Module 3: Alternate data streams

Objectives

- Append hidden data to a file using alternate data streams
- Reveal the hidden data by analyzing the file MFT

Task

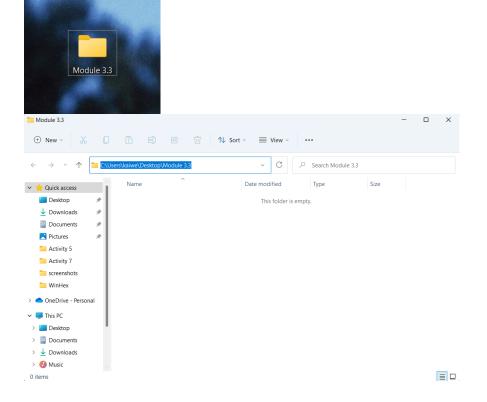
Task 1. Software Preparation

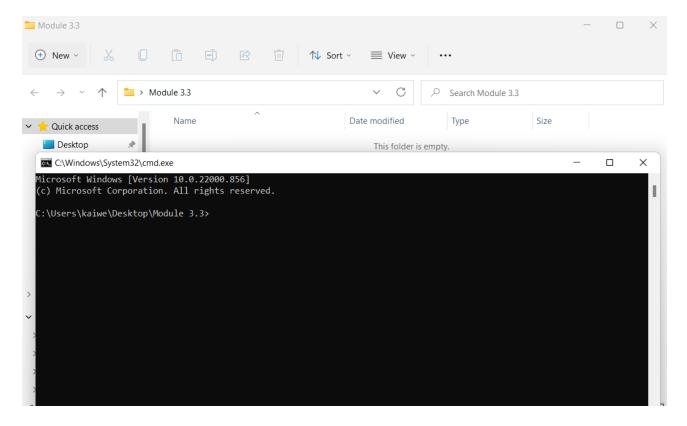
1. Download the WinHex. The download link is: http://www.winhex.com/winhex/hex-editor.html



Task 2. Append hidden data to a file using alternate data stream

2. Create a folder. Open the folder and then type "cmd" to open cmd command prompt in Windows.





3. Create a file called file.txt in Module 3.3 folder and store the message "This is a file created for Module 3.3.".

The command for creating a file and storing the message is: **echo This is a file created for Module 3.3.** > **file.txt**

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22000.856]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\kaiwe\Desktop\Module 3.3>echo This is a file created for Module 3.3. > file.txt
C:\Users\kaiwe\Desktop\Module 3.3>
```

4. Append a short-hidden message to the file.txt using alternate data stream. Command: *echo This is a secret message.* > *file.txt:stream1*

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22000.856]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\kaiwe\Desktop\Module 3.3>echo This is a file created for Module 3.3. > file.txt

C:\Users\kaiwe\Desktop\Module 3.3>echo This is a secret message. > file.txt:stream1

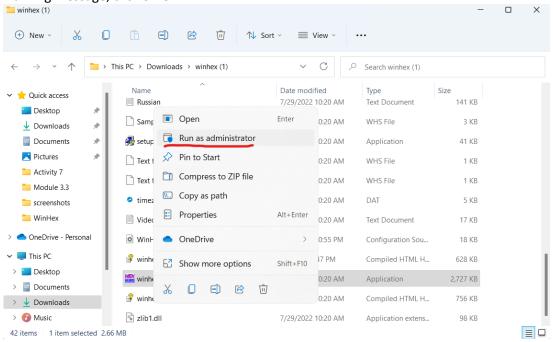
C:\Users\kaiwe\Desktop\Module 3.3>
```

5. Append a long-hidden message to the file.txt using alternate data stream.

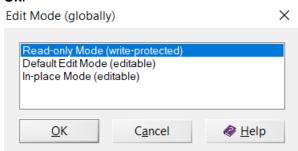
(Please note: The content of the message can be changed but please make sure the size of the message is larger than 512 bytes).

Task 3. Reveal the hidden data by analyzing the file MFT

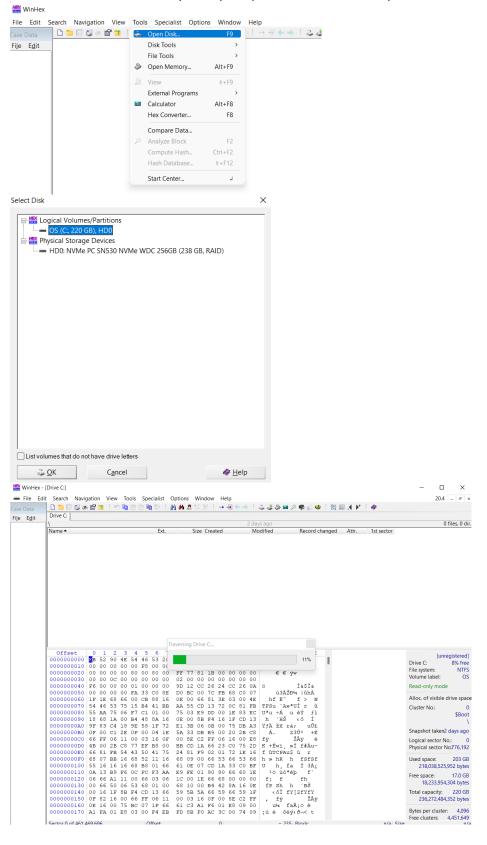
6. Right click on WinHex and choose "Run as an Administrator" to start WinHex. If you see an evaluation warning message, click on **OK**.



