



**PUF Academy**

A PUFsecurity Alliance

# Digital Logic Design

- Lecture 0
- Workstation and Linux ■


2025 Spring

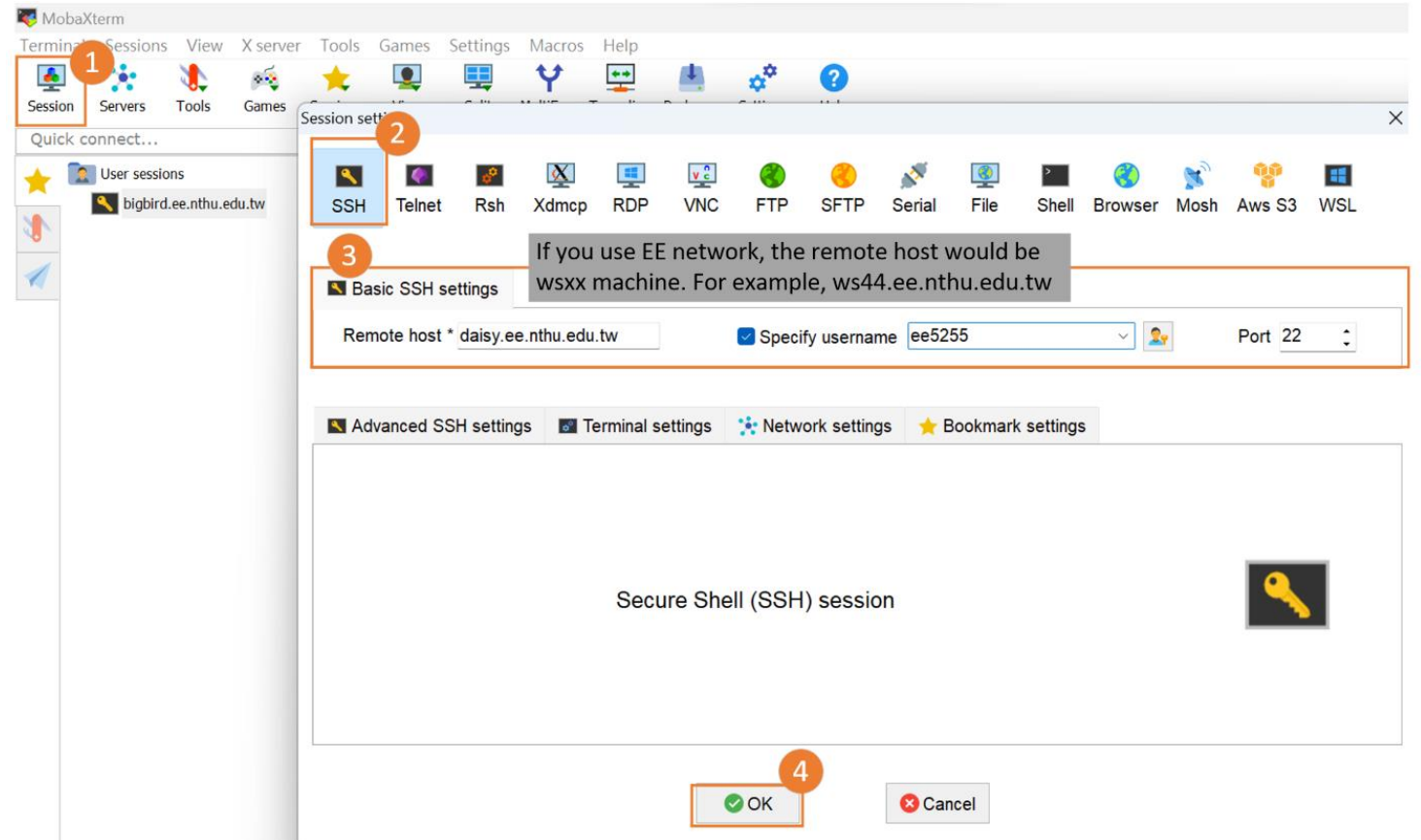


# Agenda ■

1. Login Workstation
2. Linux / VIM Basic Commands
3. CAD / VIM Environment Setting
4. Verdi / nWave Basic Operations
5. Git Version Control

