

**Week: 08/25/24**

Started researching ROS, TurtleBot3, and OpenManipulatorX.

- <https://www.ros.org/>
- <https://emanual.robotis.com/docs/en/platform/turtlebot3/features/>
- [https://emanual.robotis.com/docs/en/platform/openmanipulator\\_x/overview/](https://emanual.robotis.com/docs/en/platform/openmanipulator_x/overview/)

**Week: 09/01/24**

Installed ROBOTC and Curriculum Virtual World

- Worked in the simulation environment
- Modeled a manipulator in C
- ROBOTC dead ended because we do not have a build license to work with our own models

**Week: 09/08/24**

ROS2 Humble

- Installed ROS2 for Windows 10
  - <https://docs.ros.org/en/humble/Installation/Alternatives/Windows-Development-Setup.html>
- Windows subsystem for Linux
  - <https://docs.ros.org/en/humble/Installation/Alternatives/Ubuntu-Development-Setup.html>
- Cannot run NVIDIA's Isaac Simulator on my laptop due to graphics limitations
  - <https://developer.nvidia.com/isaac/ros>

**Week: 09/15/24**

Worked in ROS2 to create and test Python nodes [1]

- <https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLLSegLrePWgJudpPUof4-nVFHGkB62lzy>

**Week: 09/22/24**

Worked in Gazebo to create worlds, models, and combine them together

- <https://youtu.be/YV8hlpBOhtw?si=R5v1UjO6sRUrDBo> (World)
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qQAfTmB5wc&t=438s> (Model)

**Week: 09/29/24**

Modeled a robotic manipulator arm in URDF and imported packages allowing for control of the system (Inertia added later: see [2])

- [https://youtu.be/t67JaKiZY\\_U?si=-X0nV7aKxBJ8Jc9e](https://youtu.be/t67JaKiZY_U?si=-X0nV7aKxBJ8Jc9e)
- <https://docs.ros.org/en/foxy/Tutorials/Beginner-Client-Libraries/Colcon-Tutorial.html>  
(build package documentation)

## Week: 10/06/24

Implemented customized control for manipulator model designed with nodes and imported and modified the OpenManipulatorX URDF files [2 – urdf/xacro design] [3 – inertia]

- Browser URDF model viewer: <https://gkjohnson.github.io/urdf-loaders/javascript/example/bundle/index.html>
- Node control series
  - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OWeLUSzxMsw>
  - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BcjHyhV0kIs>
  - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IjFcr5r0nMs>
- OpenManipulatorX URDF
  - [https://github.com/hylander2126/OpenManipulatorX\\_ROS2/tree/main](https://github.com/hylander2126/OpenManipulatorX_ROS2/tree/main)
  - [https://github.com/husarion/rosbot\\_xl\\_manipulation\\_ros](https://github.com/husarion/rosbot_xl_manipulation_ros) (rosbot with manipulator)
  - [https://github.com/husarion/open\\_manipulator\\_x/blob/main/README.md](https://github.com/husarion/open_manipulator_x/blob/main/README.md) (manipulator only, no controller)

## Week 10/13/24

Implement the OpenManipulatorX and TurtleBot3 Waffle Pi model together

- <https://medium.com/@nilutpolkashyap/setting-up-turtlebot3-simulation-in-ros-2-humble-hawksbill-70a6fcdaf5de> (turtlebot3 waffle pi)
- <https://emanual.robotis.com/docs/en/platform/turtlebot3/manipulation/> (combination)

Decided on application for robot unit

- <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/8612150> (sorting manipulator) (by color and contour)
- <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/7847799> (voice command manipulator) (takes very rudimentary commands – requires microphone)
- <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/9461187> (silicon wafer grabber) (very cool, but vacuum based manipulator)

## Week 10/20/24

Find more papers and do an in depth dive on their findings

- <https://www.emerald.com/insight/content/doi/10.1108/IR-10-2020-0242/full/html#sec010>
- [https://openaccess.thecvf.com/content/WACV2023/papers/Griffin\\_Mobile\\_Robot\\_Manipulation\\_Using\\_Pure\\_Object\\_Detection\\_WACV\\_2023\\_paper.pdf](https://openaccess.thecvf.com/content/WACV2023/papers/Griffin_Mobile_Robot_Manipulation_Using_Pure_Object_Detection_WACV_2023_paper.pdf)

Determine End Objective

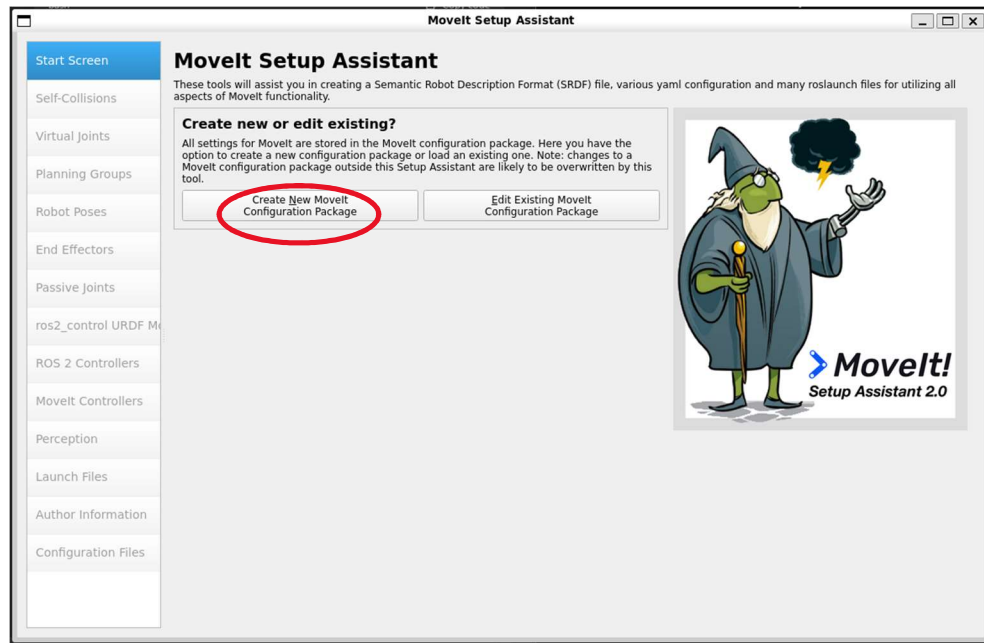
- Implement a robotic manipulator and mobile robot together
- Achieve autonomous navigation
  - Apply machine vision and machine learning to an integrated robotic system
  - Train the model with a predefined dataset

- Pick and place system
  - Deploy the system in a physical environment

## Week 10/27/24

Have the mobile manipulator travel from one point to pick up an object to either a new point or back to the start point

