

AI Bootcamp

Preprocessing Image Data

Module 19 Day 1



Class Objectives

By the end of class, you will be able to:

- 1 Describe the Pillow library.
- 2 Import an image.
- 3 Import an image dataset.
- 4 Prepare image data for a model.
- 5 Normalize image data.
- 6 Label image data for supervised learning.



Welcome



Instructor **Demonstration**

Introduction to Image Data



What kind of data have we
used to train and validate
our models?



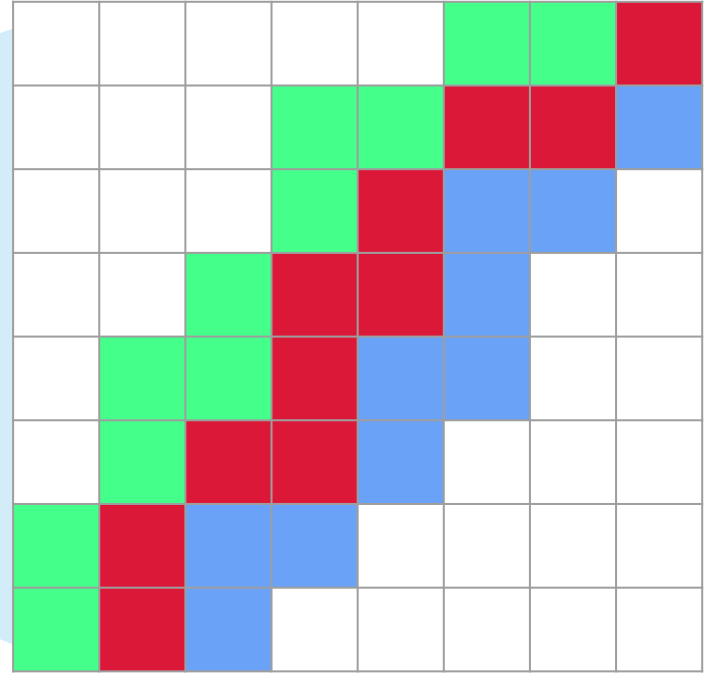


What challenges might we face in processing image data that we didn't face with data in traditional rows and columns?



Representing Image Data

Any image is made up of a number of pixels:



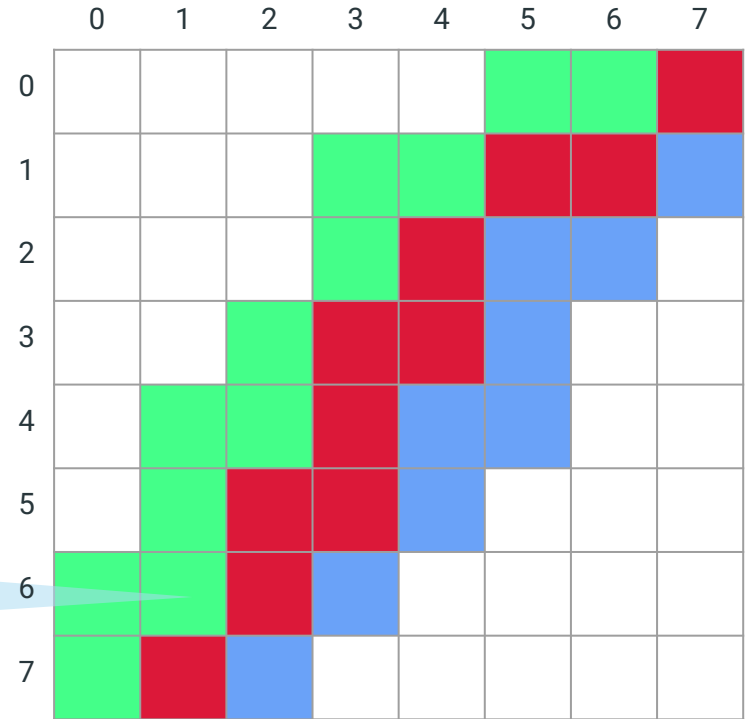
Representing Image Data

Pixel position

This pixel is positioned
in row 6 and column 1.







(6, 1)




Representing Image Data

Combinations of RGB values

		Red	Green	Blue
	Crimson	220	24	57
	Burgundy	147	3	46
	Carnation pink	253	175	199
	Mountbatten pink	162	112	138

Seemingly similar colors have significantly different RGB values. The pixel we singled out earlier at position (6, 1) has RGB values (68, 255, 137).

		Red	Green	Blue
	Spring green (68, 255, 137)	68	255	137

Representing Image Data: Arrays

Each RGB channel has its own array.

