

Project 6 Multiset Design

1. Introduction

In my gamming scenario I will be using a Virtual Reality game headset (as with the one use with Meta Quest) where the yser plays as a medieval warrior with multiple types of inventory items, including, but not limited to, a sword, an ax, mace, bow and arrow, coins, keys (many of which will have different shapes and colors), maps, and potions (each specifically will do different things depending on the potion itself), etc.. Each item will be sorted in separate types of sequences. For example, the weapons such as the sword, ax, and bow and arrow will all be in a sequence called "Weapons", while the potions, or any magical items with the ability to be used to regenerate lost stamina, or increase stats such as "Hit" points, speed, or attack strength, will be in a sequence called "StatChangers". The scenario could also have sequence variables called "PotionIngredients" that holds ingredients so the avatar could use them to brew potions. The multiset's sole purpose is to store strings or titles of each item in the game.

2. Design Philosophy

In this reality game, the users would play with headsets like Meta quest, and they would be the use my multiset (or bag). In the multiset (which I'm just going to declare it as a "bag" for this scenario) the system uses an integral counter that represents the number of objects in my bag called "SizeOfMultiList", which would be incremented or decremented when the user either adds or subtracts objects from it. To make the multiset more readable and simpler to use, when the user wants to access the data in the "bag", the system uses a set of sequences that will be used to organize the objects in them based on how many times they have been used. If the user desires to remove it, the user selects it from the menu and presses the drop button. The user then instructs the system how many of that object is to be eliminated permanently.

3. Core Operations

A useful operation a multiset would support would be "bagRemove(x)" to remove an object in the bag based on the "x" parameter, or "bagAdd(x)", to add something to the bag, which is also based on the "x" parameter. Both of these operations use " $O(n)$ ". Another operation any multiset would use is "bagShuffle()" to randomly reorganize each and every item in the bag. This would require a time complexity of " $O(n)$ ". The final operation that a multiset would use is to grab the first object that is on the list, such as "bagGrab()", which would have a time complexity of $O(1)$.

4. Set Operations

The first operation in this virtual reality game is to label a key item such as a weapon or an actual key from any item in my bag that is useful for the game quest. In that way, if the user presses a button on my controller, such as "select", the user can immediately use that object without later having to go to the bag and look for the object, which could be time-consuming. The time complexity should be " $O(n)$ ". This would be done by having the program check each individual item until it hits the object that is labeled as "REGISTERED". The second operation would be a search for each of my potion ingredients in the bag. The system could use a function that

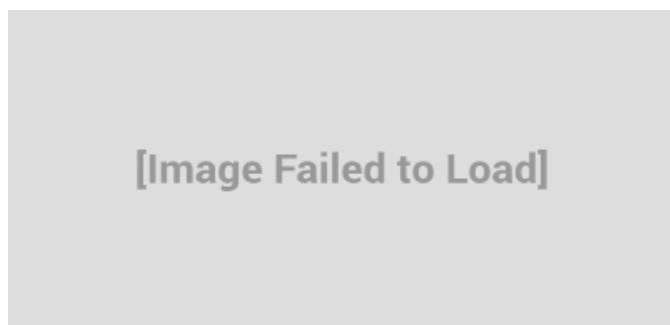
calculates which potion ingredients that is most likely to be used at any given moment in the game. For example, for a dragon boss battle, the system may be more concerned about the character getting burned. Or if the user desires to battle an enemy with high stats, the user would need a potion that would require stats to be increased. The system would likely use recursion for this scenario which would likely result in a time complexity for this method to be " $O(\log n)$ ".

5. Extension Feature

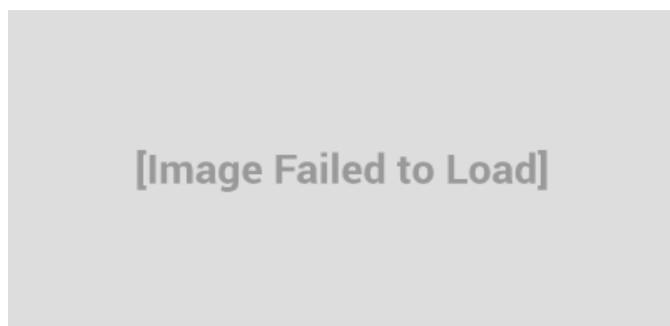
The code for the first method would be "void activateRegistered()", which is used to activate the labeled item in the multiset. The code for the second method would be "Potion BrewPotion(List of Ingredients)", that would return a potion object so all the ingredients in the parameter (which will be sorted in a vector) will be turned into a potion. If more or different variables were added to the multiset, it would be the number of unique items in the multiset, such as items that are not duplications. This would be an integer variable called "numberOfUniqueItems".

