

September 13, 2022

Julie McCoy Providence St. Peter Hospital/Centralia Hospital 413 Lilly Rd NE, MS: LLH10 Olympia, WA 98506

Sent via email to: julie.mccoy@providence.org

Dear Petitioner:

Your submission requesting that the Commissioner of the Food and Drug Administration amend the droperidol boxed warning (also called black box warning or BBW), to remove the following five sentences from the current boxed warning was received and processed under CFR 10.30 by this office on 09/13/2022:

"Due to its potential for serious proarrhythmic effects and death, droperidol should be reserved for use in the treatment of patients who fail to show an acceptable response to other adequate treatments, either because of insufficient effectiveness or the inability to achieve an effective dose due to intolerable adverse effects from those drugs. Cases of QT prolongation and serious arrhythmias (e.g., torsade de pointes) have been reported in patients treated with droperidol. Based on these reports, all patients should undergo a 12-lead ECG prior to administration of droperidol to determine if a prolonged QT interval (i.e., QT greater than 440 msec for males or 450 msec for females) is present. If there is a prolonged QT interval, droperidol should NOT be administered. For patients in whom the potential benefit of droperidol treatment is felt to outweigh the risks of potentially serious arrhythmias, ECG monitoring should be performed prior to treatment and continued for 2-3 hours after completing treatment to monitor for arrhythmias."

It was assigned docket number FDA-2022-P-2238. Please refer to this docket number in future correspondence on this subject with the Agency.

Please note, the acceptance of the petition for filing is a procedural matter and in no way reflects the Agency's decision on the substantive merits of the petition.

Sincerely,

Karen Malvin Acting Director Dockets Management Staff FDA/Office of Operations (OO)