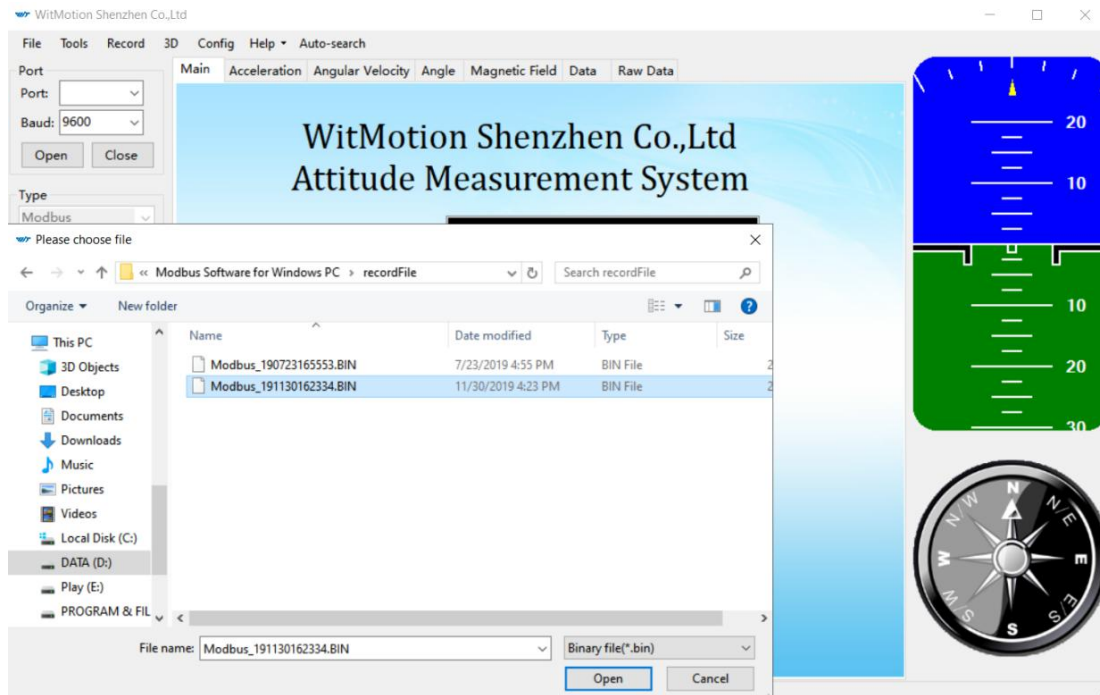
Step 1: Disconnect the sensor

Step 2: Click "File" Button and then click "Load"