- Preface:
  - There are 3 packages in my workspace's src directory:
    - Turtlebot3\_manipulation\_bringup: spawns the model in Gazebo and contains the node scripts
    - Turtlebot3\_manipulation\_description: reference for the urdf and xacro files
    - Manual\_moveit\_config: move it configuration specifies joint communications and how they should interact
  - Important to note:
    - For each terminal you open with wsl (in this project specifically), you may need to colcon build --allow-overriding turtlebot3\_manipulation\_description, since we are using package sharing. This will occur if you have other packages of the same name elsewhere
    - And don't forget to source install/setup.bash for each terminal also to ensure the nodes running on each can communicate with each other
- **Step 1:** environment setup – get turtlebot3/manipulatorX model spawned in a Gazebo world
  - In Turtlebot3\_manipulation\_bringup package's launch directory, *gazebo.launch.py* script spawns the manipulator in a specified Gazebo world [4]
    - Note it may not look like [4] at this step, since this is after I've performed future steps as well
  - `ros2 launch turtlebot3_manipulation_bringup gazebo.launch.py`
- **Step 2:** MoveIt configuration - call the MoveIt specification menu and create a new configuration package
  - `ros2 launch moveit_setup_assistant setup_assistant.launch.py`



- Add the path to the urdf or xacro file of your model (mine was in src/turtlebot3\_manipulation\_description/urdf/turtlebot3\_manipulation.urdf.xacro)

## MoveIt Setup Assistant

These tools will assist you in creating a Semantic Robot Description Format (SRDF) file, various yam aspects of MoveIt functionality.

### Create new or edit existing?

Create New MoveIt Configuration Package

Edit Existing MoveIt Configuration Package

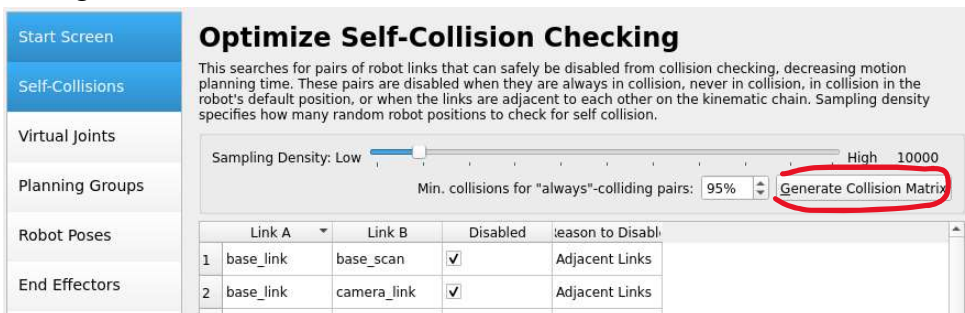
### Load a URDF or COLLADA Robot Model

Specify the location of an existing Universal Robot Description Format or COLLADA file for your robot

optional xacro arguments:

- Auto generate self collision matrix



- Define virtual joints to connect robot to world

Start Screen
Self-Collisions
Virtual Joints
Planning Groups

## Define Virtual Joints

Create a virtual joint between the base robot link and an external frame of reference. This allows to place the robot in the world or on a mobile platform.

Virtual Joint Name	Child Link	Parent Frame	Type
1 world_joint	base_link	world	planar

- Define planning groups – in this case, our joints work independently (differential drive) so specify them one by one

Start Screen
Self-Collisions
Virtual Joints
Planning Groups
Robot Poses
End Effectors
Passive Joints
ros2\_control URDF
ROS 2 Controllers
MoveIt Controllers
Perception
Launch Files
Author Information

## Define Planning Groups

Create and edit 'joint model' groups for your robot based on joint collections, link collections, kinematic chains or subgroups. A planning group defines the set of (joint, link) pairs considered for planning and collision checking. Define individual groups for each subset of the robot you want to plan for. Note: when adding a link to the group, its parent joint is added too and vice versa.

Current Groups

- base
  - Joints
    - wheel\_right\_joint - Revolute
    - wheel\_left\_joint - Revolute
  - Links
  - Chain
  - Subgroups
- manipulator
  - Joints
    - joint1 - Revolute
    - joint2 - Revolute
    - joint3 - Revolute
    - joint4 - Revolute
  - Links
  - Chain
  - Subgroups
- end\_effector
  - Joints
    - gripper\_left\_joint - Prismatic
    - gripper\_right\_joint - Prismatic
  - Links
  - Chain
  - Subgroups

Expand All Collapse All
Delete Selected Edit Selected Add Group
☒ visual ☐ collision

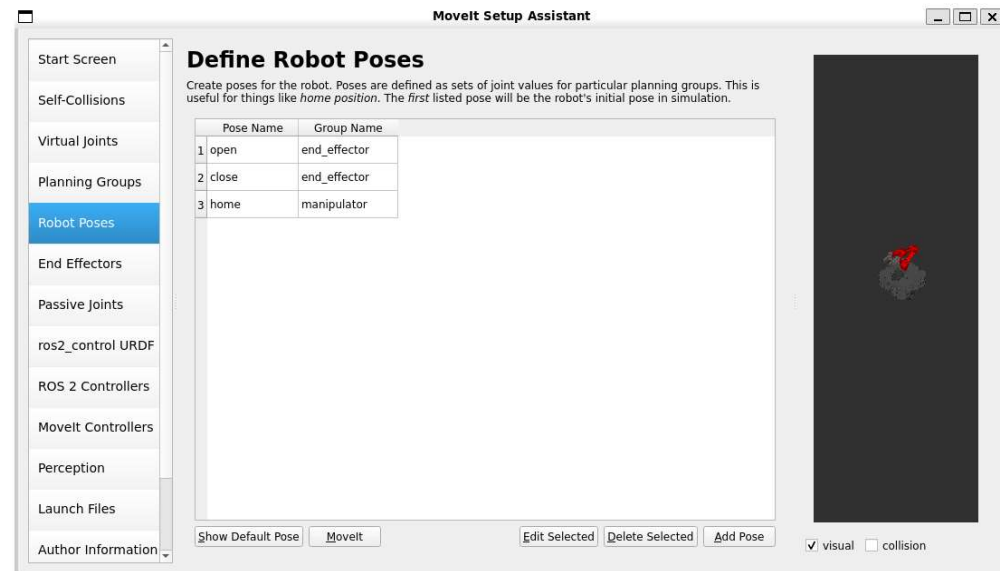
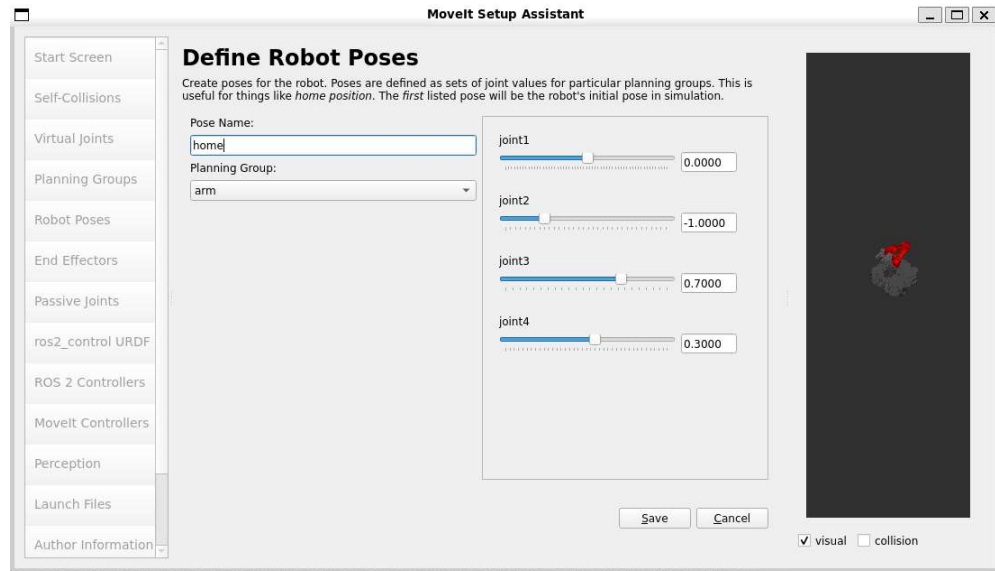
- Define the end effector

