Assignment Three - Embedded Integration

48623 Mechatronics 2

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1 Instructions

LCD Shield V1.1 was used in developing this assignment. When in WallFollow or Navigation modes, the desired button must be held down for a period of time to register the input.

Baud rate: 9600

Line ending: $\rdot \rdot \rd$

2 Code

```
MX2 Assignment 3
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// Include necessary libraries
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <float.h>
#include <math.h>
// Define LCD shield button values
// These are the ideal values read from the ADC when a button is pressed
const uint16_t STEPS = 4096;
const uint16_t SEL_PB = 640;
const uint16_t UP_PB = 100;
const uint16_t DWN_PB = 257;
const uint16_t LFT_PB = 410;
const uint16_t RIT_PB = 0;
const uint16_t NONE_PB = 1023;
// Define range for button value
// This is used as a +/- value for the ideals above because the readings are inconsistent
const uint16_t PB_BOUND = 20;
// Define menu modes
// Used to display and select menus
const uint8_t MD_START_CON = 10;
const uint8_t MD_START_SWP = 11;
const uint8_t MD_START_WF = 12;
const uint8_t MD_START_NAV = 13;
const uint8_t MD_CON = 20;
const uint8_t MD_SWP = 30;
const uint8_t MD_WF = 40;
const uint8_t MD_NAV = 50;
const uint8_t MD_NAV_FIN = 51;
uint8_t menuState = MD_START_CON;
// Initialise LCD
LiquidCrystal lcd(8, 9, 4, 5, 6, 7);
// Initialise values for button checking and debouncing
uint16_t buttonVal = 1023;
uint16_t prevButton = 1023;
uint16_t debounceTime = 0;
uint16_t buttonElapsed = 0;
bool buttonRead = true;
// Initialise time variables
// Seconds and minutes overflow instantly to zero, only initialised to 255 to patch a bug
volatile uint16_t millisecs = 0;
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volatile uint8_t seconds = 255;
volatile uint8_t minutes = 255;
// Variables used for distance calculations and sensor readings
const uint8_t NUMREADINGS = 72;
float sensorReadings[NUMREADINGS];
float distance = 0.0;
uint16_t sensorRotation = 0;
// Menu helper variable
volatile bool blocked = false;
// String variable used for sending commands
String commandString = "";
// Wall follow and navigation mode booleans
bool wallFollow = false;
bool nav = false;
// Variables for tracking wall follow distances and angles
float prevWallDist = 2.0;
float currWallDist = 0.0;
float wallAngle = 90.0;
float wfDistance = 0.5;
uint8_t farCorrections = 0;
uint8_t nearCorrections = 0;
void setup()
 // Set array of sensor readings to max value on startup
 for (uint8_t x = 0; x < NUMREADINGS; x++)</pre>
   sensorReadings[x] = FLT_MAX;
  // Start LCD
 lcd.begin(16, 2);
  // Init ADC
 ADCInit();
 // Initialise timer 1
 timer1Init();
 // Set timer 2 to CTC mode, set prescaler to 64, set overflow value to 250, enable overflow interrupt
 // Equates to approx 1ms period
 TCCR2A = (1 \ll WGM21);
 TCCR2B = (1 << CS22);
 OCR2A = 250;
 TIMSK2 = (1 << OCIE2A);
 // Start serial
 Serial.begin(9600);
  // Send start command to sim
 PrintMessage("CMD_START");
 // Enable interrupts
 sei();
void loop()
  // Read and round button value
 buttonVal = buttonRound(ADCRead(0));
 // Check how much time has elapsed since last button read
 // If over 100ms, check if same as previous value
  // If same, set buttonRead flag, if not, save previous value and do nothing
 buttonElapsed = millisecs - debounceTime;
 if (buttonElapsed > 100)
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debounceTime = millisecs;
 if ((buttonVal == prevButton) && (buttonVal != NONE_PB))
 {
   buttonRead = true;
 }
 else
 {
   prevButton = buttonVal;
 }
// Case switch statement which deals with the various menu states
switch (menuState)
 // Main menu with control mode flashing
 case MD_START_CON:
   // Print\ SN\ and\ flash\ con\ mode
   lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
