

# Who is Willian Vieira?

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## and what has he been doing?

Willian Vieira, Analyst

 [WV-Habitat/me](#)

 [@WillVieira90](#)



# Outline

- My thesis project
- The ECCC project
- Side projects
- Future projects

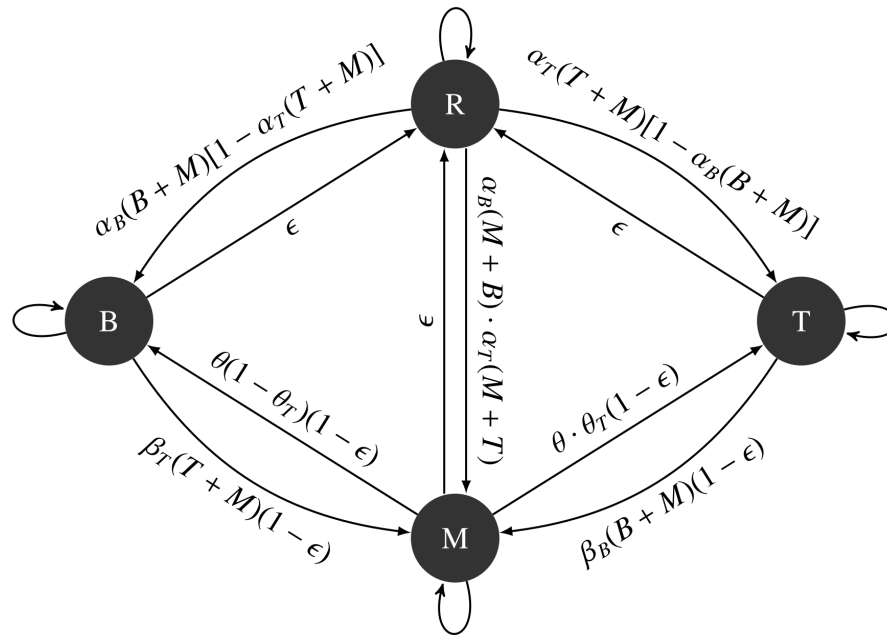
My PhD thesis

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# How can we better predict tree species distribution?

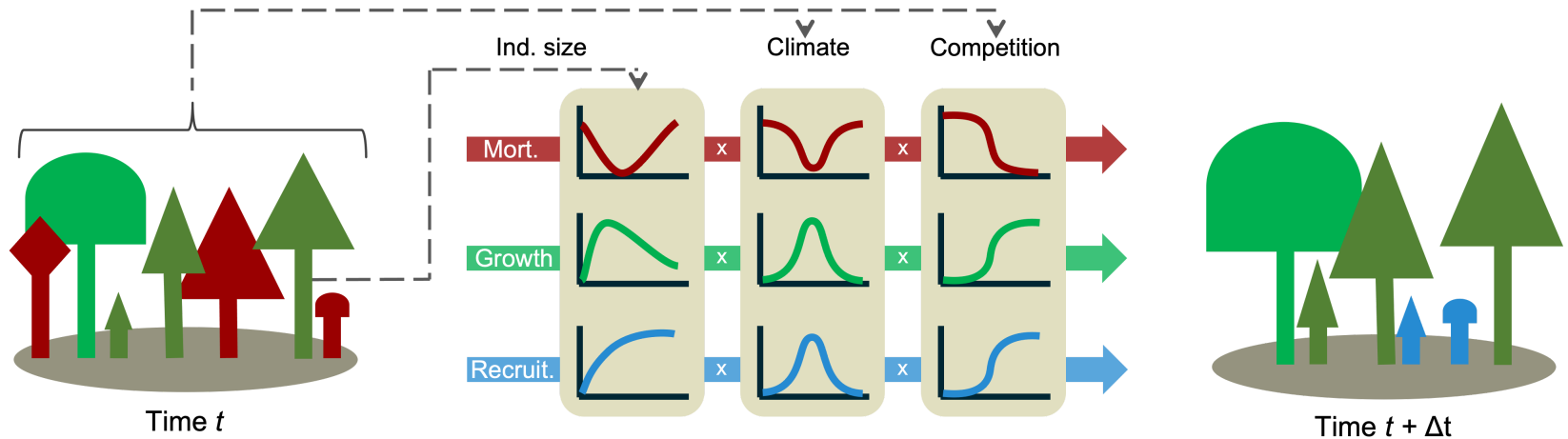
- Species Distribution Models (SDM) are not appropriated for trees
- But we can use *theory* to create **mechanistic models**
- What are the drivers of forest dynamics shaping tree distribution?
- Mathematical and statistical models to assess the effect of climate, competition, and forest management

# Chapter 1: State Transition Model



- Derived from the metapopulation theory
- **B**oreal, **T**emperate, **M**ixed, and **R**egeneration ~ MAT + MAP
- Extension to include forest management practices
- Simple model -> analytically tractable -> transient dynamics
- Matrix algebra, Jacobian approximation
- [STM R package](#); [Shiny App](#)