## Define End Effectors

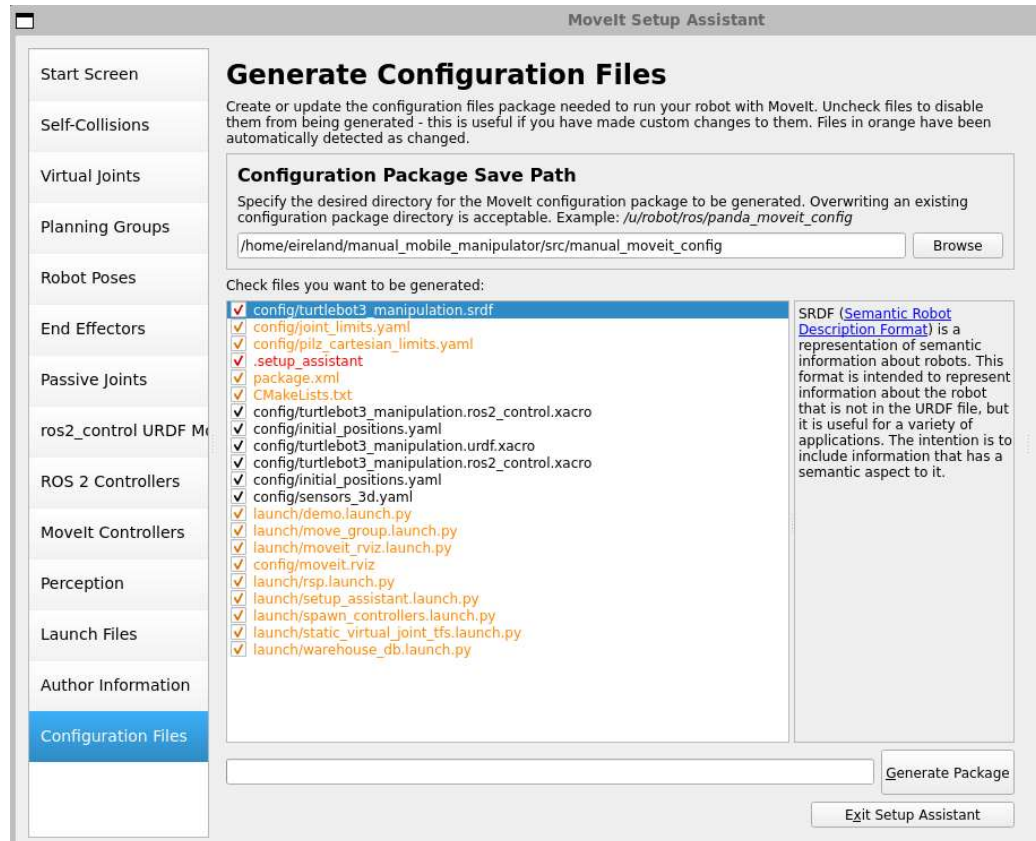
Setup your robot's end effectors. These are planning groups corresponding to grippers or tools, attached to a parent planning group (an arm). The specified parent link is used as the reference frame for IK attempts.

End Effector Name	Group Name	Parent Link	Parent Group
1 gripper	end_effector	end_effector_link	

- Define poses for open and closed hand



- Generate the configuration files (destination should be your workspace src folder, since it's its own package)



- In the package directory, you will need to alter the package.xml by entering maintenance and author emails and uncommenting the lines that will have MoveIt communicate with Gazebo (they are specified in the comments)
  - `<maintainer email="elire1973@outlook.com">Ellie Ireland</maintainer>`
- You'll want to add two more files to the config directory:
  - controllers.yaml [5]
  - ompl\_planning.yaml [6]
- In the launch directory (in the manual\_moveit\_config library), you will need to update the move\_group.launch.py [7]
- **Step 3:** Create command script nodes in the Turtlebot3\_manipulation\_bringup package *scripts* directory
  - With gazebo.launch.py running, in another terminal, run the script node you want to execute (don't forget to `chmod +x <path/script_name.py>`)
  - My scripts
    - `move_sequence.py`: moves the robot model indefinitely [8]
    - `move_and_grasp.py`: moves the base, moves the arm, moves the base again (having difficulty with grasping tasks) [9]

**Week 11/03/24**

Work on C-Day application poster/website

Research implementing machine vision for the mobile manipulator

- ROS 1:  
[https://emanual.robotis.com/docs/en/platform/turtlebot3/machine\\_learning/#software-setup](https://emanual.robotis.com/docs/en/platform/turtlebot3/machine_learning/#software-setup)
- ROS 2: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KEObIB7RbH0>

## Week 11/10/24

Autonomous navigation should not be learning-based; should be based on a known map

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4OfCKg9vSVc> (referenced not used)
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jkoGkAd0GYk&t=8s> (referenced not used)
- Resources for Implementation
  - [https://docs.nav2.org/getting\\_started/index.html](https://docs.nav2.org/getting_started/index.html)
  - <https://emanual.robotis.com/docs/en/platform/turtlebot3/manipulation/>
  - [https://neobotix-docs.de/ros/ros2/autonomous\\_navigation.html#:~:text=In%20order%20to%20select%20the%20multiple%20goals.%20First%2C,is%20required%20to%20press%20the%20%E2%80%9CNav%20goal%E2%80%9D%20button.](https://neobotix-docs.de/ros/ros2/autonomous_navigation.html#:~:text=In%20order%20to%20select%20the%20multiple%20goals.%20First%2C,is%20required%20to%20press%20the%20%E2%80%9CNav%20goal%E2%80%9D%20button.)
  - Used the original model and packages

