# Ladislav Kavan's Physically Based Simulation 2017ed

# Edited by wxgopher May 9, 2019

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This lecture note is based on Dr. Ladislav Kavan's Physics-based Animation course CS6660, originally taught at the University of Utah. I also try to include some supplementary materials from other resources.

Warning: Although as I strive to make this material useful, there are certain bugs, use this material at your own risk. I would also be grateful to hear feedbacks.

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#### 1 Classical Mechanics

#### 1.1 Basics: a harmonic oscillator

## 2 Time Integration

## 3 Optimization

### 3.1 Implicit Newmark

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + \frac{h}{2}(v_n + v_{n+1}) \tag{1a}$$

$$v_{n+1} = v_n = \frac{h}{2}(f_n + f_{n+1}) \tag{1b}$$

where *x* and *v* are positions and velocities, and  $f_n \equiv f(x_n)$ . Thus we have

$$x_{n+1} - x_n - hv_n = \frac{h^2}{4} (f_n + f_{n+1})$$
 (2)

Let  $y = x_n + h_n v_n + \frac{h^2}{4} f_n$ ,  $x_{n+1} = x$ , note that  $\nabla E = -f$ , then (2) becomes

$$x - y = \frac{h^2}{4}f \Rightarrow x - y + \frac{h^2}{4}f\nabla E = 0$$
(3)

Let  $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}||x - y|^2 + \frac{h^2}{4}E$ , then solving g equals to solve x for

$$\min_{x} \quad g(x) \tag{4}$$

#### 3.2 Optimization Problems

Problem formulation:

$$\min \quad g(x), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n, \quad g \in \mathbb{R}. \tag{5}$$

Optimization problems can be categorized into constrained or unconstrained problems, or convex or non-convex problems.

**Theorem 1.** For a convex problem (where both objective and feasible set are convex), if the objective is  $C^2$ , then the Hessian  $H \succeq 0$ , and the local minimum is the global minimum.

**Definition 1.** A linear programming (LP) is a problem with linear objective and linear equality or inequality constraints. A quadratic programming (QP) is **the same as LP** except with a quadratic objective.

**Note 1.** Convex QP has polynomial time solver but non-convex QP is NP-hard.

**Example 1.** A non-convex QP:

$$\min_{x} \frac{1}{2} ||Ax||^{2},$$
(6a)

s.t. 
$$||x||_2 = 1$$
. (6b)

Note 2. Software package for solving non-convex problem: IpOPT, KNITRO, or NEOS-Guide

#### 3.2.1 Solving unconstrained problems

There are two ways to solve an unconstrained problem: descent method or trust-region method.

## 3.3 Numerical Linear Algebra

### 4 Elastic Materials and Finite Element Simulation

# 5 Something more...

# 6 Papers and books

- 1. Nonlinear Continuum Mechanics for Finite Element Analysis by J. Bonet
- 2. Convex optimization by S. Boyd
- 3. Numerical optimization by Nocedal