Logistic_Regression

June 19, 2021

[19]: import sys

```
!{sys.executable} -m pip install ipynb
      import warnings
      warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
     Requirement already satisfied: ipynb in
     c:\users\gampl\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages (0.5.1)
     WARNING: You are using pip version 21.1.1; however, version 21.1.2 is available.
     You should consider upgrading via the
     c:\users\gampl\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\python.exe -m pip install
     --upgrade pip' command.
[20]: %%capture
      import numpy as np
      import pandas as pd
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from ipynb.fs.full.CleaningData import getDataset
      from ipynb.fs.full.CleaningData import getCovarianceVector
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      from copy import deepcopy
      pd.set option("display.max rows", 10000)
      pd.set_option("display.max_columns", None)
 []: |%%time
      df = getDataset(500)
 []: |%%time
      covVec = getCovarianceVector(df)
      fig = plt.figure(figsize=(16, 6)) # the figsize changes the width and height ⊔
      \rightarrow respectively
      ax = fig.add_axes([0,0,1,1])
      langs = covVec.index
      students = covVec
      ax.bar(langs, students, align='edge', width=0.7) #width determines width of bars
```

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plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
      # plt.show()
 []:  # Seperating and storing y values (Status Feature)
      df.head(10)
      statusColumn = df['status']
      del df['status']
      urlColumn = df['url']
      del df['url']
      # Printing the feature set
      print(df.columns)
      # Storing the number of features
      numFeatures = (len(df.columns))
      # print(numFeatures)
[24]: theta = np.random.uniform(-0.5,0.5,numFeatures) # Initialising random theta__
      origTheta = theta # Keeping a copy of original theta values
      # Splitting data into test, validation and train
      trainX, testX, trainY, testY = train_test_split(df, statusColumn, test_size=0.
      →15)
      trainX, validationX, trainY, validationY = train_test_split(trainX, trainY,__
      →test size=0.2)
[25]: %%time
      def sigmoid(x,k): #Sigmoid function
          if(k==0):
              f = 1
          else:
              f = k
          return 1/(1+np.exp(-f*x))
      def prediction(theta, x, k): #IPrediction function
          return sigmoid(np.matmul(np.transpose(theta),x),k)
      def LogisticRegression(trainX, trainY, theta, a, regularisation): # Logisticu
       \rightarrowRegression Algorithm
          alpha = a
          newTheta = theta
```

```
strengthOfRegularisation = regularisation
    count = 0
    while(count < 10):</pre>
        oldTheta = newTheta
        for i in trainX.index:
            for j in range(numFeatures):
                newTheta[j] = newTheta[j] + alpha*(trainY.loc[i] -_
 →prediction(newTheta,trainX.loc[i],strengthOfRegularisation))*(trainX.
 →loc[i][j]) + alpha*strengthOfRegularisation*newTheta[j]
        count = count + 1
    return newTheta
def calculateAccuracy(x,y,theta,confusionMatrix, k): # Calculates the accuracy_
\rightarrow and create the confusion matrix
    numberCorrect = 0
    numberIncorrect = 0
    for i in range(len(testY)):
        predicted_result = round(prediction(newTheta,testX.iloc[i], k))
        if(predicted_result == 1 and testY.iloc[i] == 0):
            confusionMatrix[0] = confusionMatrix[0] + 1
        else:
            if (predicted result == 0 and testY.iloc[i] == 1):
                confusionMatrix[1] = confusionMatrix[1] + 1
                if(predicted_result == 1 and testY.iloc[i] == 1):
                    confusionMatrix[2] = confusionMatrix[2] + 1
                else:
                    if(predicted_result == 0 and testY.iloc[i] == 0):
                        confusionMatrix[3] = confusionMatrix[3] + 1
        if(predicted_result == testY.iloc[i]):
            numberCorrect = numberCorrect + 1
        else:
            numberIncorrect = numberIncorrect + 1
    averageCorrect = numberCorrect/len(testY)
    averageIncorrect = numberIncorrect/len(testY)
    return averageCorrect*100, averageIncorrect*100, confusionMatrix
```

Wall time: 0 ns