## Object Recognition

- YOLOv8 model
  - <https://medium.com/discover-computer-vision/a-real-time-object-detection-model-with-yolov3-algorithm-for-non-gpu-computers-d999283542b2>
  - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7n6gCqC075g&t=518s>
- Customizing the training model
  - Add your images (save some for testing in the data\_for\_test directory)
    - Once you clone the yolov8obb\_training, remove all the files in dataset/bolts\_dataset/images/train and in dataset/bolts\_dataset/images/val
    - Copy your own images into the /train directory (make sure to use png)
  - Specify the classes you want to identify
    - labelImg2 > data > predefined\_classes.txt > add different classes
    - yolov8obb\_training > train\_info.yaml > add different classes (and paths)
    - yolov8obb\_training > format\_converter.py > add different classes
  - classify your images
    - python3 labelImg2/labelImg.py
    - add bounding boxes (must be the rotating ones)
    - don't forget to specify classes for each box
    - python3 yolov5-utils/voc2yolo5\_obb.py --path yolov8obb\_training/datasets/bolts\_dataset/images/train/ --class-file labelImg2/data/predefined\_classes.txt
  - organize the files



- move a few images (just the png files) from yolov8obb\_training/dataset/bolts\_dataset/images/train to images/val directory
- move the respective .txt and .xml files for those images to the yolov8obb\_training/dataset/bolts\_dataset/labels/val\_original
- copy the .txt and .xml files for all images in the /images/train directory to the /labels/train\_original
- python3 format\_converter.py
  - this will populate the images/labels/train and the images/labels/val
- python3 yolov8\_obb\_train.py
  - this will train the model
  - move the best.pt file from the runs/obb/train directory to the yolov8obb\_training directory
- python3 yolov8\_obb\_inference.py
  - make sure to alter this depending on which test image you want to be run – should ideally be pngs
  - outputs will save to the runs/obb/predict directory

#### Integration (1)

- move the object recognition directory (yolov8obb\_training) to the turtlebot3 autonomous navigation workspace that has been developed
  - change paths in train\_info.yaml
- create new script gazebo\_stream.py [10] in the object recognition directory (that's inside the navigation workspace directory)
  - this model will grab images from the Waffle Pi camera and run them through the detection model
- note: if ROS is bugging, check camera stream with ros2 run rqt\_image\_view rqt\_image\_view
  - if the view is not displayed correctly, restart gazebo and gazebo\_stream.py
- Can't stream directly to rqt\_image\_view because we're on WSL
  - Add web\_server.py [11] that streams camera output via grabbing periodic image
  - Access via browser by <http://localhost:5000/>

#### Instructions for Running:

- cd ty/
- ros2 launch turtlebot3\_manipulation\_moveit\_config servo.launch.py
- ros2 launch turtlebot3\_manipulation\_bringup gazebo.launch.py
- ros2 run tf2\_ros static\_transform\_publisher 0 0 0 0 0 0 map odom
- ros2 launch turtlebot3\_manipulation\_navigation2 navigation2.launch.py map\_yaml\_file:=\$HOME/map.yaml
- rm -r ty/runs
- python3 src/y/gazebo\_stream.py

- python3 src/y/web\_server.py
- http://localhost:5000/

### Pose Estimation

- <https://github.com/atenpas/gpd?tab=readme-ov-file#pcd> (ROS1)
- [https://moveit.picknik.ai/humble/doc/tutorials/pick\\_and\\_place\\_with\\_moveit\\_task\\_constructor/pick\\_and\\_place\\_with\\_moveit\\_task\\_constructor.html](https://moveit.picknik.ai/humble/doc/tutorials/pick_and_place_with_moveit_task_constructor/pick_and_place_with_moveit_task_constructor.html) (Can't build ??)
- <https://arxiv.org/html/2411.04386v1> (Paper)
- [https://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/978-3-319-23778-7\\_41](https://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/978-3-319-23778-7_41) (Paper)
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mIXs5kIQ5p4> (Isaac Sim)

### Notes:

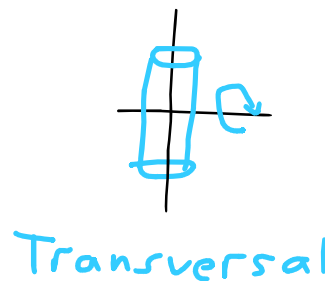
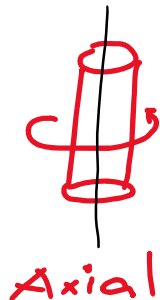
**09/29/24**

`wsl` in Windows cmd: launch windows subsystem for Linux

Create workspace:

- `mkdir -p ~/ws/src`
- `cd ~/ws/src`
  - from scratch:
    - `ros2 pkg create --build-type ament_cmake packageName`
    - `cd ~/ws/src/packageName`
    - `mkdir launch urdf config`
  - from git:
    - `git clone <github link>`
- `cd ~/ws`
- `colcon build`
- `source install/setup.bash`

Joints:



**10/06/24**

Node – any program that has access to the ROS functionality and communications

Topics – used to send data streams

Services – used for interactions

- `rviz2 -d src/my_bot/config/view_bot.rviz`

**10/13/24**

Reachable spaces – areas within the manipulator's reach

10/20/24

Differential Drive – motors are independent of each other

Mobile robot sensors

- Proprioceptive Sensors - tell how much the robot has moved (shaft encoders)
  - Dead Reckoning – tells how far the robot has gone and how much it has rotated (use IMU)
  - Odometry - use of data from motion sensors to estimate change in position over time (can be faulty)
- Exteroceptive Sensors – gives perception of world (camera)
- Exteroceptive Sensors – allow for operation in dynamic environments (lidar, radar, sonar)

11/03/24

Vocab

- **Q-value function** – function that estimates the expected future rewards an agent can obtain by taking specific action  $\alpha$  in a specific state  $s$
- **Critic network** – neural network that approximates the Q-value function
- **Actor** – neural network that represents the policy of the agent
- **Policy** – strategy that the agent employs to determine its actions given a state
  - Can be deterministic or stochastic
  - **Deterministic** – actor directly outputs a specific action for each state
  - **Stochastic** – policy outputs a probability distribution over possible actions
- **Target networks** – copies of the main actor and critic networks used to stabilize training

**Twin Delayed Deep Deterministic Policy** – good for continuous control problems like autonomous robot driving

- Twin (two) critic networks (Q value functions)
- Delayed updates from the actor for the target and policy
- Action noise regularization so policy is less likely to exploit actions with high Q-value estimates

**Algorithm 1 TD3**

```
Initialize critic networks  $Q_{\theta_1}, Q_{\theta_2}$  and actor network  $\pi_\phi$ 
with random parameters  $\theta_1, \theta_2, \phi$ 
Initialize target networks  $\theta'_1 \leftarrow \theta_1, \theta'_2 \leftarrow \theta_2, \phi' \leftarrow \phi$ 
Initialize replay buffer  $\mathcal{B}$ 
for  $t = 1$  to  $T$  do
  Select action with exploration noise  $a \sim \pi_\phi(s) + \epsilon$ 
   $\epsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma)$  and observe reward  $r$  and new state  $s'$ 
  Store transition tuple  $(s, a, r, s')$  in  $\mathcal{B}$ 

  Sample mini-batch of  $N$  transitions  $(s, a, r, s')$  from  $\mathcal{B}$ 
   $\tilde{a} \leftarrow \pi_{\phi'}(s') + \epsilon$ 
   $\epsilon \sim \text{clip}(\mathcal{N}(0, \tilde{\sigma}), -c, c)$ 
   $y \leftarrow r + \gamma \min_{i=1,2} Q_{\theta'_i}(s', \tilde{a})$ 
  Update critics  $\theta_i \leftarrow \arg\min_{\theta_i} N^{-1} \sum (y - Q_{\theta_i}(s, a))^2$ 
  if  $t \bmod d$  then
    Update  $\phi$  by the deterministic policy gradient:
     $\nabla_\phi J(\phi) = N^{-1} \sum \nabla_a Q_{\theta_1}(s, a)|_{a=\pi_\phi(s)} \nabla_\phi \pi_\phi(s)$ 
    Update target networks:
     $\theta'_i \leftarrow \tau \theta_i + (1 - \tau) \theta'_i$ 
     $\phi' \leftarrow \tau \phi + (1 - \tau) \phi'$ 
  end if
end for
```