Red channel

	68						

Green channel

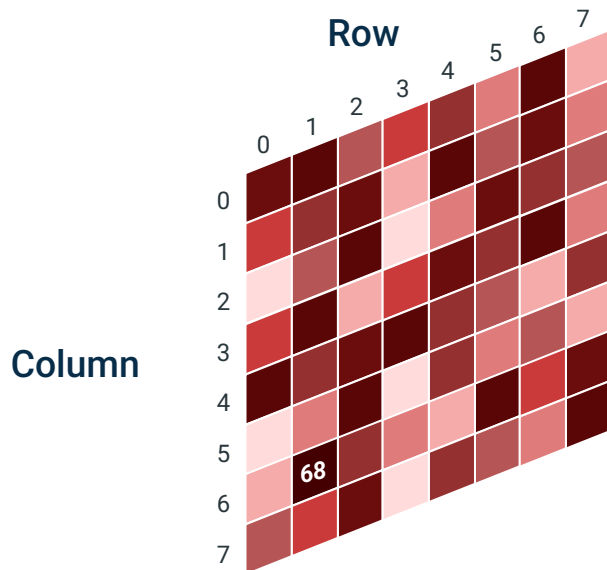
	255						

Blue channel

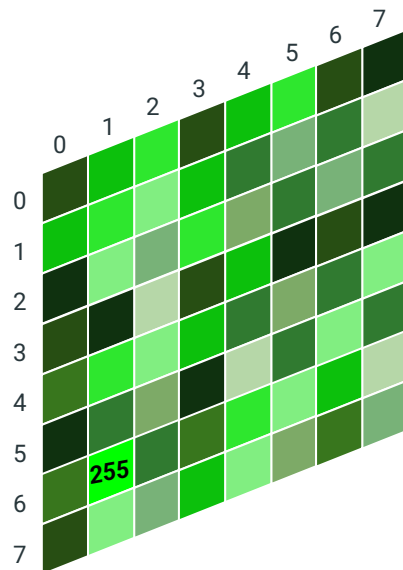
	137						

Representing Image Data: Stacked RGB Channels

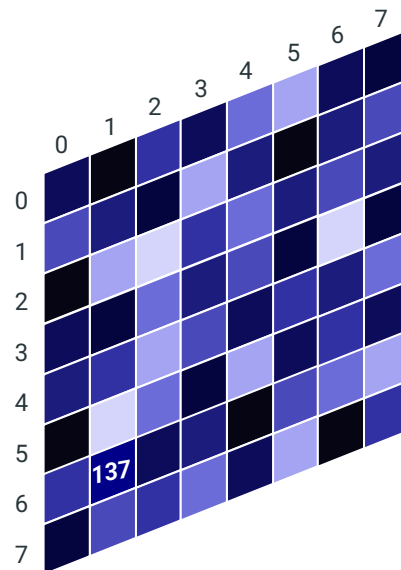
Stacked RGB channels



Red channel



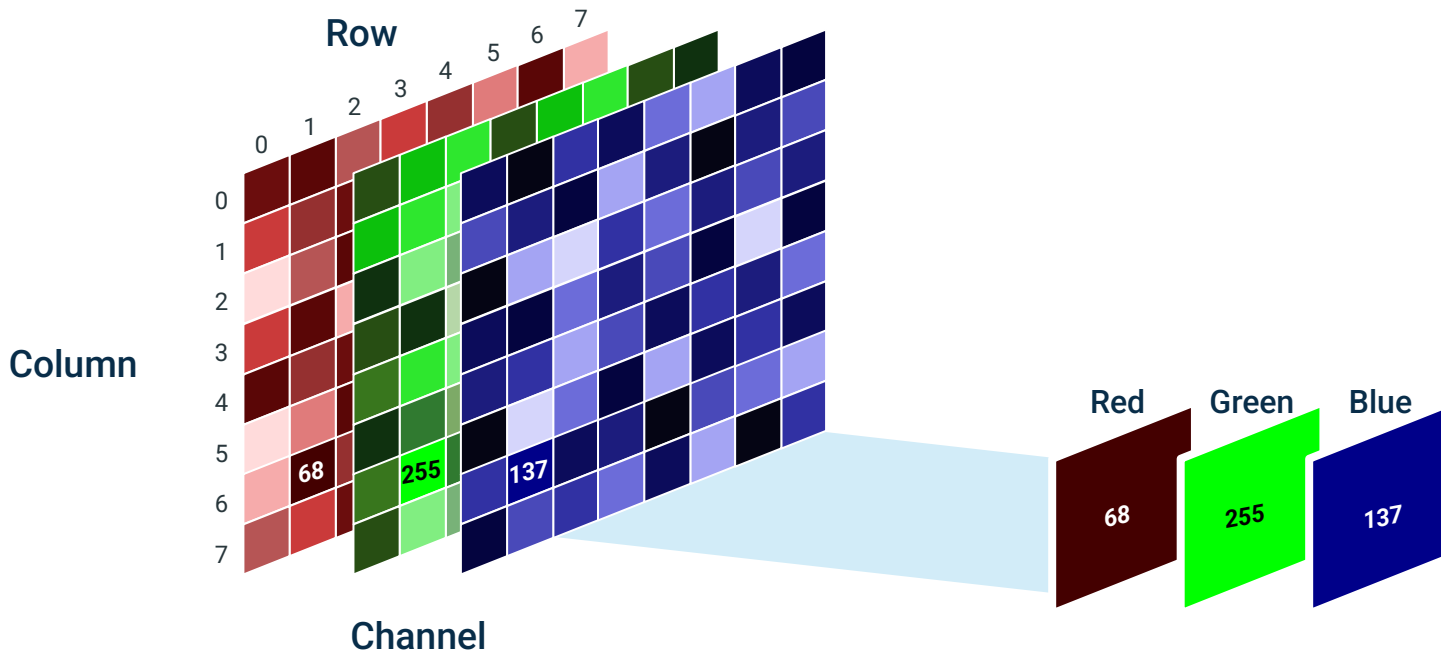
Green channel



Blue channel

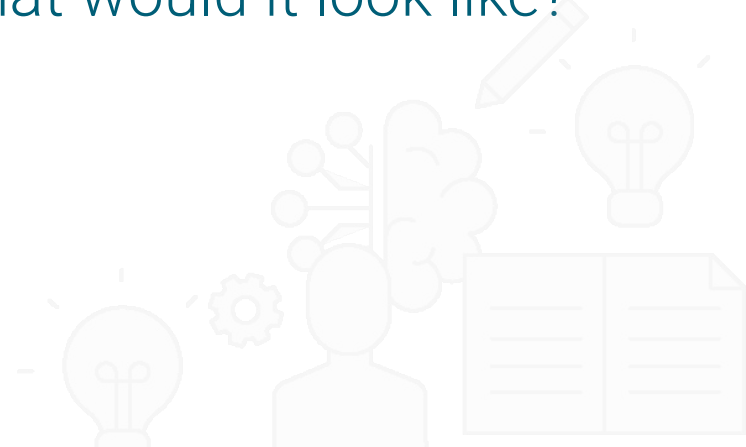
Representing Image Data: Stacked RGB Channels

These arrays are stacked to create a representation of each pixel in the image.





If we were to pack all the information describing the single pixel we've focused on into a tuple, what would it look like?





Instructor **Demonstration**

Importing an Image



Activity:

Practice Importing

In this activity, you will use Pillow and the **requests** library to import an image, view the image, and view or modify various attributes of the image.

Suggested Time:

10 Minutes



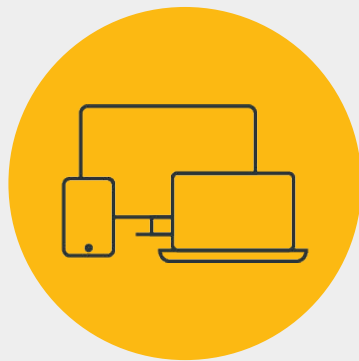


Time's up!
Let's review



Questions?





Instructor **Demonstration**

Pickling Images



Pickles could hold unsafe and malicious data. Only unpickle data you know is from a **trusted source**.





Activity:

Practice Pickling