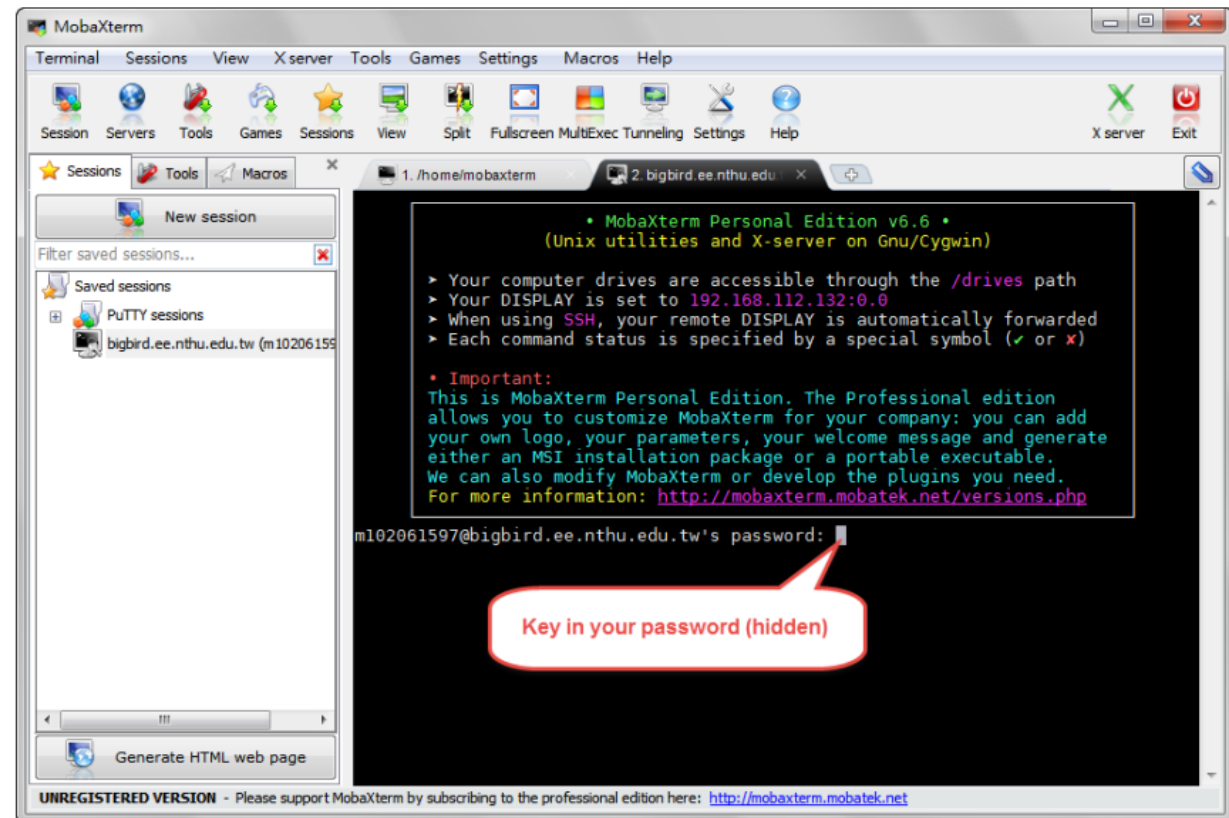
# Login Workstation

- Open MobaXterm 
- Host:
  - if not in EE network
    - daisy.ee.nthu.edu.tw
    - bigbird.ee.nthu.edu.tw
  - if in EE network
    - wsXX.ee.nthu.edu.tw
    - (wsXX from ws25~ws48)
- Username:
  - <your account>



# Login Workstation

- Enter password
- If you are in daisy or bigbird
  - \$ ssh -X wsXX
  - (wsXX from ws25~ws48)
- 登入後請用 yppasswd 指令來更改您的密碼。



# Reference ■

- EE工作站 登入說明
  - <https://web.ee.nthu.edu.tw/var/file/175/1175/img/1191/1030310-LoginWS.pdf>
- EE工作站 常見問題
  - <https://web.ee.nthu.edu.tw/var/file/175/1175/img/1191/wsqq.pdf>
- CAD Tool List
  - <https://web.ee.nthu.edu.tw/p/405-1175-169285,c4918.php?Lang=zh-tw>

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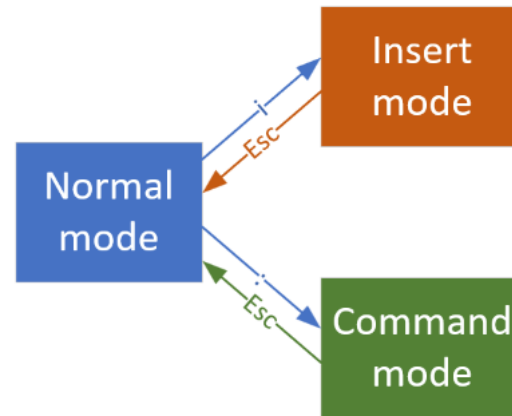
# Linux Basic Commands ■

- `$ pwd`
  - print working directory
- `$ mkdir`
  - make directory
- `$ ls`
  - list the contents of a directory
- `$ cd`
  - change directory
- `$ rm`
  - remove (delete)
- `$ cp`
  - Copy
- `$ mv`
  - move (rename)
- `$ touch`
  - create an empty file
- `$ chmod`
  - change mode (permission)
- “Tab” key
  - for command or filename completion

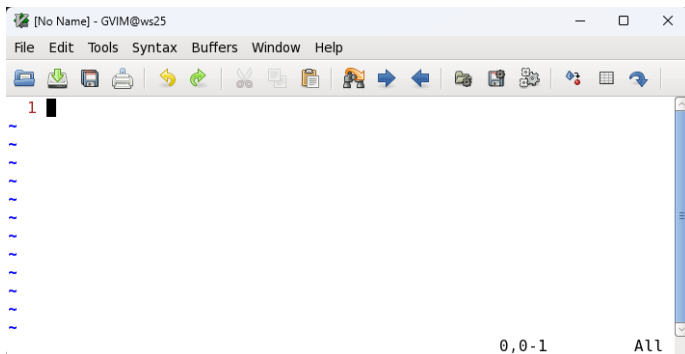


# Vim mode ■

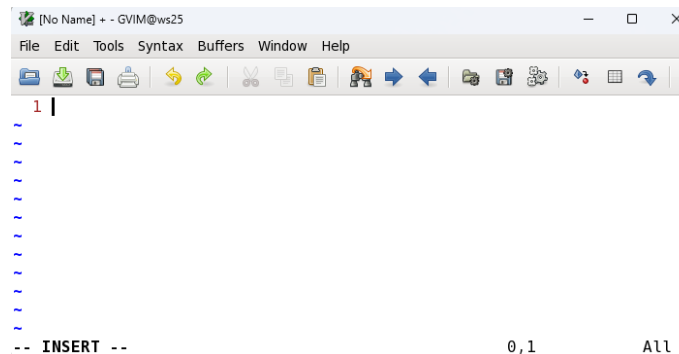
- Vim is a powerful text editor in Linux
- `$ vim`
- `$ gvim` (with GUI)
- `$ vim <filename>`
  - Open a file named <filename>



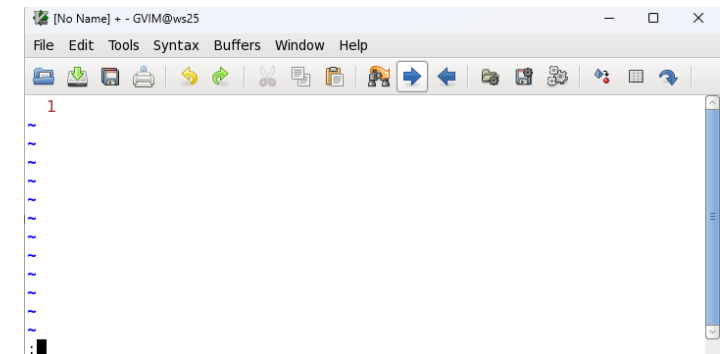
## ■ Normal mode



## ■ Insert mode



## ■ Command mode



# Vim Normal mode command ■

- i
  - Enter insert mode to edit the file
- :
  - Enter command mode
- v
  - Enter visual mode (still in normal mode)
  - For selecting text
- V
  - Enter visual mode (still in normal mode)
  - For selecting line
- gg
  - Move to first row
- G
  - Move to last row
- ggVG
  - Select all lines in the file
- y
  - copy
- p
  - paste
- d
  - delete