Two critic networks  
One actor network  
Three target networks (two critic, one actor)  
Stochastic behaviour policy (add small zero-mean gaussian)  
Target policy smoothing (add small zero-mean gaussian to target action)  
Value for the standard deviation here is independent of the value for the noise in the behaviour policy  
Clipped Double Q-learning (take min of the two target Q-values)  
Critic 1 loss = MSE (y - Q1); Critic 2 loss = MSE(y - Q2)  
Delayed updates of the actor and target networks  
Actor loss = - Q1(s,  $\pi(s)$ )  
Use Polyak averaging to update the three target networks

<https://towardsdatascience.com/td3-learning-to-run-with-ai-40dfc512f93>  
<https://www.mathworks.com/help/reinforcement-learning/ug/td3-agents.html>  
<https://saashanair.com/blog/blog-posts/twin-delayed-ddpg-td3-how-does-the-algorithm-work#block-5c32a3cf6b624bfe848b44ceb795399d>

**11/17/24**

Ideally don't tinker with the display settings too much without knowing how to fix them, but if you do, this solved my problems of Gazebo/Rviz2 not launching GUIs:

- echo 'export LIBGL\_ALWAYS\_INDIRECT=0' >> ~/.bashrc
- echo 'export LIBGL\_ALWAYS\_SOFTWARE=1' >> ~/.bashrc
- source ~/.bashrc

### Code:

[1] my\_first\_node.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node

class MyNode(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        #node name: first_node
        super().__init__("first_node")
        self.counter_ = 0
        self.create_timer(1.0, self.timer_callback)

    def timer_callback(self):
        self.get_logger().info("Hello " + str(self.counter_))
        self.counter_ += 1

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = MyNode()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

[2] robot\_core.xacro

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<robot xmlns:xacro="http://www.ros.org/wiki/xacro">

    <xacro:include filename="inertial_macros.xacro"/>
```

```

<!-- define colors -->
<!-- rgba: red green blue transparency -->

<material name="blue">
  <color rgba="0 0 0.8 1"/>
</material>

<material name="red">
  <color rgba="0.8 0 0 1"/>
</material>

<material name="green">
  <color rgba="0 0.8 0 1"/>
</material>

<material name="yellow">
  <color rgba="1 1 0 1"/>
</material>

<material name="cyan">
  <color rgba="0 1 1 1"/>
</material>

<!-- links: connected together with joints -->

<!-- joints -->
<!-- origin: defines position and orientation of joint relative to parent
link -->
<!-- axis: defines axis of rotation -->
<!-- limit: defines limits for joint's motion -->

<!-- world link to connect robot to the world -->
<link name="world"/>

<!-- fixed_joint: fixed to connect base_link to world -->
<joint name="fixed_joint" type="fixed">
  <!--rpy: roll pitch yaw -->
  <!-- xyz: coordinate displacement -->
  <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0"/>
  <parent link="world"/>
  <child link="base_link"/>
</joint>

<!-- base_link of manipulator -->

```

```

<link name="base_link">
  <visual>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder length="0.2" radius="0.4"/>
    </geometry>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.1"/>
    <material name="green"/>
  </visual>
  <collision>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder length="0.2" radius="0.4"/>
    </geometry>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.1"/>
  </collision>
  <xacro:inertial_cylinder mass="2.5" length="0.2" radius="0.4">
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.1"/>
  </xacro:inertial_cylinder>
</link>
<gazebo reference="base_link">
  <material>Gazebo/Green</material>
</gazebo>

<!-- joint_1: axial revolute to connect base to link_1 -->
<joint name="joint_1" type="revolute">
  <parent link="base_link"/>
  <child link="link_1"/>
  <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.15"/>
  <axis xyz="0 0 1"/>
  <limit effort="300" velocity="2.0" lower="-3.141593" upper="3.141593"/>
</joint>

<!-- link_1 of manipulator -->
<link name="link_1">
  <visual>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder length="0.6" radius="0.15"/>
    </geometry>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.3"/>
    <material name="yellow"/>
  </visual>
  <collision>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder length="0.6" radius="0.15"/>
    </geometry>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.3"/>
  </collision>

```

```

    </collision>
    <xacro:inertial_cylinder mass="0.3" length="0.6" radius="0.15">
      <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.3"/>
    </xacro:inertial_cylinder>
  </link>
  <gazebo reference="link_1">
    <material>Gazebo/Yellow</material>
  </gazebo>

  <!-- joint_2: transverse revolute to connect link_1 to link_2 -->
  <joint name="joint_2" type="revolute">
    <parent link="link_1"/>
    <child link="link_2"/>
    <origin rpy="0 -1.570796 0" xyz="-0.15 0 0.5"/>
    <axis xyz="0 0 1"/>
    <limit effort="300" velocity="2.0" lower="-3.141593" upper="3.141593"/>
  </joint>

  <!-- link_2 of manipulator -->
  <link name="link_2">
    <visual>
      <geometry>
        <cylinder length="1" radius="0.1"/>
      </geometry>
      <origin rpy="0 1.570796 0" xyz="0.3 0 0.1"/>
      <material name="red"/>
    </visual>
    <collision>
      <geometry>
        <cylinder length="1" radius="0.1"/>
      </geometry>
      <origin rpy="0 1.570796 0" xyz="0.3 0 0.1"/>
    </collision>
    <xacro:inertial_cylinder mass="0.1" length="1" radius="0.1">
      <origin rpy="0 1.570796 0" xyz="0.3 0 0.1"/>
    </xacro:inertial_cylinder>
  </link>
  <gazebo reference="link_2">
    <material>Gazebo/Red</material>
  </gazebo>

  <!-- joint_3: transverse revolute to connect link_2 to link_3 -->
  <joint name="joint_3" type="revolute">
    <parent link="link_2"/>
    <child link="link_3"/>

```

```

    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0.7 0 0"/>
    <axis xyz="0 0 1"/>
    <limit effort="300" velocity="2.0" lower="-3.141593" upper="3.141593"/>
</joint>