7. After opening WinHex, as a safety precaution, click **Options**, **Edit Mode** from the menu. In the Select Mode dialog box, click **Read-Only Mode** (=write-protected), as shown in the screenshot below, and click **OK**.

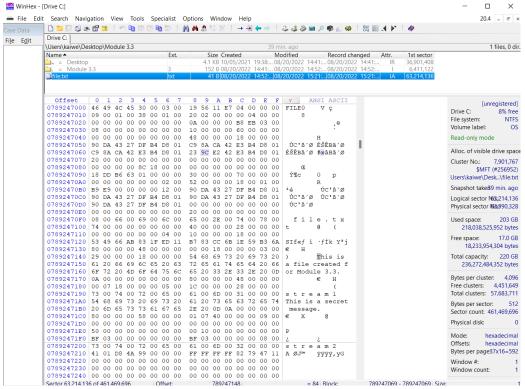


8. Click **Tools**, **Open Disk** from the menu. In the View Disk dialog box, click the drive where the file.txt is stored, and then click **OK**. If you're prompted to take a new snapshot, click **Take a new one**.



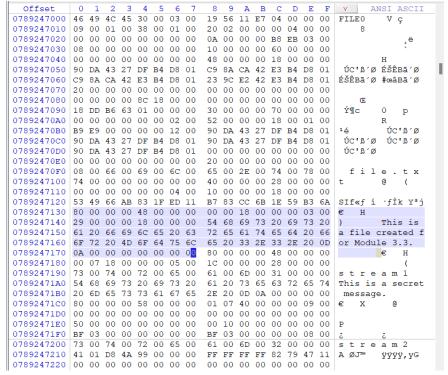
9. Open the file.txt.

(Note: You need to analyze the MFT within the Drive. If you double click on the file and open another tab for this file in WinHex, it only shows the content of the file, but doesn't show the MFT information.



10. Find the attribute 0x80.

After the attribute 0x40, there is the first attribute 0x80. The first one contains the message that stored when created the file.txt.



After the first attribute 0x80, there is another attribute 0x80. Since in NTFS, an alternate data stream becomes an additional file attribute, the second attribute 0x80 contains the information of the hidden data stream1. And as shown in the screenshot below, there is another attribute 0x80 and this attribute 0x80 stores stream1, which is the first secret message that we stored in previous steps.

And at offset 0x08, the resident flag is 0x00, therefore, the content of hidden data stream is shown on the right column. "This is a secret message."

```
0789247130 80 00 00 00 48 00 00 00 00 18 00 00 00 03 00 €
                                                           Н
0789247140 29 00 00 00 18 00 00 00
                                 54 68 69 73 20 69 73 20
                                                       )
                                                               This is
0789247150 61 20 66 69 6C 65 20 63
                                 72 65 61 74 65 64 20 66
                                                       a file created f
0789247160 6F 72 20 4D 6F 64 75 6C
                                 65 20 33 2E 33 2E 20 0D
                                                       or Module 3.3.
0789247170 OA 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                 80 00 00 00 48 00 00 00
0789247180 00 07 18 00 00 00 05 00
                                 1C 00 00 00 28 00 00 00
0789247190 73 00 74 00 72 00 65 00
                                 61 00 6D 00 31 00 00 00
                                                       stream 1
07892471A0 54 68 69 73 20 69 73 20
                                 61 20 73 65 63 72 65 74
                                                       This is a secret
07892471B0 20 6D 65 73 73 61 67 65 2E 20 0D 0A 00 00 00
                                                       message.
                                 01 07 40 00 00 00 09 00
07892471C0 80 00 00 00 58 00 00 00
                                                           Х
07892471D0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
07892471F0 BF 03 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                 BF 03 00 00 00 00 08 00
0789247200 73 00 74 00 72 00 65 00
                                 61 00 6D 00 32 00 00 00
                                                       stream 2
0789247210 41 01 D8 4A 99 00 00 00 FF FF FF FF 82 79 47 11
                                                       A ØJ™
                                                               ÿÿÿÿ, yG
```