# Chapters 2 & 3: Integral Projection Model



- Demographic models for 31 tree species from eastern North America
- $\lambda \sim [\text{Growth} + \text{mortality} + \text{recruit}] \sim \text{climate} + \text{competition}$
- Non-linear hierarchical Bayesian models
- Stan: statistical programming language derived from C++
- High-performance computing (HPC)
- C.2: Random forest for sensitivity analysis
- C.3: Scale integration - from individual performance to the metapopulation

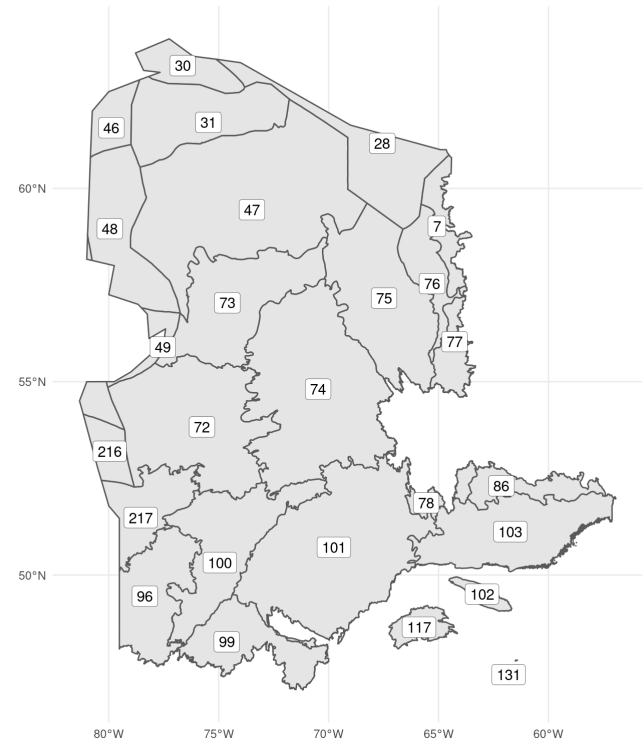
# The ECCC project

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Sampling design for monitoring  
boreal birds in Quebec

# BMS project

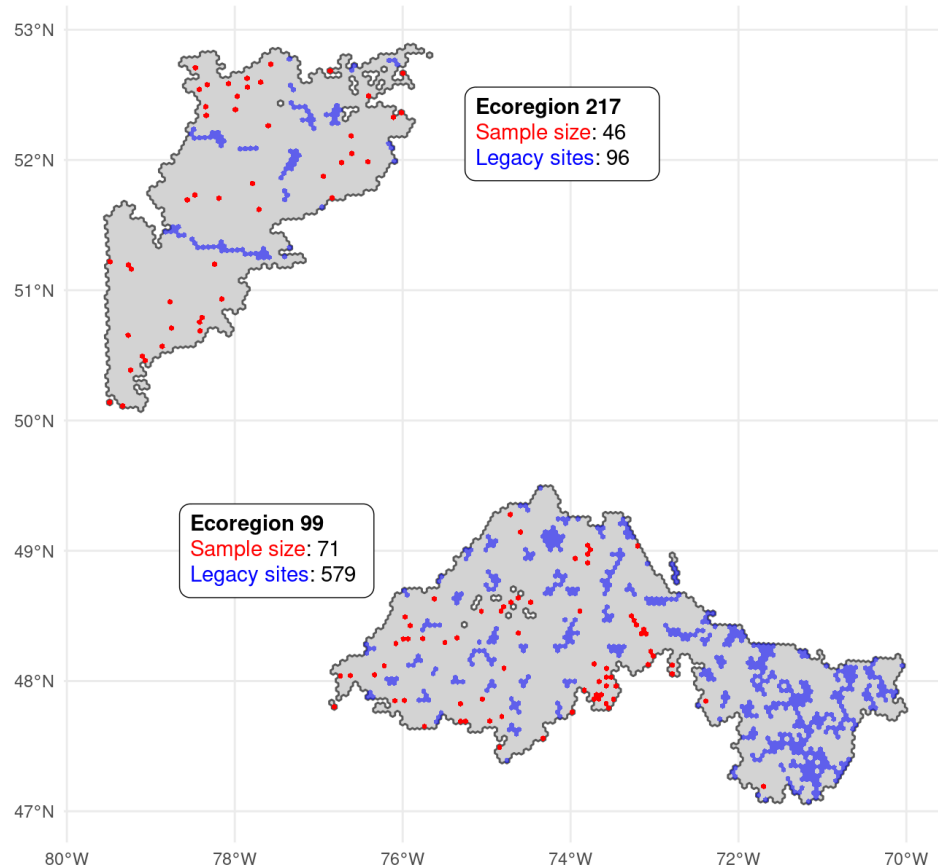
- National effort to develop a protocol to sample boreal birds
- Adapt and implement national design for the Quebec region
- Spatially stratified sampling approach weighted by:
  - Habitat
  - Cost
  - Legacy sites
- Report