<!-- link_3 of manipulator -->
<link name="link_3">
  <visual>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder length="1" radius="0.1"/>
    </geometry>
    <origin rpy="0 1.570796 0" xyz="0.4 0 -0.1"/>
    <material name="blue"/>
  </visual>
  <collision>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder length="1" radius="0.1"/>
    </geometry>
    <origin rpy="0 1.570796 0" xyz="0.4 0 -0.1"/>
  </collision>
  <xacro:inertial_cylinder mass="0.05" length="1" radius="0.1">
    <origin rpy="0 1.570796 0" xyz="0.4 0 -0.1"/>
  </xacro:inertial_cylinder>
</link>
<gazebo reference="link_3">
  <material>Gazebo/Blue</material>
</gazebo>

<!-- joint_4: axial revolute to connect link_3 to end effector -->
<joint name="joint_4" type="revolute">
  <parent link="link_3"/>
  <child link="link_4"/>
  <origin rpy="-1.570796 0 0" xyz="1 0 -0.1"/>
  <axis xyz="0 0 1"/>
  <limit effort="300" velocity="2.0" lower="-3.141593" upper="3.141593"/>
</joint>

<!-- link_4 of manipulator (end effector) -->
<link name="link_4">
  <visual>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder length="0.2" radius="0.1"/>
    </geometry>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.1"/>
    <material name="cyan"/>
  </visual>

```



```

    </visual>
    <collision>
      <geometry>
        <cylinder length="0.2" radius="0.1"/>
      </geometry>
      <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.1"/>
    </collision>
    <xacro:inertial_cylinder mass="0.025" length="0.2" radius="0.1">
      <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.1"/>
    </xacro:inertial_cylinder>
  </link>
  <gazebo reference="link_4">
    <material>Gazebo/Turquoise</material>
  </gazebo>

  <!-- joint_5: prismatic moves manipulator's finger (link_5) -->
  <joint name="joint_5" type="prismatic">
    <parent link="link_4"/>
    <child link="link_5"/>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0.08 0 0.2"/>
    <axis xyz="1 0 0"/>
    <limit effort="300" velocity="2.0" lower="-0.12" upper="0"/>
  </joint>

  <!-- link_5 of manipulator (finger 1) -->
  <link name="link_5">
    <visual>
      <geometry>
        <box size="0.03 0.06 0.15"/>
      </geometry>
      <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.075"/>
      <material name="green"/>
    </visual>
    <collision>
      <geometry>
        <box size="0.03 0.06 0.15"/>
      </geometry>
      <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.075"/>
    </collision>
    <xacro:inertial_box mass="0.025" x="0.03" y="0.06" z="0.15">
      <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.05"/>
    </xacro:inertial_box>
  </link>
  <gazebo reference="link_5">
    <material>Gazebo/Green</material>
  </gazebo>

```

```

</gazebo>

<!-- joint_6: fixed to connect link_6 to link_4 -->
<joint name="joint_6" type="fixed">
  <parent link="link_4"/>
  <child link="link_6"/>
  <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="-0.08 0 0.2"/>
</joint>

<!-- link_6 of manipulator (finger 2) -->
<link name="link_6">
  <visual>
    <geometry>
      <box size="0.03 0.06 0.15"/>
    </geometry>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.075"/>
    <material name="green"/>
  </visual>
  <collision>
    <geometry>
      <box size="0.03 0.06 0.15"/>
    </geometry>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.075"/>
  </collision>
  <xacro:inertial_box mass="0.02" x="0.03" y="0.06" z="0.15">
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.05"/>
  </xacro:inertial_box>
</link>
<gazebo reference="link_6">
  <material>Gazebo/Green</material>
</gazebo>
</robot>

```

[3] inertial\_macros.xacro:

```

<?xml version="1.0"?>
<robot xmlns:xacro="http://www.ros.org/wiki/xacro" >

  <!-- Specify some standard inertial calculations
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\_of\_moments\_of\_inertia -->
  <!-- These make use of xacro's mathematical functionality -->

  <xacro:macro name="inertial_sphere" params="mass radius *origin">
    <inertial>
      <xacro:insert_block name="origin"/>

```

```

        <mass value="\${mass}" />
        <inertia ixx="\${(2/5) * mass * (radius*radius)}" ixy="0.0" ixz="0.0"
            iyy="\${(2/5) * mass * (radius*radius)}" iyz="0.0"
            izz="\${(2/5) * mass * (radius*radius)}" />
    </inertial>
</xacro:macro>

<xacro:macro name="inertial_box" params="mass x y z *origin">
    <inertial>
        <xacro:insert_block name="origin"/>
        <mass value="\${mass}" />
        <inertia ixx="\${(1/12) * mass * (y*y+z*z)}" ixy="0.0" ixz="0.0"
            iyy="\${(1/12) * mass * (x*x+z*z)}" iyz="0.0"
            izz="\${(1/12) * mass * (x*x+y*y)}" />
    </inertial>
</xacro:macro>

<xacro:macro name="inertial_cylinder" params="mass length radius *origin">
    <inertial>
        <xacro:insert_block name="origin"/>
        <mass value="\${mass}" />
        <inertia ixx="\${(1/12) * mass * (3*radius*radius + length*length)}"
ixy="0.0" ixz="0.0"
            iyy="\${(1/12) * mass * (3*radius*radius + length*length)}"
iyz="0.0"
            izz="\${(1/2) * mass * (radius*radius)}" />
    </inertial>
</xacro:macro>

</robot>

```

[4] gazebo.launch.py

```

import os

from launch import LaunchDescription
from launch.actions import DeclareLaunchArgument
from launch.actions import IncludeLaunchDescription
from launch.launch_description_sources import PythonLaunchDescriptionSource
from launch.substitutions import LaunchConfiguration
from launch.substitutions import PathJoinSubstitution
from launch.substitutions import ThisLaunchFileDir

```

```

from launch_ros.actions import Node
from launch_ros.substitutions import FindPackageShare

def is_valid_to_launch():
    # Path includes model name of Raspberry Pi series
    path = '/sys/firmware/devicetree/base/model'
    if os.path.exists(path):
        return False
    else:
        return True

def generate_launch_description():
    if not is_valid_to_launch():
        print('Can not launch fake robot in Raspberry Pi')
        return LaunchDescription([])

    start_rviz = LaunchConfiguration('start_rviz')
    prefix = LaunchConfiguration('prefix')
    use_sim = LaunchConfiguration('use_sim')

    world = LaunchConfiguration(
        'world',
        default=PathJoinSubstitution(
            [
                FindPackageShare('turtlebot3_manipulation_bringup'),
                'worlds',
                'empty_world.model' #model name change accordingly
            ]
        )
    )

    pose = {'x': LaunchConfiguration('x_pose', default='-2.00'),
            'y': LaunchConfiguration('y_pose', default='-0.50'),
            'z': LaunchConfiguration('z_pose', default='0.01'),
            'R': LaunchConfiguration('roll', default='0.00'),
            'P': LaunchConfiguration('pitch', default='0.00'),
            'Y': LaunchConfiguration('yaw', default='0.00')}

    return LaunchDescription([
        DeclareLaunchArgument(
            'start_rviz',
            default_value='false',
            description='Whether execute rviz2'),

```