# VIM Command mode Commands ■

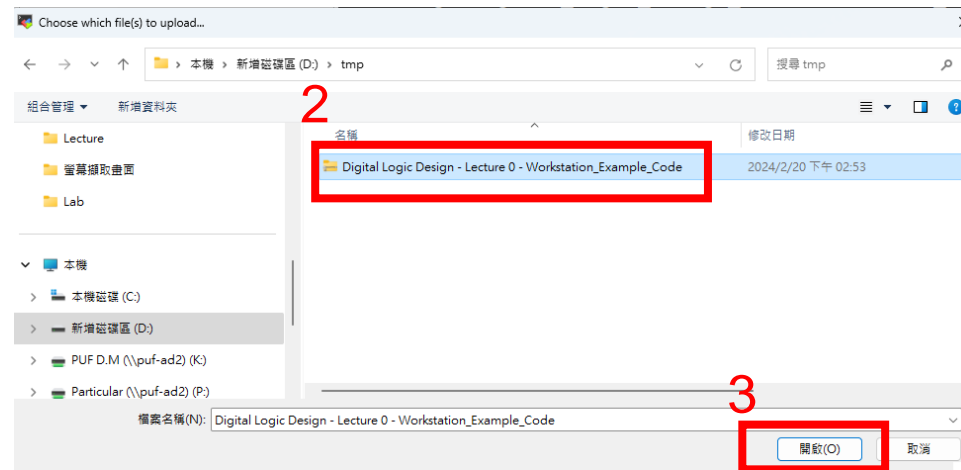
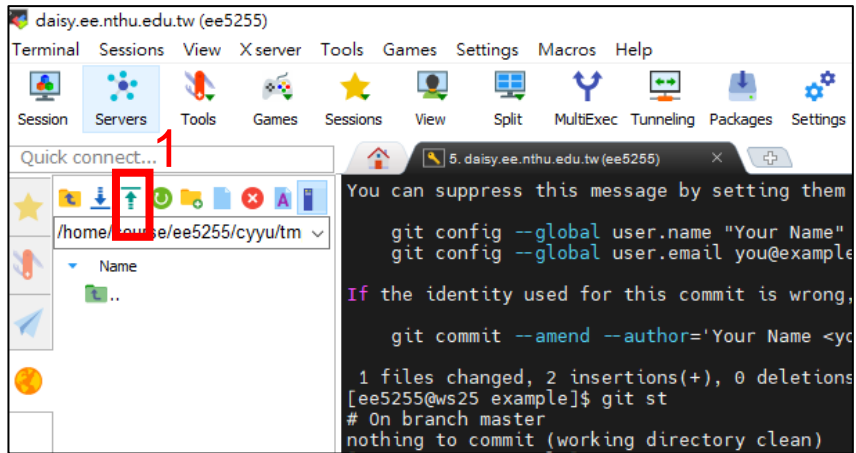
- Esc
  - Exit Command mode and return to Normal mode
- :w
  - Write (save file)
- :q
  - Quit vim
- :wq
  - Write and Quit
- :w!
  - Force write (a read-only file)
- :q!
  - Quit without saving
- :wq!
  - Force write and quit

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# CAD Environment Setting

- Or upload Digital\_logic\_Design\_Lecture0.zip (/home/course/<username>/)



- \$ unzip Digital\_Logic\_Design\_Lecture0.zip
- \$ cd Digital\_Logic\_Design\_Lecture0

# CAD Environment Setting ■

- \$ cd
  - To your user directory (/home/course/<username>/)
- \$ touch .tcshrc
- \$ vim .tcshrc

```
#vcs
source /usr/cadtool/user_setup/08-vcs.csh

#verdi nWave
source /usr/cadtool/user_setup/08-verdi.csh

#Design Compiler
source /usr/cadtool/user_setup/08-synthesis.csh

#Spyglass
source /usr/cadtool/user_setup/08-spyglass.csh

#vcs-mx
alias src_dve 'source /usr/cadtool/user_setup/08-vcs-mx.csh'

#others
alias grep 'grep --color=auto'
```

- \$ source .tcshrc
- (or re-login, will automatic source .tcshrc)
- (or copy Digital\_Logic\_Design\_Lecture0/.tcshrc to user directory)
- \$ls -la
  - To find .tcshrc in Digital\_Logic\_Design\_Lecture0 folder

# Setup Example Folder ■

- `$ unzip module_mult2.zip`

```
├── lint
│   ├── 01_run
│   ├── 09_clean
│   ├── clocks.sgdc
│   ├── constraints.sdc
│   ├── constraints.sgdc
│   ├── files.f
│   ├── grep_log
│   ├── Makefile
│   ├── proName.prj
│   └── waiver.awl
├── rtl
│   ├── dut_include.v
│   └── mult2.v
├── sim
│   ├── 01_sim
│   ├── 02_wave
│   ├── 09_clean
│   ├── file.v
│   ├── sim.f
│   └── vcs.f
├── syn
│   ├── do_syn.scr
│   ├── grep_log
│   └── Makefile
└── tb
    └── tb_top.sv
```

- `$ cd module_mult2`

# Run Lint ■

- \$ cd lint/
- ./01\_run
  - pass

```
-----
Goal Violation Summary:
  Waived Messages:      0 Errors,      0 Warnings,      0 Infos
  Reported Messages:    0 FataIs,      0 Errors,      0 Warnings,      6 Infos
-----
spyglass.log successfully updated with goal summary
```