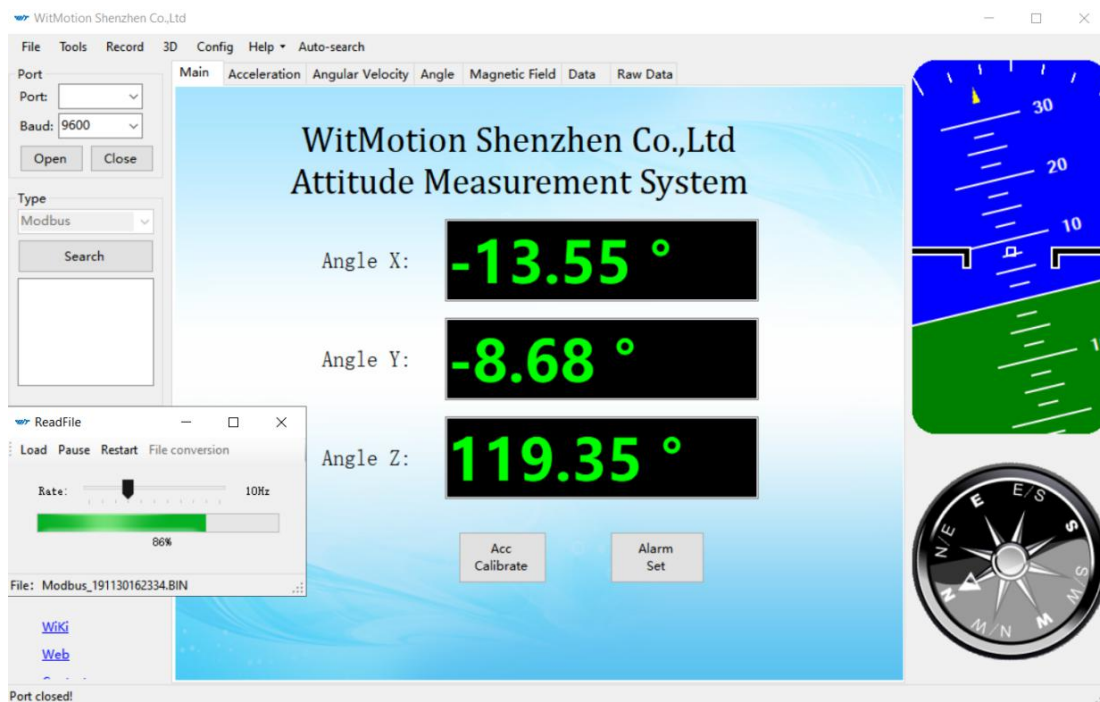


Step 3: Choose the original path of software installation and load the Bin file



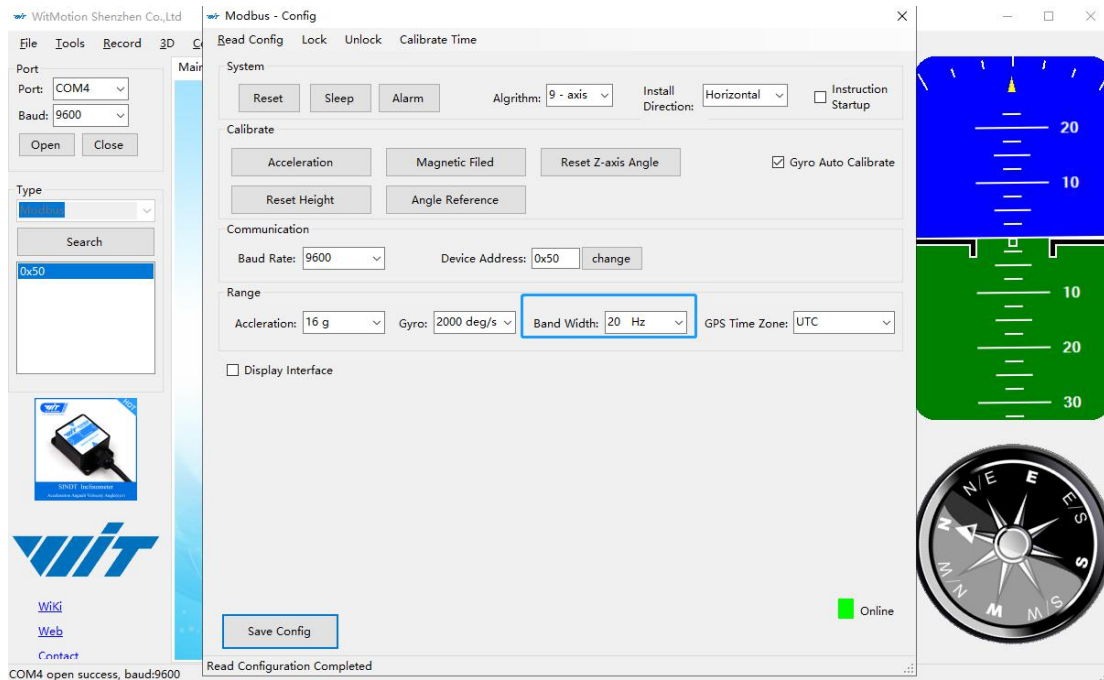


Step 4: Click "Run" and the Binary file will be playback
When playback, the rate can be editable.



2.4.6 Bandwidth

Default bandwidth is 20Hz.

