

WMO Information System and WIS Discovery Metadata

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About Myself

- Lead on WIS Metadata Development
 - Lead, TT-MDI (Task Team on Metadata Implementation)
 - Lead, TT-ApMD (Application of Metadata)
 - Co-Chair, IPET-MDRD (Inter-Programme TT on Metadata and Data Representation Development)
- Working for GISC/DCPC Tokyo
 - Numerical Predicition Division, Japan Meteorological Agency





This talk

- What is WMO Information System
- JMA's designated WIS centres including GISC Tokyo
- WMO Core Metadata Profile



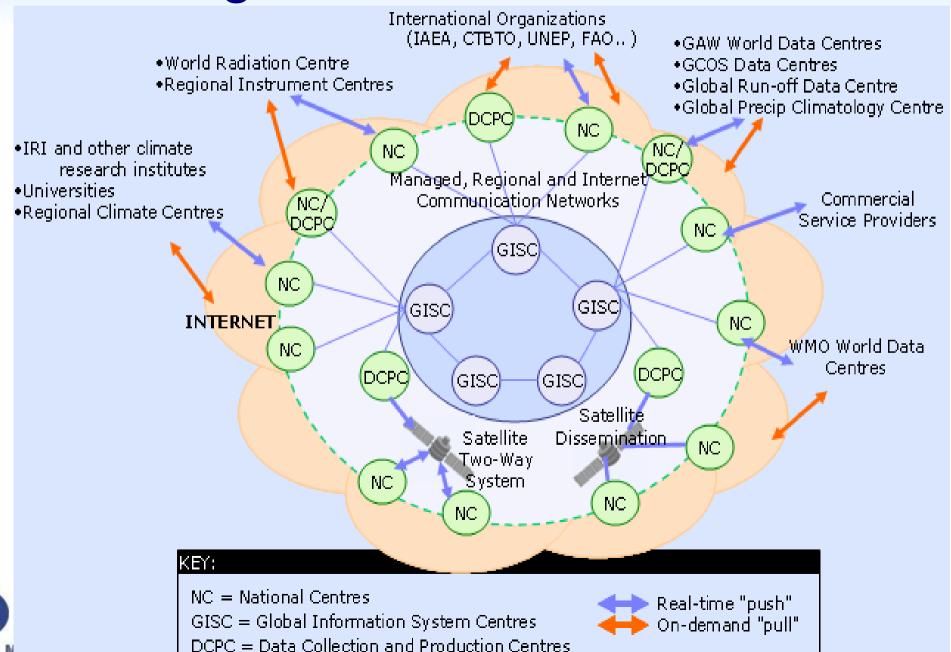
What's WIS?

- WIS: WMO Information System
 - WMO: World Meteorological Organisation
- Continues & enhances GTS
 - Realtime network for operational meteorology
- Infrastructure for all WMO programs
 - Now efforts concentrates on data catalogue





Organisational structure



Organisational structure

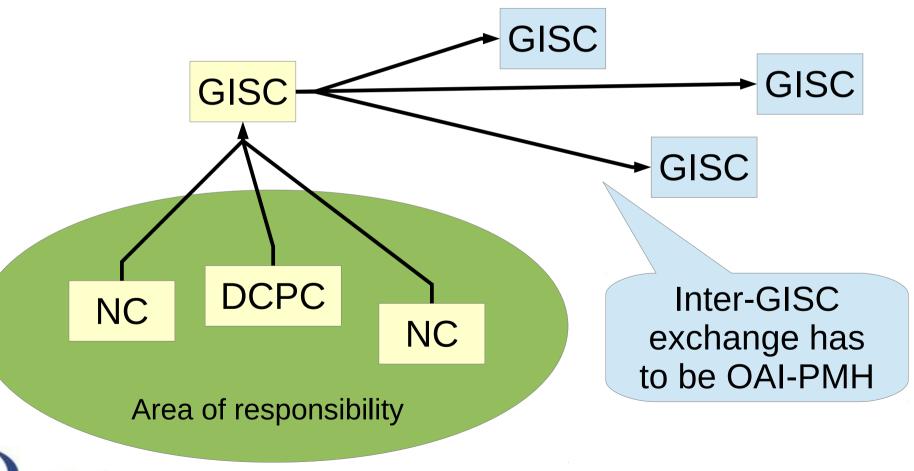
- GISC: global information system centre
 - information catalogue of entire WIS
 - global distribution information on web
- DCPC: data collection & product centre
 - regional or programme-wide activities
- NC: national centre
 - national activities