- no pass
- lint check fail !!! Severity: **Warning**

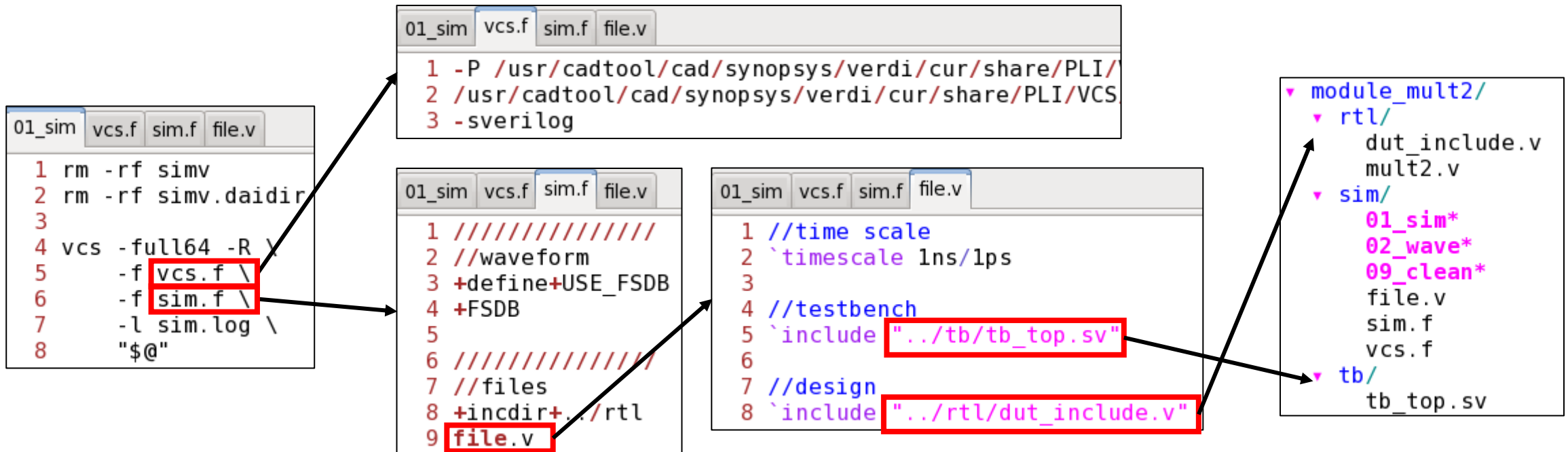
- ./09\_clean



# Run Simulation Using VCS

- `$ cd ../sim/`
- `$ ./01_sim`

```
VCS Simulation Report
Time: 100000 ps
CPU Time: 0.640 seconds; Data structure size: 0.0Mb
Fri Feb 24 16:04:29 2023
CPU time: .433 seconds to compile + .379 seconds to elab + .493 seconds to link + .687 seconds in simulation
simulation pass
```



# Synthesize ■

- `cd ../syn`
- `$ make 01`
- `$ gvim syn_timing.log`

- check timing

```
61 -----
62 data required time          9.47
63 data arrival time         -5.66
64 -----
65 slack (MET)                3.81
```

- `$ gvim syn_area.log`

- check area

```
33
34
35
36 Hierarchical cell
37
38 -----
39 mult2
40 -----
41 Total
```

	Global cell area		Local cell area			
	Absolute Total	Percent Total	Combi- national	Noncombi- national	Black- boxes	Design
mult2	347.2308	100.0	269.6652	77.5656	0.0000	mult2
Total			269.6652	77.5656	0.0000	

- `$ make 90`

# Vim Environment Setting ■

- \$ cd
  - To your user directory (/home/course/<username>)
- \$ touch .vimrc
- Edit .vimrc

```
set guifont=monospace\ 12
set autoindent expandtab tabstop=3 shiftwidth=3
set number
```

- Press “tab” to enter 3 spaces
- Keep indent during newline.
- Display line number

# Vim Environment Setting ■

- `$ cd`
  - To your user directory (`/home/course/<username>`)
- `$ mkdir -p .vim/syntax/`
- Upload file `filetype.vim` to
  - `.vim/`
- Upload file `systemverilog.vim` to
  - `.vim/syntax/`
- `$ vim module_mult2/tb/tb_top.sv`
  - Will see code with highlight

```
1 module tb_top;
2
3
4 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
5 // DUMPWAVE
6 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
7 `ifdef USE_FSDb
8 initial begin
9     if($test$plusargs("FSDb")) begin//+FSDb to enable
10         $fsdbDumpfile("wave.fsdb");
11         // $fsdbDumpvars(depth, instance);
12         $fsdbDumpvars();
13     end
14 end
15 `endif
16
17 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
18 // TIMEOUT
19 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
20 integer timeout;
21 initial begin
22     if(!$value$plusargs("T0=%d",timeout)) begin//+T0=XXXX to overwrite
23         timeout = 1000;//default
24     end
25 #timeout;
26 $display("*****");
27 $display("simulation timeout");
28 $display("*****");
29 $finish;
30 end
```