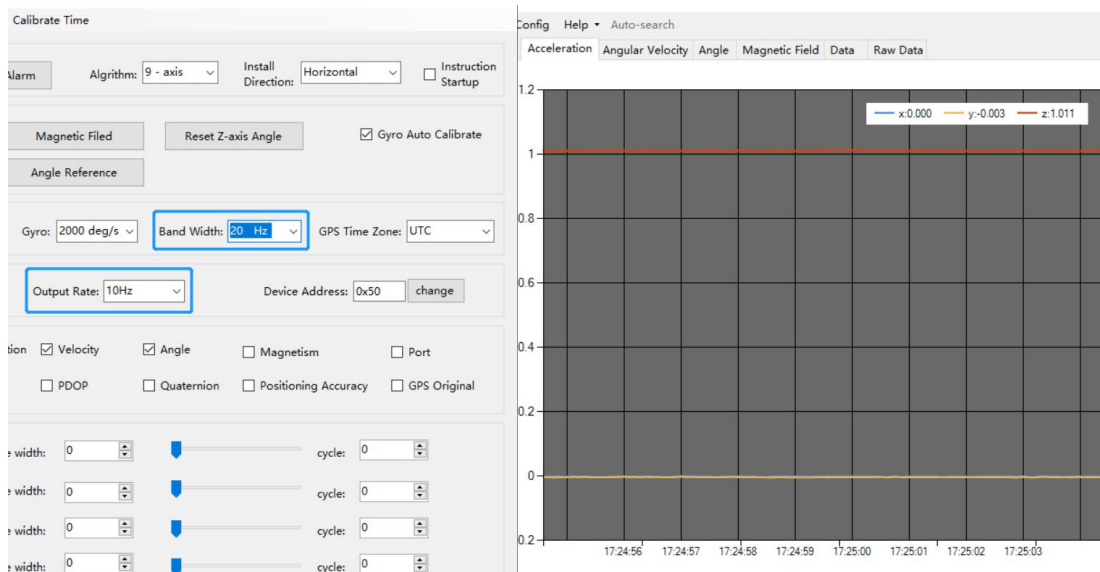


Function:

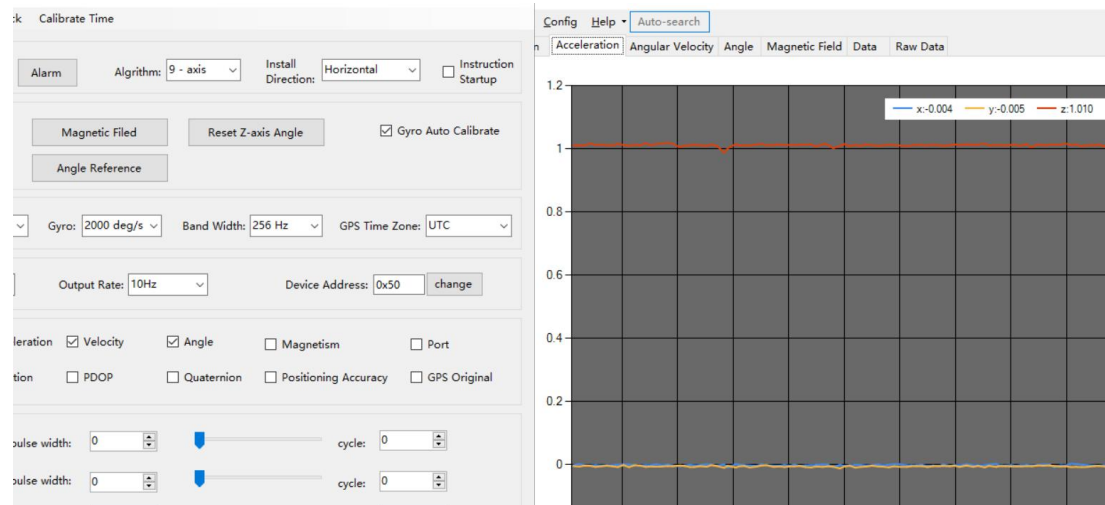
1. The higher rate of bandwidth setting will lead to the higher fluctuation in data waveform. Conversely, the lower rate of bandwidth, data will become more fluent.