GISC collects metadata records

Then exchanges among GISCs





Designation of GISC or DCPC

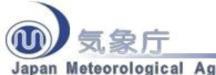
- Service offer by potential centre
- TC or RA: Endorsement
- CBS: Recommendation
 - Demonstration of capability
- Congress or EC: approval
 - Listed in Appendix B, Manual on WIS





JMA's designated WIS Centres

- GISC (Global Information System Centre)
- DCPC
 - 3 RSMCs (regional specialized met centres)
 - Typhoon, RSMC-Geographical, ATM
 - Satellite Centre
 - Global Producing Centre for Long-range Forecast
 - RCC Tokyo (Tokyo Climate Center)
 - GAW-WDCGG
- All designated Cg-XVI, operational Aug 2011





WIS Portal

WIS Portal - GISC Tokyo









Home About WIS Warning KML WMO format Metadata Help Desk News

Home



Welcome to the Tokyo Global Information System Centre!

This portal web-site is operated by the Japan Meteorological Agency(JMA) in its capacity as a GISC (Global Information System Centre) for the WMO Information System (WIS).

Please proceed to:

- Overview of WIS
- List of JMA's WIS services relating to its capacity as a GISC and a DCPC
- <u>List of JMA's single sign-on services</u>
- · User Guides including Tutorial Slides of DAR service
- . Data in text (warnings), raw WMO Codes and KML









Cloud database maintenance

—Posted on 4/23/2013

JMA will change its wind profiler data on March 6th.

-Posted on 2/6/2013

JMA Workshop on WMO Information System Implementation

-Posted on 12/28/2012

JMA will change its wind profiler data —Posted on 12/27/2012

WIS Application Pilot Project (PP-App) website open!

-Posted on 12/5/2012



WIS Portal - Services

- Data
 - Incoming from GTS
 - Some JMA's DCPC's
 - Not WDCGG (sorry)
- Metadata (= Catalogue)
 - Entire WIS, of course wolrdwid





GSM data service



Home Tutorial Product Information Model Information Download Help Desk

JMA High-Resolution GSM Data Service

With a resolution of 0.1875 degrees (approximately 20 km), the Japan Meteorological Agency's Global Spectral Model (GSM) has one of the highest horizontal resolutions of any operational global model in the world.

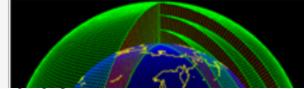
This website provides data from JMA's GSM at a resolution of 0.5 degrees (0.25 degrees for surface layers) on an operational basis.

Users can access and retrieve the following forecast outputs:

- Up to 84 hours four times a day (with initial times of 0000, 0600, 1200 and 1800 UTC) within 4 hours of the initial time
- Up to 216 hours once a day (with an initial time of 1200 UTC) within 7 hours of the initial time

For further information, see:

- Tutorial for instructions on downloading data
- Product Information for details of products
- Model Information for a model profile
- Download for access to GSM products in GRIB2 format
- GISC Tokyo's website for access to GSM products in KML format



Hierarchy by taxonomy (like Tony's)

- http://www.wis-jma.go.jp/d/o/ Open Access
 - CWAO, KWBC, LSSW, ...
 - RJTD
 - BUFR, CREX, GRIB
 - Alphanumeric
 - Analysis, Climate, Forecast, Oceanographic_data, Upper_air
 - Surface
 - BUOY, SHIP, SYNOP, Seismic_data
- http://www.wis-jma.go.jp/d/c/ For Registrated
- **Feed** http://www.wis-jma.go.jp/data/syn? Access=Open&Type=Alphanumeric&Subcategory=SYNOP&ContentType=Atom



Metadata Catalogue



Home About WIS Warning KML WMO format Metadata Help Desk News

SRU Search

CO2 and Ryori

searchRetrieve

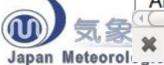
1 record.

