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# Borders

**Borders** can be applied to most HTML elements within the body.

To make a border around an element, all you need is **border-style**. The values can be **solid**, **dotted**, **dashed**, **double**, **groove**, **ridge**, **inset** and **outset**.

**border-width** sets the **width** of the border, most commonly using pixels as a value. There are also properties for **border-top-width**, **border-right-width**, **border-bottom-width** and **border-left-width**.

Finally, **border-color** sets the color.

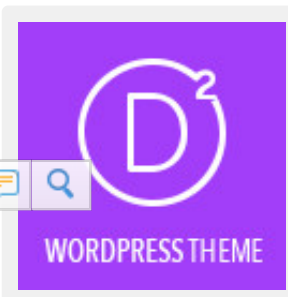
Add the following code to the CSS file:



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```
h2 {  
    border-style: dashed;  
    border-width: 3px;  
    border-left-width: 10px;  
    border-right-width: 10px;  
    border-color: red;  
}
```

This will make a red dashed border around all HTML secondary headers (the `h2` element) that is 3 pixels wide on the top and bottom and 10 pixels wide on the left and right (these having over-ridden the 3 pixel wide width of the entire border).

## Related pages

- Next Page: [Putting It All Together](#)
- Previous Page: [Margins and Padding](#)
- [Margins and Padding](#): Borders as a part of the Box Model
- [Shorthand Properties](#): How to use the single `border` property to incorporate width, color and style (CSS Intermediate Tutorial).

## Working Examples

- [Borders](#)

## Reference

- [border-style](#)
- [border-width](#)
- [border-color](#)
- [border](#)