   lcd.print("12051342");
   printHelp("", 0, 0);
   lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
   printHelp("Main Menu Con", 10, 3);
   // If a button has been read, handle it
   if (buttonRead)
   {
     switch (buttonVal)
     {
       // Select goes to con mode
       case SEL_PB:
        lcd.clear();
        menuState = MD_CON;
        break;
       // Down cycles menu
       case DWN PB:
        menuState = MD_START_SWP;
        break;
       default:
         break;
     }
   }
   break;
 // Main menu with sweep mode flashing
 case MD_START_SWP:
   // Pring SN and flash sweep mode
   lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
   lcd.print("12051342");
   printHelp("", 0, 0);
   lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
   printHelp("Main Menu Sweep", 10, 5);
   // If a button has been read, handle it
   if (buttonRead)
   {
     switch (buttonVal)
     {
       // Select, go to Sweep mode
       case SEL_PB:
        lcd.clear();
         menuState = MD_SWP;
         break;
       // Down, cycle through menu
       case DWN_PB:
        menuState = MD_START_WF;
         break;
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// Anything else, do nothing
     default:
       break;
   }
 }
  break;
// Main menu with WF flashing
case MD_START_WF:
  lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 lcd.print("12051342");
printHelp("", 0, 0);
 lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
 printHelp("Main Menu WF", 10, 2);
  // Handle button press
  if (buttonRead)
  {
   switch (buttonVal)
   {
     case SEL_PB:
       // Select, start wall follow procedure
       // Update menu, then sweep and adjust for 2m gap, then begin following wall
       menuState = MD_WF;
       distance = sensorReadings[Sweep(true)];
       if (distance < 2.0)</pre>
       {
         commandString = String("CMD_ACT_LAT_0_" + String(2.0 - distance));
       }
       else
       {
         commandString = String("CMD_ACT_LAT_1_" + String(distance - 2.0));
       }
       PrintMessage(commandString);
       PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_ROT_1_90");
       lcd.clear();
       wallFollow = true:
       break;
     // Down, cycle menu
     case DWN_PB:
       menuState = MD_START_NAV;
       break;
     default:
       break;
   }
  }
 break;
// Main menu with Nav flashing
case MD_START_NAV:
 lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 lcd.print("12051342");
 printHelp("", 0, 0);
 lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
 printHelp("Main Menu Nav", 10, 3);
  // Handle button press
  if (buttonRead)
   switch (buttonVal)
   {
     // Select, start navigating to goal
     case SEL_PB:
       menuState = MD_NAV;
       lcd.clear();
       nav = true;
       break;
     // Down, navigate menu
     case DWN_PB:
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```
menuState = MD_START_CON;
       break;
     default:
       break;
   }
 }
 break;
// Control mode
case MD_CON:
 lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 lcd.print("12051342");
 lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
 lcd.print("Control");
 // Handle button press
 if (buttonRead)
 {
   switch (buttonVal)
   {
     // Select, go to main menu
     case SEL_PB:
       lcd.clear();
       menuState = MD_START_CON;
       break;
     // Left and right, rotate bot
     case LFT_PB:
       PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_ROT_0_5");
       break;
     case RIT_PB:
       PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_ROT_1_5");
     // Up and down, move backward and forward
     case UP_PB:
       PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_LAT_1_0.5");
       break;
     case DWN_PB:
       PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_LAT_0_0.5");
       break;