WDCGG - CO2 observation at Ryori by JMA

identifier=urn:x-wmo:md:jp.go.jma.wis.dcpc-wdcgg::p.RYO239N00.CO2.JMA

→ metadata detail-

Abstract: The observatory is located halfway up a mountaneous cape facing the Pacific







Metadata = data about data

- Depends on Context (sorry!)
- WIS
 - Catalogue of distributed data
- WIGOS
 - Catalogue of stations, satellites, instruments, ...
- Computer files
 - Size, owner, permission, ...





WIS Discovery Metadata

Data catalogue = collection of metadata

describes

Real data: SYNOP, TEMP, GRIB, Imagery, ...

Analogy to library
 Book catalogue

 = collection of metadata



describes

Real books







Typical book card

• **Title**: An Introduction to Dynamic

Meteorology, 3rd Edition

Author: James R. Holton

Subject: Atmospheric Dynamics

• Published: April 12, 1992

• Identifier: ISBN 978-0123543554

• Language: English

• **Shelf**: 1st floor, 551.51-H838i-3





What more for data catalogue?

- Location: station or lat-long ← geographical
- Vertical: height or pressure
- Time (maybe range and forecast origin)
- Data format
- Contact details
- Link to data
- Free-text description

•



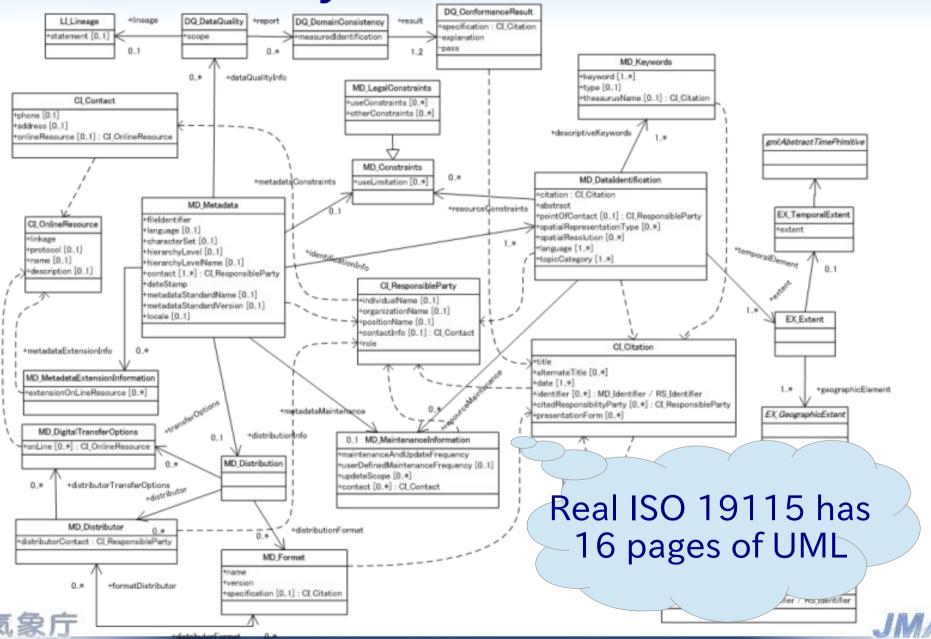


ISO-WMO Geographical Metadata

- ISO 19115:2003
 - Abstract schema (= UML)
- ISO/TS 19139:2007
 - Implementation in XML Schema
- WMO Core Metadata Profile
 - Subset of ISO structure for WMO use



Summary of ISO structure



Looks too complicated?

- ISO 19139 contains
 - 620 elements
 - 255 are complex-typed (contain other elements)
 - 26 attributes