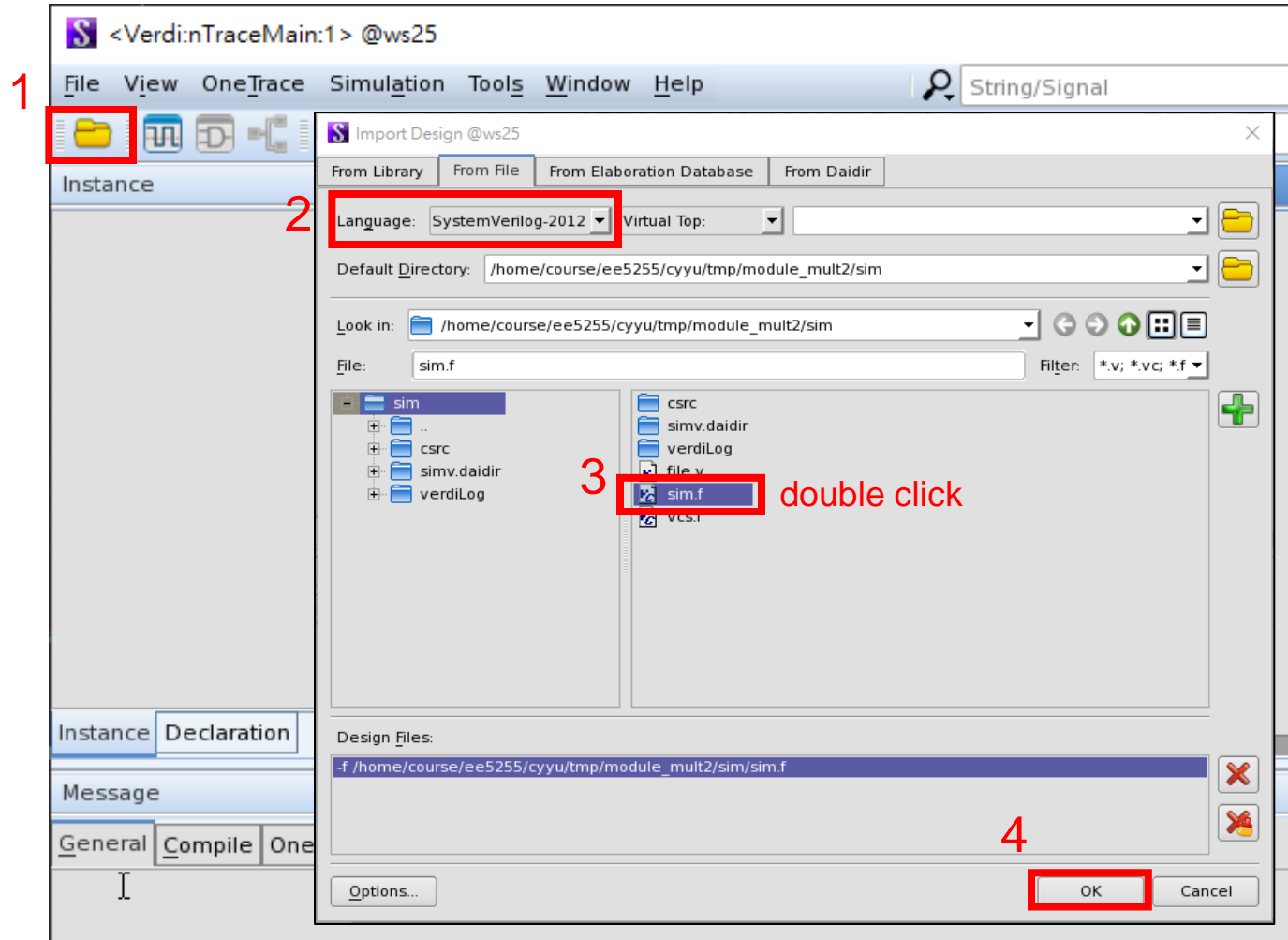
```
1 module tb_top;
2
3
4 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
5 // DUMPWAVE
6 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
7 `ifdef USE_FSDb
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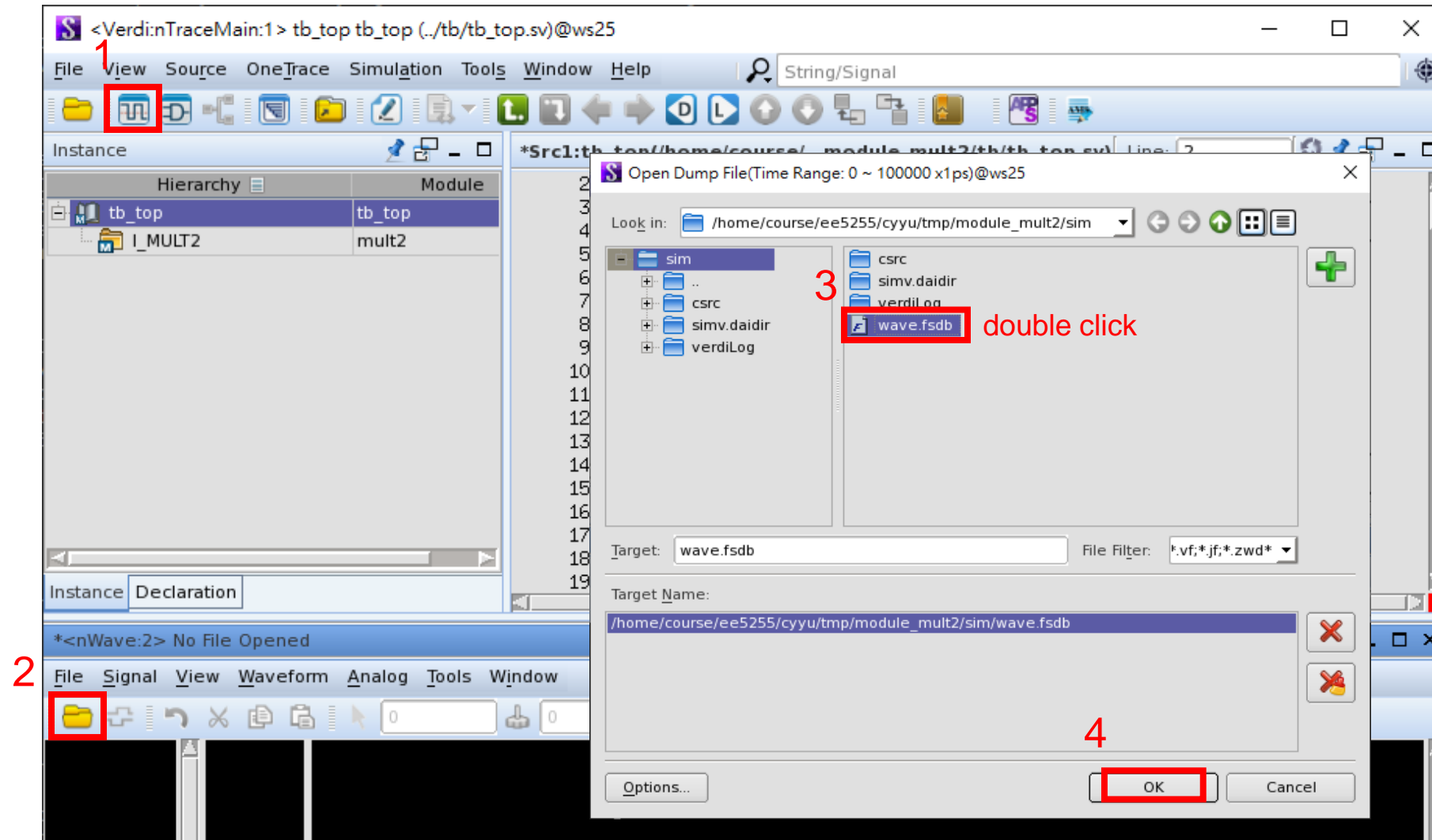
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# Open Verdi

- `$ cd module_mult2/sim/`
- `$ verdi &`
- adding “&” after a command runs in the background, allowing you to continue using the terminal

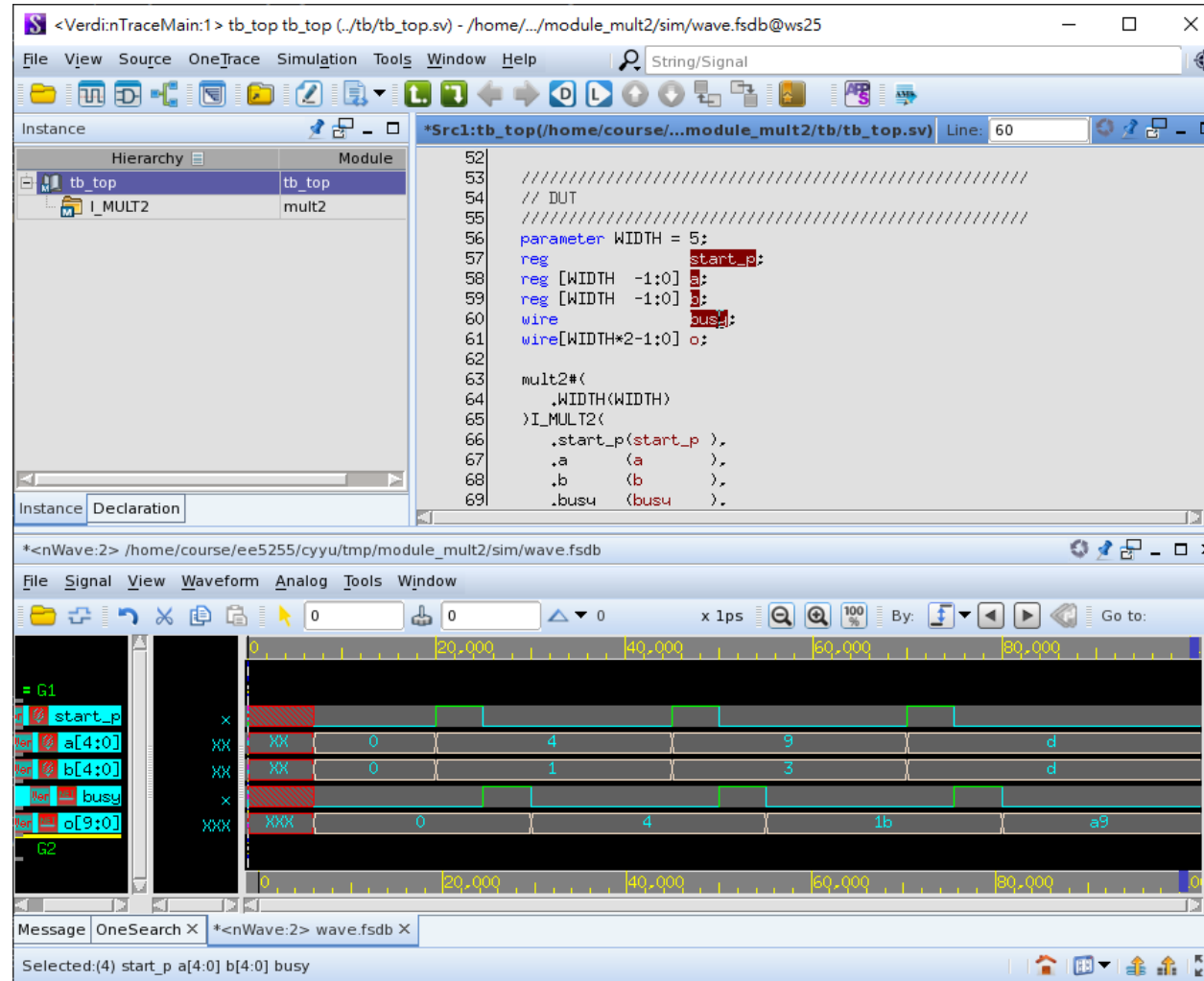


# Open nWave in Verdi



# View Signal in Verdi and nWave

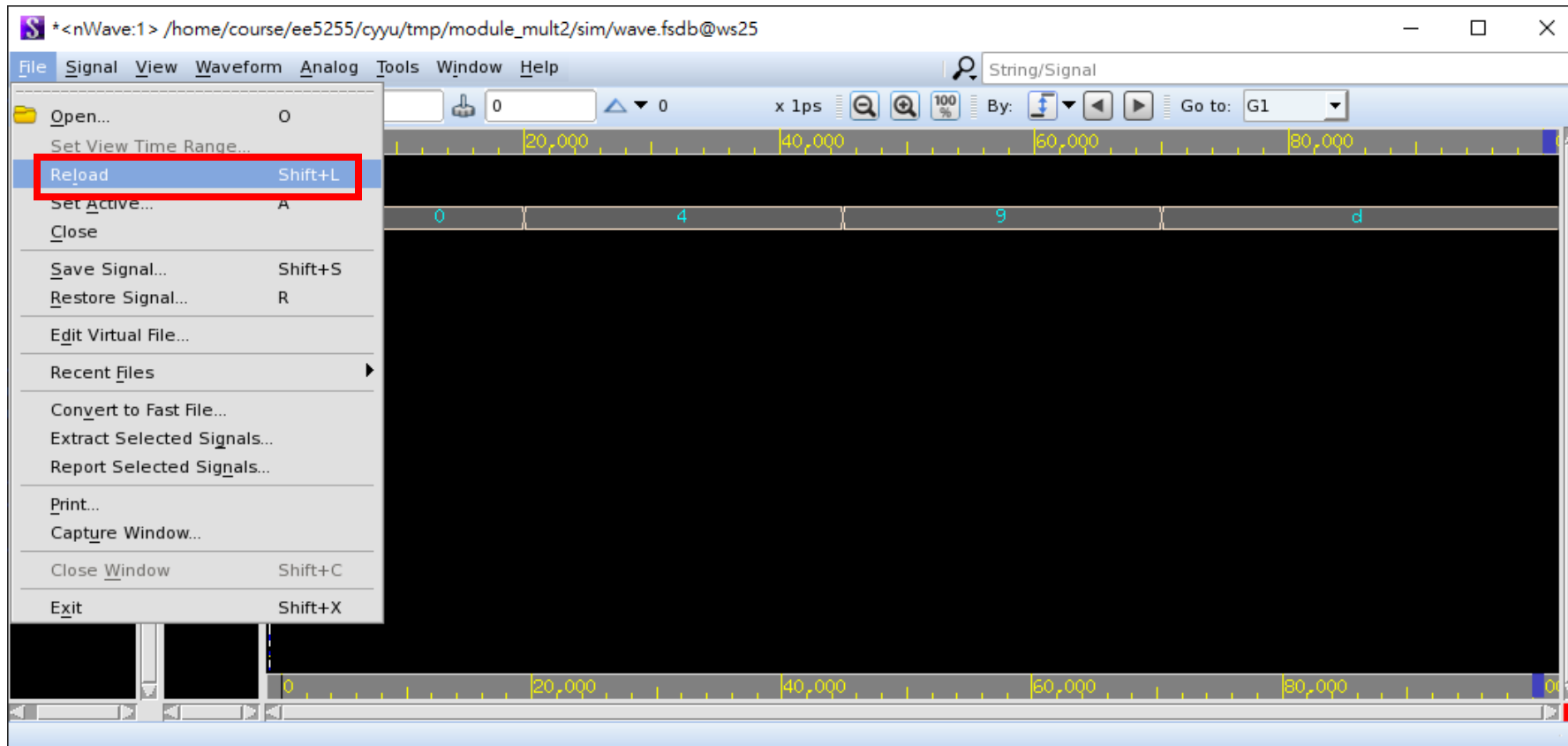
- Select the signal in Verdi, press “ctl+w”, to display the waveform on the nWave





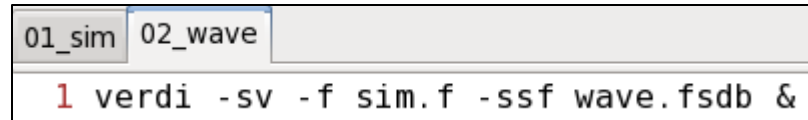
# Reload waveform

- You can use "shift+L" to reload fsdb after changing the code or simulation.



# View Signal in Verdi and nWave

- Or use  