     default:
       break;
   }
 }
 break;
// Sweep mode
case MD_SWP:
 lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 lcd.print("12051342");
 lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
 lcd.print("Sweep");
 // Handle button press
 if (buttonRead)
 {
   switch (buttonVal)
   {
     // Select returns to start up mode
     case SEL_PB:
      lcd.clear():
       menuState = MD_START_SWP;
       break;
     // Up, sweep
     case UP_PB:
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Sweep(true);
       break;
     default:
       break;
   }
 break;
// WF Mode
case MD_WF:
 lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 lcd.print("12051342");
  lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
  lcd.print("Wall follow");
  // Handle button press
  if (buttonRead)
  {
   switch (buttonVal)
   {
     // Select returns to main menu
     case SEL_PB:
       lcd.clear();
       menuState = MD_START_WF;
       wallFollow = false;
       break;
     //\ \textit{Up, stop following wall}
     case UP_PB:
       wallFollow = false;
       break;
   }
  }
  break;
// Nav Mode
case MD_NAV:
  lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 lcd.print("12051342");
 lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
 lcd.print("Navigation");
  // Handle button press
  if (buttonRead)
  {
   switch (buttonVal)
   {
     // Select, stop navigating and return to main menu
     case SEL_PB:
       lcd.clear();
       menuState = MD_START_NAV;
       nav = false;
       break;
   }
 }
 break;
// Navigation finished mode
case MD_NAV_FIN:
 lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 lcd.print("Finished");
 lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
 lcd.print("Navigation");
  // Handle button press
  if (buttonRead)
  {
   switch (buttonVal)
   {
     // Select returns to main menu
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```
case SEL_PB:
           lcd.clear();
           menuState = MD_START_NAV;
           nav = false;
           break;
       }
     }
     break:
 }
 // Buttons have been handled and menu has been updated, set to false to ensure they don't get read again until necessary
 buttonRead = false;
 // If bot is meant to follow wall, follow wall
 if (wallFollow)
   FollowWall();
 // If bot is meant to nav to goal, nav to goal
 if (nav)
 {
   NavToGoal();
 }
}
// Navigates around the map semi-randomly and pings for goal distance
// When goal is within range, find it
void NavToGoal()
  // Ping distance to goal
 PrintMessage("CMD_SEN_PING");
 float goalDistA = SerialRead();
 // If the goal is within range, search for it
 if (goalDistA != 0)
   // If the goal is within 0.5m, consider the goal found and stop navigating
   if (goalDistA <= 0.5)</pre>
   {
     nav = false;
     menuState = MD_NAV_FIN;
   // If goal is not within 0.5m, move back 0.5m and take new distance reading
   else
   {
     float goalDistB;
     PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_LAT_0_0.5");
     PrintMessage("CMD_SEN_PING");
     goalDistB = SerialRead();
     // If both goal readings are within range, execute FindGoal
     if (goalDistB != 0)
     {
       FindGoal(goalDistA, goalDistB);
     }
     /\!/ If second goal reading is not within range, move forward 0.5m, rotate 90deg and take IR measurement
     // If there's nothing within 0.5m move to that spot. The function will run again at this new point and will hopefully find t
       PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_LAT_1_0.5");
       PrintMessage("CMD_SEN_ROT_90");
       PrintMessage("CMD_SEN_IR");
       if (SerialRead() > 0.5)
       {
         PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_ROT_0_90");
         PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_LAT_1_0.5");
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}
      }