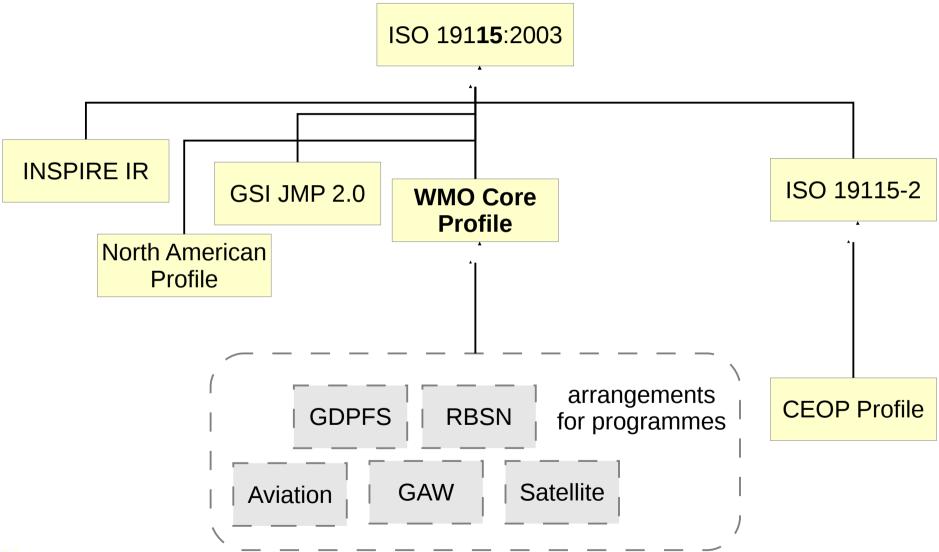
- Only a few are mandatory
 - The rest are optional
 - Profile: limited subset by user community





WMO Core Metadata Profile (WCMP)

Why named *core* profile?



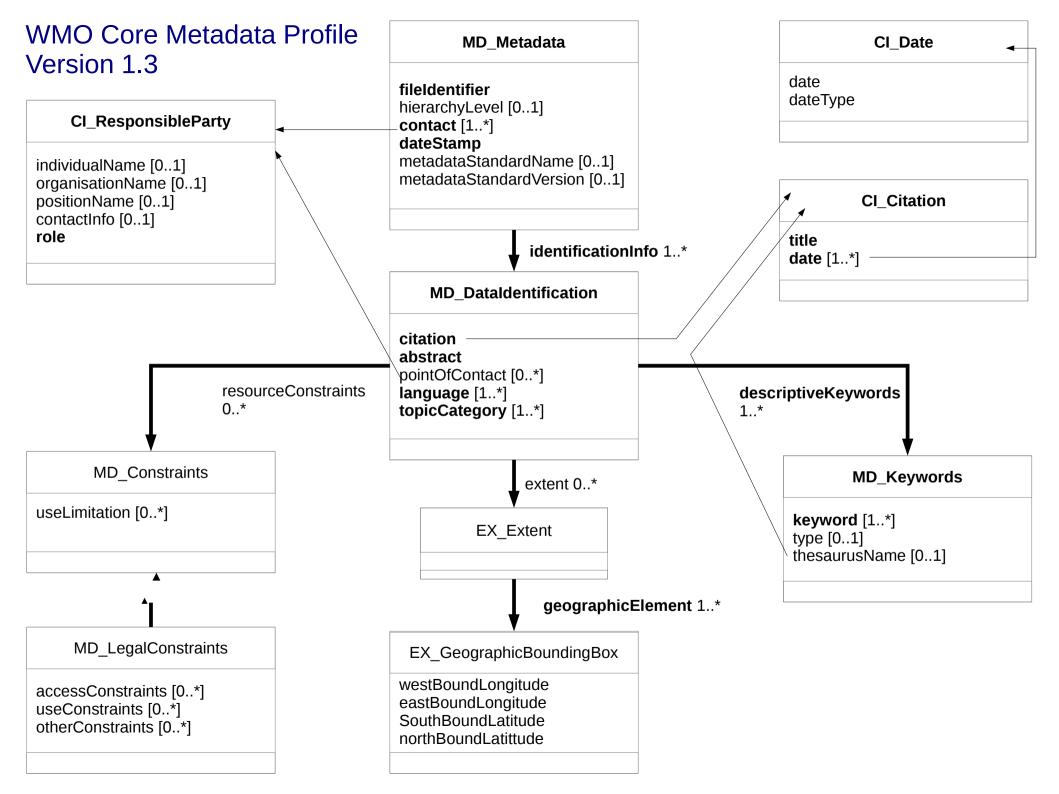


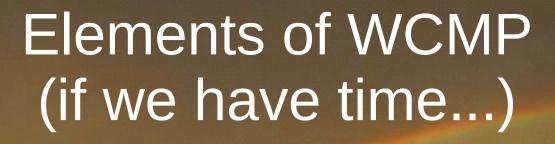


History of WIS metadata standard

- 2002: ET-IDM
 - IDM = Integrated Data Management
 - UML-based customization
- 2005: ET-MI
 - MI = Metadata Implementation
 - ISO-19139 adopted
 - Conclusion: no good to extend 19139
- 2010: IPET-MDI
 - Refinement of really necessary elements







MD Elements by types

- Date metadata & dataset
- IDs metadata & dataset
- Contact info metadata, dataset, distribution
- Numeric 4 bounding coordinates
- Long text title & abstract
- Controlled vocabulary
 - The rest mostly comes here
 - More lists welcomed!