For example:

Bandwidth as 20Hz, Output rate as 10Hz. The waveform is very steady.



Bandwidth as 256Hz, Output rate as 10Hz. The waveform will show more fluctuation.



2. The higher rate of bandwidth will solve the data-repeating problem.

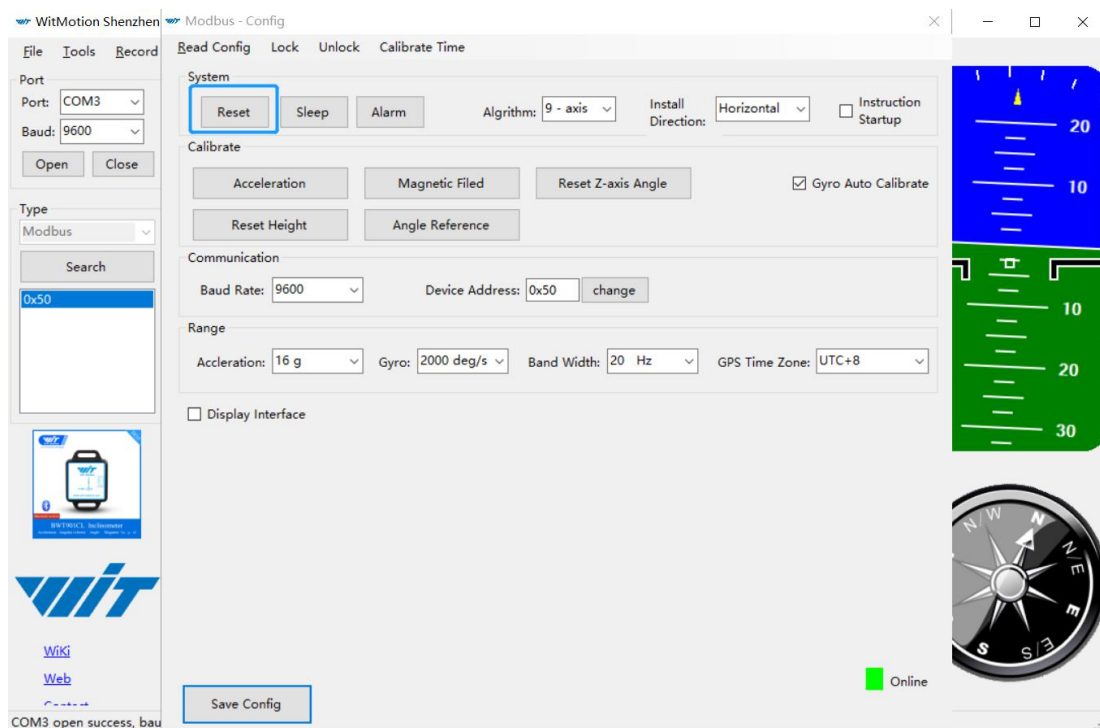
For example, if the bandwidth setting is 20Hz, retrieval rate as 100Hz, there will be 5 repeating data.

If you prefer there is no repeating data, it is required to increase the bandwidth more than 100Hz.

2.4.7 Restore Factory Setting

Operation method:

Connect the WT901C module and the computer through the USB-RS485 module, click the setting tab, and click to restore the default. After restoring the factory settings, power on the module again. (This method needs to know the baud rate of the module in advance, if the baud rate does not match the instruction will not take effect, please try to use the short circuit method to recover)



2.4.8 6-axis/ 9-axis Algorithm

6-axis algorithm: Z-axis angle is mainly calculated based on angular velocity integral. There will be calculated error on Z-axis angle.

9-axis algorithm: Z-axis angle is mainly calculated and analyzed based on the magnetic field. Z-axis angle will have few drift.