\$ ./02\_wave

A terminal window with a light gray background. The title bar shows two tabs: '01\_sim' and '02\_wave', with '02\_wave' being the active tab. The command prompt is '\$ ' and the command entered is './02\_wave'. The command has been executed, and the output is '1 verdi -sv -f sim.f -ssf wave.fsdb &'.

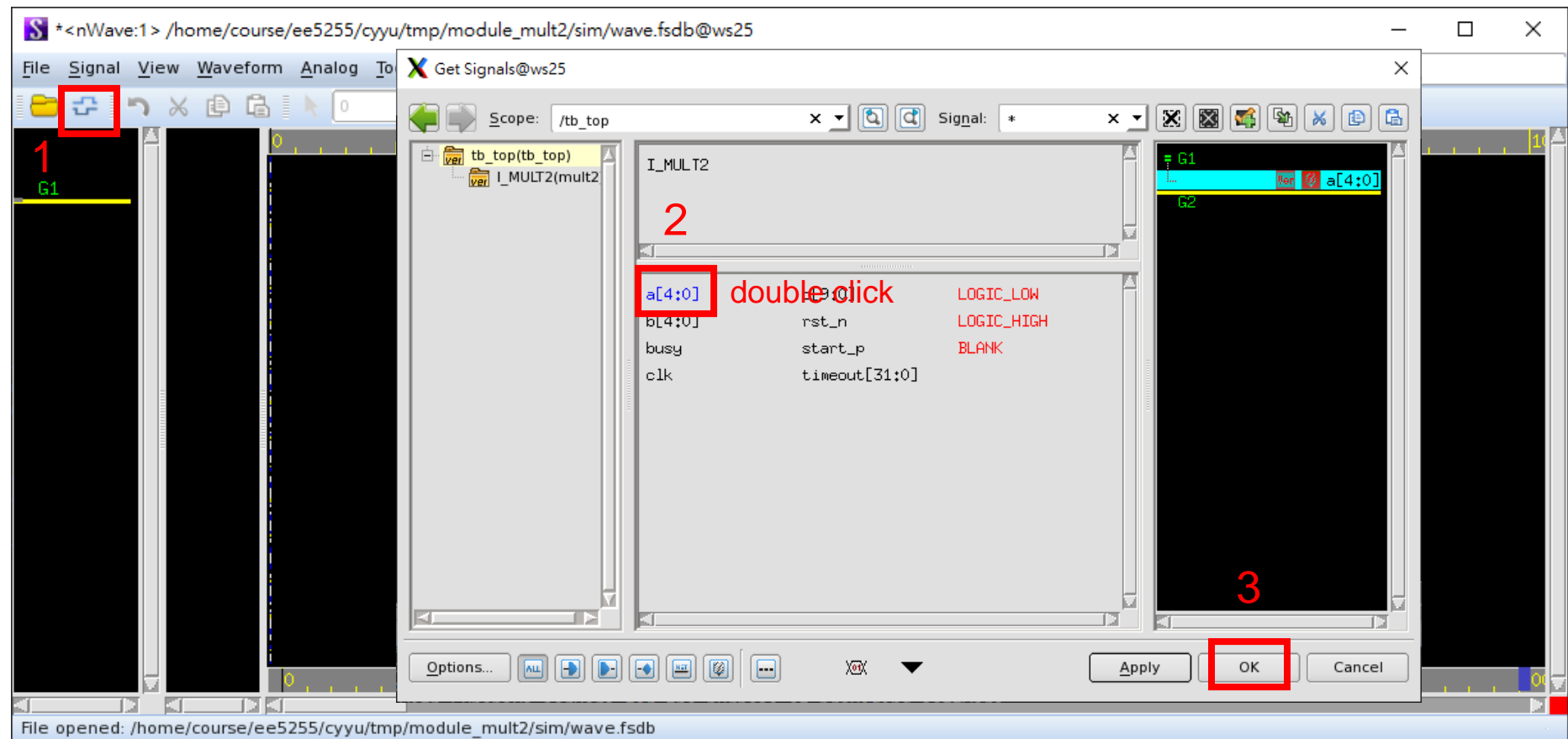
```
01_sim 02_wave  
$ ./02_wave  
1 verdi -sv -f sim.f -ssf wave.fsdb &
```

to open Verdi and nWave

# Open nWave Only ■

- Because Verdi take more resources, sometimes it is very slow. If necessary, you can only open nWave.

- \$ nWave &

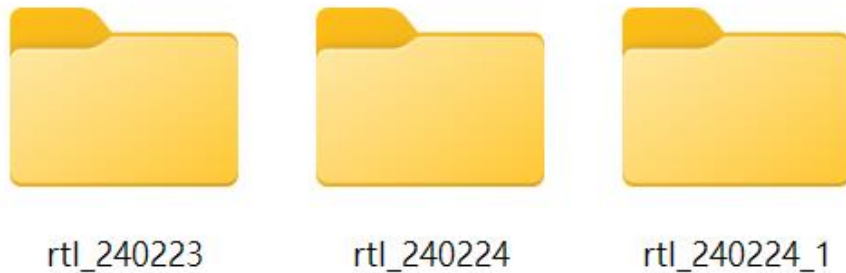


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# Git Introduction ■

- Without version control, workspaces can become complex over time.

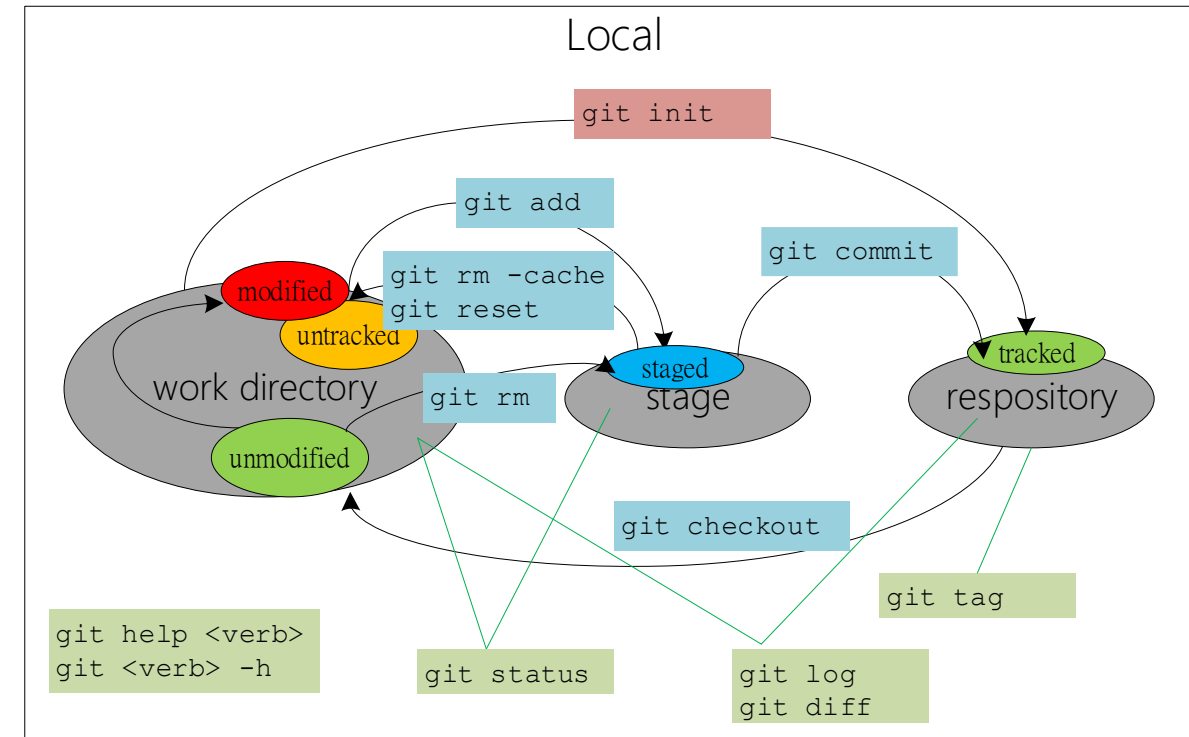


- With version control, your workspace will be clean and your editing information will be preserved.