```
[26]: %%time
     results = [] # Matrix to store validation results
     confusionMatrix = [0,0,0,0] # Confusion Matrix
     alphaArray = [0.01, 0.001, 0.0001] # Alpha Values
     regularisationArray = [0, 0.001, 0.002, 0.01, 0.03] # Regularisation values
     newTheta = []
     theta = np.random.uniform(-0.5,0.5,numFeatures) # Initialising random theta_
     origTheta = deepcopy(theta) # Keeping a copy of original theta values
     # Obtaining the optimal hyperparameters by getting the accuracy and confusion_
      → matrix for each hyperparameter
     r = 0
     for i in range(3):
        for j in range(5):
            newTheta = LogisticRegression(validationX, validationY, theta,
      →alphaArray[i], regularisationArray[j])
            results.append(calculateAccuracy(testX,testY,newTheta,confusionMatrix,_
      →0))
            print("Alpha = ",alphaArray[i])
            print("Regularisation = ", regularisationArray[j])
            print("======="")
            print("Confusion Matrix",'\n' )
            print(results[r][2][2],"    ",results[r][2][1] )
            print(results[r][2][0],"    ",results[r][2][3] )
            print("======"")
            print("Percentage Correct : ", results[r][0])
            print("Percentage Incorrect : ", results[r][1])
            print("=======",'\n')
            theta = deepcopy(origTheta)
            r = r + 1
            confusionMatrix = [0,0,0,0]
    Alpha = 0.01
    Regularisation = 0
          _____
    Confusion Matrix
    815
           78
    33
           797
```

Percentage Correct: 93.55774811375508 Percentage Incorrect: 6.4422518862449225 Alpha = 0.01Regularisation = 0.001 ._____ Confusion Matrix 739 154 773 57 Percentage Correct: 87.7539175856065 Percentage Incorrect : 12.2460824143935 Alpha = 0.01Regularisation = 0.002 _____ Confusion Matrix 748 145 55 775 _____ Percentage Correct: 88.39233894370284 Percentage Incorrect : 11.607661056297156 Alpha = 0.01Regularisation = 0.01 _____ Confusion Matrix 784 109 51 779 _____ Percentage Correct: 90.71387115496228 Percentage Incorrect: 9.286128845037725 Alpha = 0.01Regularisation = 0.03 Confusion Matrix 787 106 41 789

Percentage Correct : 91.4683691236216
Percentage Incorrect : 8.53163087637841

Alpha = 0.001Regularisation = 0-----Confusion Matrix 806 87 799 31 Percentage Correct: 93.15147997678469 Percentage Incorrect: 6.848520023215323 Alpha = 0.001Regularisation = 0.001 _____ Confusion Matrix 732 161 55 775 _____ Percentage Correct: 87.46372605919908 Percentage Incorrect : 12.53627394080093 Alpha = 0.001Regularisation = 0.002 Confusion Matrix 733 160 54 776 _____ Percentage Correct: 87.57980266976205 Percentage Incorrect: 12.420197330237958 Alpha = 0.001Regularisation = 0.01 Confusion Matrix 739 154 53 777

 Alpha = 0.001Regularisation = 0.03 Confusion Matrix 748 145 779 51 Percentage Correct: 88.62449216482878 Percentage Incorrect : 11.375507835171213 Alpha = 0.0001Regularisation = 0_____ Confusion Matrix 661 232 78 752 _____ Percentage Correct: 82.0081253627394 Percentage Incorrect: 17.99187463726059 Alpha = 0.0001Regularisation = 0.001 Confusion Matrix 669 224 67 763 _____ Percentage Correct: 83.11085316308764 Percentage Incorrect: 16.88914683691236 Alpha = 0.0001Regularisation = 0.002

Confusion Matrix

669 22467 763

Percentage Correct : 83.11085316308764
Percentage Incorrect : 16.88914683691236

```
Alpha = 0.0001
    Regularisation = 0.01
    Confusion Matrix
    670
           223
    67
          763
    Percentage Correct: 83.16889146836913
    Percentage Incorrect: 16.831108531630875
    Alpha = 0.0001
    Regularisation = 0.03
    _____
    Confusion Matrix
    678
           215
    69
          761
               _____
    Percentage Correct: 83.51712130005804
    Percentage Incorrect: 16.48287869994196
    Wall time: 51min 22s
[28]: %%time
     trainingResults = []
     confusionMatrix = [0,0,0,0]
     newTheta = []
     theta = np.random.uniform(-0.5,0.5,numFeatures) # Initialising \ random \ theta_{\perp}
     origTheta = deepcopy(theta) # Keeping a copy of original theta values
     # Obtaining the optimal values for theta by getting the accuracy and confusion_
     →matrix using the tuned hyperparameters
     newTheta = LogisticRegression(trainX, trainY, theta, 0.01, 0)
     trainingResults.append(calculateAccuracy(trainX, trainY, newTheta, ___
      Wall time: 13min 19s
[30]: %%time
```

Obtaining the test results by using new data on the model with trained theta \Box

 \rightarrow values

```
confusionMatrix = [0,0,0,0]
   testResults = []
   testResults.append(calculateAccuracy(testX, testY, newTheta, confusionMatrix, __
   print("Alpha = ",0.01)
   print("Regularisation = ", 0)
   print("======="")
   print("Confusion Matrix",'\n')
   print(testResults[0][2][2],"    ",testResults[0][2][1] )
   print(testResults[0][2][0]," ",testResults[0][2][3] )
   print("======="")
   print("Percentage Correct : ", testResults[0][0])
   print("Percentage Incorrect : ", testResults[0][1],)
   print("=======",'\n')
   Alpha = 0.01
   Regularisation = 0
      -----
   Confusion Matrix
   820
         73
   34
        796
   _____
   Percentage Correct: 93.78990133488102
   Percentage Incorrect : 6.210098665118979
   _____
   Wall time: 184 ms
[]:
```