

# Proactive Resilience Enhancement for Flexible Distribution Networks Containing Data Centers with Multiple Fault Phases Coupling

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## NOMENCLATURE

### Sets

$\Omega_L$	Set of lines.
$\Omega_L^T$	Set of tie lines (SOP candidate lines).
$\Omega_N$	Set of nodes.
$\Omega_N^{DG}$	Set of distributed generator (DG) nodes.
$\Omega_N^{IDC}$	Set of data center (IDC) nodes.
$\Omega_N^{SS}$	Set of substation nodes.

### Parameters

$\beta_i^{CE}$	Constant power consumption of the cooling equipment at data center node $i$ .
$\beta_i^{RP}$	Fixed power consumption of IT equipment at data center node $i$ .
$\lambda_i^{TL}, \lambda_i^{SL}$	The proportion of temporal/spatial transferable workload in the total workload at IDC node $i$ .
$\mu$	Average service rate of servers in data center.
$\omega_i$	The importance level of load at node $i$ .
$c_i^{RCS}, c_i^{SOP}$	Annual deployment cost of RCS/SOP.
$c_i^{TL}, c_i^{SL}$	Demand response cost of temporal/spatial workload management.
$c^{Voll}$	Value of lost load (VOLL), representing the cost of unmet demand.
$D_b$	Delay tolerance time of delay-sensitive workload.
$F_{ij,c}^L$	Indicator of line $ij$ failure in scenario $c$ , which takes the value 1 if a fault occurs and 0 if the line is normal.
$k_i^{PCS}$	Cost of power consumption of IT equipment with each activated server.
$k_i^{PUE}$	Power usage effectiveness (PUE) coefficient for the data center at IDC node $i$ , reflecting the efficiency of power use.
$T_{DD}, T_{RI}, T_{SR}$	Duration of the degradation phase, remote isolation phase, service restoration phase.
$V_i^0$	Value of lost load (VOLL), representing the cost of unmet demand.

### Variables

$C_I$	Total investment cost for deploying smart switches (RCS and SOP).
$C_O$	Operational cost of DC-DR.
$C_R$	Total expected cost of load loss across all fault scenarios and management phases.
$P_{i,PD}, Q_{i,PD}$	Active/reactive power injection at node $i$ during the pre-disaster stage, including substation, DG, SOP, and load components.
$P_{ij,PD}, Q_{ij,PD}$	Active/reactive power flow on line $ij$ during the pre-disaster stage, based on the linearized DistFlow model.

$U_{i,PD}$	The square of voltage magnitude at node $i$ during the pre-disaster stage.
$P_{i,PD}^{SS}, Q_{i,PD}^{SS}$	Active/reactive power injected by the substation at node $i$ during the pre-disaster stage.
$P_{i,PD}^{DG}, Q_{i,PD}^{DG}$	Active/reactive power generated by the distributed generator (DG) at node $i$ during the pre-disaster stage.
$P_{i,PH,c}, Q_{i,PH,c}$	Active/reactive power injection at node $i$ during phase $PH$ of fault scenario $c$ .
$U_{i,PH,c}$	The square of voltage magnitude at node $i$ during phase $PH$ of fault scenario $c$ .
$\Delta P_{i,PH,c}^{LS}, \Delta Q_{i,PH,c}^{LS}$	Load shedding of active/reactive power at node $i$ during phase $PH$ of fault scenario $c$ .
$z_{ij,PD}$	Binary variable indicating the status of line $ij$ during the pre-disaster stage (1 if connected, 0 if disconnected).
$z_{ij,DD,c}$	Binary variable indicating the status of line $ij$ during the degradation phase (DD) at fault scenario $c$ .
$z_{ij,RI,c}$	Binary variable indicating the status of line $ij$ during the remote isolation phase (RI).
$z_{ij,SR,c}$	Binary variable indicating the status of line $ij$ during the service restoration phase (SR).
$f_{i,PH,c}$	Binary variable indicating whether node $i$ is in the fault area during phase $PH$ of fault scenario $c$ .
$\alpha_{i,PH,c}$	Binary variable indicating whether load at node $i$ is picked up during phase $PH$ of fault scenario $c$ .
$x_{ij}^{RCS}$	Binary variable indicating the deployment of a remote-controlled switch (RCS) on line $ij$ .
$x_{ij}^{SOP}$	Binary variable indicating the deployment of a soft-open point (SOP) on line $ij$ .
$S_i$	Number of active servers at data center node $i$ , related to workload processing.
$h_{ij,PD}^p, h_{ij,PD}^n$	Non-negative continuous auxiliary variables.