    // If the goal is not within range, sweep for largest distance and move towards that
    // Provides a semi-random way of navigating the map
   else
   {
       distance = sensorReadings[Sweep(false)];
       if (distance < 5)</pre>
           commandString = String("CMD_ACT_LAT_1_" + String(distance - 0.5));
          PrintMessage(commandString);
       }
       else
       {
          PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_LAT_1_4");
       }
  }
}
// Function for finding bearing and distance of goal from 2 distance readings
// Used trilateration to find the goal
void FindGoal(float distanceA, float distanceB)
    // Ensure distanceA is always greater than distanceB
   // Helped with some weird angle NaN errors
   if (distanceB > distanceA)
       float temp = distanceB;
       distanceB = distanceA;
       distanceA = temp;
   // Find X and Y coordinates
    // \ Formulae \ from \ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/True-range\_multilateration\#Two\_Cartesian\_dimensions,\_two\_measured\_slant\_ranges\_(instance) \ formulae \ from \ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/True-range\_multilateration\#Two\_Cartesian\_dimensions,\_two\_measured\_slant\_ranges\_(instance) \ formulae \ from \ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/True-range\_multilateration\#Two\_Cartesian\_dimensions,\_two\_measured\_slant\_ranges\_(instance) \ formulae \ from \ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/True-ranges\_(instance) \ formulae \ fr
   // This method gives two "points of interest" (POIs) at (x,y) and (x,-y) so both must be checked
   float x = (pow(distanceA, 2) - pow(distanceB, 2) + pow(0.5, 2)) / (2 * 0.5);
   float y = sqrt(pow(distanceA, 2) - (pow(x, 2)));
    // If y is NaN, abort function to avoid crashes
   if (y != y)
   {
       return;
   // Find bearing and distance of goal using pythagorus
   float GoalAngle = RadsToDegrees(atan(y/x));
   float goalRange = sqrt(pow(x, 2) + pow(y, 2));
    // Rotate to first POI and move to it
   commandString = String("CMD_ACT_ROT_O_" + String(GoalAngle));
   PrintMessage(commandString);
   commandString = String("CMD_ACT_LAT_1_" + String(goalRange));
   PrintMessage(commandString);
   // Ping goal distance, if it isn't O and within O.5m, consider it found and stop navigating
   PrintMessage("CMD_SEN_PING");
   float findGoalDist = SerialRead():
    if ((findGoalDist <= 0.5) && (findGoalDist > 0))
       nav = false;
       menuState = MD_NAV_FIN;
   // If the goal was not at the first POI, check the second by moving back to the initial point,
   // rotating 2x the initial angle in the opposite direction, and moving towards the second POI
   else
       commandString = String("CMD_ACT_LAT_0_" + String(goalRange));
       PrintMessage(commandString);
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commandString = String("CMD_ACT_ROT_1_" + String(2 * GoalAngle));
   PrintMessage(commandString);
   commandString = String("CMD_ACT_LAT_1_" + String(goalRange));
   PrintMessage(commandString);
   // Ping goal distance, if it isn't 0 and within 0.5m, consider it found and stop navigating
   PrintMessage("CMD_SEN_PING");
   findGoalDist = SerialRead();
   if ((findGoalDist <= 0.5) && (findGoalDist > 0))
   {
     nav = false;
     menuState = MD_NAV_FIN;
   }
}
// Reads from the serial port and puts the read value into float form
float SerialRead()
 // Wait until there is data available
 while (Serial.available() == 0);
 // Read string until terminator carriage return and newline are found
 String inString = Serial.readStringUntil('\r\n');
 // If the string starts with an N, its a NAN and should be considered the largest number
 if (inString[0] == 'N')
   return FLT_MAX;
 // If not NaN, return the float value
 else
   return inString.toFloat();
 }
}
// Sweeps for distance readings and rotate to desired distance