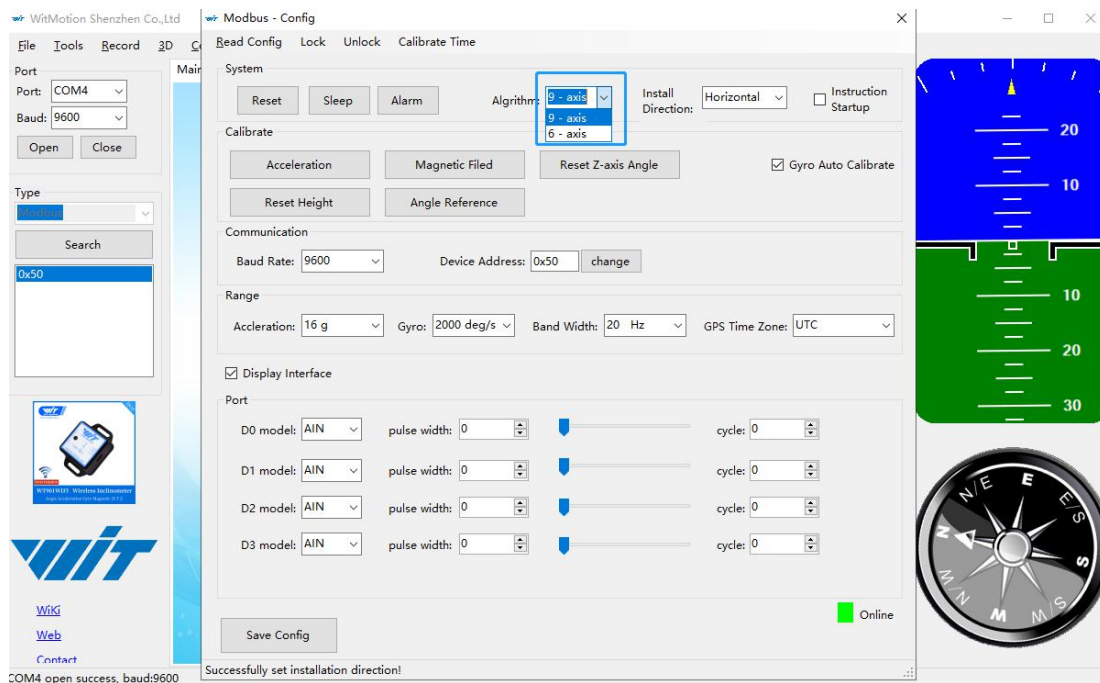
The default algorithm of WT901C is 9-axis. If there is magnetic field interference around installed environment, it is recommended to switch to 6-axis algorithm to detect the angle.

Method:

Step 1: Switch to the "6-axis" algorithm on "Config" menu

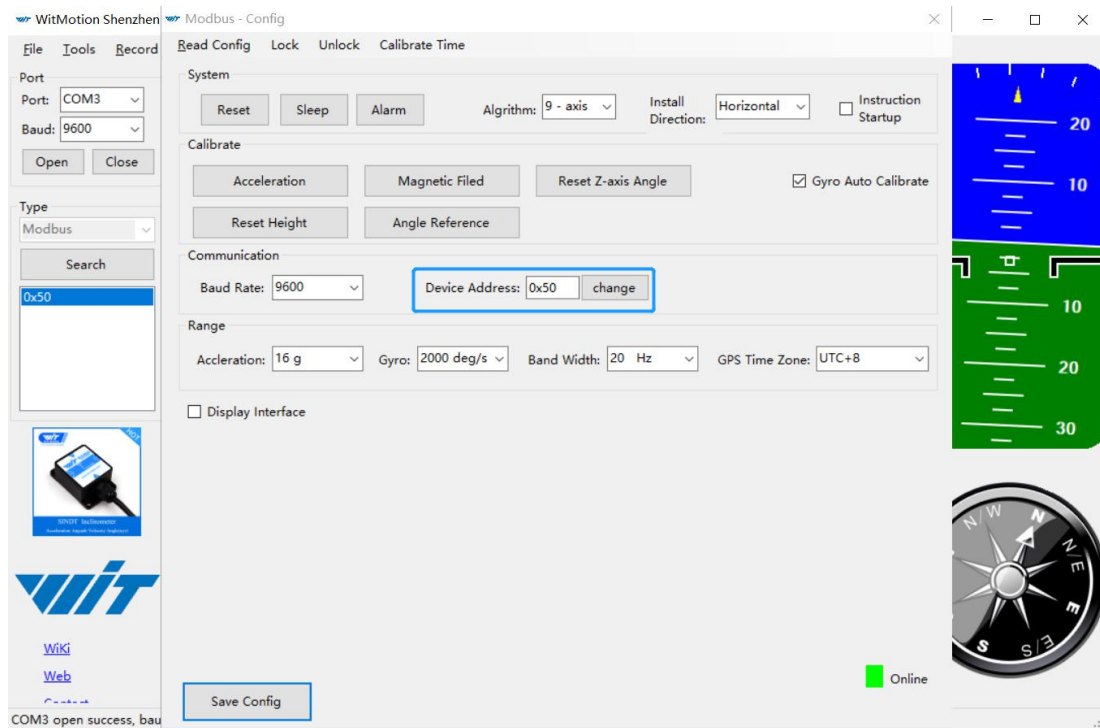
Step 2: Proceed the "Accelerometer calibration" and "Reset Z-axis angle" calibration.