```
DeclareLaunchArgument(  
    'prefix',  
    default_value='',  
    description='Prefix of the joint and link names'),  
  
DeclareLaunchArgument(  
    'use_sim',  
    default_value='true',  
    description='Start robot in Gazebo simulation.'),  
  
DeclareLaunchArgument(  
    'world',  
    default_value=world,  
    description='Directory of gazebo world file'),  
  
DeclareLaunchArgument(  
    'x_pose',  
    default_value=pose['x'],  
    description='position of turtlebot3'),  
  
DeclareLaunchArgument(  
    'y_pose',  
    default_value=pose['y'],  
    description='position of turtlebot3'),  
  
DeclareLaunchArgument(  
    'z_pose',  
    default_value=pose['z'],  
    description='position of turtlebot3'),  
  
DeclareLaunchArgument(  
    'roll',  
    default_value=pose['R'],  
    description='orientation of turtlebot3'),  
  
DeclareLaunchArgument(  
    'pitch',  
    default_value=pose['P'],  
    description='orientation of turtlebot3'),  
  
DeclareLaunchArgument(  
    'yaw',  
    default_value=pose['Y'],  
    description='orientation of turtlebot3'),
```

```

        IncludeLaunchDescription(
            PythonLaunchDescriptionSource([ThisLaunchFileDir(),
'/base.launch.py']),
            launch_arguments={
                'start_rviz': start_rviz,
                'prefix': prefix,
                'use_sim': use_sim,
            }.items(),
        ),

        IncludeLaunchDescription(
            PythonLaunchDescriptionSource(
                [
                    PathJoinSubstitution(
                        [
                            FindPackageShare('gazebo_ros'),
                            'launch',
                            'gazebo.launch.py'
                        ]
                    )
                ]
            ),
            launch_arguments={
                'verbose': 'false',
                'world': world,
            }.items(),
        ),

        Node(
            package='gazebo_ros',
            executable='spawn_entity.py',
            arguments=[
                '-topic', 'robot_description',
                '-entity', 'turtlebot3_manipulation_system',
                '-x', pose['x'], '-y', pose['y'], '-z', pose['z'],
                '-R', pose['R'], '-P', pose['P'], '-Y', pose['Y'],
            ],
            output='screen',
        ),

    ])

```

[5] controllers.yaml

```

controller_names:
  - manipulator_controller
  - base_controller
manipulator_controller:
  type: FollowJointTrajectory
  action_ns: follow_joint_trajectory
  joints:
    - joint1
    - joint2
    - joint3
    - joint4
    - end_effector_joint
base_controller:
  type: Twist
  action_ns: cmd_vel
  joints:
    - base_joint

```

[6] ompl\_planning.yaml

```

planner_configs:
  RRTConnectkConfigDefault:
    type: geometric::RRTConnect
    range: 0.0

group_name_configurations:
  manipulator:
    planner_configs:
      - RRTConnectkConfigDefault
  base:
    planner_configs:
      - RRTConnectkConfigDefault

```

[7] move\_group.launch.py

```

import os
import yaml
import xacro

from launch import LaunchDescription
from launch_ros.actions import Node
from launch.actions import DeclareLaunchArgument
from launch.substitutions import LaunchConfiguration

```

```

from launch_ros.substitutions import FindPackageShare
from moveit_configs_utils import MoveItConfigsBuilder
from moveit_configs_utils.launches import generate_move_group_launch
from ament_index_python.packages import get_package_share_directory

def generate_launch_description():
    robot_description_config =
xacro.process_file(os.path.join(get_package_share_directory("turtlebot3_manipulat
ion_description"), "urdf", "turtlebot3_manipulation.urdf.xacro"),))
    robot_description = {"robot_description": robot_description_config.toxml()}
    robot_description_semantic_path =
os.path.join(get_package_share_directory("manual_moveit_config"), "config",
"turtlebot3_manipulation.srdf",)

    with open(robot_description_semantic_path, "r") as file:
        robot_description_semantic_config = file.read()
    robot_description_semantic = {
        "robot_description_semantic": robot_description_semantic_config
    }

    #kinematics
    kinematics_yaml_path =
os.path.join(get_package_share_directory("manual_moveit_config"), "config",
"kinematics.yaml",)
    with open(kinematics_yaml_path, "r") as file:
        kinematics_yaml = yaml.safe_load(file)

    #planning functinoality
    ompl_planning_pipeline_config = {
        "move_group": {
            "planning_plugin": "ompl_interface/OMPLPlanner",
            "request_adapters":
"""default_planner_request_adapters/AddTimeOptimalParameterization \
    default_planner_request_adapters/FixWorkspaceBounds \
    default_planner_request_adapters/FixStartStateBounds \
    default_planner_request_adapters/FixStartStateCollision \
    default_planner_request_adapters/FixStartStatePathConstraints""",
            "start_state_max_bounds_error": 0.1,
        }
    }
    ompl_planning_yaml_path =
os.path.join(get_package_share_directory("manual_moveit_config"), "config",
"ompl_planning.yaml",)
    with open(ompl_planning_yaml_path, "r") as file:
        ompl_planning_yaml = yaml.safe_load(file)

```



```

ompl_planning_pipeline_config["move_group"].update(ompl_planning_yaml)

#trajectory execution
trajectory_execution = {
    "moveit_manage_controllers": True,
    "trajectory_execution.allowed_execution_duration_scaling": 1.2,
    "trajectory_execution.allowed_goal_duration_margin": 0.5,
    "trajectory_execution.allowed_start_tolerance": 0.01,
}

#moveit controllers
moveit_simple_controllers_yaml_path =
os.path.join(get_package_share_directory("manual_moveit_config"), "config",
"controllers.yaml",)
with open(moveit_simple_controllers_yaml_path, "r") as file:
    moveit_simple_controllers_yaml = yaml.safe_load(file)
moveit_controllers = {
    "moveit_simple_controller_manager": moveit_simple_controllers_yaml,
    "moveit_controller_manager":
        "moveit_simple_controller_manager/MoveItSimpleControllerManager",
}

#planning scene monitor parameters
planning_scene_monitor_parameters = {
    "publish_planning_scene": True,
    "publish_geometry_updates": True,
    "publish_state_updates": True,
    "publish_transforms_updates": True,
}

ld = LaunchDescription()
use_sim = LaunchConfiguration('use_sim')
declare_use_sim = DeclareLaunchArgument(
    'use_sim',
    default_value='false',
    description='Start robot in Gazebo simulation.')
ld.add_action(declare_use_sim)

move_group_node = Node(
    package="moveit_ros_move_group",
    executable="move_group",
    output="screen",
    parameters=[
        robot_description,
        robot_description_semantic,

```