// Takes bool to check for minimum or maximum distance, returns uint8_t of the distance index
uint8_t Sweep(bool min)
 uint8_t rotIndex = 0;
 // Sweep 360deg in 5deg intervals and read distances into sensorReadings array
 for (int16_t sensorRotation = 355; sensorRotation >= 0; sensorRotation -= 5)
   commandString = String("CMD_SEN_ROT_" + String(sensorRotation));
   PrintMessage(commandString);
   PrintMessage("CMD_SEN_IR");
   sensorReadings[(sensorRotation * 2) / 10] = SerialRead();
 // If looking for minimum distance, call arrayMin to find it
 if (min)
   rotIndex = arrayMin(sensorReadings);
 // If looking for maximum distance, call arrayMax to find it
 else
 {
   rotIndex = arrayMax(sensorReadings);
 // Rotate sensor to forward position, then rotate bot to required bearing for distance
 PrintMessage("CMD_SEN_ROT_0");
 commandString = String("CMD_ACT_ROT_0_" + String((rotIndex * 10) / 2));
 PrintMessage(commandString);
  // Return the index of the min/max distance
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```
return rotIndex:
}
// Function to check distance, adjust and move along closest wall
void FollowWall()
{
  // Check distance from parallel wall
 PrintMessage("CMD_SEN_ROT_90");
 PrintMessage("CMD_SEN_IR");
 currWallDist = SerialRead();
  // If robot is further out than 2m (+0.15m buffer, otherwise it just adjusts every time)
 if ((currWallDist - 2.0) > 0.15)
   // Rotate towards wall, move to 2m distance and rotate to parallel
   PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_ROT_0_90");
   commandString = String("CMD_ACT_LAT_1_" + String(currWallDist - 2.0));
   PrintMessage(commandString);
   PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_ROT_1_90");
   // Increment farCorrections, used to adjust angle
   farCorrections++;
 // If robot is closer than 2m
 else if ((currWallDist - 2.0) < -0.15)
   // Rotate towards wall, move to 2m distance and rotate to parallel
   PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_ROT_0_90");
   commandString = String("CMD_ACT_LAT_0_" + String(2.0 - currWallDist));
   PrintMessage(commandString);
   PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_ROT_1_90");
   // Increment farCorrections, used to adjust angle
   nearCorrections++;
 // If the robot is tracking to move away from the wall, adjust 5deg inwards and reset correction counter
 if (farCorrections > 1)
   PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_ROT_0_5");
   farCorrections = 0;
 // If the robot is tracking to move toward the wall, adjust 5deg outwards and reset correction counter
 if (nearCorrections > 1)
   PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_ROT_1_5");
   nearCorrections = 0;
 // Check distance from upcoming wall
 PrintMessage("CMD_SEN_ROT_0");
 PrintMessage("CMD_SEN_IR");
 wfDistance = SerialRead();
 // If distance is maxed, move 3m forward
 if (wfDistance == FLT_MAX)
   wfDistance = 3.0:
   commandString = String("CMD_ACT_LAT_1_" + String(wfDistance));
   PrintMessage(commandString);
 // otherwise move to be 2m out from upcoming wall
 else
   commandString = String("CMD_ACT_LAT_1_" + String(wfDistance - 2.0));
   PrintMessage(commandString);
   PrintMessage("CMD_ACT_ROT_1_90");
 }
}
```

```
// Converts radians to degrees
double RadsToDegrees(double radAngle)
  return radAngle * (180.0 / M_PI);
// Initialised timer 1
void timer1Init()
  // Clear timer control registers, enusre correct values are being set
 TCCR1B = 0;
  TCCR1A = 0;
  // Set overflow clear value, will clear at 1s
  // f = f_io/(1024*(1+OCR1A))
  OCR1A = 15625;
  // Set timer to have 1024 prescaler and run in CTC mode
  TCCR1B = (1 << WGM12) | (1 << CS12) | (1 << CS10);
  // Ensure timer is not disabled
  PRR &= ~(1 << PRTIM1);
  // Enable compare interrupt
 TIMSK1 = (1 << OCIE1A);