6. UML Diagram / Abstraction Boundary

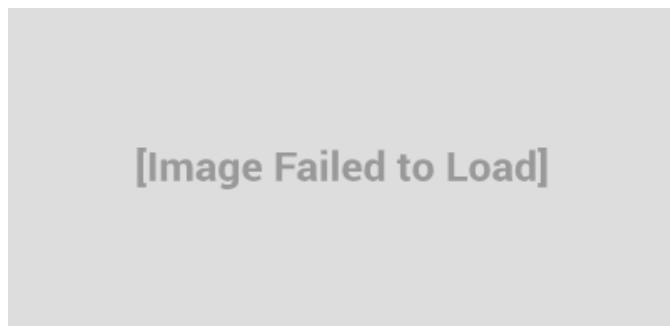
The UML of my multiset called "Bag"



The advantages of both Sequences and AVL Trees



Complexities of Sequences and AVL Trees



7. Trade-off Analysis

The data structure chosen is a sequence and the system will be comparing it to an AVL tree. This system is chosen mainly because it is simpler and has more flexibility for its data, as well as its ease of use, and accessing its data can be quite efficient, especially if it is a priority queue rather than just a vector or an array list. Though it does have some disadvantages, such as being more prone to wasted memory(3) and can also lead to memory leaks. Using an AVL tree does have advantages, such as efficient searching(2), making retrieving data faster and more efficient in most scenarios. Additionally, there is quicker insertion and deletion. However, the disadvantage of using a tree is that it requires a lot of memory to use and if the tree is not balanced it can result in uneven search times. Another disadvantage is its complexity which can be difficult to understand for the person doing the coding. That is why I would prefer using a sequence for the game making it more simpler for the code writer because I normally value simplicity. If it became necessary to go back and debug the code, then fixing any errors would be much simpler than using Hashtables or AVLTrees.

8. Alternative Design Sketch

The use of other types of data structures, such as HashTable or AVLTrees, organizing each item that comes out of the bag might be a bit different than using a sequence. If using a HashTable, each item might be organized in a more unexpected way, Hashtables organize their elements based on a numeric system such as integers, but the game programmer might not be able to understand how each object will be organized and will be randomly sorted which might cause frustration to the player. Using sequences is a bit more predictable and less stressful since all you have to do is look at each element in the bag one by one until you find the correct item. Using AVLTrees would likely be better than using HashTables but not better than sequences. Using AVLTrees might organize the items with less predictability especially if the system would constantly balance each item in the tree not knowing exactly how they are organized. Also, it should be noted that coding an AVL tree is more complicated than coding a sequence., as balancing the tree after every insertion or removal is time-consuming.

9. Evaluation Plan

In testing the data structures of this virtual world game, I would recommend hiring a beta tester that would test each part of the game. When testing certain sections of the game, such as brewing a potion or fighting a medieval dragon, the tester would need to have access to your items in the bag that are organized using the sequence. If the tester feels that using a sequence is not the best approach to organizing the elements of the bag then I would not hesitate changing up and using any one of the other data structures. However, if the game tester is truly satisfied with the results then I feel that the extensibility and maintainability of the bag is well organized and implemented.

10. Conclusion / Reflection

The bag would be a strong and effective multiset due to the abstraction(4) of it. In the UML chart of the bag, you would see that the only method that is public is the "LootItem" method because I want the bad guys in the game to snatch an item from a character, and in order to do this, they need access to a method in the player's bag class which needs to be a public interface for it to be usable. However, the other methods and variables are all private because I only want the player to have access to them and no other class, including other players in the game, should be

allowed to manipulate the data in the game.

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1. [https://www.bing.com/search?
q=c%2B%2B+advantages+of+using+sequences&form=ANNTH1&refig=6925f596ec854fd496fa2dd4de84c1ef&pc=LCTS](https://www.bing.com/search?q=c%2B%2B+advantages+of+using+sequences&form=ANNTH1&refig=6925f596ec854fd496fa2dd4de84c1ef&pc=LCTS)
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