```

        kinematics_yaml,
        ompl_planning_pipeline_config,
        trajectory_execution,
        moveit_controllers,
        planning_scene_monitor_parameters,
        {'use_sim_time': use_sim},
    ],
)

ld.add_action(move_group_node)

return ld

'''
# Set up MoveIt configurations with your package
moveit_config = (
    MoveItConfigsBuilder("turtlebot3_manipulation",
package_name="manual_moveit_config")
        .robot_description(file_path="config/robot_description.urdf")
        .joint_limits(file_path="config/joint_limits.yaml")
        .ompl_planning(file_path="config/ompl_planning.yaml")
        .trajectory_execution(file_path="config/controllers.yaml")
        .to_moveit_configs()
)

# Launch MoveIt move_group node with loaded configurations
return LaunchDescription([
    generate_move_group_launch(moveit_config),

    # Optional RViz launch for visualization
    Node(
        package="rviz2",
        executable="rviz2",
        name="rviz2",
        output="screen",
        arguments=["-d", os.path.join(
            FindPackageShare("manual_moveit_config").find("config"),
            "moveit.rviz"
        )],
    ),
])

'''

```

[8] move\_sequence.py

```
# move_forward.py
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist

class MoveForward(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__('move_forward')
        self.publisher = self.create_publisher(Twist, '/cmd_vel', 10)
        timer_period = 0.5 # seconds
        self.timer = self.create_timer(timer_period, self.publish_velocity)

    def publish_velocity(self):
        move_cmd = Twist()
        move_cmd.linear.x = 0.5 # Set forward speed
        self.publisher.publish(move_cmd)

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = MoveForward()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    node.destroy_node()
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

[9] grasp\_and\_move.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3

import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from trajectory_msgs.msg import JointTrajectory, JointTrajectoryPoint
from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist
from time import sleep # Use sleep for timing control

class CombinedControl(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__('combined_control')
```

```

    # Publishers
    self.arm_publisher = self.create_publisher(JointTrajectory,
'/arm_controller/joint_trajectory', 10)
    self.base_publisher = self.create_publisher(Twist, '/cmd_vel', 10)

    # Timer for periodic execution
    self.timer = self.create_timer(1.0, self.execute_sequence)

    # Sequence control variables
    self.step = 0

def execute_sequence(self):
    if self.step == 0:
        # Step 1: Move the base forward
        self.move_base(1.18)
        self.step += 1
        sleep(2) # Move for 2 seconds
        self.stop_base()

    elif self.step == 1:
        # Step 2: Move the arm down to pick something up
        p = [0.0, 0.75, -0.25, 0.35]
        self.move_arm_to_position(p)
        self.step += 1
        sleep(2) # Allow some time for the arm movement

    elif self.step == 2:
        # Step 3: Move the arm back up to the home position
        self.move_arm_to_home_position()
        self.step += 1
        sleep(2) # Allow some time for the arm movement

    elif self.step == 3:
        # Step 4: Move the base forward again
        self.move_base(0.5)
        self.step += 1
        sleep(2) # Move for 2 seconds
        self.stop_base()
        self.get_logger().info("Sequence complete.")

    # Stop the timer to end the sequence
    self.timer.cancel()

def move_arm_to_position(self, position):
    # Define joint names

```

```

joint_names = ["joint1", "joint2", "joint3", "joint4"]

# Initialize JointTrajectory message
traj_msg = JointTrajectory()
traj_msg.joint_names = joint_names

# Set up positions for each joint
point = JointTrajectoryPoint()
point.positions = position # Move to the position for picking
point.time_from_start.sec = 1 # Duration to reach the position
traj_msg.points.append(point)

# Publish the trajectory to move the arm
self.arm_publisher.publish(traj_msg)
self.get_logger().info("Arm movement command sent to pick position.")

def move_arm_to_home_position(self):
    # Define the home position
    home_position = [0.0, -1.0, 0.7, 0.3]
    self.move_arm_to_position(home_position)
    self.get_logger().info("Arm movement command sent to home position.")

def move_base(self, speed):
    move_cmd = Twist()
    move_cmd.linear.x = speed # Set forward speed
    self.base_publisher.publish(move_cmd)
    self.get_logger().info("Base moving forward.")

def stop_base(self):
    move_cmd = Twist()
    move_cmd.linear.x = 0.0 # Stop the base
    self.base_publisher.publish(move_cmd)
    self.get_logger().info("Base stopped.")

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    combined_control = CombinedControl()
    rclpy.spin(combined_control)
    combined_control.destroy_node()
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

[10] gazebo\_stream.py

```
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from sensor_msgs.msg import Image
from cv_bridge import CvBridge
import cv2
import os
from ultralytics import YOLO

class ObjectRecognitionNode(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__('object_recognition_node')
        self.subscription = self.create_subscription(
            Image,
            '/pi_camera/image_raw',
            self.image_callback,
            10)

        self.subscription # Prevent unused variable warning
        self.bridge = CvBridge()

        # Directory to save images
        self.save_directory = './gazebo_img'
        os.makedirs(self.save_directory, exist_ok=True)

        # State variables
        self.image_ready = True
        self.detected = False

        # Load YOLO model
        self.model = YOLO("best.pt") # Load your custom model

    def image_callback(self, msg):
        # Only process a new image if we haven't detected anything and an image
        # is ready
        if not self.detected and self.image_ready:
            self.image_ready = False # Set image_ready to False until we process
            # this image

            # Convert ROS Image message to OpenCV format
            cv_image = self.bridge.imgmsg_to_cv2(msg, "bgr8")

            # Save the image to the specified directory, overwriting the old
            # image
            image_path = os.path.join(self.save_directory, 'captured_image.jpg')
            cv2.imwrite(image_path, cv_image)
```

```

        self.get_logger().info(f"Image saved to {image_path}")

        # Run object detection
        self.detected = self.run_object_detection(image_path)

        # If nothing is detected, set image_ready to True to process the next
image
        if not self.detected:
            self.image_ready = True
        else:
            self.get_logger().info("Object detected, stopping image
collection.")

    def run_object_detection(self, image_path):
        # Use the YOLO model to predict objects in the image
        results = self.model(image_path, save=True) # Perform object detection
without saving results

        # Check if results are valid and contain detections
        if results is None or len(results) == 0:
            return False

        # Iterate through results and check for detections
        for result in results:
            if result is not None and hasattr(result, 'boxes') and result.boxes
is not None:
                if len(result.boxes) > 0: # Check if there are any detected
boxes
                    return True

        return False

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = ObjectRecognitionNode()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    node.destroy_node()
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

[11] web\_server.py

```
from flask import Flask, send_from_directory
```

```
import os

app = Flask(__name__)

# Directory where images are saved
IMAGE_DIR = '/home/eireland/ty/runs/obb/predict'

@app.route('/')
def index():
    # List all images in the directory
    images = [f for f in os.listdir(IMAGE_DIR) if f.endswith('.jpg')]
    # Generate HTML to display the images
    html = ''
    <h1>Object Detection Results</h1>
    <meta http-equiv="refresh" content="5"> <!-- Refresh every 5 seconds -->
    '''
    for image in images:
        html += f'<div></div>'
    return html

@app.route('/images/<path:filename>')
def serve_image(filename):
    return send_from_directory(IMAGE_DIR, filename)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True, host='0.0.0.0', port=5000)
```