// Takes a string, pads it to 16 characters and blocks characters from index to index+numToBlock
// Used to make menus blink and ensure no stray characters are left printed to the LCD
void printHelp(char inString[], uint8_t index, uint8_t numToBlock)
  // Find size of string
  size_t arraySize = strlen(inString);
  // Create new 16 char long string
 char outString[16];
  // Copy inString to outString and pad with spaces
  for (uint8_t x = 0; x < 16; x++)
   if (x < arraySize)</pre>
   {
     outString[x] = inString[x];
   }
   else
   {
     outString[x] = ' ';
   }
  // If the menu is to have block chars instead of regular characters, block out the desired chars and print to LCD
  if (blocked)
    for (uint8_t x = index; x < (index + numToBlock); x++)</pre>
   {
     outString[x] = 0xFF;
   lcd.print(outString);
  }
  else
  {
   lcd.print(outString);
  }
// Rounds the button values
// They can be inconsistent so this just makes life easier
int buttonRound(int checkValue)
  // Check if the value is within the given range for a given button value
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// If it is, return the ideal value
 if ((checkValue >= (LFT_PB - PB_BOUND)) && (checkValue <= (LFT_PB + PB_BOUND)))
 {
   return LFT_PB;
 }
 if (checkValue <= (RIT_PB + PB_BOUND))</pre>
   return RIT_PB;
 }
 if ((checkValue >= (UP_PB - PB_BOUND)) && (checkValue <= (UP_PB + PB_BOUND)))</pre>
 {
   return UP_PB;
 }
 if ((checkValue >= (DWN_PB - PB_BOUND)) && (checkValue <= (DWN_PB + PB_BOUND)))
 {
 if ((checkValue >= (SEL_PB - PB_BOUND)) && (checkValue <= (SEL_PB + PB_BOUND)))
   return SEL_PB;
 if ((checkValue >= (NONE_PB - PB_BOUND)) && (checkValue <= (NONE_PB + PB_BOUND)))
 {
   return NONE_PB;
 }
}
// Initialise ADC
void ADCInit()
  // Use interval voltage reference
 ADMUX |= (1 << REFSO);
 // Set 8-bit resolution
 // ADMUX |= (1 << ADLAR);
 // 128 prescale for 16Mhz (maybe change this, I dunno what the fuck it means)
 ADCSRA |= (1 << ADPS2) | (1 << ADPS1) | (1 << ADPS0);
  // Enable the ADC
 ADCSRA |= (1 << ADEN);
// Reads from the ADC
uint16_t ADCRead(uint8_t channel)
 // If the channel is out of range, return zero
 if ((channel < 0) || (channel > 7))
   return 0;
 }
  // Set ADCMux to zero and select VCC as reference
 ADMUX = (1 << REFSO);
 // Mask and select ADC channel to read from
 ADMUX |= (0b00001111 & channel);
  // Start ADC read
 ADCSRA |= (1 << ADSC);
 // Do nothing while reading
 while ((ADCSRA & (1 << ADSC)))
   ;
 // Return read ADC value
 return ADC;
}
// Finds index of minimum value in an array
uint8_t arrayMin(float inArray[])
```

```
{
  // Iterate through array and find minimum value
  float min = FLT_MAX;
  uint8_t index = 0;
  for (uint8_t x = 0; x < NUMREADINGS; x++)</pre>
   if (inArray[x] < min)</pre>
   {
     index = x;
     min = inArray[x];
  // Return index of minimum value
 return index;
// Finds index of max value in an array
uint8_t arrayMax(float inArray[])
  // Iterate through array and find max value
  float max = 0;
  uint8_t index = 0;
  for (uint8_t x = NUMREADINGS; x > 0; x--)
   if (inArray[x] > max)
   {
     index = x;
     max = inArray[x];
   }
  // Return index of max value
 return index;
}
// Outputs serial command followed by terminators for MATLAB reading
void PrintMessage(String message)
{
  Serial.print(message);
 Serial.write(13); //carriage return character (ASCII 13, or '\r')
 Serial.write(10); //newline character (ASCII 10, or '\n')
}
// Timer 1 ISR, runs every 1s
ISR(TIMER1_COMPA_vect)
  // Increment seconds and minutes
  if (seconds >= 59)
   seconds = 0;
   minutes++;
  }
  else
  {
   seconds++:
  // Clear interrupt flag, not strictly necessary because it gets cleared when the ISR runs
 TIFR1 = (1 \ll OCF1A);
  // Flip value which blocks out menu selection
  blocked = !blocked;
// Timer 2 ISR, runs every 1ms
ISR(TIMER2_COMPA_vect)
  // Increment millisecond count
 millisecs++;
}
```