After the second attribute 0x80, there is another attribute 0x80. The third attribute 0x80 stored the second hidden data stream that we stored. And as shown below, since the size of the second secret message is too large, and at the offset 0x08, the resident flag is 0x01, which means the content of the message cannot be viewed directly. Therefore, we need to find the data run and find the place that stored the message.

```
07892471B0 20 6D 65 73 73 61 67 65
                                    2E 20 0D 0A 00 00 00 00
                                                             message.
07892471C0 80 00 00 00 58 00 00 00
                                    01 07 40 00 00 00 09 00
                                                                       @
                                                                Х
           00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
07892471D0
07892471E0 50 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                    00 10 00 00 00 00 00 00
07892471F0 BF 03 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                    BF 03 00 00 00 00 08 00
0789247200
           73
              00 74 00 72 00 65 00
                                    61 00 6D 00 32 00 00 00
                                                            stream 2
                                                            A ØJ™ ÿÿÿÿ,yG
0789247210 41 01 D8 4A 99 00 00 00
                                    FF FF FF FF 82
                                                   79 47 11
0789247220 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0789247230 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0789247240 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

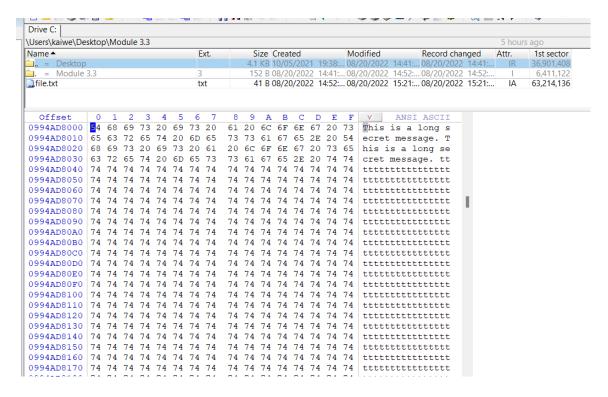
11. Find the second hidden message.

As shown in the previous screenshot, the start offset for the third attribute 0x80 is 0x07892471C0. At the offset 0x40, is the start of the data run. From offset 0x0789247200 to 0x078924720F, is the name of the offset. And we can read the data stream name according to the right column.

```
07892471F0 BF 03 00 00 00 00 00 BF 03 00 00 00 00 00 ; ; 

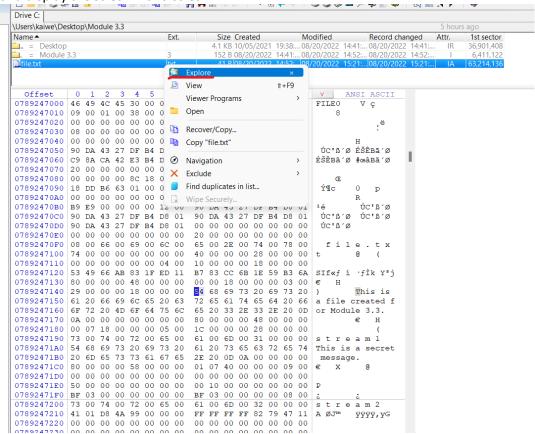
0789247200 73 00 74 00 72 00 65 00 61 00 6D 00 32 00 00 00 s t r e a m 2 0789247210 41 01 D8 4A 99 00 00 00 FF FF FF FF 82 79 47 11 A ØJ™ ÿÿÿÿ,yG
```

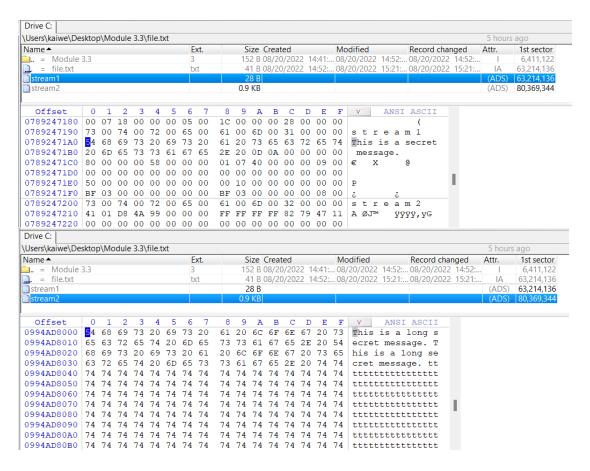
Offset 0x0789247210 to 0x0789247217 contains the information of the offset. Offset 0x0789247210 is 41, and '1' is the bytes needed to store the number of clusters assigned to this data run. And '4' is the bytes needed to store the LCN address value. Therefore, the offset 0x078924711 is the number of clusters assigned to this data run which is '01'. And the starting LCN address is 'D8 4A 99 00'. Since we are using a hexadecimal editor viewing the MFT record, the data is displayed in little-endian format, after changing 'D8 4A 99 00' to big-endian, the LCN address for this data run is '00 99 4A D8'. And if you go to offset 0x00994AD8, the second secret message is stored there. As shown in the screenshot below.



12. Easier way to find the hidden data stream.

Right click **file.txt**, and click **Explore**, then click **stream1** or **stream2**, WinHex will automatically locate and display the stream1 and stream2.





Questions:

- 1. How many hidden messages do we append to the file.txt using alternate data stream?
- 2. How many attribute 0x80 do you find using WinHex?
- 3. How do you know the first short hidden message is not in the third attribute 0x80?
- 4. What is the LCN address of the second data run? Please use a screenshot to prove your answer.
- 5. What is a faster way to help you find the hidden data runs?