After the calibration is completed, it can be used normally.



2.4.9 Set MODBUS Address

The default address is 0x50 and can be changed via software. Enter the new hexadecimal one in the modbus address configuration tab, then click the “change”.



Note: After the change, the modbus address will not be changed immediately, and the device address needs to be searched again to take effect.

3 Multiple Module Cascades

Support multiple modules cascades, you can see the data of multiple devices on the PC software.

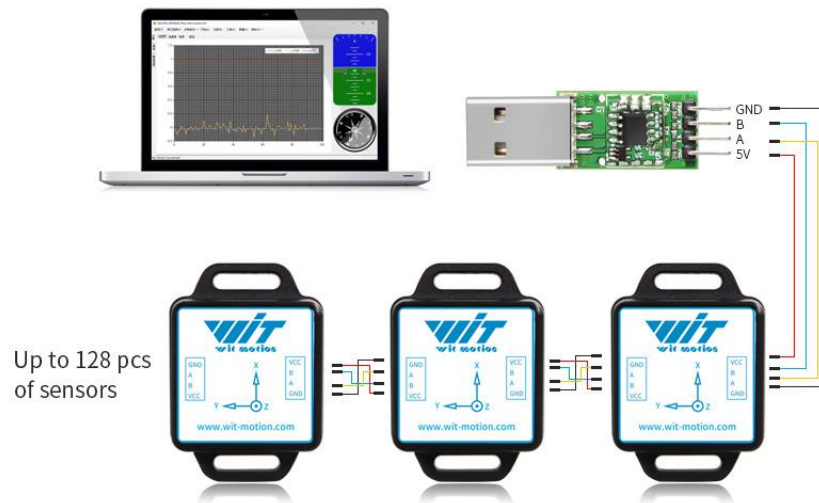
Tip:

1. Before cascading, you first need to change the module's MODBUS address to a different one on PC software one by one.
2. Decrease the baud rate to a lower level due to the data packet missing when BUS cable is too long.

Warning Statement:

1. Make sure each sensor powered with enough input voltage
2. Working voltage requires 3.3-5V input

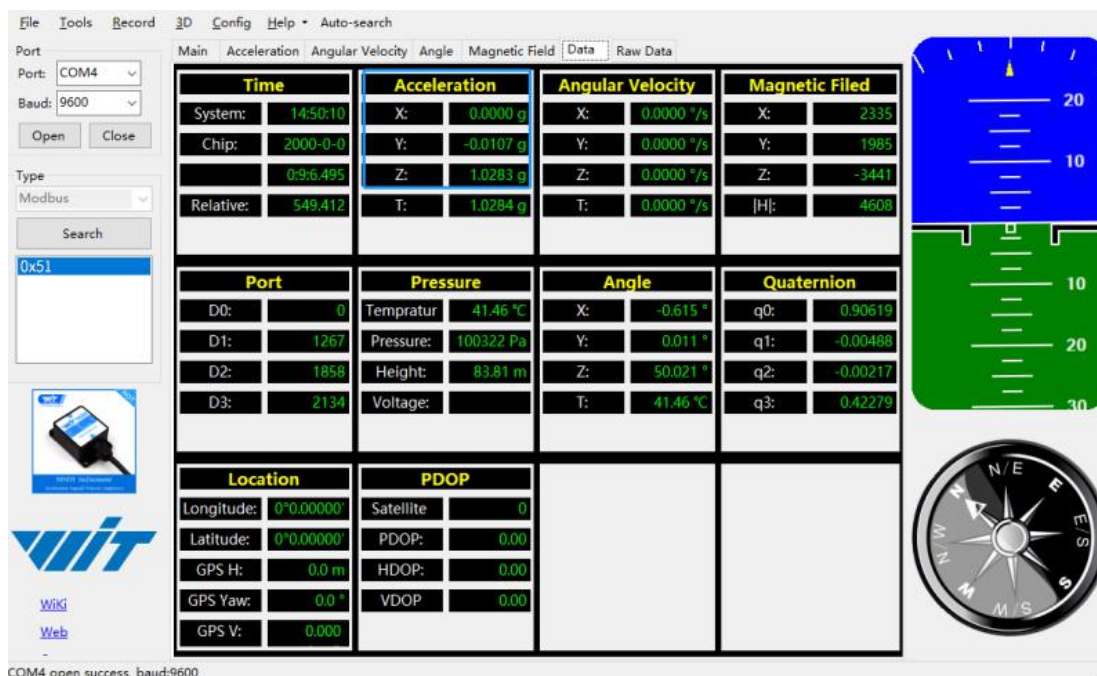
3. Hardware Connection Diagram



Note: when multiple cascades, check carefully for correct wiring between modules (VCC-VCC A-A B-B GND-GND).

3.1 Software Operation

Open PC software, select the model, serial port, baud rate (9600), and click the search button to find the device. You can search for multiple cascade device addresses.



The screenshot shows the WIT motion software interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'Port' set to COM4, 'Baud' set to 9600, and a 'Search' button. Below this is a list of found devices, with '0x51' selected. The main area displays a grid of sensor data tables. The 'Acceleration' table is highlighted with a blue border. On the right, there are two vertical scale indicators (one blue, one green) and a compass rose.

| Time | | Acceleration | | Angular Velocity | | Magnetic Field | |
|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|------------------|------------|----------------|-------|
| System: | 14:50:10 | X: | 0.0000 g | X: | 0.0000 °/s | X: | 2335 |
| Chip: | 2000-0-0 | Y: | -0.0107 g | Y: | 0.0000 °/s | Y: | 1985 |
| | 0:9:6.495 | Z: | 1.0283 g | Z: | 0.0000 °/s | Z: | -3441 |
| Relative: | 549.412 | T: | 1.0284 g | T: | 0.0000 °/s | [H]: | 4608 |

| Port | | Pressure | | Angle | | Quaternion | |
|------|------|-----------|-----------|-------|-----------|------------|----------|
| D0: | 0 | Tempratur | 41.46 °C | X: | -0.615 ° | q0: | 0.90619 |
| D1: | 1267 | Pressure: | 100322 Pa | Y: | 0.011 ° | q1: | -0.00488 |
| D2: | 1858 | Height: | 83.81 m | Z: | 50.021 ° | q2: | -0.00217 |
| D3: | 2134 | Voltage: | | T: | -41.46 °C | q3: | 0.42279 |

| Location | | PDOP | |
|------------|------------|-----------|------|
| Longitude: | 0°0.00000' | Satellite | 0 |
| Latitude: | 0°0.00000' | PDOP: | 0.00 |
| GPS H: | 0.0 m | HDOP: | 0.00 |
| GPS Yaw: | 0.0 ° | VDOP: | 0.00 |
| GPS V: | 0.000 | | |

Select the searched device address, you can see the data of different modules.

Note: When cascading multiple modules, you must remember the MODBUS address of the module (you can rotate the module to verify whether the data on the PC software is the data of the module).