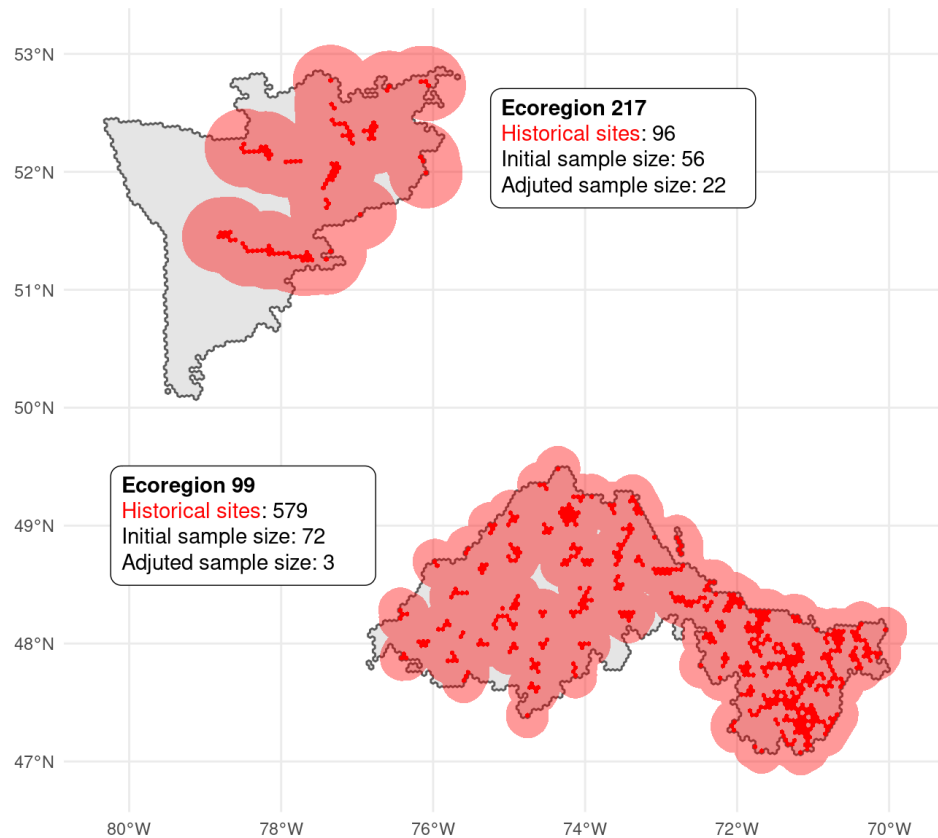
# BMS project

R&D: A new approach to account for legacy sites



# BMS project

R&D: A new approach to account for legacy sites



# Side projects

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*From learning useless programming languages to  
automating unnecessary tasks*

# Side projects

## Reporting and templates

- [Manuscript template](#) (using markdown, LaTeX, Pandoc, Lua and yaml)
- [Presentation template](#) (this presentation, some CSS and JavaScript)
- Books (Lab notebook, ECCC report)

## Task automation

- Make (reproducibility of manuscripts)
- Crontab ([Kijiji scraper R package](#))
- GitHub Actions to automatically:
  - Test and build R packages
  - Reproduce analysis
  - Deploy reports and websites

# Future projects

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*Or what I would like to explore*

# Future projects

## Modeling

- Statistical models (spatiotemporal autocorrelation, time series)
- Machine learning beyond random forest

## Development tools

- Modularization (Packages, unit test, deployment, versioning, code review)
- Containerization (Docker)
- Data Engineering
- Cloud computing

# Cloud-based geospatial technologies

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## Cloud Optimized GeoTIFF (COG)

It is based on two complementary frameworks:

1. Optimal GeoTIFF storage (store and organize each pixel information)
  - Tiling
  - Overviews
2. HTTP GET range requests
  - extract only a portion of the GeoTIFF file
  - Not mandatory but already built into cloud services (Google, Azure)
  - Ranges are determined by external metadata



# Cloud-based geospatial technologies

## Spatial-Temporal Asset Catalog (STAC)

- A common language to describe geospatial information
- metadata standard (JSON)
- Structured metadata repository describing
  - **What** it is
  - **Where** data is located
  - **How** it can be used
- Hierarchically structured into items, collections, and catalogs

Example with the Landsat images:

- RED band of an image is an asset
- All color bands of an image is an item
- All images together are a collection

# Cloud-based geospatial technologies

## Why should we move towards STAC?

- Once linked to STAC, we have access to any [new] open data effortless
- Catalog is centralized, providing easy searchability of new data sets
- Inclusion of new data is easy
- Community-based metadata extensions for specific problems

## Constraints

- It comes with high implementation costs (especially if we become data providers)
- Less useful if we are interested in only a few spatial datasets