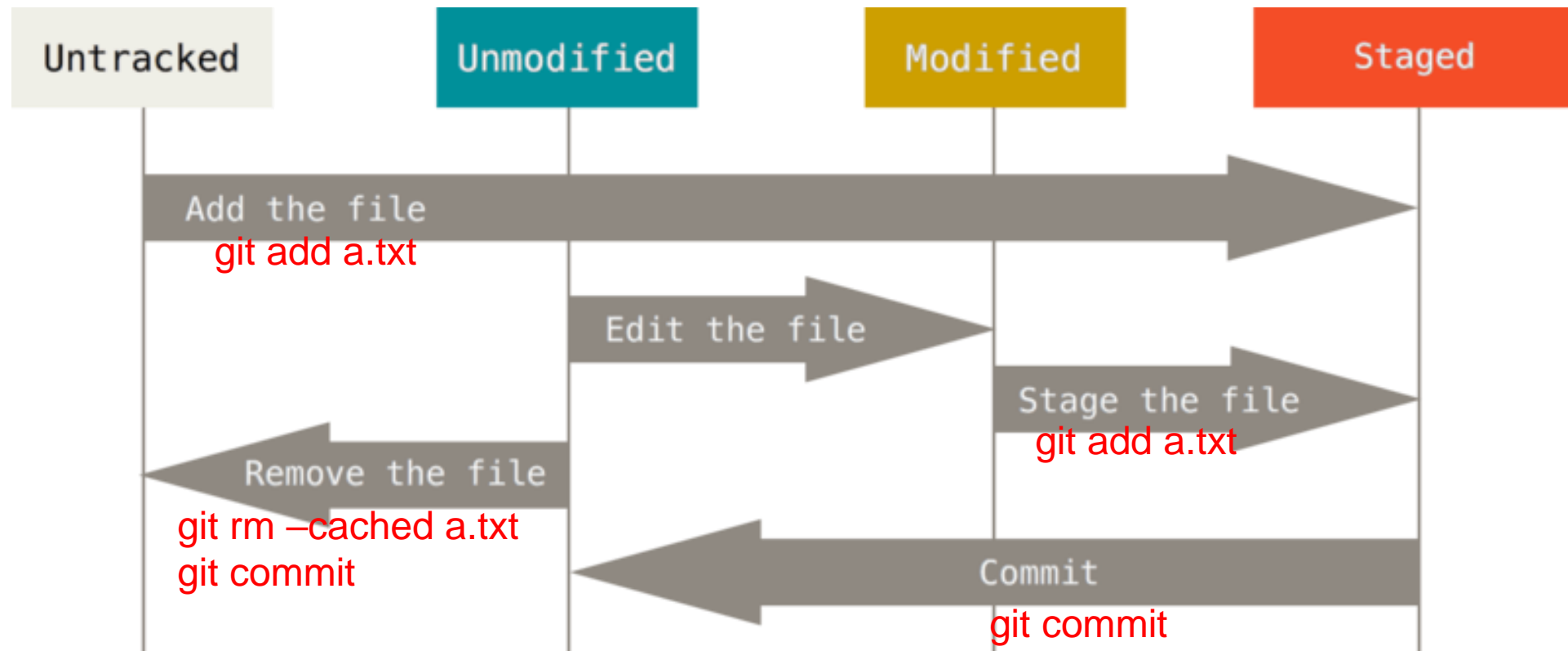
```
[ee5255@ws25 rtl]$ git log --pretty=format:"%h %ad : %s"
21e4430 Thu Feb 22 23:11:02 2024 +0800 : clear the lint warning
cc82ec2 Thu Feb 22 22:48:55 2024 +0800 : finish the design
d342f23 Thu Feb 22 22:44:34 2024 +0800 : create alu.v file
```

# Git Quick Guide .

- Git is a version control system that helps developers to track changes to their source code.
- Create a new Git repository in the current directory  
`$ git init`
- Making **untracked** or **modified** files be **tracked** in Git  
`$ git add <filename> → staged`  
`$ git commit → unmodified in work directory`  
`tracked in repository`
- Deleting **unmodified** files in Git  
`$ git rm <filename> → staged`  
`remove in work directory`  
`$ git commit → remove be tracked in git repository`



# Git file status .



# Git Quick Guide ■

- `$ cd <new_dir>`
  - which you want to use it as the root of this git project.
- `$ git init`
  - create a new Git repository in the current directory
- `$ git status`
  - shows the current status of the repository
- `$ git add <filename>`
  - add the specified file to the staging area
- `$ git commit -m "commit message"`
  - save the changes to the repository with a message describing the changes
- `$ git rm <filename>`
  - remove a file from the Git repository



# Git Quick Guide ■

- \$ git log
  - shows the commit history, type “q” to exit
- \$ git reset
  - Reset a files or commit (discard followed by commit)(won't modify files)
- \$ git checkout
  - checkout a file or commit (discard changes of files)(will modify the files)

Feedback to us ■

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<https://forms.office.com/r/DYDu8vLaWN>

# Thank you!



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