Metadata identifier

- //gmd:fileIdentifier
- URN to identify the metadata record
 - urn:x-wmo:md:reverse.domain::variable.part
 - urn:x-wmo:md:int.wmo.wis::SMJP01RJTD
 - urn:x-wmo:md:jp.go.jma.wis.dcpc-wdcgg::p.RYO239N00.CO2.JMA
- Not to be confused with filename
 - GISCs don't use filename in exchange
 - It's up to local sites
 - An idea: variable part plus ".xml"
 - SMJP01RJTD.xml, p.RYO239N00.CO2.JMA.xml



Granularity of metadata

GTS "SMJP01 RJTD"

- Surface (S) synoptic reports of main hours (M) in Japan (JP), first group (01) sent from Tokyo (RJTD)
- Includes correction and delayed message
- Collective set of bulletins from long past to now

WDCGG "p.RYO239N00.CO2. JMA"

- CO2 reported from Ryori (RYO239N00) observed by JMA
- Also represents always-updated set of time history
- Some may wish finer citation

Bounding box

- Mandatory for all dataset
- Preferred to georeference by name
- Just four numbers
 - <gmd:westBoundLongitude>
 - <gmd:eastBoundLongitude>
 - <gmd:northBoundLatitude>
 - <gmd:southBoundLatitude>





Contact information

- Locations
 - Metadata contact
 - Dataset contact
 - Distribution contact
 - Name and city for citation
 - Traditional citation to thesaurus document

- Inside the structure
 - At least one name
 - Individual/Org/Position
 - Telephone / Facsimile
 - Street Address
 - Email Address

Draft IPET-MDRD recommendation available at wmo.int/.../wiswiki/tiki-index.php





The rest is all controlled vocabulary:

Location (gmd:keyword or special tag) is not an essential thing, I believe





ISO Topic Category

- //gmd:topicCategory
- Very coarse classification (19 total)
 - climatologyMeteorologyAtmosphere
 - environment
 - geoscientificInformation
 - health
 - intelligenceMilitary
 - farming ...

Full list at schemacentral.com





WMO Category

- //gmd:keyword with special thesaurusName
- Finer classification (19 total)
 - synopticMeteorology
 - hydrology
 - aerology
 - pollution
 - satelliteObservation
 - atmosphericComposition [NEW!]

Full description:

http://wis.wmo.int/2012/codelists/WMOCodeLists.xml



Data policy (re-export restriction)

- //gmd:resourceConstraints
- You can choose one of keywords (optional)
 - "WMOEssential"
 - "WMOAdditional"
 - Res40 (Cg-XII) and Cg-XIII Res 25
 - "WMOOther"
 - Data NOT covered by WMO policy

Full description:

http://wis.wmo.int/2012/codelists/WMOCodeLists.xml



Intended realtime dissemination

- //gmd:keyword with special thesaurusName
- This is not a limitation nor confidentiality
 - Area the data should be delivered to
- You can choose one of keywords (optional)
 - "GlobalExchange"
 - "RegionalExchange"
 - "OriginatingCentre"

Full description:

http://wis.wmo.int/2012/codelists/WMOCodeLists.xml





Now IPET-MDRD is working

- "Automate" the standard
 - Past WMO Core Profiles were a Word doc
 - Ver1.3: You can check online
- Care for each WMO programme
 - Guideline with examples
 - The GAW profile is of course an example
- Prepare for new ISO 19115-1:2012







- Meaning of metadata depends on context
- WIS Discovery Metadata is catalogue of data
- Uses ISO geographical metadata standard
- WMO has its own customization:
 - WMO Core Metadata Profile
 - Waiting for your input