In this activity, you will return to the DeFungi dataset and use Pillow and the **requests** library to import 20 images into a list. Then you will store that list as a pickle file.

Suggested Time:

15 Minutes





Time's up!
Let's review



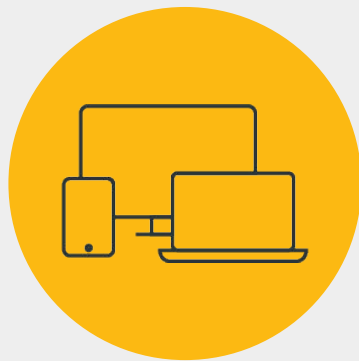
Questions?





Break

15 mins



Instructor **Demonstration**

Preprocessing Images



Activity:

Preprocessing Fungi

In this activity, you will resize, convert to float, and normalize all images in the DeFungi set.

Suggested Time:

20 Minutes





Time's up!
Let's review



Questions?





Instructor **Demonstration**

Image Labels



Activity:

Labeling Images

In this activity, you will import a .csv file containing the file names of the 250 fungi images. Using pandas, you will manipulate the file names to extract the class labels for each image.

Suggested Time:

10 Minutes

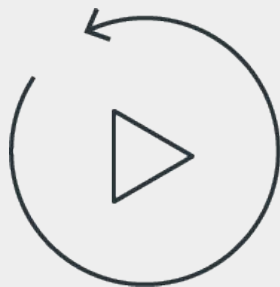


Time's up!
Let's review



Questions?





Let's **recap**



Recap

After today's lesson, you are able to:

- 1 Describe the Pillow library.
- 2 Import an image.
- 3 Import an image dataset.
- 4 Prepare image data for a model.
- 5 Normalize image data.
- 6 Label image data for supervised learning.



Next

In the next lesson, you'll begin to explore the ins and outs of the CNN architecture.



Questions?





The End